

OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

CK850-II

APPLICABLE : GG04-03011~

BOOK CODE : S2GG21002ZE01

(c) Printed in Japan 2002.10

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Thank you for your purchasing KOBELCO crawler crane. Our CK series full-hydraulically operated crawler crane is manufactured based on our long years of experience and expertise. This manual describes the important information about Model CK850-II.

Before operating the machine, be sure to thoroughly read this manual to use the machine safely and efficiently.



WARNING

Do not operate or maintain this machine until you read this manual and understand the instructions. Improper operation or maintenance of this machine may cause accidents and could result in serious injury or death.

Always keep this manual in the operators cab.

If it is missing or damaged, place an order to a KOBELCO distributor for a replacement.

If you have any questions, please consult your KOBELCO distributor.

■ SAFETY INFORMATION

Most accidents, which occur during operation, are due to neglect of precautionary measures and safety rules. Sufficient care should be taken to avoid these accidents.

Erroneous operation, lubrication or maintenance services are very dangerous and may cause injury or death of personnel. Thus, precautionary measures, or notes, written in this manual should be read and understood by personnel before starting each task.

Operation, inspection, and maintenance should be carefully carried out, and safety must be given the first priority.

Messages of safety are indicated with  marks. The safety information contained in this manual is intended only general safety information.

Messages of safety appear in this manual and on the machine. All messages of safety are identified by the words "DANGER", "WARNING" and "CAUTION".

These words mean the following:

DANGER

..... Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

..... Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

..... Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against possible damage to the machine and its components.

NOTE

..... Supplementary explanation.

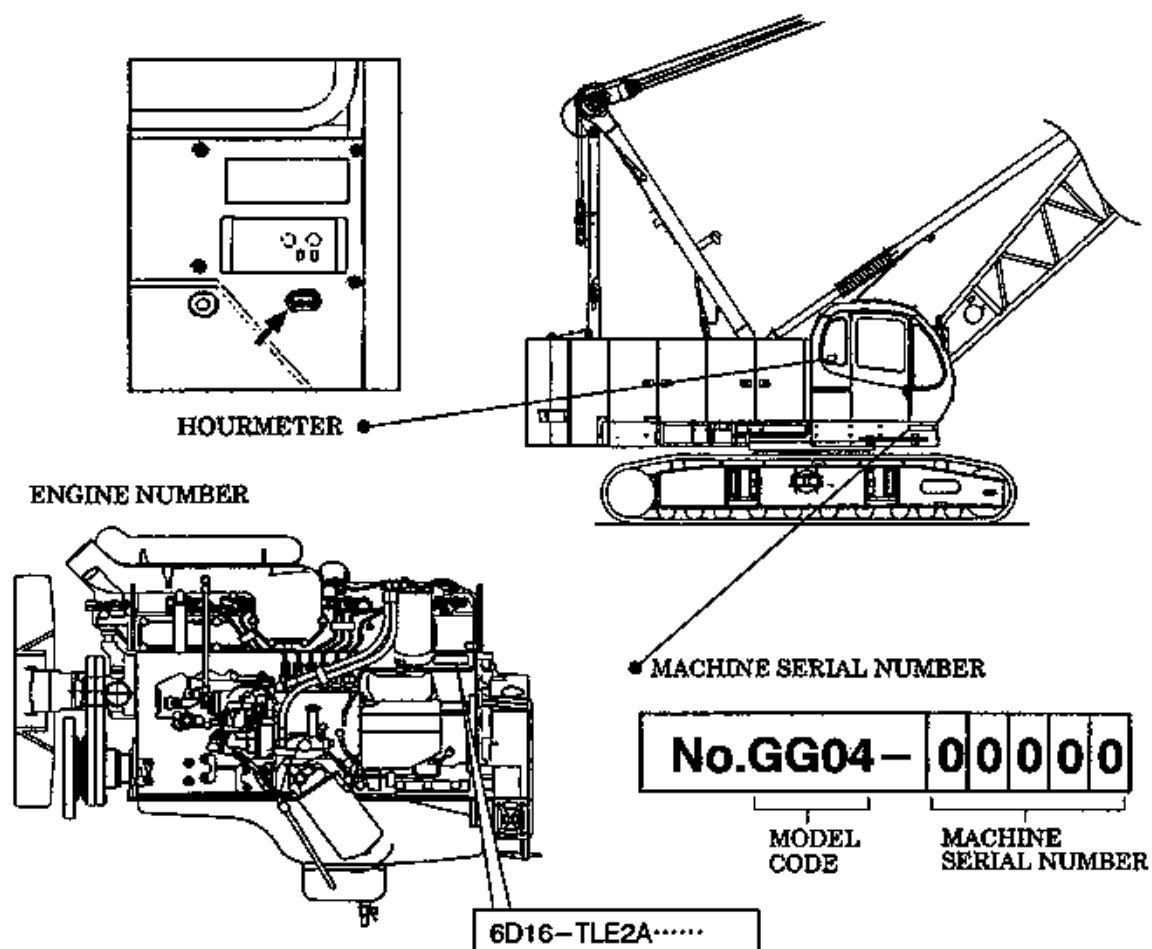
It is very difficult for us to forecast every danger that may occur during operation. However, safety can be ensured by operating this machine according to methods recommended by KOBELCO.

While operating machine, be sure to perform work with great care, so as to not damage the machine, or let accidents occur.

Please continue studying this manual until proper operation is completely understood.

■ MACHINE SERIAL NUMBER

When you order repair parts and when you need repair or service of the machine, always inform us the machine serial number stamped on the name plate and the total number of hours indicated on the hourmeter which is located in the gauge.



■ ENTER MACHINE SERIAL NUMBER OF THIS MACHINE

MACHINE MODEL	CK850-II	MACHINE SERIAL NO.	GG04-	ENGINE NO.	6D16-
---------------	----------	--------------------	-------	------------	-------

■ WARRANTY

The terms under which this machine is guaranteed are clearly defined in the accompanying WARRANTY. Trouble and damage occurred during the terms of guarantee shall be repaired at no cost to the purchaser according to the warrant description if the trouble or damage is recognized to be our responsibility.

However, if you use the machine contrary to the instructions of this manual, the WARRANTY does not cover any damage to the machine.

■ REPAIR PARTS

When servicing and repairing the machine, be sure to use genuine parts in order to make the machine performance display sufficiently.

Since the important security parts are prepared to ensure safety and to protect the machine from an serious accident, be sure to replace them every specified period of time.

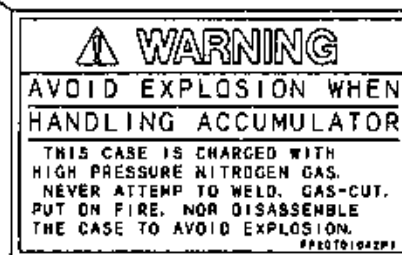
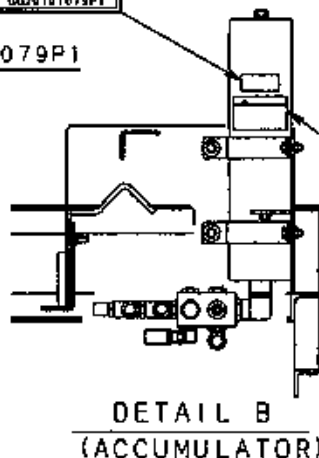
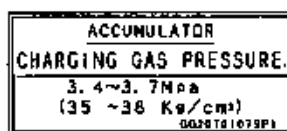
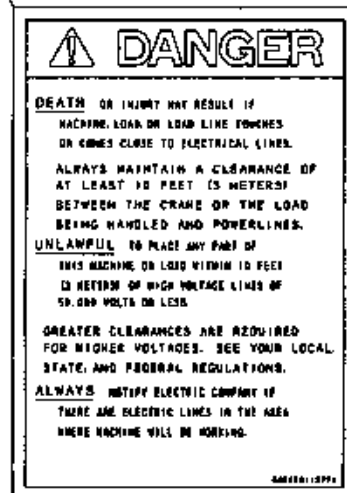
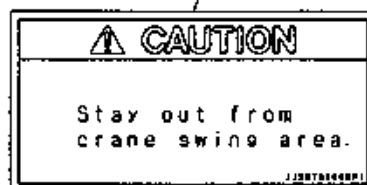
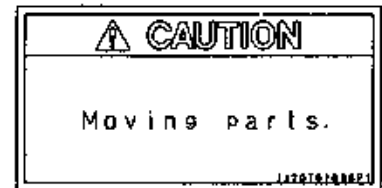
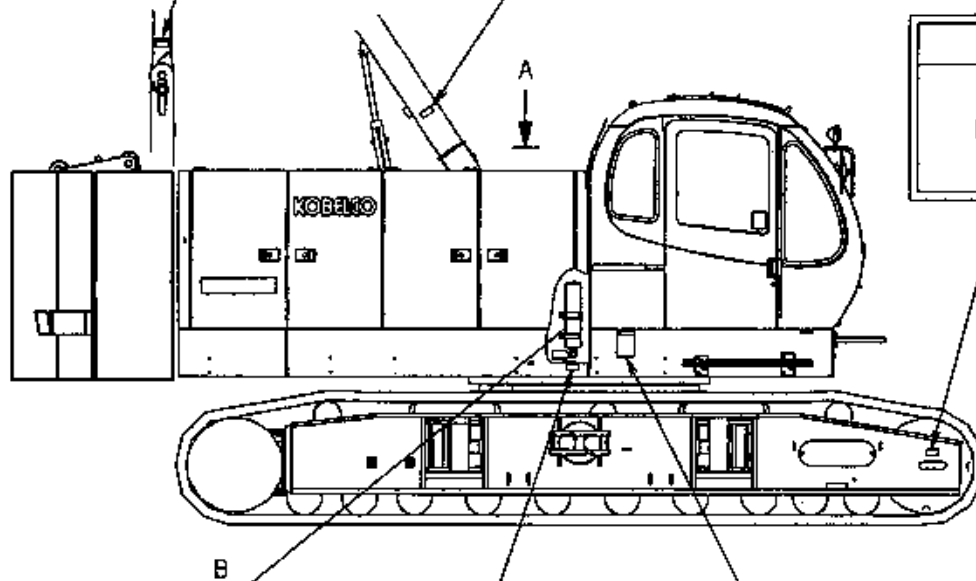
■ EXPLANATION OF WARNING LABELS

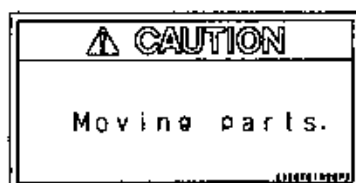
Since the warning labels are installed in the machine and indicated with the three stages in the same way as the warning description, confirm the positions and contents of all warning labels first.

Put them to the practical use to secure safety when operating, checking and performing maintenance.

● HANDLING OF WARNING LABELS

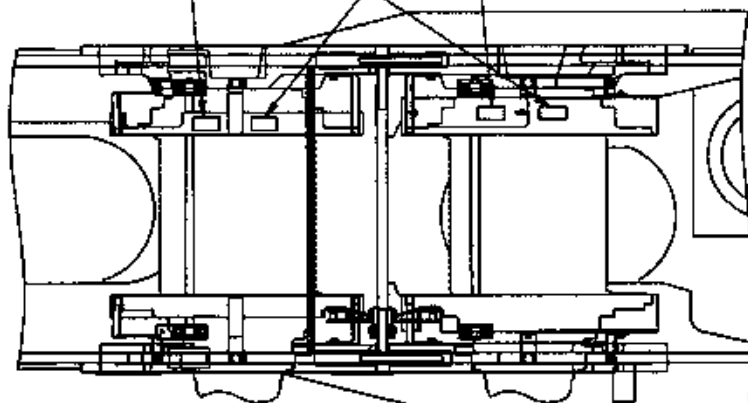
- (1) When the warning label is damaged or stained, order it to the designated service shop.
- (2) Do not remove the warning labels.
- (3) When the surface of the warning label is soiled and difficult to be seen, wipe it cleanly.





JJ20T01096P1

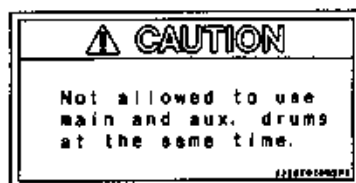
JJ20T01100P1



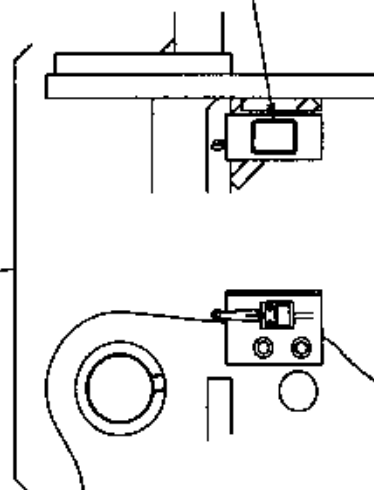
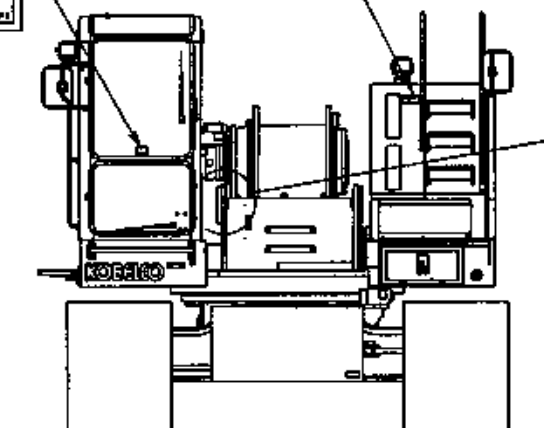
VIEW A

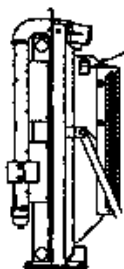


FP20T01064P1



JJ20T01099P1

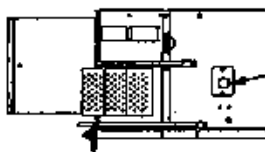




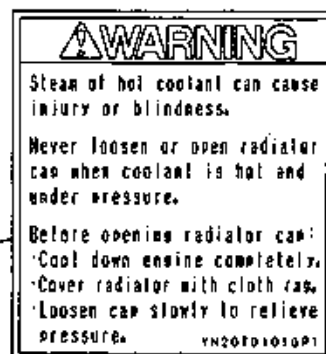
DETAIL D



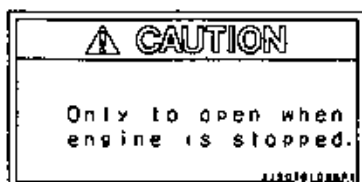
YN20T01009P1



VIEW C



YN20T01010P1



JJ20T01098P1



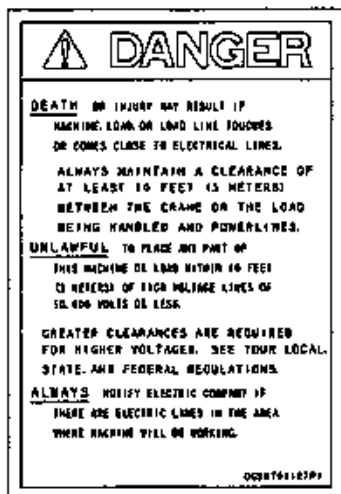
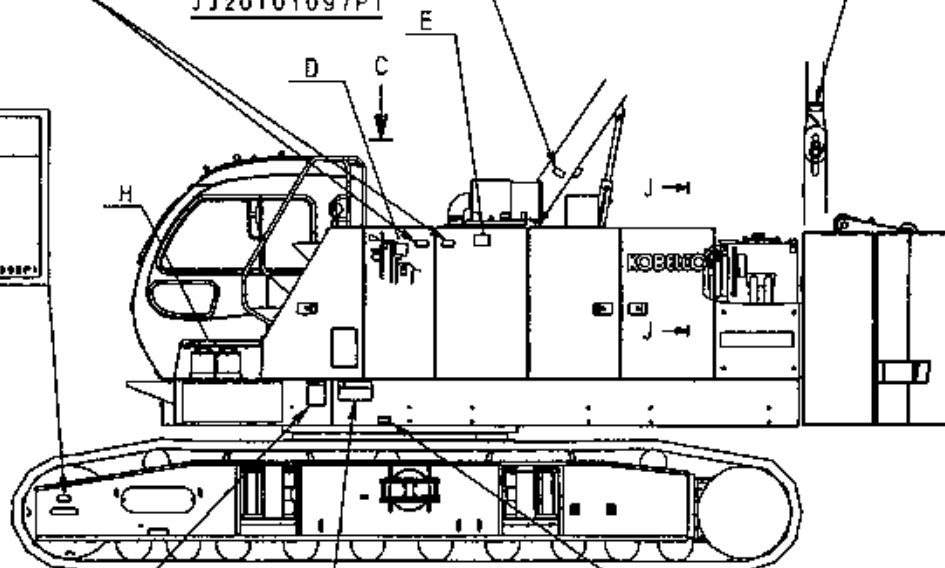
JJ20T01097P1



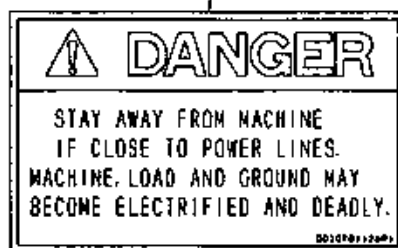
FP20T01046P1



JJ20T01096P1



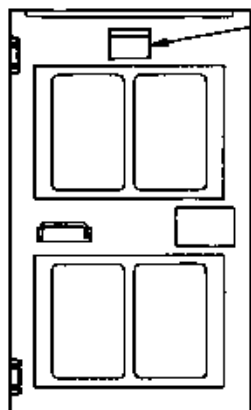
GG20T01127P1



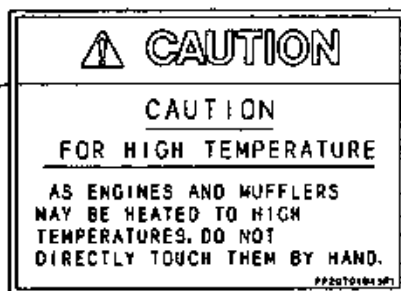
GG20T01128P1



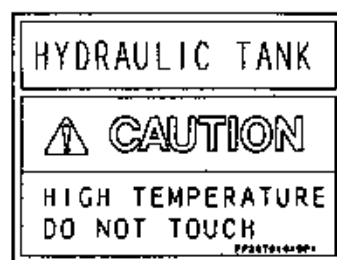
JJ20T01095P1



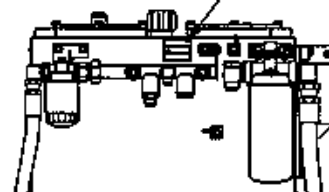
DETAIL E



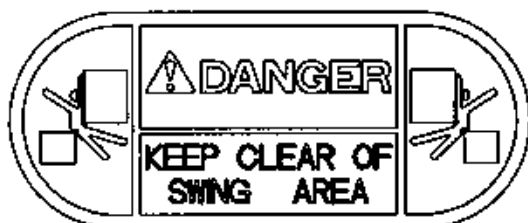
FP20T01043P1



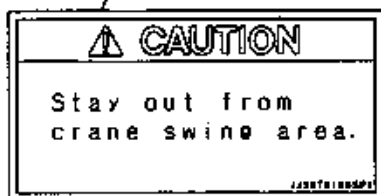
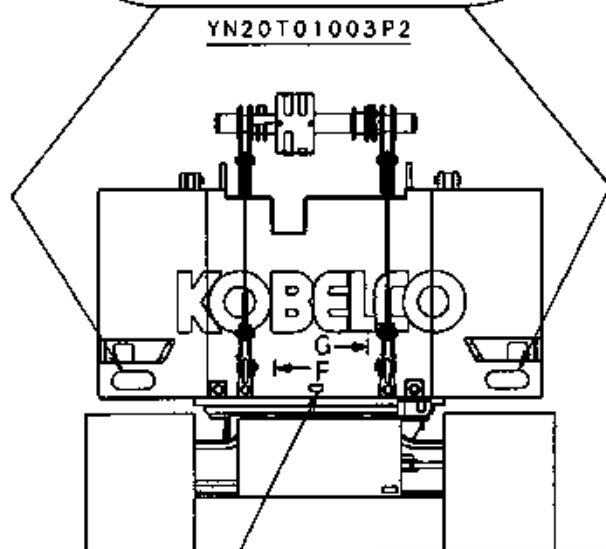
FP20T01049P1



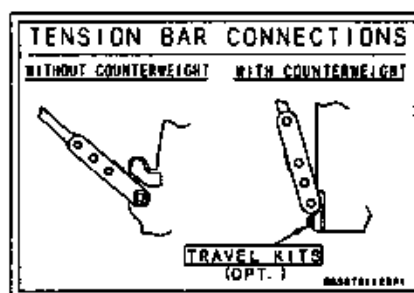
SECTION J-J
(HYD. OIL TANK)



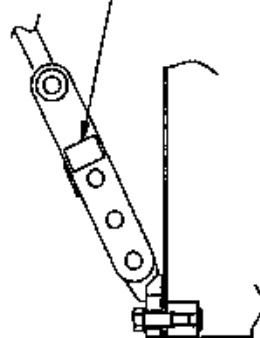
YN20T01003P2



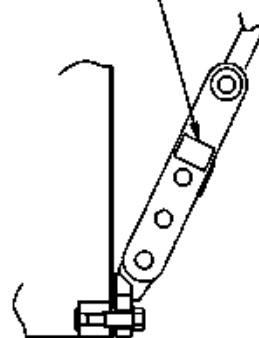
JJ20T01095P1



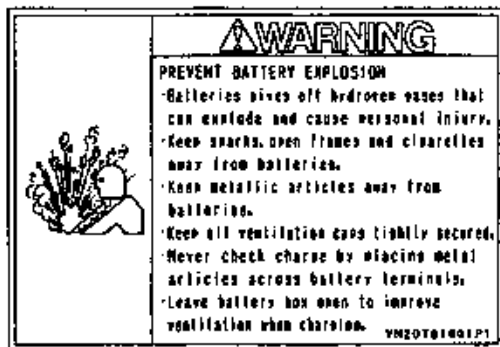
GG20T01125P1



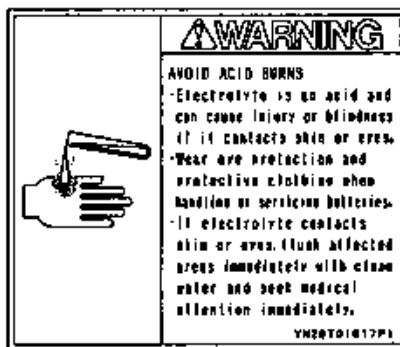
VIEW F



VIEW G



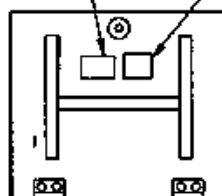
YN20T01001P1



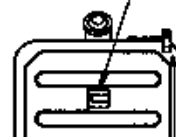
YN20T01017P1



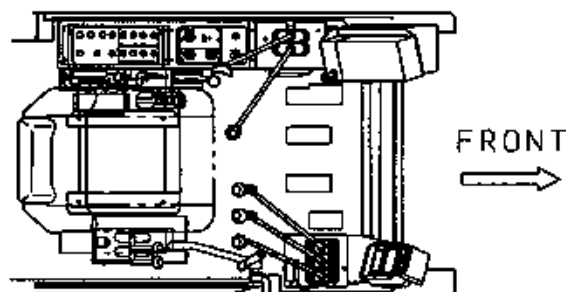
FP20T01050P1



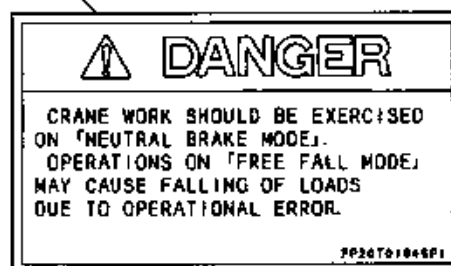
DETAIL H



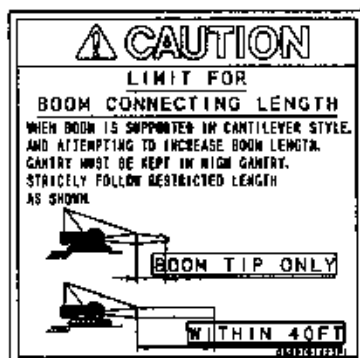
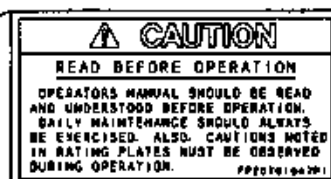
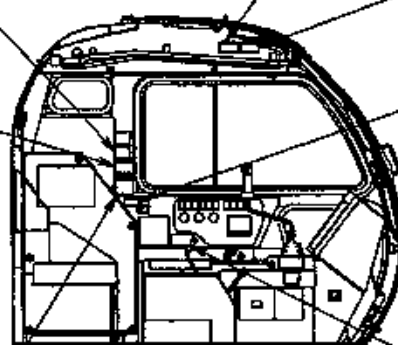
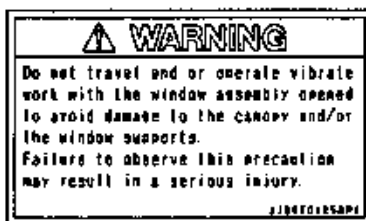
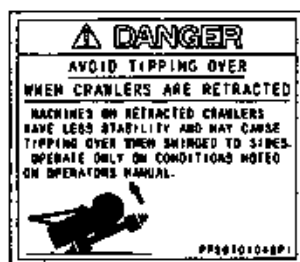
FUEL TANK



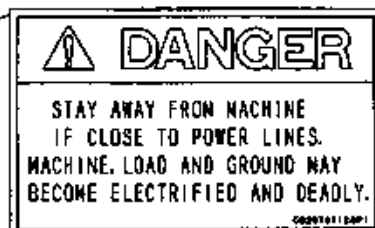
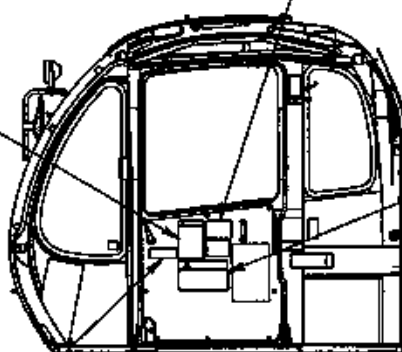
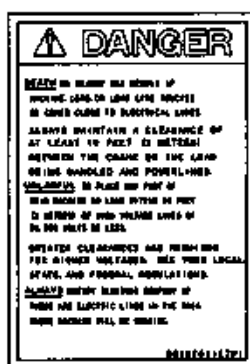
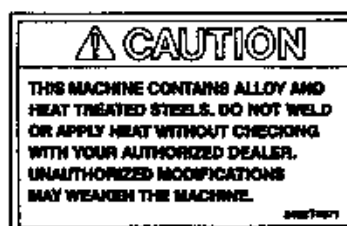
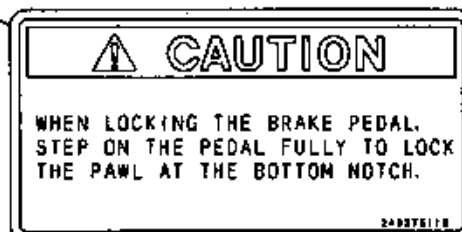
SECTION K-K



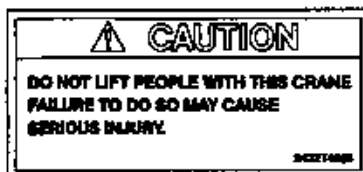
FP20T01045P1

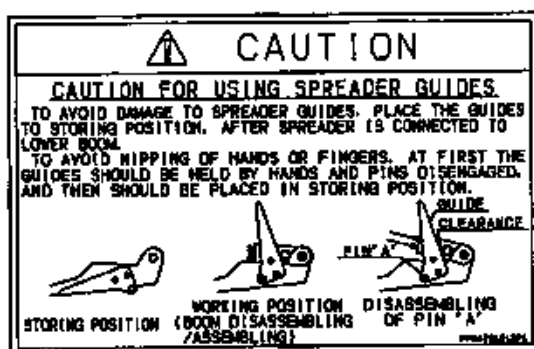


VIEW INSIDE L. H.

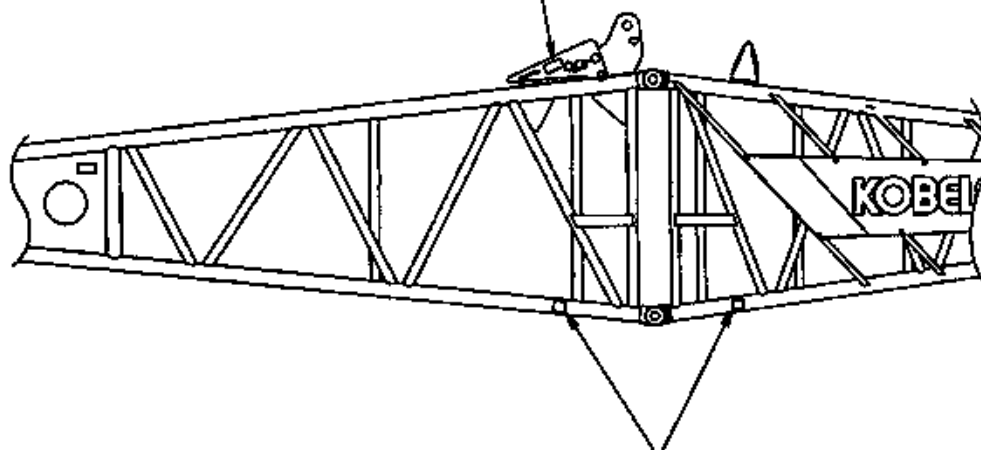


VIEW INSIDE R. H.





FP20T01012P1



FP20T01013P1

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. SAFE OPERATING PRACTICES FOR MOBILE CRANES	1- 1
Introduction	1- 1
Operator's Responsibility	1- 1
Signalman's Responsibility	1- 2
Responsibilities of All Crew Members	1- 2
Management Responsibility	1- 2
Planning the Job	1- 3
Operator's Check List	1- 4
Operating Precautions	1- 4
Measures for Radio Transmitters	1-16
Measure for Lighting	1-16
Measure for Earthquake	1-16
Influence of Wind	1-17
Caution of Wind	1-18
Method of Wind Velocity Measurement	1-18
2. OPERATION	2- 1
2.1 Terminology of Machine Each Part	2- 1
2.2 Locations and Terms of Operating Controls	2- 2
2.2.1 Handling of Each Switch	2- 7
2.2.2 Gauge Cluster	2-15
2.2.3 Handling the Air Conditioner	2-26
2.3 Crane Operation	2-28
2.3.1 Adjusting the Operator's Seat	2-28
2.3.2 Adjusting the Control Lever Direction	2-28
2.3.3 Starting and Stopping the Engine	2-29
2.3.4 Function Lock Lever	2-33
2.3.5 Propelling Operation	2-33
2.3.6 Swinging Operation	2-35
2.3.7 Boom Raising/Lowering Operation	2-37
2.3.8 Hook Raising/Lowering Operation	2-38
2.4 Free Fall Operation (Optional)	2-40
2.5 Clamshell Operation	2-42
2.6 Handling of Hydraulic Tagline (Optional)	2-44
3. LOAD SAFETY DEVICE	3- 1
3.1 Arrangement of Equipments	3- 1
3.2 Type and Functions of Equipments	3- 4
3.3 Connecting Procedure of Wiring	3- 9
3.3.1 Crane Attachment	3- 9
3.4 Function of Controller/Monitor	3-13
3.5 Operating Procedure of Controller	3-17
3.5.1 Setting Screen	3-18
3.5.2 Setting of the Crane Configuration	3-23
3.5.3 Selection of Main/Aux Lifting	3-29
3.5.4 Setting of Working Area Limit Value	3-29

3.5.5	Setting of the Time	3-31
3.6	Warning Alarm and Automatic Stop	3-33
3.6.1	Items of Warning Alarm and Automatic Stop	3-33
3.6.2	Contents of Automatic Stop	3-34
3.6.3	Release of Automatic Stop	3-35
3.7	Inspection	3-39
3.7.1	Inspection Before Raising the Boom After Assembly of Attachment is Completed.	3-39
3.7.2	Inspection After Erecting the Attachment	3-42
3.8	Caution for Handling the Load Safety Device	3-42
3.9	Indication of Errors and Remedy	3-43
3.10	Indication of Message and Alarm	3-44
3.11	Confirmation of Function for Load Safety Device	3-45
4.	UNLOADING/LOADING THE BASIC MACHINE	4- 1
4.1	Unloading the Basic Machine From the Trailer	4- 2
4.2	Swing Loading the Machine on a Trailer	4- 2
5.	ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY OF BASIC MACHINE	5- 1
5.1	Extending/Retracting the Crawlers	5- 2
5.1.1	Extending the Crawlers	5- 2
5.1.2	Retracting the Crawler	5- 5
5.2	Erecting/Lowering the Gantry	5- 7
5.2.1	Erecting the Gantry	5- 7
5.2.2	Lowering the Gantry	5- 8
5.3	Installation, Removal of the Counterweight (When Using the Auxiliary Crane)	5- 9
5.3.1	Installation of the Counterweight	5- 9
5.3.2	Removal of the Counterweight	5-12
5.3.3	Installing/Removing Carbody Weights	5-13
5.4	Installation, Removal of the Counterweight (When Using Self Removal Device).....	5-14
5.4.1	Preparations for Operation	5-14
5.4.2	Installation Procedures	5-18
5.4.3	Disassembly Procedures	5-24
5.4.4	Operation of Cylinder When Setting Low Gantry Position (Fixation of Tension Bar Connection)	5-27
6.	ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY OF CRANE ATTACHMENT	
6.1	Assembling the Attachment	6- 3
6.1.1	Arrangement of Boom/Jib/Guy Line	6- 3
6.1.2	Installing the Backstops	6-10
6.1.3	Installing the Boom Base	6-11
6.1.4	Installing the Backstops to the Revolving Frame	6-12
6.1.5	Installing the Upper Spreader	6-12
6.1.6	Reeving the Wire Rope into the Upper and Lower Spreader	6-13
6.1.7	Installing the Boom Tip	6-14
6.1.8	Installation of the Basic Guy Line	6-15
6.1.9	Main Hoist Wire Rope Reeving	6-16
6.1.10	Connecting the Insert Booms	6-18
6.1.11	Installing the Cable Rollers	6-24

6.1.12	Connecting the Boom Guy Lines	6-24
6.1.13	Caution for Cantilever	6-26
6.1.14	Assembling the Jib	6-27
6.1.15	Reeving of Rear Drum Wire Rope	6-30
6.1.16	Installing the Auxiliary Sheave	6-32
6.1.17	Reeving the Rear Drum Wire Rope to the Auxiliary Sheave	6-33
6.2	Erecting the Attachment	6-34
6.2.1	Confirmation Before Erecting the Attachment	6-34
6.2.2	Erecting the Attachment	6-35
6.3	Lowering the Attachment	6-37
6.3.1	Lowering the Attachment	6-37
6.4	Disassembling the Attachment	6-38
6.4.1	Treatment of Overhoist Limit Switch Wiring	6-38
6.4.2	Winding Up the Front Drum/Rear Drum Wire Ropes	6-38
6.4.3	Disassembling the Jib	6-39
6.4.4	Removing the Boom Guy Line	6-40
6.4.5	Disassembling the Boom	6-41
6.4.6	Removing the Base Boom	6-42
6.4.7	Removal of the Counterweight	6-43
6.4.8	Lowering the Gantry	6-43
6.5	Caution When Transporting Boom	6-44
7.	WIRE ROPE	7- 1
7.1	Handling of Wire Rope	7- 1
7.1.1	Unreeling Method of Wire Rope	7- 1
7.1.2	Winding Wire Rope onto the Drum	7- 1
7.1.3	Installing the Rope Socket	7- 3
7.1.4	Specification of Wire Rope	7- 3
7.1.5	Wire Rope Length	7- 4
8.	MAINTENANCE	8- 1
8.1	Checks	8- 6
8.1.1	Checks of the Upper	8- 6
8.1.2	Check of Lower	8-16
8.1.3	Check of Attachment	8-22
8.2	Oil/Grease Supply and Water Service	8-29
8.2.1	Upper Lubrication (Include. Water Supply)	8-32
8.2.2	Lower Lubrication	8-34
8.2.3	Attachment Lubrication	8-36
8.2.4	Grease	8-38
8.2.5	Engine Oil	8-41
8.2.6	Fuel	8-42
8.2.7	Coolant	8-43
8.2.8	Hydraulic Oil	8-45
8.2.9	Gear Oil	8-47
8.3	Cleaning/Washing/Change of Filter Element and Strainer	8-51
8.4	Check of Battery	8-55
8.5	Arrangement and Use of Fuse	8-57

8.6	Operation Under Unusual Conditions	8-58
8.7	Machine Storage	8-59
8.8	Tightening Torque Values	8-60
8.9	Security Parts to be Replaced Periodically	8-62
8.10	Adjustment	8-63
8.10.1	Adjustment of Front and Rear Drum Locks	8-63
8.10.2	Adjustment of Boom Drum Lock	8-64
8.10.3	Adjustment of Crawler Shoes	8-65
8.11	Consumable Parts List	8-66
9.	REFERENCE MATERIALS	9- 1
9.1	Specification	9- 1
9.1.1	Performance	9- 1
9.1.2	Outside Dimensions	9- 1
9.2	Dimensions and Weight of Each Parts	9- 3
9.2.1	Base Machine	9- 3
9.2.2	Counterweight	9- 4
9.2.3	Attachment	9- 5
9.3	Stability in Swinging and Traveling	9- 8
9.4	System Schematic	9- 9
9.4.1	Hydraulic System Schematic	9- 9
9.4.2	Electrical Wiring Schematic	9-10

1. SAFE OPERATING PRACTICES FOR MOBILE CRANES

INTRODUCTION

Because cranes have the ability to lift heavy loads to great heights, they also have a potential for accidents if safe operating practices are not followed. This book will help you prevent accidents which could result in injury, death, or property damage.

General safe practices for working on machinery must be followed as well as the safe operating practices recommended here.

OPERATOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

The operator is the best safety feature in any crane. Safety must always be the operator's most important concern. He must refuse to operate when he knows it is unsafe and consult his supervisor when safety is in doubt.

He must read and understand the Operator's Manual and see that the machine is in proper order before operating.

He must understand how to read the rating plate and know that his machine can safely lift each load before attempting to lift it.

He must never lift a load without knowing the length of the boom, the weight of the load, and the load radius or boom angle.

Never attempt to operate the crane at conditions exceeding those shown on the rating chart. Such operation can cause tipping or structural failure of the crane which can result in damage, injury, or death.

He must be alert, physically fit, and free from the influences of alcohol, drugs, or medications that might affect his eyesight, hearing, reactions, judgement.

He must see that unnecessary people, equipment, and material are kept out of the work area. The area around the machine should be properly barricaded.

When an operator's vision is restricted or when operating in hazardous places such as near electrical power lines or around people, a signalman must be used. Because the operator is not always in the best position to judge distances and can not see all parts of the jobsite, a signalman may also be necessary at other times. Operators must understand standard crane signals and take signals only from designated signalmen.

SIGNALMAN'S RESPONSIBILITY

The primary duty of a signalman is to assist the operator in safe and efficient operation. Operators depend on designated signalmen to assist them in making movements without endangering people or property.

Signalmen must have a clear understanding of the work to be done so that they can safely coordinate each job with operators and other crew members. Signalmen must place themselves where they can be clearly seen and where they can safely observe the entire operation.

Standard crane signals must be used unless other methods of signaling such as two way radios or flags have been agreed upon.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF ALL CREW MEMBERS

Any unsafe condition or practice must be corrected or reported to the job supervisor.

Everyone who works around the crane, including riggers and oilers, must obey all warning signs and watch out for his own safety and the safety of others. Crew members setting up machines or handling loads are expected to know proper machine erection and rigging procedures.

Watch for hazards during operations and alert the operator and signalmen of dangers such as power lines, the unexpected presence of people, other equipment or unstable ground conditions.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

See that operators are trained, competent, physically fit and, if required, licensed. Good vision is required, as are good judgment, coordination and mental ability. Any person who lacks any of these qualities must not be allowed to operate a crane.

Signalmen must have good vision and sound judgment, know standard crane signals and be able to give signals clearly. They must have enough experience to be able to recognize hazards and signal the operator to avoid them.

Riggers must be trained to determine weights and distances and to select proper lifting tackle. Rigging is a complex subject far beyond the scope of this booklet. It is management's responsibility to employ qualified riggers.

Crew members must be given specific safety responsibilities and instructed to report any unsafe conditions to their supervisors.

PLANNING THE JOB

Most accidents can be avoided by careful job planning. The person in charge must have a clear understanding of the work to be done and equipment capabilities. He must consider all dangers at the jobsite, develop a plan to do the job safely, and then explain the plan to all concerned. Factors such as these should be considered:

- What crew members are needed and what responsibilities will they be given?
- What is the weight of the load to be lifted, the lift radius, boom angle, and the rated capacity of the crane;
- How will the signalmen communicate with the operator?
- What equipment is required to do the job safely? Is a crane the best equipment for the job?
- How can the equipment be safely transported to the jobsite?
- Are there gas lines, electrical power lines or structures which must be moved or avoided?
- Is the surface strong enough to support the machine and load?
- How will loads be rigged?
- What special safety precautions must be taken if a crane must travel with a suspended load or if more than one crane is needed to lift a load?
- Are unusual weather conditions such as winds or extreme cold expected?

- What steps will be taken to keep unnecessary people and equipment safely away from the work area?
- How can the crane be positioned to use the shortest boom and radius possible?

OPERATOR'S CHECK LIST

The operator must make a safety check before starting to work each day to see that the machine is in proper order. Some things to check are:

- Check the machine log book to see that periodic maintenance and inspections have been performed and all necessary repairs made.
- Check the operation of the boom hoist kickout, boom angle indicator, back up alarms, and other safety devices.
- Carefully inspect load bearing parts such as wire rope, (load lines, boom hoist cable, suspension lines), boom, outriggers, hooks, and rigging.
- Inspect the crane for any missing bolts, nuts or pins and any cracked or broken components.
- Be sure no unauthorized field modifications have been made, such as, counterweights increased or decreased and booms that have been improperly repaired.
- Check for fuel and hydraulic oil leaks.
- After starting the engine, check all gauges for proper readings.
- Test all controls for proper operation.
- Check brakes and clutches. Test load brakes by lifting a load a few inches off the ground and holding it.

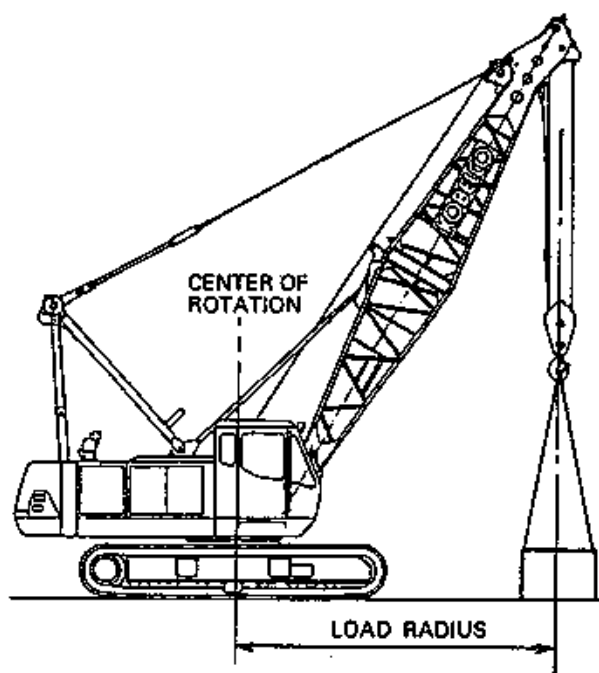
OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

The following recommendations represent our experience in regard to the most likely causes of personal injury and damage to equipment. Careful observance of the following recommendations will prevent the majority of common accidents.

1. Mistakes in calculating lifting capacity can cause accidents.

Several factors must be considered including:

- A. Load radius (the distance between the center of the crane rotation to the center of the load). Note that the radius will increase when the load is lifted.



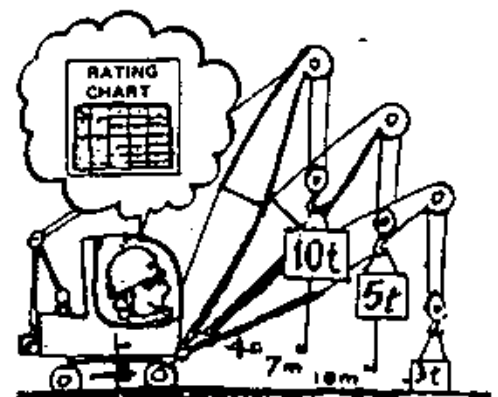
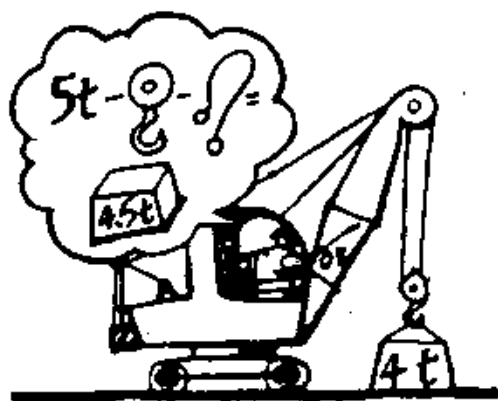
B. Weight of the load, hook, and rigging.

C. Boom length, jib, parts of line, and operating area (side, rear).

Use the next lower rated capacity when working at boom lengths or radii between the figures on the rating chart. It is dangerous to guess the capacity for boom lengths or radii between those listed on the rating plate.

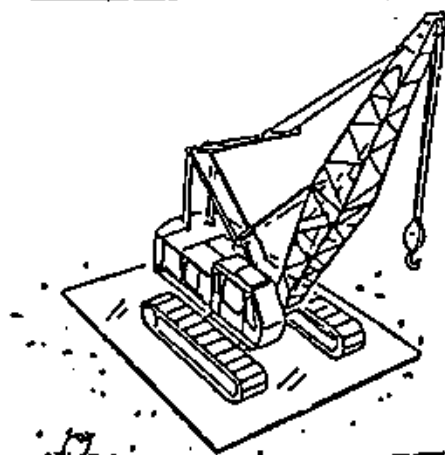
Trying to lift a load without knowing whether it is within the rated capacity while expecting the crane to start to tip to warn of an overload is very dangerous and should never be done. Cranes may suddenly tip over or collapse if the load is too heavy.

Always operate within the rated capacity. The operator must reduce the load under adverse field conditions until, in his judgment, the machine can safely handle the lift. (See Operating Precautions #3, 10, 16, 19, 27 and 28.)



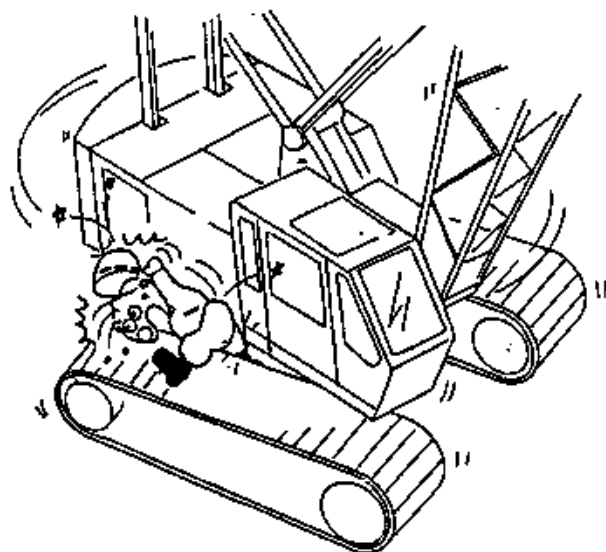
2. Cranes may tip over or collapse if the operating surface cannot support their weight. Timber mats, steel plates or concrete rafts may be needed under crawlers to distribute the load under the crane so that the bearing strength of the ground is not exceeded.

Determine the load bearing capacity of the ground or other surface on which machines will be operating. Be sure cranes are adequately supported. Avoid soft or unstable ground, sand, areas with high water tables, and partially frozen ground. When machines are working near trenches, the trenches should be shored or sloped to prevent cave-ins or slides.



3. The rated capacity of a crane is determined with the crane leveled within 1% of grade (1 foot drop or rise in 100 foot distance). Out of level more than 1% will drastically reduce the lifting capacity. Be sure cranes are level.

4. People can be crushed by the scissors-like action of the upper rotating on the lower.



Stay away from rotating cranes. Erect barricades to keep people away. Take the time to determine that these areas are clear before swinging.

5. People can be crushed by the rear (counterweight) of the machine if there is not enough room for it to swing.

Position machines so that people cannot be trapped between the counterweight and other obstructions.

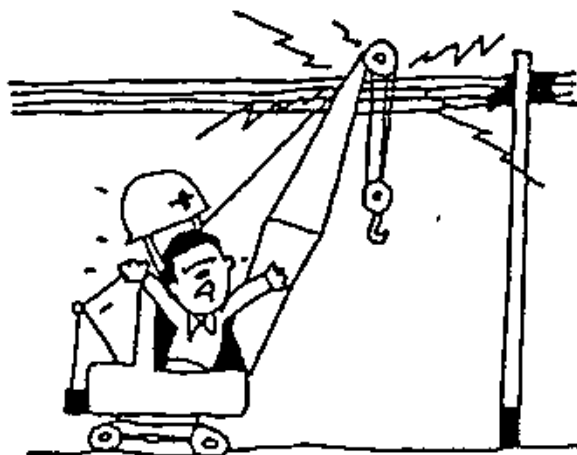
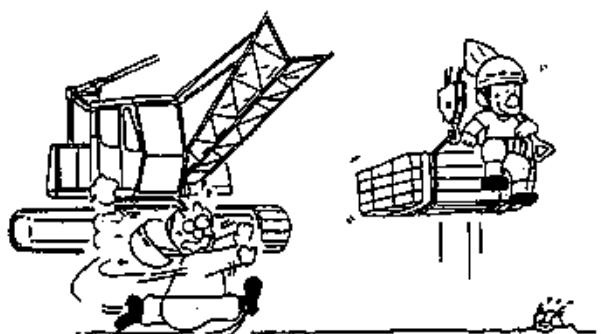
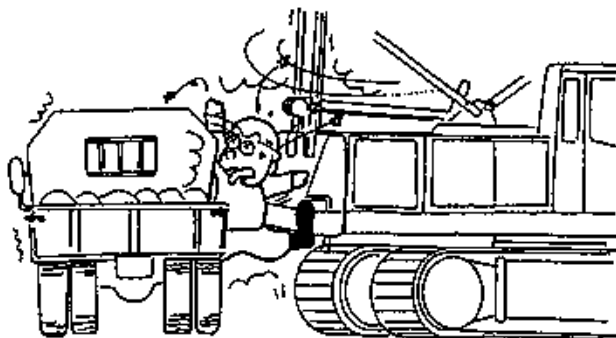
6. Many people have been injured when riding crane hooks or loads or while being lifted in manbaskets. They have no control over how they are handled and no protection from impacts or falls. Small mistakes can be fatal.

Never permit anyone to ride loads, slings, hooks, etc., for any reason.

7. WORKING AROUND UTILITIES

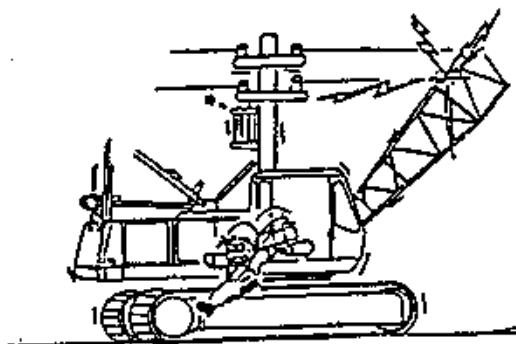
If it is suspected that utility lines such as gas, water, phone or electrical power are in the work area, contact the local utility authority for line location BEFORE beginning work in the area. Use extreme caution around electrical power lines. Keep a sufficient distance away from electrical lines during operation. See chart below for minimum distances.

LINE VOLTAGE	Minimum Distance - m (ft)
0 - 50,000	3.0 m (10) or more
50,000 - 200,000	4.5 m (15) or more
200,000 - 350,000	6.0 m (20) or more
350,000 - 500,000	7.5 m (25) or more
500,000 - 750,000	10.5 m (35) or more
750,000 - 1,000,000	13.5 m (45) or more



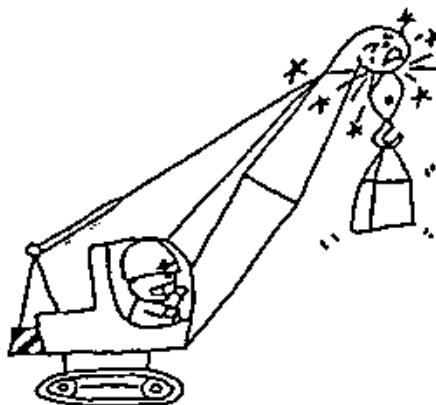
Careful planning and supervision offer better protection than any known hardware. Insulated boom cages, proximity warning devices, and insulating links have limitations and can fail without warning. Insulated boom cages and links only protect part of the crane and can break down electrically if contaminated with dust and water. Operation of proximity warning devices can be affected by different arrangements of power lines, the movement of trucks, materials, and the crane itself, and other influences. Relying on any of these devices could be dangerous because users may think they are providing protection when in fact they are not.

If any part of the crane or rigging contacts a high voltage line, the safest procedure for the operator is to stay at his post until the contact is cleared, or the power has been shut off. Do not allow anyone on the ground to touch the machine. If the operator must leave the machine, he should jump off, rather than climb off.

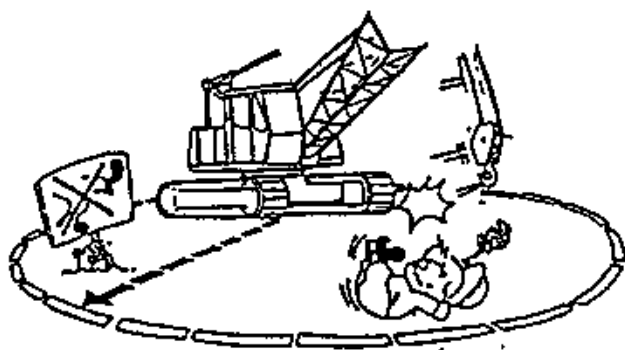


8. The load line can break if the hook block contacts the end of the boom. This is called "two blocking". Two blocking, for example, can be caused by hoisting the hook into the end of the boom or lowering the boom without paying out load line. Two blocking can pull jibs and lattice booms over backwards or cause structural damage at boom or jib points.

Always keep space between the hook block and boom point. Lower the hook when lowering the boom.

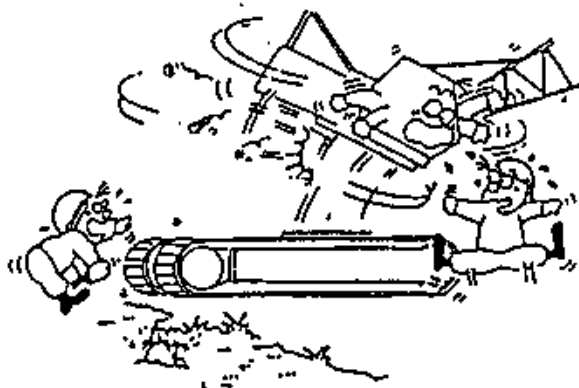


9. People can be injured if the hook, boom, load or outriggers are moved when personnel are nearby. Make sure everyone is clear before moving the hook, boom, load or outriggers. Do not move loads over people. Do not allow the load to bump or catch on anything.



10. Rapid swings or sudden starts and stops can cause the hook and attached load to swing out of control.

Always start and stop movements smoothly and swing at speeds that will keep the load under control.



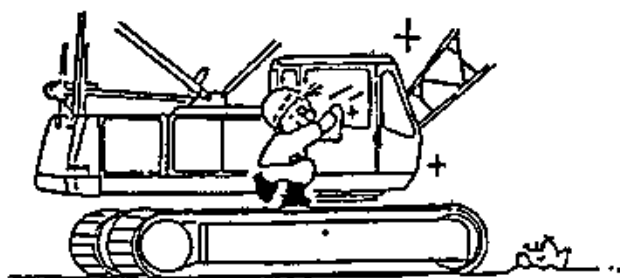
11. Dirty windows, darkness, bright sunlight, fog, rain and other conditions can make it difficult for the operator to see.

Keep windows clean. Do not operate if you cannot see clearly enough to operate safely. Replace cracked or broken glass as soon as possible.

There are several specific safety signs on your machine. Their exact location and description of the hazard are reviewed in this section. Please take the time to familiarize yourself with these safety signs.

Make sure that you can read all safety signs. Clean or replace these if you cannot read the words or see the pictures. When cleaning the labels use a cloth, water and soap. Do not use solvent, gasoline, etc.

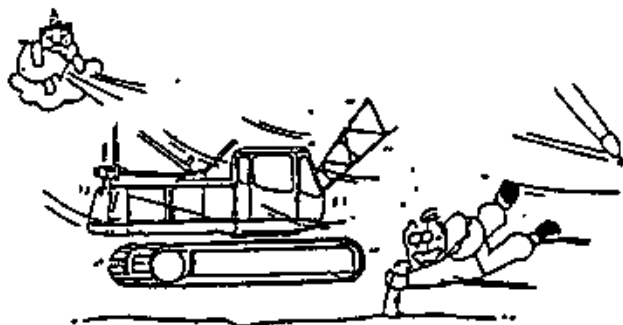
You must replace a label if it is damaged, missing or cannot be read. If a label is on a part that is replaced, make sure a new label is installed on the replaced part.



12. Even light winds can blow loads out of control, collapse booms, or tip cranes. Winds aloft can be much stronger than at ground level.

Do not lift loads if winds create a hazard. Lower the boom if necessary.

Moderate winds may create a hazard for long booms or loads with large surface areas.



13. Carelessness in getting on and off equipment can result in serious injuries.

Always wait until the machine has stopped. Do not jump on or off. Always use both hands and make sure you have good footing.



14. Slippery floors and steps, tools, trash, or other loose items can cause falls.

Keep the machine clean and dry.

15. Damaged crane booms may collapse. Lattice type booms will be weakened by damaged chords, bent or missing lacings, or cracked welds. Inspect the crane boom daily for damage. Do not use damaged booms.



CAUTION

Due to the high strength steels used in booms, and jibs special repair procedures are required. Consult your local authorized KOBELCO distributor for instructions.

16. Crane booms can collapse if side loaded (pulled sideways). Typical causes of side loading are rapid starts and stops while swinging, dragging a load sideways, winds, or lifting when the crane is not level.

Take care to avoid side loading.

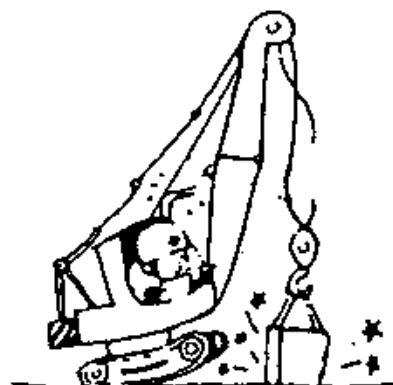
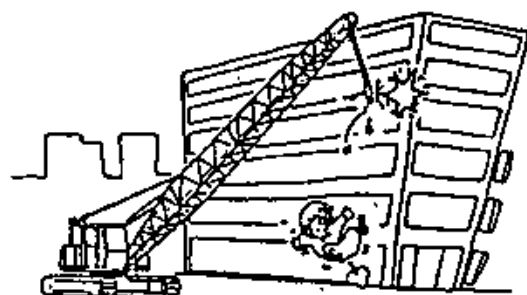
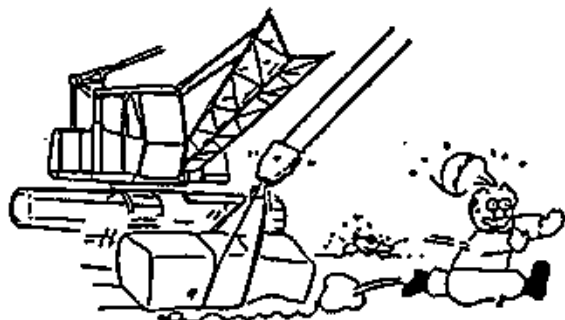
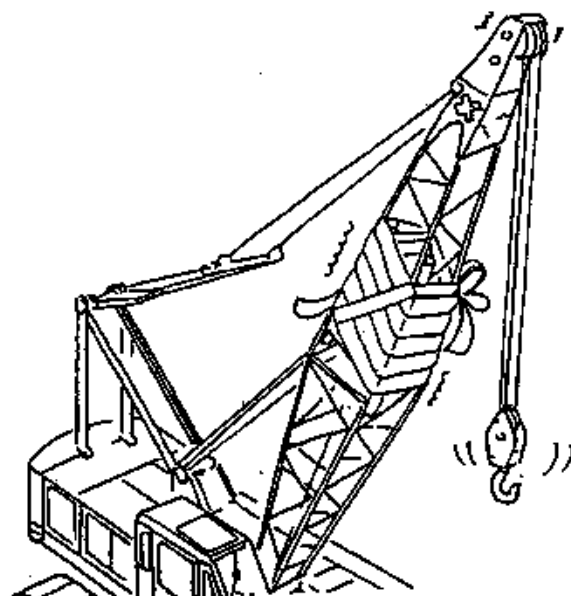
17. If the load strikes the boom or the boom hits a building or other object, the boom may collapse. Never let the load or any other object contact the boom.

18. Boom suspension lines will stretch when the load is lifted and contract when the load is released. At high boom angles this may be enough to pull the boom backwards over the crane or collapse the boom stops.

When releasing loads be sure the boom never tightens against the backstops. Release loads slowly booming out if necessary while releasing.

19. The load will swing out of control if it is not directly beneath the boom point when lifted. This can side load the boom and may cause the crane to tip or collapse.

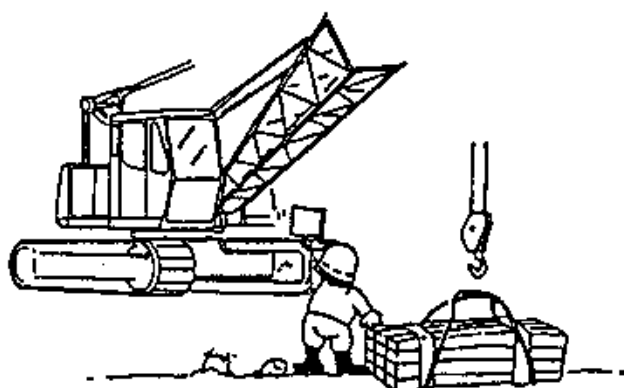
Always place the boom point directly above the load when lifting. Make certain all personnel stand clear of the load as it is lifted.



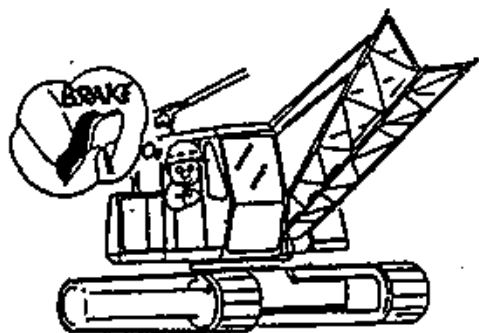
20. Trying to lift a load which is stuck, frozen or attached to something else may result in tipping, boom collapse or other damage.
Be sure that loads are free before lifting.

21. If there is not enough wire rope on the drum the rope can snap loose.

Keep at least two full wraps of wire rope on drums when operating.

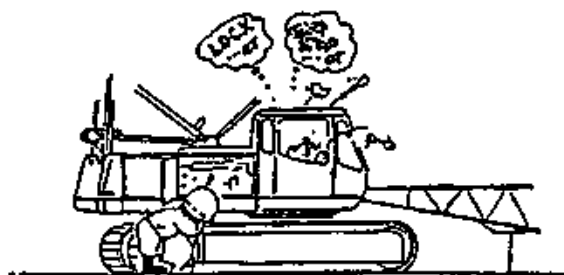


22. Foot pedal brake locks are furnished on some cranes to allow the operator to rest his legs when suspending the load for short periods of time.
Keep your feet on the pedals while foot pedal brake locks are in use. Brakes may cool allowing the load to fall.

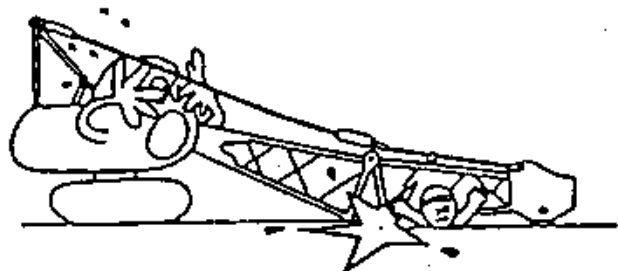


23. Trying to repair or adjust equipment with a suspended hook or load or with the boom raised could release machinery and let it move unexpectedly.

Always lower the load to the ground and the boom onto proper cribbing before doing maintenance or repair work.



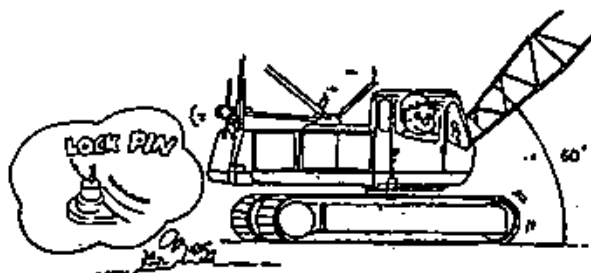
24. Pressure in hydraulic systems can be retained for long periods of time. If not properly released before maintenance people attempt to work on the hydraulic systems, this pressure can let machinery move or cause hot oil and hose ends to shoot out at high speed.
Release system pressure before attempting to make adjustment or repairs.



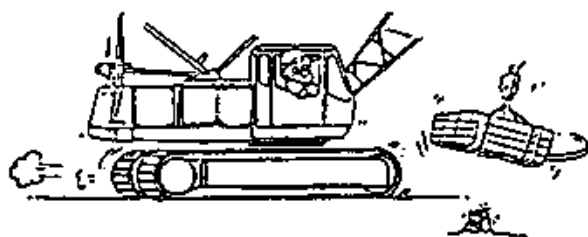
25. Pin-connected booms and jibs may fall if not properly supported when removing pins.
Make sure both ends of each boom and jib section are supported and the boom suspension lines completely slacked off before removing pins.
Never stand on, inside, or under booms or jibs during assembly or disassembly.

26. As with all heavy equipment, care must be taken when cranes are driven (traveled), whether on or off the jobsite.

Watch for people, electrical power lines, low or narrow clearances, bridge or road load limits, and steep hills or uneven terrain. Use a signalman in close quarters. Know the height, width and weight of your machine. Set swing brake or lock before traveling.



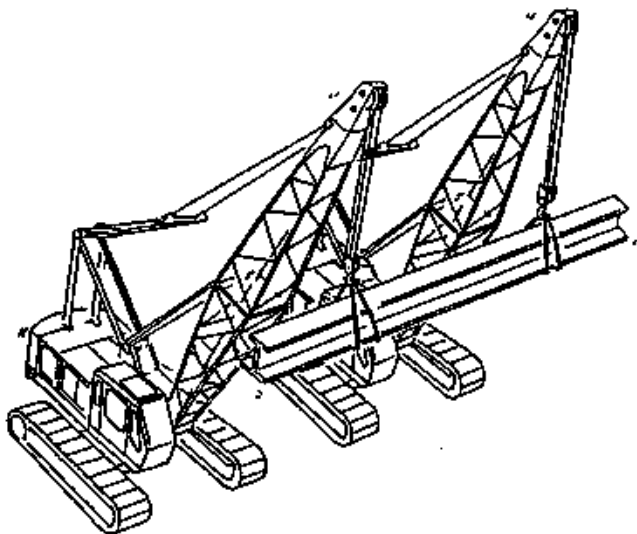
27. Load ratings for cranes are based on the machine being level and operated properly so that dynamic effects of operation do not increase the loadings on the crane. Traveling a crane with a long boom or with a load suspended involves special hazards including the increased possibility of side loading or tipping.



Because of the many variables involved in pick and carry operations, the user must evaluate conditions and take appropriate precautions such as these:

- Follow the travel precautions listed in rule 26.
- Check the rating plate for limitations.
- Position the boom in line with the direction of travel.
- Reduce the maximum load while traveling to reflect operating conditions. The safe load will vary depending on speed, crane, and other conditions.
- Travel slowly and avoid sudden stops and starts.
- Avoid backing away from the load. This could increase the radius and cause the machine to tip over.
- Use tag lines to keep loads under control.
- Keep the load close to the ground.
- Use the shortest boom possible.

28. Using two or more cranes to lift a load involves many hazards not normally encountered in single crane lifts.



Multi-crane lifts must be carefully engineered, keeping the following points in mind.

- Since the load is not freely suspended, careful engineering studies must be made to ensure that the load carried by each machine is less than its rated capacity.
- Make sure slings are arranged to divide the load as planned.
- Review the lifting plan with operators, signalmen and other crew members before beginning the lift.
- Carefully coordinate crane movements through every stage of the lift.
- Avoid boom side loading (see #16).

29. Leaving a machine unattended can be very dangerous. Before leaving his seat, the operator must take the following steps to prevent his machine from moving:

- Lower the load or bucket to the ground. Lower the boom when necessary.
- Set the swing brake or lock.
- Set all drum pawls.
- Set parking brakes.
- Set propel brakes or locks on crawler machines.
- Disengage the engine clutch or shut off the engine.
- Place the function lock lever in the shut down position.

30. All wire rope must be inspected daily to determine whether it should be replaced.

Wire rope should be replaced when any of the following conditions exist:

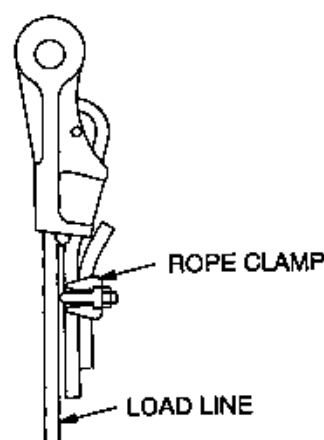
- In running ropes, six randomly distributed broken wires in one lay or three broken wires in one strand in one lay [for special conditions relating to rotation resistant rope]
- Wear of one-third the original diameter of outside individual wires;
- Kinking, crushing, bird caging, or other damage resulting in distortion of the rope structure;
- Evidence of damage from rust or corrosion.
- Evidence of any heat damage from any cause;

- Reductions from nominal diameter of more than;
 - (a) 1/64 in. (0.4 mm) for diameters up to and including 5/16 in. (8.0 mm);
 - (b) 1/32 in. (0.8 mm) for diameters 3/8 in. (9.5 mm), to and including 1/2 in. (13.0 mm);
 - (c) 3/64 in. (1.2 mm) for diameters 9/16 in. (14.5 mm), to and including 3/4 in. (19.0 mm);
 - (d) 1/16 in. (1.6 mm) for diameters 7/8 in. (22.0 mm), to and including 1-1/8 in. (29.0 mm);
 - (e) 3/32 in. (2.4 mm) for diameter 1-1/4 in. (32.0 mm), to and including 1-1/2 in. (38.0 mm)
- In standing ropes, more than two broken wires in one lay in sections beyond end connections or more than one broken wire at an end connection.

Never handle wire rope with bare hands.

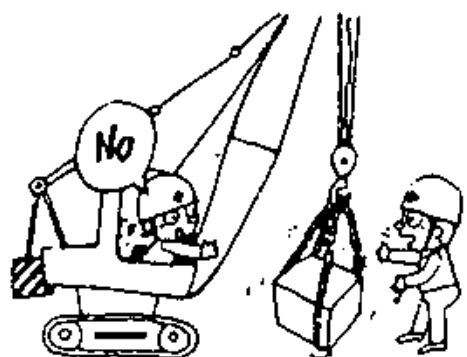
31. Improper wire rope connections may fail under load. Wire rope and connections must be installed properly and inspected daily.

- Wedge sockets should be installed so that the loaded side of the rope is in a straight line with the edge of the socket and not bent by the wedge.
- U-bolt clamps (clips) must not be installed on the loaded side of the load line.

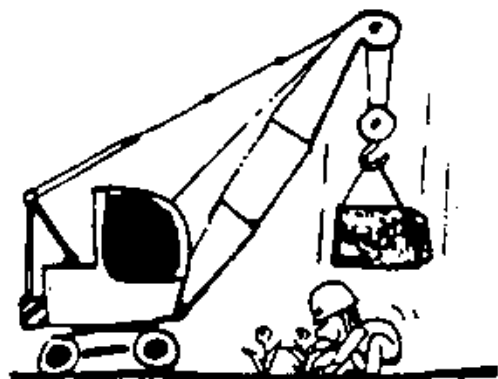


32. The operator or person in charge should see that:

- Loads are well secured before being lifted.
- Slings are not kinked nor damaged. The load is well balanced, and the hook block is adequate for the load to be lifted. Slings are properly arranged on the hook.
- Sudden stops and starts are avoided.
- The hoist line is vertical before starting the lift.
- The crane hook is equipped with a properly functioning retainer latch.



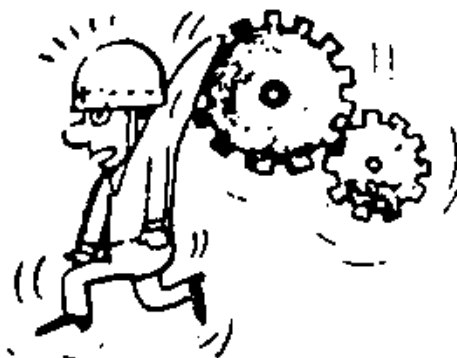
- Crane loads, grapples, or buckets do not pass over the heads of workmen nor in any way endanger their safety. All loose objects must be removed from the load. Non-operating personnel should be warned, or told to leave the immediate area, when making crane lifts.



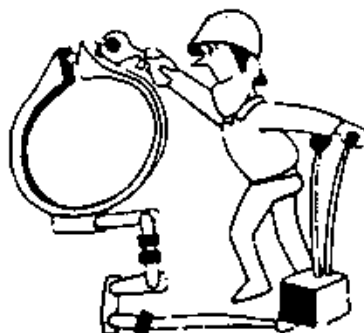
33. Always replace protective guards and panels before operating the machine.



34. Never wear loose clothing rings or other objects which may become entangled in the moving machinery.



35. The operator should test the winch brakes when a load is first lifted, and when the load is only a few inches above its starting position, to assure the ability of the brakes to hold the load while it is aloft.



36. When refueling, be careful not to smoke. Stop the engine, and keep metal funnels in contact with the fuel tank filler pipe to prevent static electrical sparks from igniting the fuel. Turn off cab heater (if equipped) while refueling, and avoid refueling near an open flame.



37. If an overheated condition necessitates an engine shutdown, use extreme care when checking the radiator, if possible, wait for radiator to cool. Use a heavy cloth and gloves to protect yourself while slowly loosening the cap. Wait until the sound and fluid flow stops. Then remove the cap.

38. Be careful where you park your machine. Do not leave it where there is a chance of a bank caving in on it, or in a low spot where heavy rains may wash out the footing.

39. When leaving the crane unattended, always remove keys and lock all cab doors to prevent unauthorized person from tampering with the machine and possibly injuring themselves or others.

MEASURES FOR RADIO TRANSMITTERS

When working in the vicinity of a transmitting antenna for a broadcasting station, the boom could act as a large antenna, and could become electrified. High voltage of electricity may be generated at the hook end, and the hook could become heated. If this happens, do not touch the hook. Electrical shock, or burning could result. Ground personnel should be warned to stay away from the machine.

MEASURE FOR LIGHTNING

1. When lightning storms are generated and lightning bolts are anticipated, immediately take the following steps:
 - (1) Stop the work, and lower the load onto the ground. When the boom (or tower) can be lowered, lower it onto the ground.
 - (2) Engage the brakes and locks (winch and swing) and stop the engine. Turn off the power source of the load safety device and main switch.
 - (3) Advise all personnel to stay away from the surrounding area of the machine.
2. If a lightning strike occurs check the machine before operating it.
 - (1) Check for burns and damage.
 - (2) Check the electrical devices and load safety device for performance.
 - (3) Check each function for abnormality.

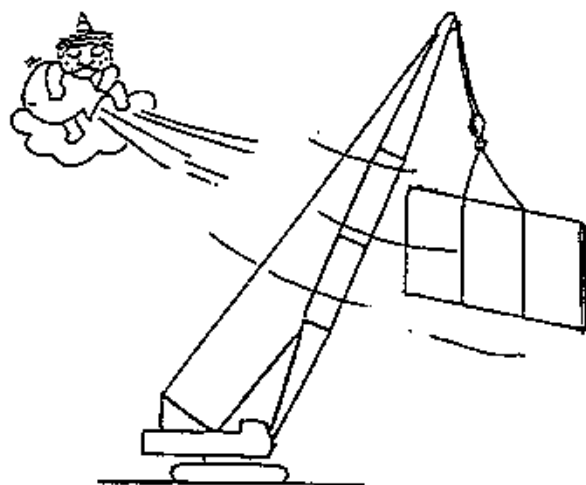
MEASURES FOR EARTHQUAKE

1. When earthquakes occur, immediately take the following step:
 - (1) Stop the work, and lower the load and hook onto the ground. When the boom (or tower) can be lowered, lower it onto the ground.
 - (2) Engage the brakes and locks (winch and swing), stop the engine, and turn off the electrical power of the main switch and load safety device.
 - (3) Advise all personnel to stay away from the surrounding area of the machine.
2. After the earthquake is over, check the machine before operating.
 - (1) Check each function for performance.
 - (2) Check the electrical devices and load safety device for performance.

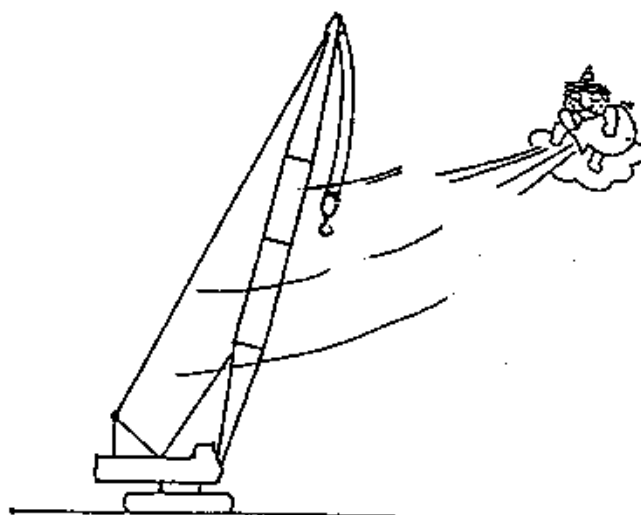
INFLUENCE OF WIND

Influence of the wind on the machine becomes larger in proportion to the size of a lifted load, lifting height, and boom length. Especially, the following cases are very dangerous, so utmost care is necessary for operation.

- 1) When lifting a load of wide area, against which the wind blows hard, the wind could cause the overturn of the machine and damage to the boom. The wind could also blow the load against the boom, and could cause damage.



- 2) When the boom is fully raised without a load, the wind could blow the boom backward resulting in an overturn of the machine.



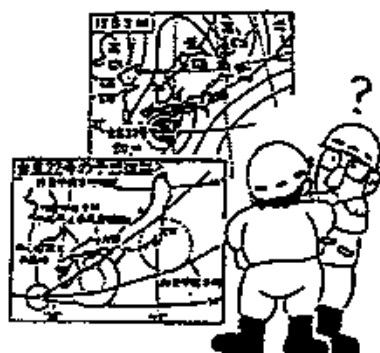
CAUTIONS FOR WIND

When performing crane or tower operation in strong wind, utmost cautions are required according to the wind velocity, machine condition and working environment.

The wind velocity is different on the ground than in the high air. It is also different on flat ground and in city air. Always consider these conditions and take proper measures to meet the situation.

The wind velocity mentioned here means the instantaneous wind speed.

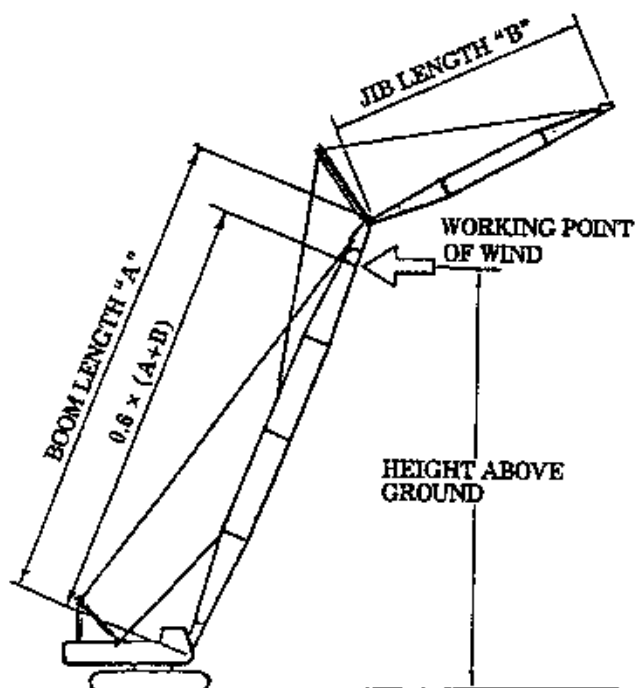
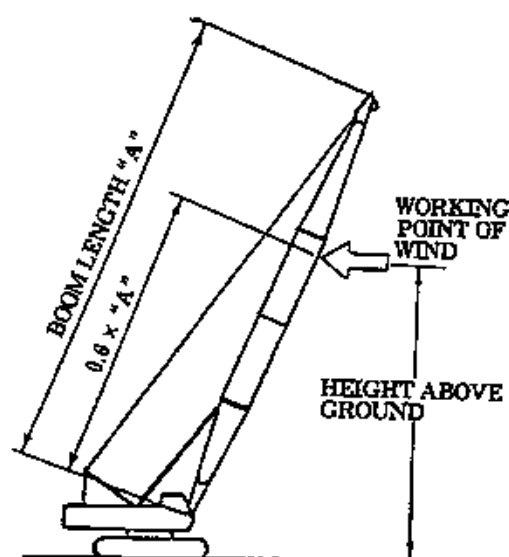
When the wind velocity exceeds 10 m/sec. (33 ft/sec.) stop the work.



METHOD OF WIND VELOCITY MEASUREMENT

- 1) If an instantaneous anemometer is provided in the machine, measure the wind velocity with the anemometer provided on the boom tip section or the tower cap.
- 2) If an instantaneous anemometer is not provided in the machine, the wind velocity given by a weather report can be converted to the instantaneous wind speed.
- 3) The instantaneous wind speed can be approximated by the Beaufort chart (see next page).

The position where the wind works against the machine is the height above the ground which corresponds to 60% of the boom length at that time.

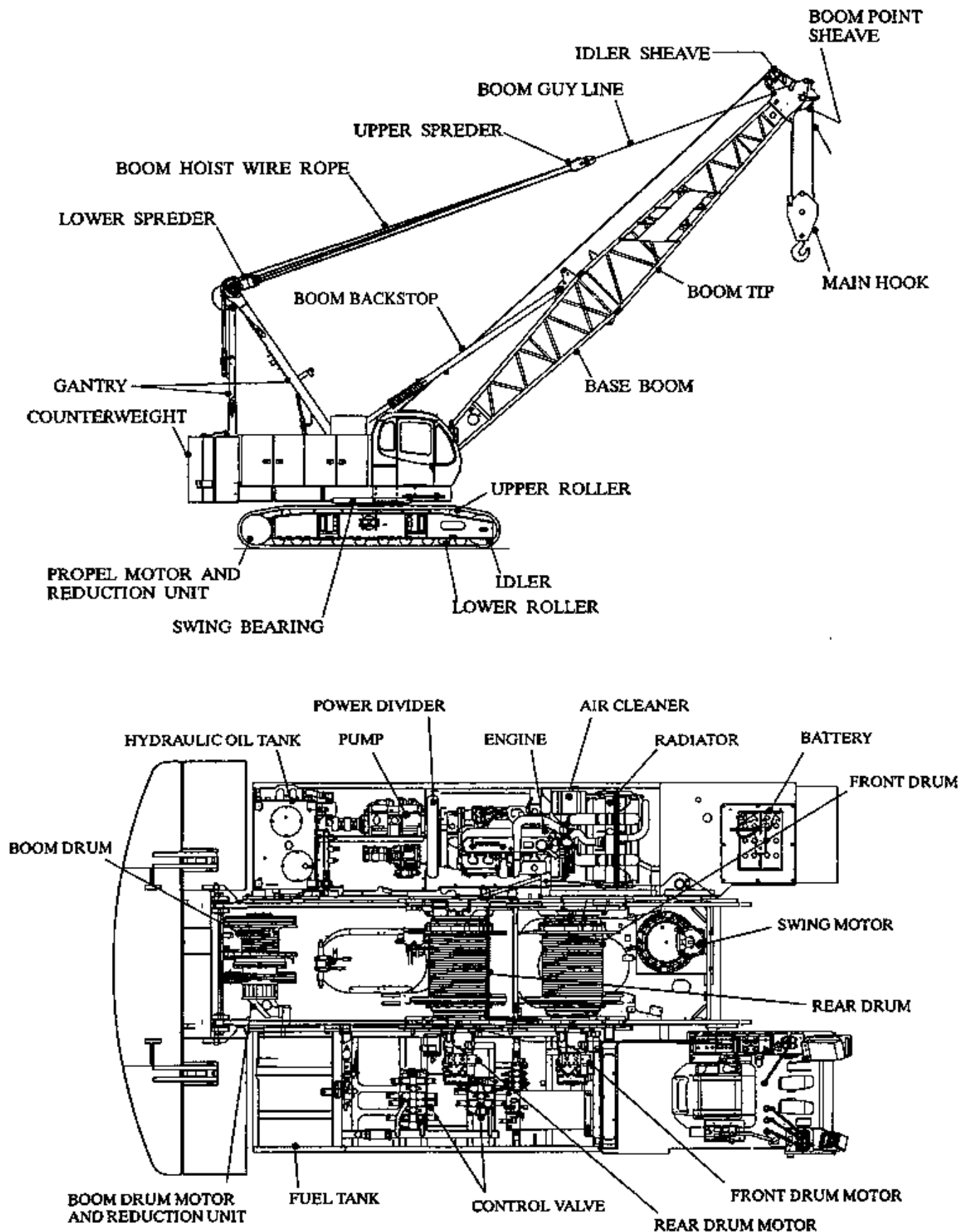


Beaufort wind scale chart

Approximate wind velocity at 10 m height from the open and flat ground	Details
m/sec.	On land
Less than 0.3	Calm, smoke rises vertically.
0.3 to less than 1.6	Smoke drift indicates wind direction, still wind vanes.
1.6 to less than 3.4	Wind felt on face, leaves rustle, vanes begin to move.
3.4 to less than 5.5	Leaves and small twigs constantly moving, light flags extended.
5.5 to less than 8.0	Dust, leaves, and loose paper lifted, twigs move.
8.0 to less than 10.8	Many whitecaps, leaf in small trees begin to sway.
10.8 to less than 13.9	Larger tree branches moving, whistling in wires, hard to walk under an umbrella.
13.9 to less than 17.2	Whole trees moving, resistance felt walking against wind.
17.2 to less than 20.8	Twigs broken, cannot walk against wind.
20.8 to less than 24.5	Slight structural damage occurs, chimney broken, slate blows off roofs.
24.5 to less than 28.5	Seldom experienced on land, trees broken or uprooted, and considerable structural damage.
28.5 to less than 32.7	Scarcely experienced, damages occur in wide areas.
32.7 or more	

2. OPERATION

2.1 TERMINOLOGY OF MACHINE EACH PART



2.2 LOCATIONS AND TERMS OF OPERATING CONTROLS



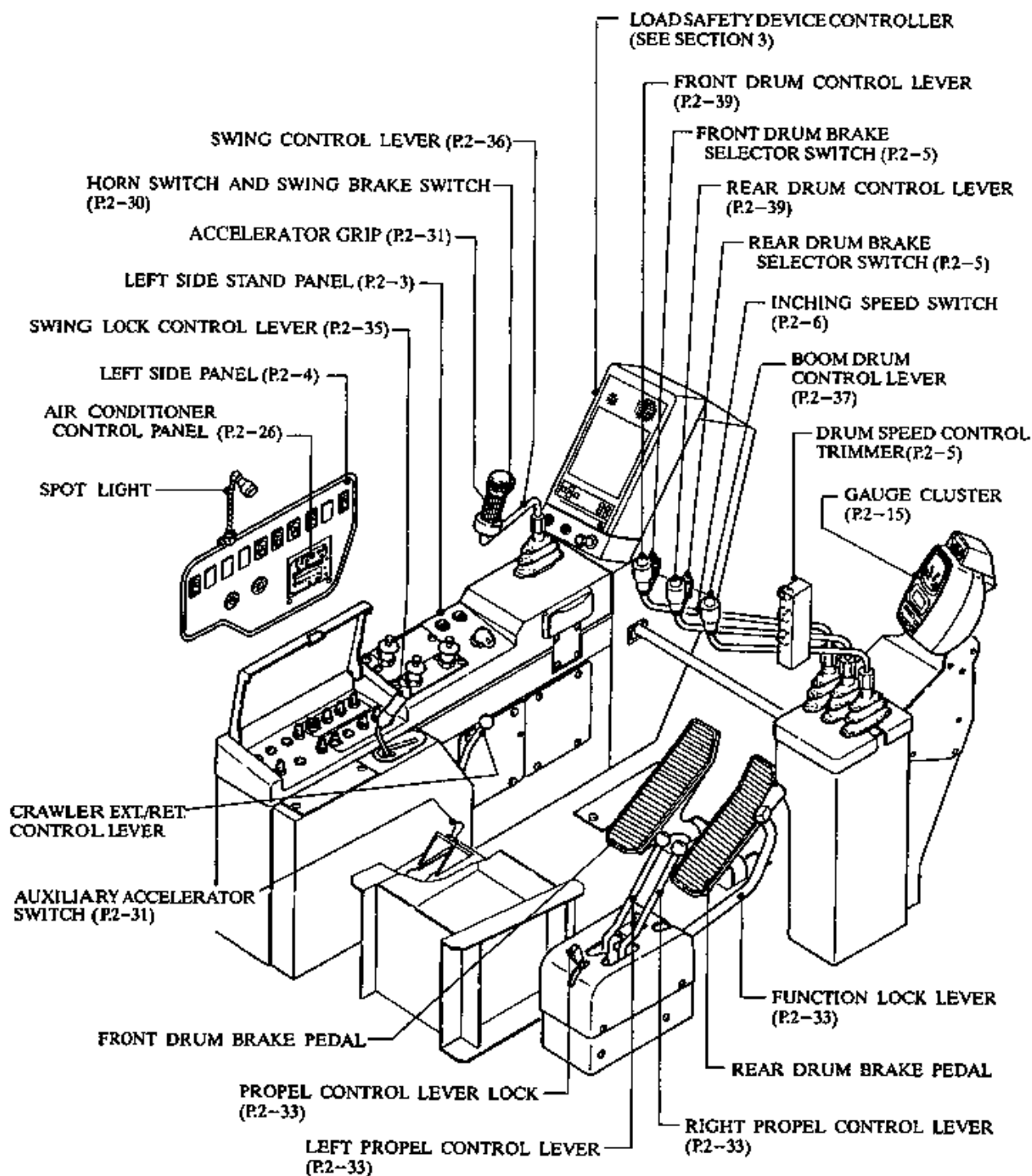
WARNING

Do not use the devices and equipment provided in this machine for any purpose other than the purposes specified in this manual.

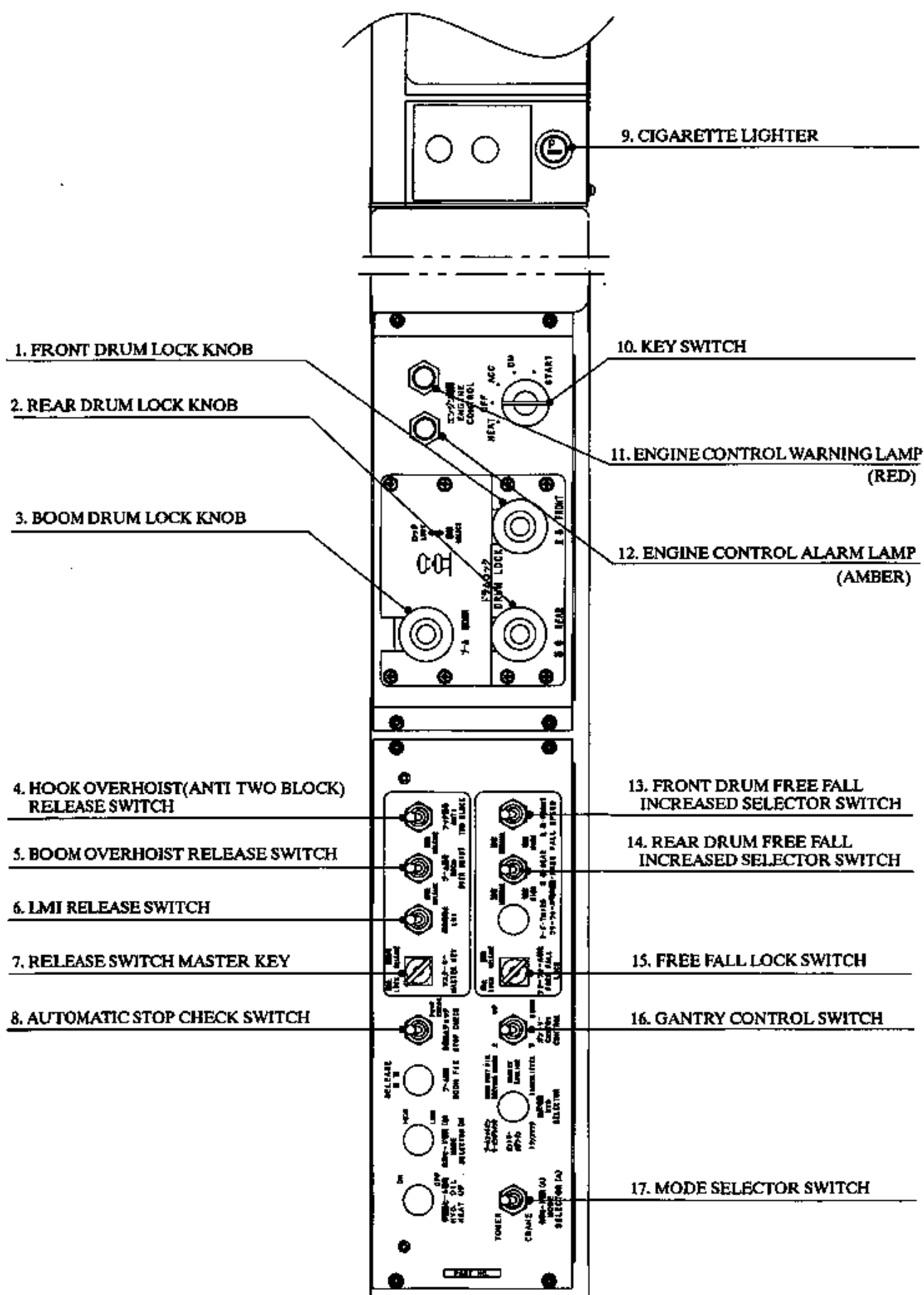
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

NOTE

Optional items are also included in this figure.



LEFT SIDE STAND PANEL



LEFT SIDE PANEL

18. WIPER SWITCH
(Upper side of front window)

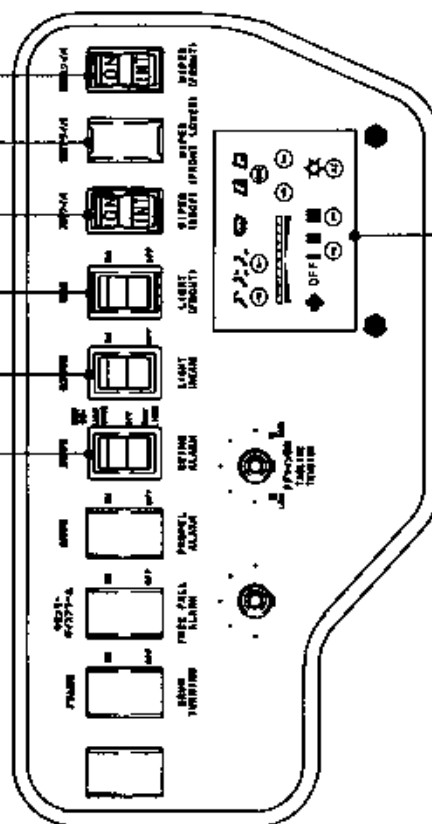
19. WIPER SWITCH
(Lower side of front window)

20. WIPER SWITCH (SKYLIGHT)

21. HEAD LIGHT SWITCH

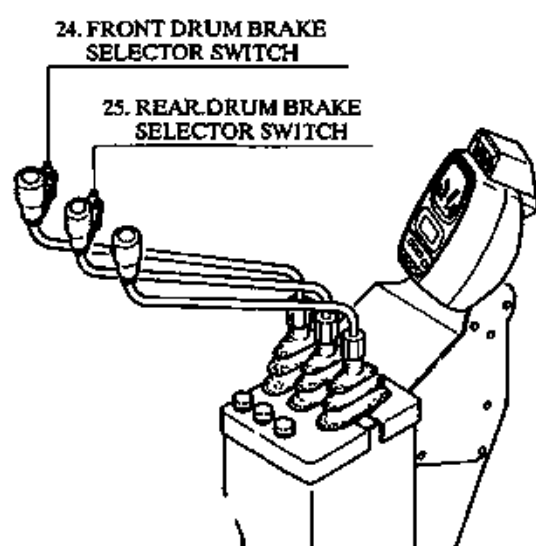
22. REAR WORK LIGHT SWITCH

23. SWING ALARM
SELECTOR SWITCH



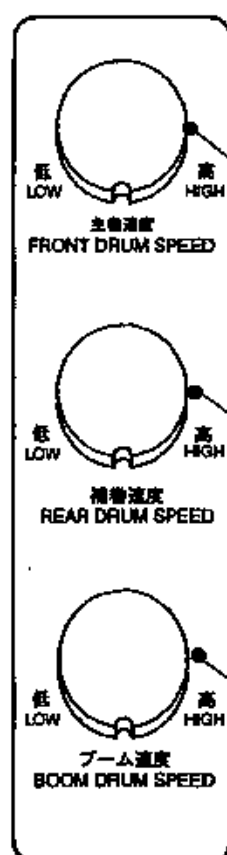
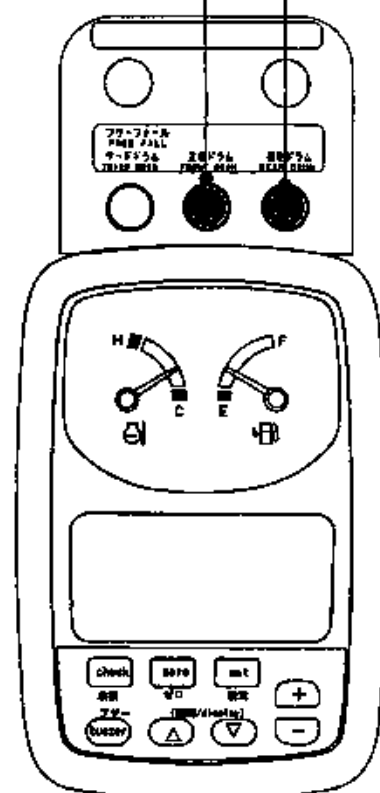
AIR CONDITIONER
CONTROL PANEL (P.2-20)

RIGHT STAND PANEL AND LEVER



26. REAR DRUM FREE FALL
INDICATOR LAMP

27. FRONT DRUM FREE FALL
INDICATOR LAMP

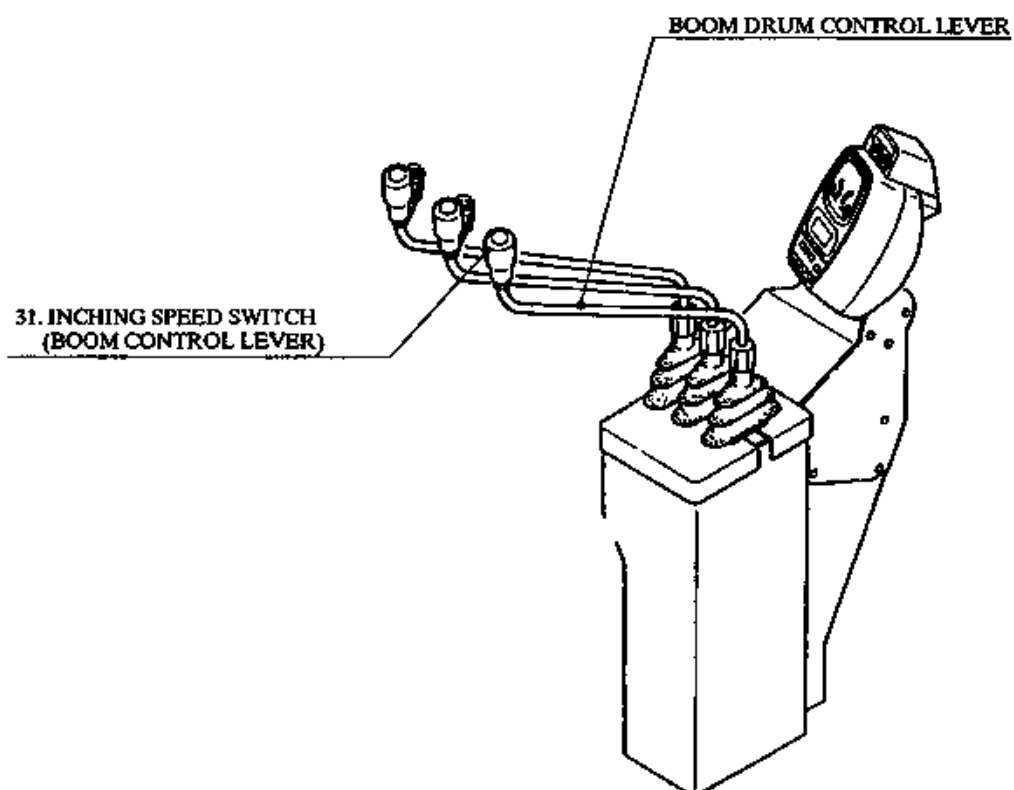


28. FRONT DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB

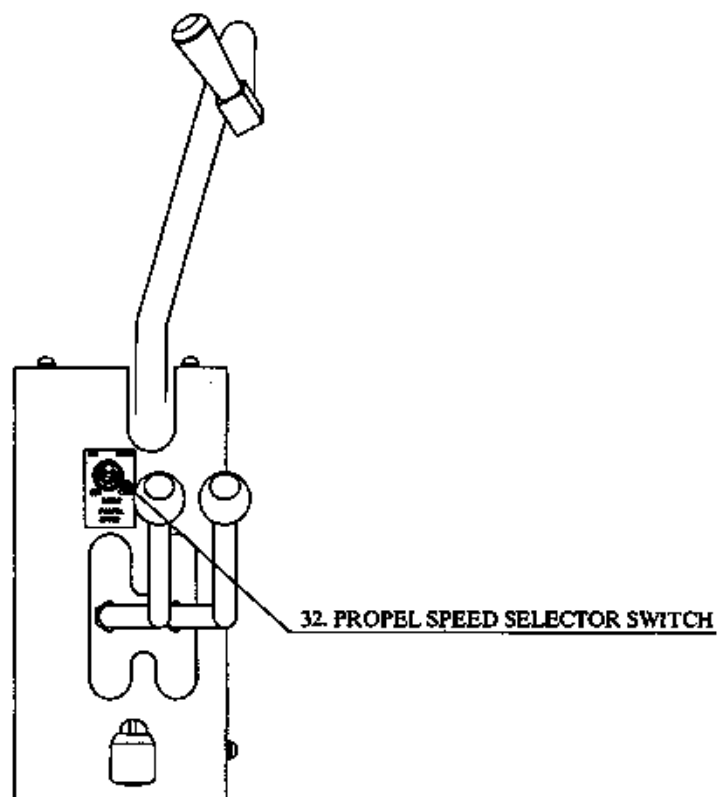
29. REAR DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB

30. BOOM DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB

BOOM DRUM CONTROL LEVER



PROPEL CONTROL LEVER STAND PANEL



2.2.1 HANDLING OF EACH SWITCH

NOTE

Standard and optional controls for this machine are identified and described in the following list. Therefore the following list contains controls which are not furnished on every machine.

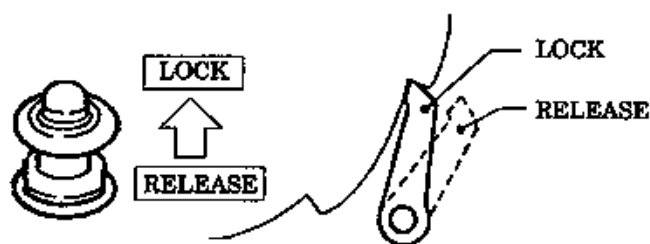
Using method of each switch is shown as follows. For operating method of each lever, see 2.3 CRANE OPERATION.

1. FRONT DRUM LOCK KNOB
2. REAR DRUM LOCK KNOB
3. BOOM DRUM LOCK KNOB

LOCK The drum lock is engaged.

RELEASE The drum lock is released.

When the engine is stopped while the boom drum lock is released, the warning buzzer will sound for approx. four seconds.



4. HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE SWITCH

RELEASE Only while this switch is controlled to the release side, automatic stop due to hook overhoist is released.

The switch is automatically returned by releasing.

Automatic return

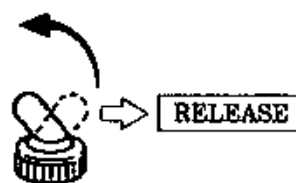


5. BOOM OVERHOIST RELEASE SWITCH

RELEASE Only while this switch is controlled to the release side, automatic stop due to boom overhoist is released.

The switch is automatically returned by releasing.

Automatic return



6. OVERLOAD RELEASE SWITCH

RELEASE Only while this switch is controlled to the release side, automatic stop due to overload is released.

The switch is automatically returned by releasing.

Automatic return

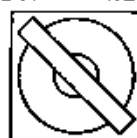


7. RELEASE SWITCH MASTER KEY

LOCK..... Functions of the overload release, boom overhoist release, and the hook overhoist release switches are disabled.

RELEASE..... Functions of the overload release, boom overhoist release, and the hook overhoist release switches can be actuated and released.

禁止 解除可
LOCK RELEASE



マスターキー
MASTER KEY

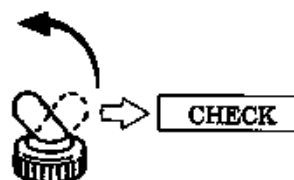
8. AUTOMATIC STOP CHECK SWITCH

Automatic stop function can be checked with this switch.

CHECK Automatic stop function is actuated, and boom raising and lowering and hook raising become unavailable.

The switch automatically returns when you release your hands from it.

Automatic return



9. CIGARETTE LIGHTER

To operate lighter, push in. The lighter will pop out when ready to use.



CAUTION

If the lighter knob does not pop up within 30 seconds after it is depressed, the lighter is not operating properly. Pull out the cigarette lighter and take it to the service shop.

Do not install 12 V accessory into the lighter receptacle.



10. KEY SWITCH

HEAT Position to preheat the engine.

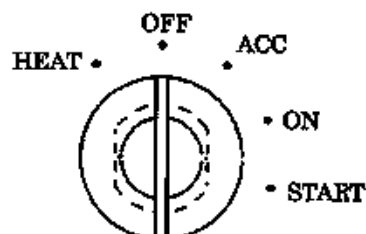
OFF Position to stop the engine.

(Position to insert the key and to take it out.)

ACC Position to connect the accessory electrical circuit.

ON Position to connect the electrical circuit for the engine.

START Position to start the engine.



11. ENGINE CONTROL WARNING LAMP

When this lamp lights up, the engine is stopped, and cannot be restarted.

In such a case, immediately ask for repair.



(RED)

12. ENGINE CONTROL ALARM LAMP

This lamp lights up when any fault occurs to the control of the engine during operation. Correct the fault immediately when the lamp lights up.

If you cannot stop working, keep working.



(AMBER)

13. FRONT DRUM FREE FALL SPEED INCREASED SELECTOR SWITCH

14. REAR DRUM FREE FALL SPEED INCREASED SELECTOR SWITCH

HIGH Free fall speed is increased.

When the brake is released with this switch set to the "RELEASE" side, the drum is automatically rotated without load. This side is for crane operation.

NORMAL ... Free fall speed is adjusted to normal.

This side is for bucket operation.



CAUTION

DO NOT set this switch to the "RELEASE" side for the free fall of heavy loads, or works other than crane operation, such as wire reeving.

15. FREE FALL LOCK SWITCH

LOCK High speed lowering and free falling of the front drum and rear drum become impossible.

RELEASE... Only while this switch is turned to the right, high speed lowering and free falling of the front drum and rear drum can be operated.

When this switch is set in the LOCK side, even if the brake selector switches are set in the FREE FALL side, free falling cannot be operated.

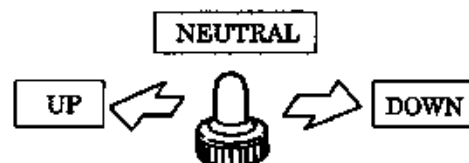
The unwinding speed is not increased when the lowering mode selector switch is set to the HIGH SPEED side.

The key can be taken off in the LOCK side.



16. GANTRY CONTROL SWITCH

UP The gantry is raised up.
DOWN The gantry is lowered down.
NEUTRAL The gantry is held.



17. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH

TOWER 1. Simultaneous operation of front and rear drums
Fluctuation in hook raising speed is decreased.
2. Simultaneous operation of boom or jib and front drum
Fluctuation in boom hoisting or jib raising and hook raising speeds is decreased.

CRANE Simultaneous operation of boom and front or rear drum
Fluctuation in boom hoisting and hook raising speeds is decreased.



Lever operation	Recommended switch position	
	(Tower)	(Crane)
Simultaneous operation of boom hoisting and front drum	☐	☐
Simultaneous operation of boom hoisting and rear drum		☐
Simultaneous operation of front and rear drums	☐	

* Selection of the switch positions with O-marks shown in the table above leads to less shock due to fluctuation in speed that is generated when the single operation mode is shifted to the simultaneous operation mode.

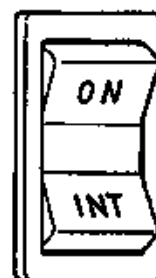
-
18. WIPER SWITCH (UPPER SIDE OF FRONT WINDOW)
19. WIPER SWITCH (LOWER SIDE OF FRONT WINDOW) (OPTION)
20. WIPER SWITCH (SKYLIGHT)

ON The wiper operates continuously.

INT ... The wiper operates intermittently.

By pushing this switch in more from the position of the ON or INT. Washer liquid is squirted out.

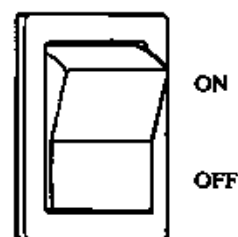
To operate the washer system, push the center of the switch in.



-
21. HEADLIGHT SWITCH
22. REAR WORKLIGHT SWITCH

ON The lights are illuminated.

OFF ... The lights are turned off.



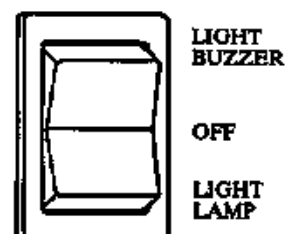
-
23. SWING ALARM SELECTOR SWITCH

This is used to select the alarm when swinging.

LIGHT BUZZER The buzzer sounds and the swing flasher goes on and off.

LIGHT The swing flasher goes on and off.

OFF Nothing operates.



24. REAR DRUM BRAKE SELECTOR SWITCH

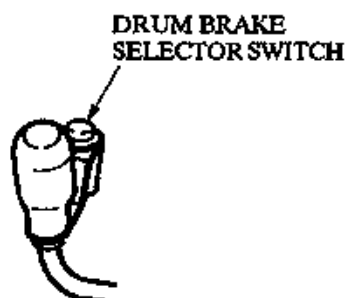
25. FRONT DRUM BRAKE SELECTOR SWITCH

For the details of the free fall operation, refer to the "2.4 FREE FALL OPERATION".

(1) FREE FALL MODE

To select the free fall mode, set the free fall lock switch to the "RELEASE" position, fully depress the drum brake pedal, and push the switch.

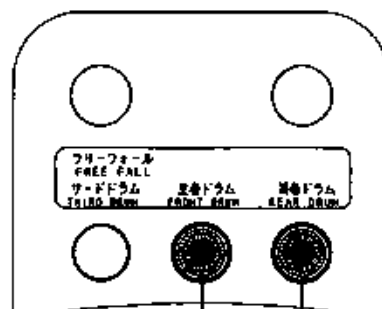
Then, the free fall indicator lamp lights up to show that the free fall mode is selected (braking can be actuated with the brake pedal).



(2) NEUTRAL BRAKE MODE

To select the neutral brake mode, fully depress the drum brake pedal, and push the switch again.

Then, the free fall indicator lamp goes out (braking is automatically actuated).



Fr.DRUM LOWERING MODE INDICATOR LAMP

Re.DRUM LOWERING MODE INDICATOR LAMP

26. REAR DRUM FREE FALL INDICATOR LAMP

This lamp lights up when the rear drum is in free fall mode.



RED COLOR LAMP

27. FRONT DRUM FREE FALL INDICATOR LAMP

This lamp lights up when the front drum is in free fall mode.

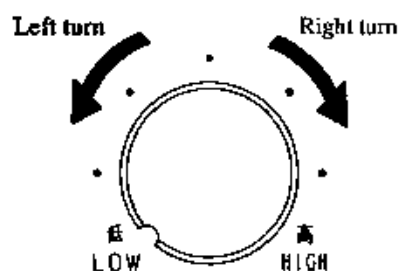


RED COLOR LAMP

-
28. FRONT DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB
29. REAR DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB
30. BOOM HOIST DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB

Right turn ... The rotating speeds of the front drum, rear drum and boom hoist drum are accelerated.

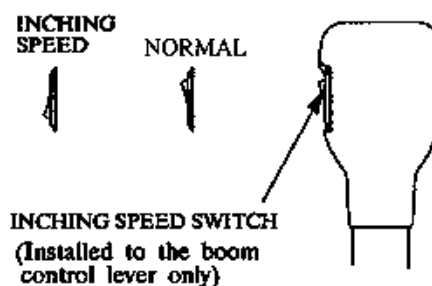
Left turn The rotating speeds of the front drum, rear drum and boom hoist drum are decelerated.



31. INCHING SPEED SWITCH

INCHING SPEED ... The front drum, rear drum, boom hoist and propel speeds are lowered to about 1/3 of the normal speeds.

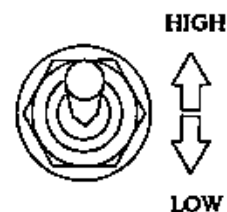
NORMAL Normal speed.



32. PROPEL SPEED SELECTOR SWITCH

HIGH SPEED ... High speed is selected

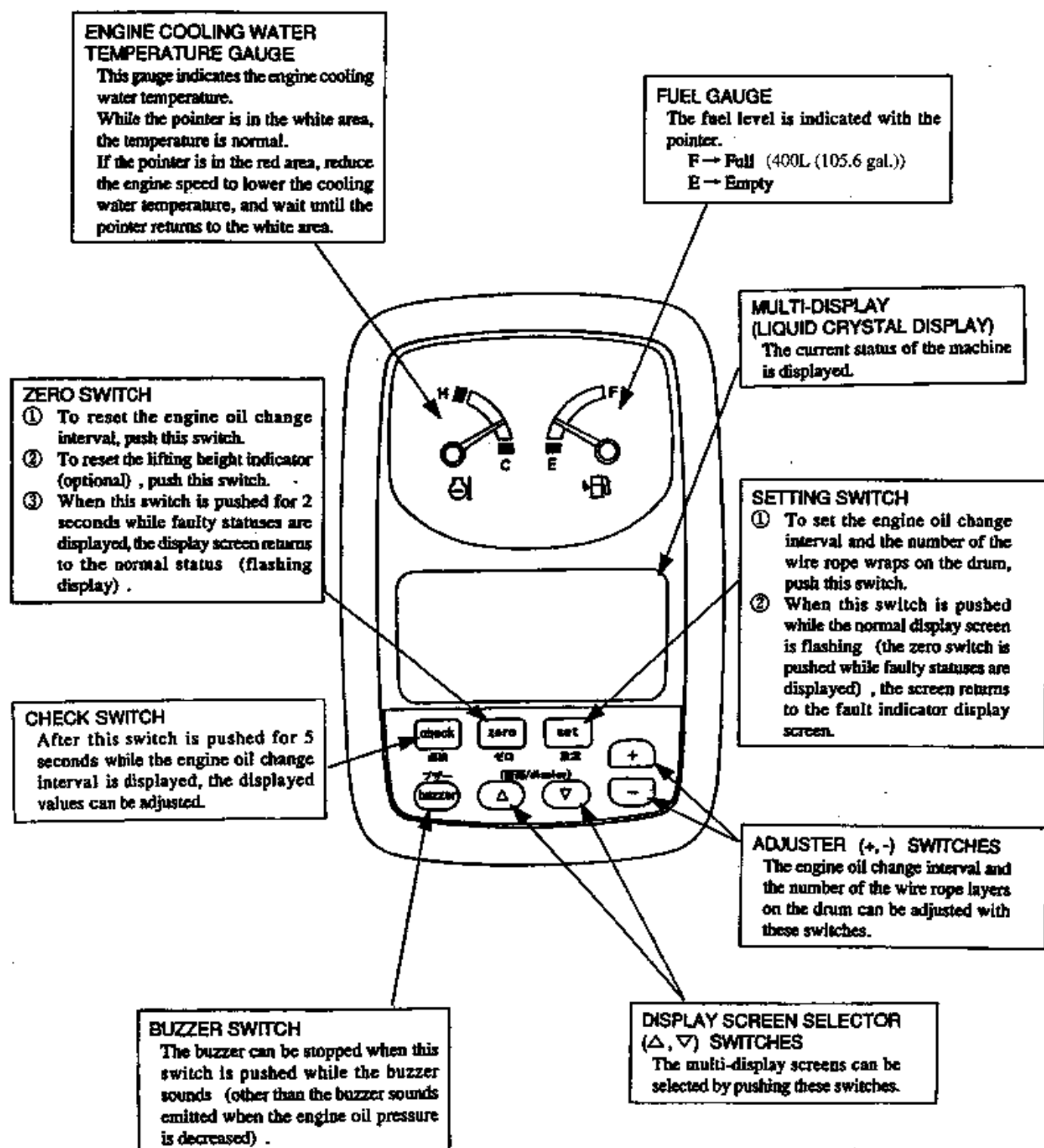
LOW SPEED Low speed is selected



This page intentionally left blank.

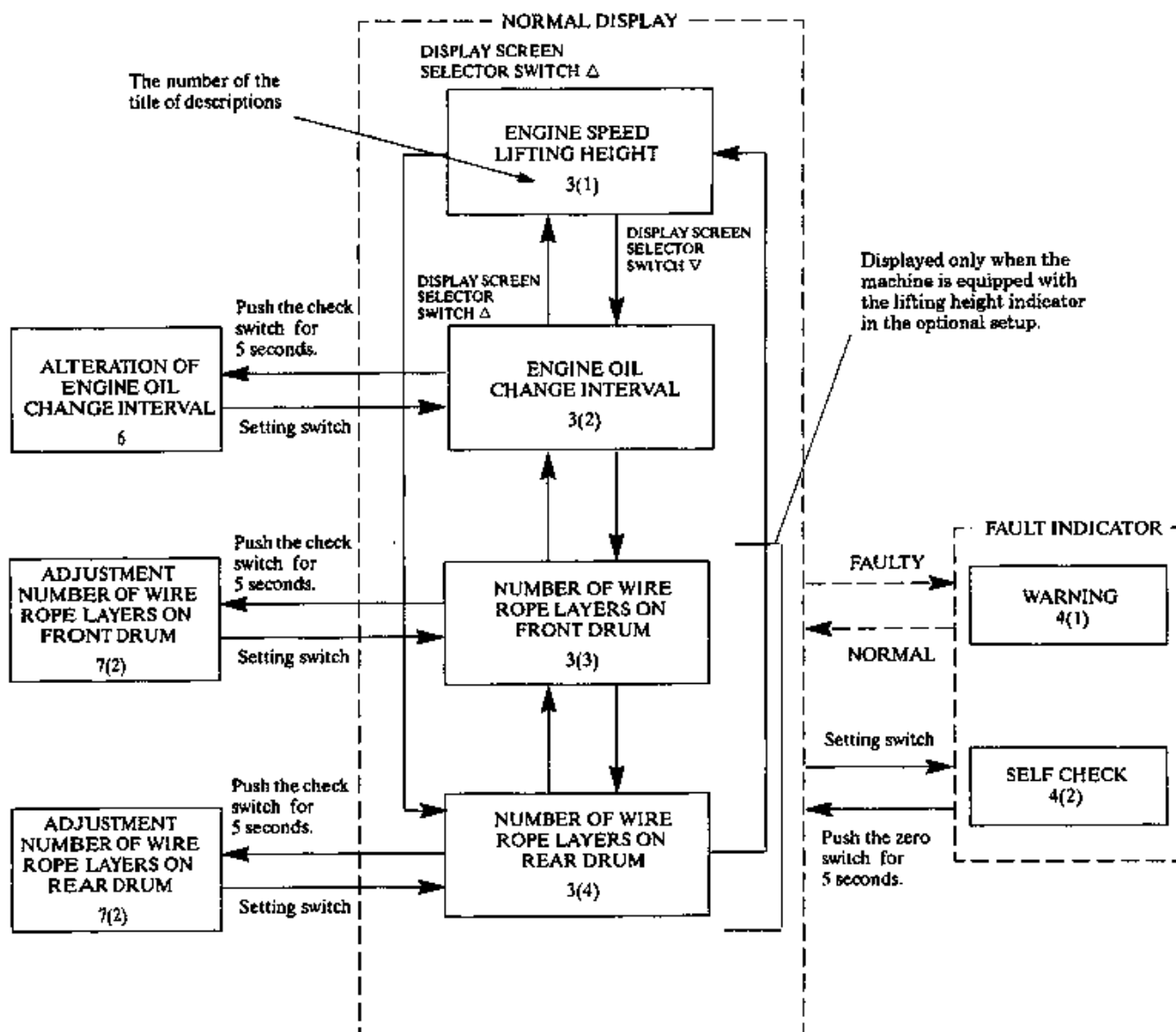
2.2.2 GAUGE CLUSTER

1. TERMINOLOGIES AND FUNCTIONS



2. CONFIGURATION OF MULTI-DISPLAY (LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY)

The display screen can be switched by pushing the display screen selector switches, check switch, setting switch, and the zero switch.

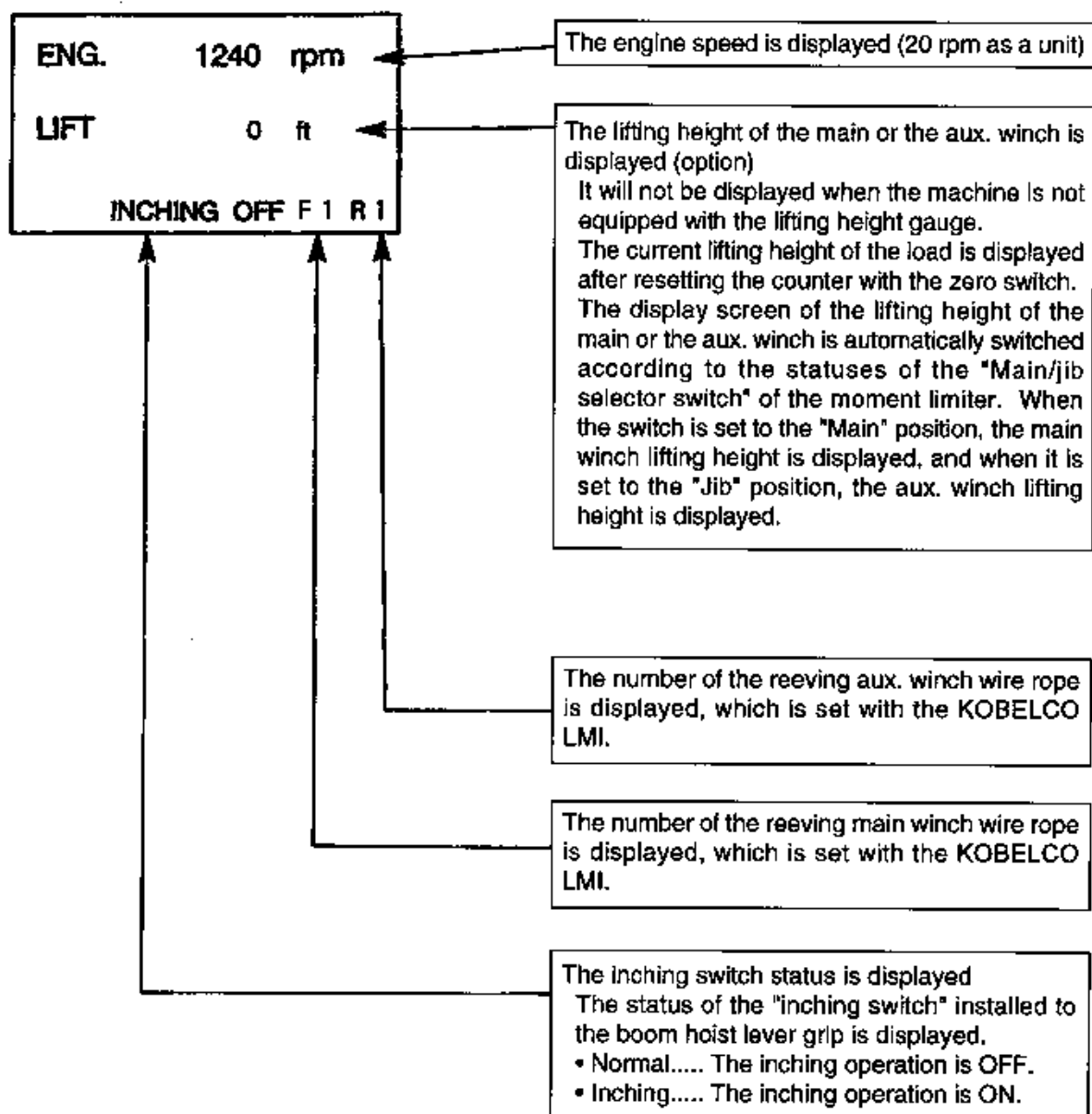


3. NORMAL DISPLAY

(1) ENGINE SPEED AND LIFTING HEIGHT DISPLAY SCREEN

When the engine key is set to the "ON" position while there is no fault, this screen appears.

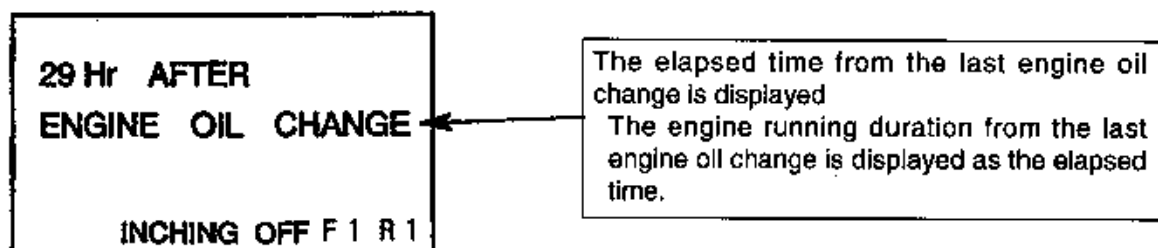
If any faulty status is displayed, refer to the page 2-15.



 Note 1: The lifting height gauge is not provided, the lifting height is always displayed as "0 ft".

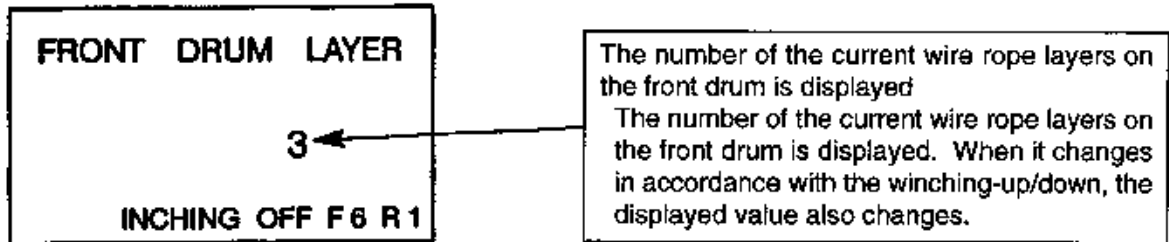
(2) ENGINE OIL CHANGE INTERVAL DISPLAY SCREEN

When the "▽" display screen selector switch is pushed, the display screen below appears.



(3) NUMBER OF WIRE ROPE LAYERS ON FRONT DRUM DISPLAY SCREEN

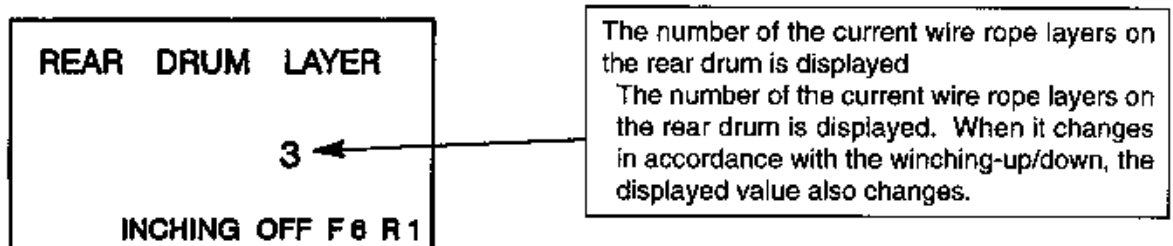
When the "▽" display screen selector switch is pushed, the display screen below appears.



 Note that the lifting height gauge is optional, and if the lifting height gauge is not provided, the display above does not appear.

(4) NUMBER OF WIRE ROPE LAYERS ON REAR DRUM DISPLAY SCREEN

When the "▽" display screen selector switch is pushed, the display screen below appears.

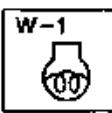
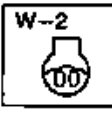
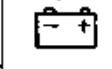
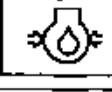
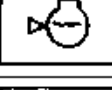
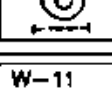
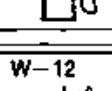
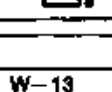
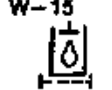


 Note that the lifting height gauge is optional, and if the lifting height gauge is not provided, the display above does not appear.

4. FAULT INDICATOR DISPLAY

When a fault occurs, the corresponding fault indicator display appears.

(1) WARNING DISPLAY

Displayed items	Descriptions and remedies	Buzzer
 W-1 ENGINE PREHEAT	Turn the starter key counterclockwise to the "HEAT" position to preheat the engine. When the message of "FINISH PREHEAT" is displayed, start the engine.	
 W-2 FINISH PREHEAT	The engine preheat is complete. Start the engine.	
 W-3 CHARGING PROBLEM	The charging circuit is malfunctioned. Consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	
 W-4 CONTROL MAIN PRESS	The control primary pressure is abnormal. Stop the operation at once, and consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	
 W-5 ENGINE OIL PRESS	The engine oil pressure is abnormal. Stop the engine at once, and consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	●
 W-6 RADIATOR WATER LVL	The cooling water level in the radiator is insufficient. Refill the radiator with cooling water.	
 W-8 ENGINE WATER TEMP	The cooling water temperature is excessively high. Idle the engine to lower the water temperature, and consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	○
 W-9 ENGINE OIL FILTER	The engine oil filter is clogged. Replace the filter.	
 W-11 LOW FUEL LEVEL	The fuel level is insufficient. Refuel.	
 W-12 HYD OIL TEMP	The hydraulic oil temperature is excessively high. Adjust the engine speed to the medium level to lower the oil temperature, and consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	
 W-13 FR-WINCH OIL TEMP	The temperature of clutch cooling oil of the front drum is excessively high. Idle the engine at a high speed to lower the oil temperature. If this item frequently appears during normal operations, consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop. At the same time, inform the KOBELCO service shop of the details of the operation (lifting load, free fall distance, speed, and duration).	○
 W-14 RE-WINCH OIL TEMP	The temperature of clutch cooling oil of the rear drum is excessively high. Idle the engine at a high speed to lower the oil temperature. If this item frequently appears during normal operations, consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop. At the same time, inform the KOBELCO service shop of the details of the operation (lifting load, free fall distance, speed, and duration).	○
 W-15 WINCH FILTER	The winch cooling line filter is clogged. Replace the filter cartridge. This item may appear during cold weather even when the filter is not clogged. If the item disappear during warm-up, the cartridge does not need to be replaced	○

Displayed items	Descriptions and remedies	Buzzer
W-16 SV FR-SAFETY ESM ON	The front drum clutch emergency system is actuated. The free fall of the front drum cannot be normally performed. Place a load and the hook onto the ground, and turn the key switch to the OFF position. Then, consult your nearest KOBELCO service shop. DO NOT operate the key switch with a load or the hook hung in the air, since it may cause drop of the load or the hook.	○
W-17 SV RE-SAFETY ESA ON	The rear drum clutch emergency system is actuated. The free fall of the rear drum cannot be normally performed. Place a load and the hook onto the ground, and turn the key switch to the OFF position. Then, consult your nearest KOBELCO service shop. DO NOT operate the key switch with a load or the hook hung in the air, since it may cause drop of the load or the hook.	○
W-18 SV 3RD-SAFETY EST ON	The third drum clutch emergency system is actuated. The free fall of the third drum cannot be normally performed. Place a load and the hook onto the ground, and turn the key switch to the OFF position. Then, consult your nearest KOBELCO service shop. DO NOT operate the key switch with a load or the hook hung in the air, since it may cause drop of the load or the hook.	○
W-19  HOOK RAISE STOP REL.	The hook block Anti-two-block (overhoist) stop status is released. Stop the release, and operate in the normal status.	△
W-20  BOOM RAISE STOP REL.	The boom overhoist stop status is released. Stop the release, and operate in the normal status.	△
W-21 M/L BYPASS	The moment limiter redundancy switch is actuated. The moment limiter is malfunctioned, and automatic stop operation due to overload and the overhoisted hook block is impossible. Immediately stop the operation, or return extremely carefully, and consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	△
H-1 CPU MECHATRO FAILURE	The CPU is malfunctioned. Consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.	○
H-2 M/L STOP RELEASE	The overload automatic stop status is released. Stop the release, and operate in the normal status.	△

* Buzzer alarms

- ⊙ : the buzzer repeatedly sounds for 0.2 seconds, with 0.3 seconds of intermittence (the buzzer sounds cannot be stopped with the buzzer switch).
- : the buzzer repeatedly sounds for 0.5 seconds, with 0.5 seconds of intermittence (the buzzer can be stopped with the buzzer switch).
- △ : the buzzer repeatedly sounds for 0.2 seconds, with 0.3 seconds of intermittence, and stop after 5 seconds.

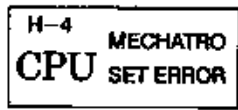
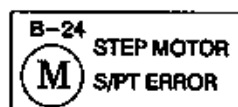
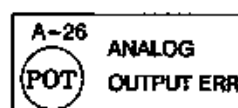
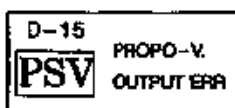
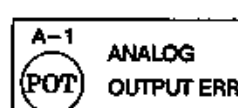
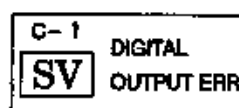
Blank: the buzzer does not sound.

(2) WARNING DISPLAY (SELF CHECK)

If the solenoid valve or the center is malfunctioned, the display screens below appear.

When there are some malfunctions, they will be displayed by turns.

When these display screens appear, inform your nearest KOBELCO service shop of the display screen number (the number on the upper left corner of the display screen).



Number	Error	Number	Error
D-1	BOOM RAISE PROPO-V	C-21	Re.-C/V SOL-V
D-2	BOOM LOWER PROPO-V	C-22	3RD-C/V SOL-V
D-3	Fr.-RAISE PROPO-V	C-23	D/O SPARE
D-4	Fr.-LOWER PROPO-V	C-24	D/O SPARE
D-5	Re.-RAISE PROPO-V	C-25	D/O SPARE
D-6	Re.-LOWER PROPO-V	C-26	Fr.-WINCH FREE FALL LAMP
D-7	3RD(JIB)-RAISE PROPO-V	C-27	Re.-WINCH FREE FALL LAMP
D-8	3RD(JIB)-LOWER PROPO-V	C-28	3RD-WINCH FREE FALL LAMP
D-9	Fr.-MOTOR PROPO-V		
D-10	Re.-MOTOR PROPO-V	A-1	Fr.-MOTOR POTENTIO
D-11	SPARE	A-2	Re.-MOTOR POTENTIO
D-12	MAIN PUMP PROPO-V	A-3	BOOM MOTOR POTENTIO
D-13	3RD PUMP PROPO-V	A-4	A/D SPARE
D-14	SWING REACTION PROPO-V	A-5	A/D SPARE
D-15	TAGLINE PROPO-V	A-6	TAGLINE TENSION
		A-7	GRIP ACCELERATOR POTENTIO
C-1	BATTERY RELAY	A-8	FOOT ACCELERATOR POTENTIO
C-2	D/O SPARE	A-9	A/D SPARE
C-3	D/O SPARE	A-10	A/D SPARE
C-4	D/O SPARE	A-11	SWING PUMP PRESS. SENSOR
C-5	MAIN PUMP SPEED SOL-V	A-12	3RD MOTOR SPEED ADJUST KNOB
C-6	SPARE	A-13	Fr.-RAISE PRESS. SENSOR
C-7	Fr.-WINCH CLM SOL-V	A-14	Fr.-LOWER PRESS. SENSOR
C-8	Fr.-WINCH ESM SOL-V	A-15	Re.-RAISE PRESS. SENSOR
C-9	SPARE	A-16	Re.-LOWER PRESS. SENSOR
C-10	Re.-WINCH CLA SOL-V	A-17	3RD-RAISE PRESS. SENSOR
C-11	Re.-WINCH ESA SOL-V	A-18	3RD-LOWER PRESS. SENSOR
C-12	SPARE	A-19	Fr.-CLUTCH PRESS. SENSOR
C-13	3RD-WINCH CLT SOL-V	A-20	Re.-CLUTCH PRESS. SENSOR
C-14	3RD-WINCH EST SOL-V	A-21	3RD-CLUTCH PRESS. SENSOR
C-15	Fr.-MOTOR BOOST SOL-V	A-22	A/D SPARE
C-16	Re.-MOTOR BOOST SOL-V	A-23	BLANK
C-17	3RD-MOTOR BOOST SOL-V	A-24	BOOM RAISE PRESS. SENSOR
C-18	Fr.-WINCH REV. GRIP SOL-V	A-25	BOOM LOWER PRESS. SENSOR
C-19	Re.-WINCH REV. GRIP SOL-V	A-26	A/D SPARE
C-20	Fr.-C/V SOL-V		

**(3) RETURN TO NORMAL DISPLAY SCREEN
WHILE FAULT INDICATOR DISPLAY
SCREEN APPEARS**

When a fault occurs, first, a fault indicator display screen appears.

To return to the normal display when in this status, perform the steps described in the right.

-  If the fault occurred is corrected while the normal display screen is flashing, the screen enters the lit status automatically.

While the fault indicator display screen appears, push the zero switch for more than 2 seconds.



The normal display screen flashes.

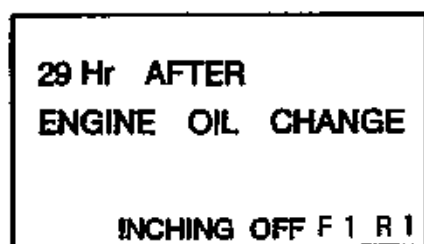


When the setting switch is pushed while the normal display screen is flashing, the fault indicator display screen returns.

**5. ALTERATION OF ENGINE OIL CHANGE
INTERVAL**

Reset to "0" the engine oil change interval when the oil change is complete.

- (1) Display the "Engine oil change interval display screen".



- (2) Push the check switch for more than 5 seconds.
Then, the displayed oil change interval flashes.

- (3) When the zero switch is pushed for more than a second, the oil change interval is reset to "0".

To set to the interval other than "0", whenever the adjuster "+" switch is pushed, the displayed oil change interval increases by 1. The interval can be continuously increased by pushing this switch.

Whenever the adjuster "-" switch is pushed, the displayed oil change interval decreases by 1. The interval can be continuously decreased by pushing this switch.

- (4) Push the setting switch after adjusting the value.
The alteration is complete, and the screen returns to the normal status.

- (5) If no alteration is required, select another display screen with the display screen selector switches without pushing the setting switch.
Then, the alteration will be canceled.

7. LIFTING HEIGHT GAUGE

To obtain the correct lifting height, the setting of the number of the reeving wire rope of the load safety device controller (refer to the page 3-34) and the initial adjustment of the lifting height gauge (refer to the next page) are absolutely necessary.

(1) USE OF LIFTING HEIGHT GAUGE

- 1) Display the "Engine speed and lifting height screen".

ENG.	1240	rpm
LIFT	+34.5	ft
INCHING OFF F 6 R 1		

- 2) Select the main lifting mode or the aux. lifting mode with the "Main/jib lifting selector switch" of the load safety device controller.

The display screen will be switched according to the statuses of the switch.

Main main lifting

Jib aux. lifting

- 3) Make sure that the displayed number of the reeving wire rope is correct by checking the actual number of the reeving wire rope.

- 4) Move the load to any position, and push the zero switch. The displayed lifting height is reset to "0 ft".

The zero switch can be used only in the "Engine speed and lifting height gauge screen".

The resetting is impossible in other screens.

- 5) The lifting height changes according to the winching-up/down and the raising/lowering of the boom.

When the lifting height exceeds the reset value, it is indicated with the "+" mark, and when it is lower than the reset value, it is indicated with the "-" mark.

(2) INITIAL ADJUSTMENT OF LIFTING HEIGHT GAUGE (OPTION)

If the drum is rotated without a wire rope wrap during the wire rope replacement, or the drum is rotated with the wire rope caught in during the disassembly and the assembly of the boom, the wire rope layers on the drum must be adjusted.

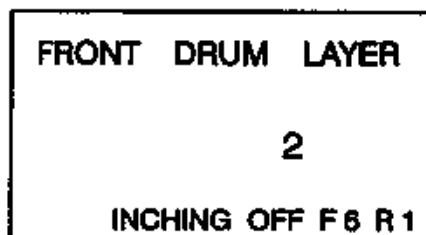
If the adjustment is not performed correctly, the lifting height may not be changed, or the displayed value may be incorrect. Be sure to adjust it correctly.

The initial adjustment of the lifting height gauge must be performed for both of the main winch and the aux. winch.

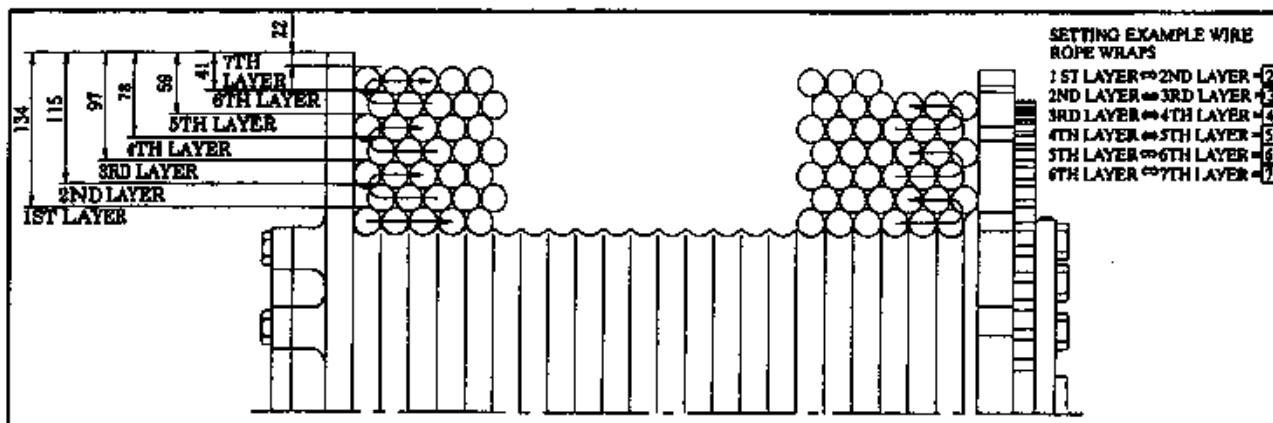
The adjustment steps are identical to the front drum and the rear drum.

The adjustment steps for the front drum are described below.

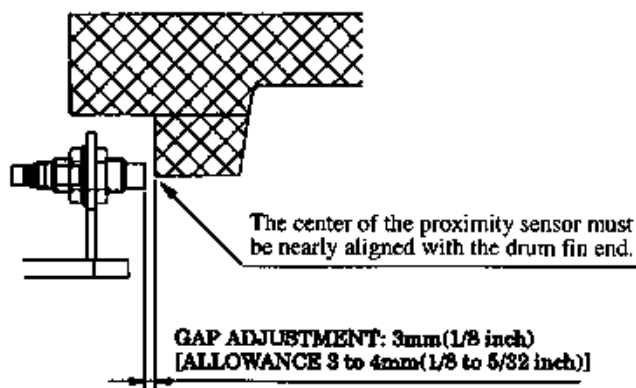
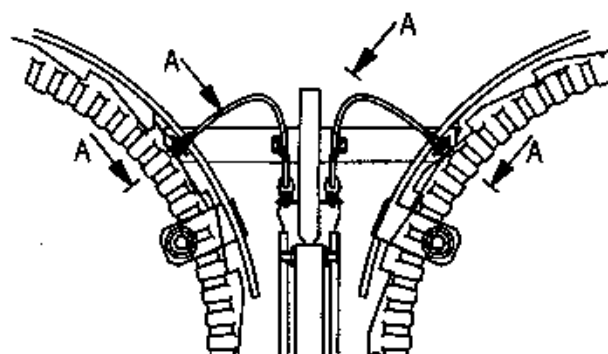
- 1) Winch up and down the main hook block, and stop it at the position where the wire rope layers on the drum changes.
- 2) Display the "Front drum layers display screen".



- 3) Push the check switch for more than 5 seconds.
Then, the displayed value of the wire rope wraps on the drum flashes.
- 4) Whenever the adjuster "+" switch is pushed, the wire rope wraps on the drum increases by 1. It can be continuously increased by pushing the switch.
Whenever the adjuster "-" switch is pushed, it decreases by 1.
Adjust the displayed value of the wire rope wraps on the drum to the current correct value. It can be judged by the distance between the drum flange end and the wire rope. Refer to the diagram below.



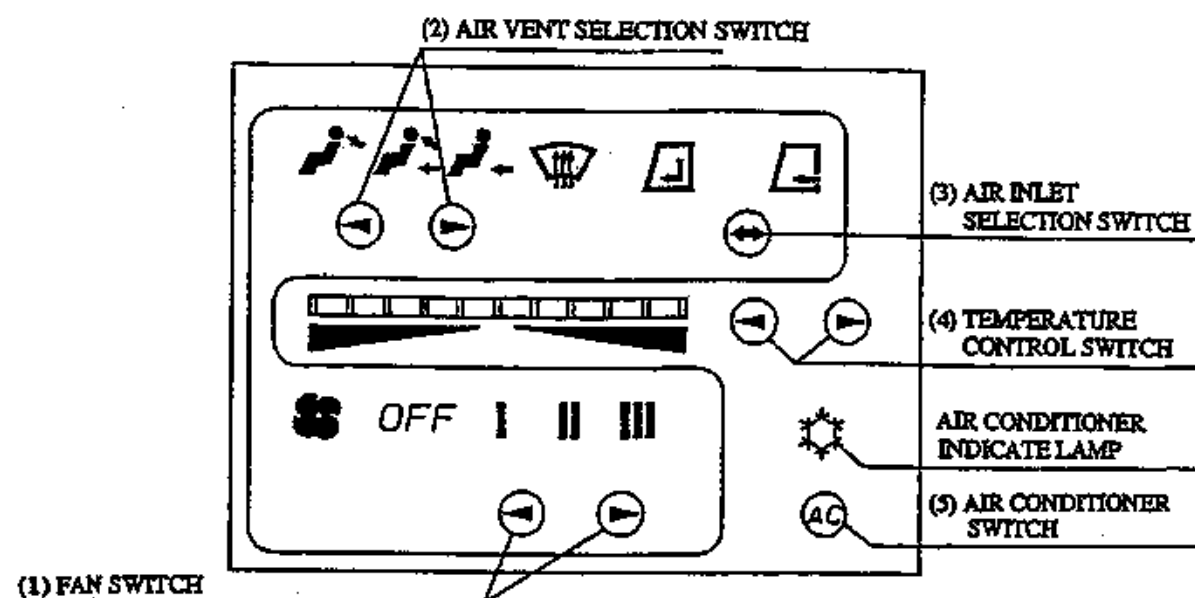
- 5) Push the setting switch after adjusting the value.
The adjustment is complete, and the screen returns to the normal status.
- 6) If no alteration is required, select another display screen with the display screen selector switch without pushing the setting switch.
Then, the alteration is canceled, and the value returns to the original one.
- 7) Follow the steps described in the "(1) USE OF LIFTING HEIGHT GAUGE" of the section 7, and ensure that the lifting height value changes in accordance with the setting.
- 8) When the indicated lifting height is incorrect, the sensor gap adjustment may be improper. Adjust the gap of the proximity sensor.
If the indicated lifting height is still incorrect, consult with your nearest KOBELCO service shop.



SECTION A-A

2.2.3 HANDLING THE AIR CONDITIONER

1. CONTROL PANEL



(1) FAN SWITCH

The switches control the air conditioner ON/OFF function and the blower speed.

- I position ----- Low
- II position ----- Medium
- III position ----- High



(2) AIR VENT SELECTION SWITCH

These switches control the open/close position of each air vent.

Select the desired air flow mode from the three mode position.

The selected position is always shown by a lamp.



(3) AIR INLET SELECTION SWITCH

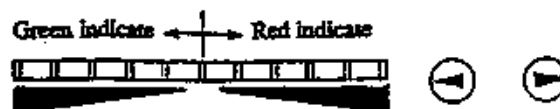
This switch selects the open or close position of air inlet.



(4) TEMPERATURE CONTROL SWITCH

These switches control the temperature of air coming out of the air vents to any of five levels during heating (red label) and cooling (green label).

1. Push the left switch (◀), and the range of the GREEN lights decrease and the air temperature goes down.
2. Push the right switch (▶), and the range of the LED lights increase and the air temperature goes up.



(5) AIR CONDITIONER SWITCH

This is used to turn ON and OFF the cooling function during cooling or dehumidification heating.

Push once to change over from ON/OFF to OFF/ON.

When the switch is turned ON, the lamp on the upper part of the switch lights up.

2. CAUTION WHEN USING

- ① Fresh air should be introduced into the cab, when the air conditioner is used for long time.
- ② Do not lower the temperature more than necessary.

3. CHECK AND SERVICE

When the filter is clogged, wind volume is decreased, and capacity of the air conditioner is lowered.

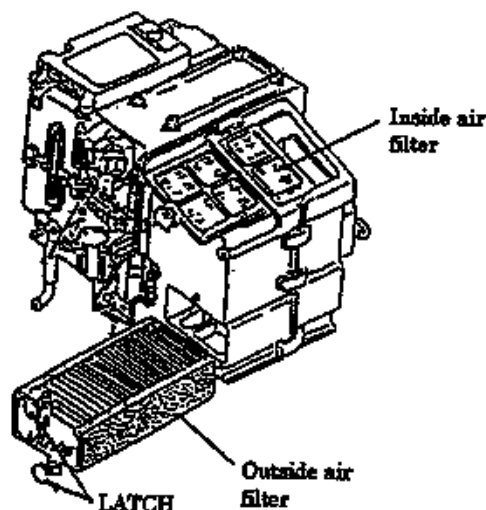
Check the filter; clean or replace if it is dirty.

① INSIDE AIR FILTER

Removal : Lightly raise up the filter hook, then remove the filter for cleaning or replacing.

② OUTSIDE AIR FILTER

Removal : Unhook the latches located at the top and bottom, then draw the outside air filter for cleaning or replacing.



2.3 CRANE OPERATION

2.3.1 ADJUSTING THE OPERATOR'S SEAT



CAUTION

Operator's seat should be adjust so that operator can control brake pedal securely.

1. ADJUSTING BACK AND FORTH

Pull the lever (item no.1) to adjust the seat back and forth within 160mm (6.3 inch) of range. After adjusting, release lever to fix the seat.

2. ADJUSTING HEIGHT

Pull up the lever (item no. 3) to lift the back of the seat, then push down the lever to lift the front of the seat. To lower the seat, reverse the lifting procedure.

3. ADJUSTING RECLINING CONDITION

Pull the lever (item no. 2) to set the back of the seat to the most suitable angle. After adjusting, release the lever to fix the back.

4. ADJUSTING TILTING ANGLE

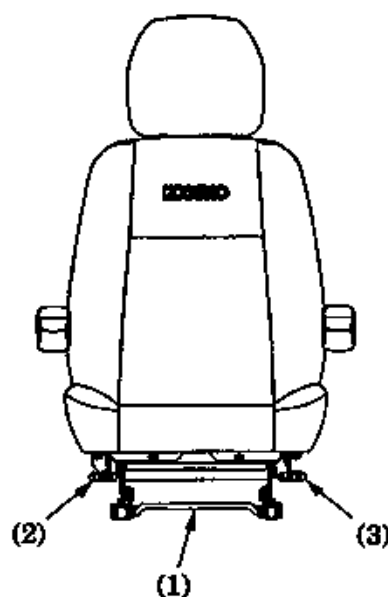
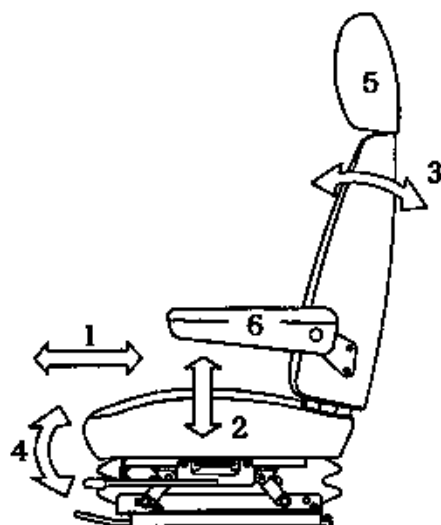
Pull the lever (item no. 3) to set the seat tilting angle to the most suitable angle. After adjusting, release the lever to fix the seat.

5. HEADREST

The headrest can be pulled up.

6. ARMREST

The armrest can be turn 180° backward.



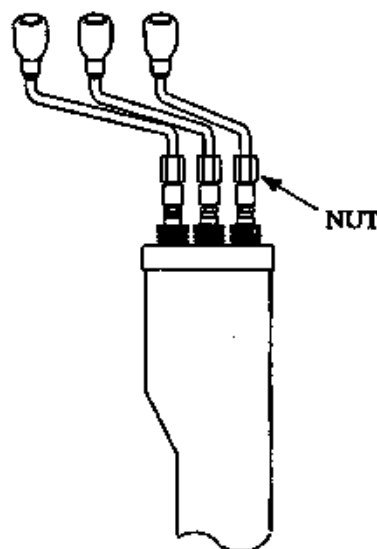
2.3.2 ADJUSTING THE CONTROL LEVER DIRECTION

By loosening the nut, the control lever can be adjusted for its direction. Adjust it to the most suitable position. After adjusting, secure the lever with the nut.



CAUTION

Nut must be retightened before using crane.

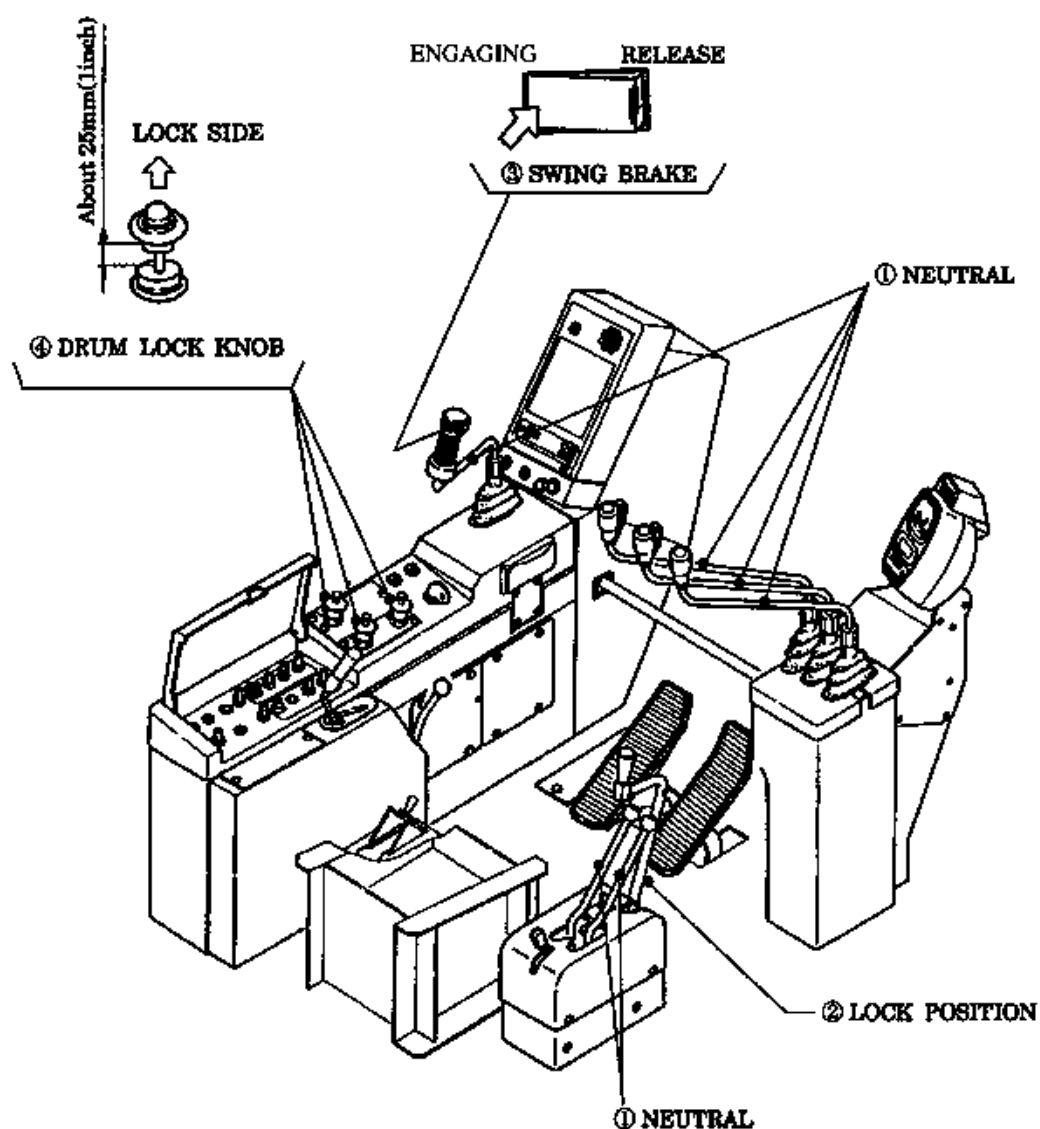


2.3.3 STARTING AND STOPPING THE ENGINE

1. STARTING THE ENGINE

Before starting the engine, set the control levers and switches as follows:

- ① Boom hoist, front drum, rear drum, swing and propel control levers ----- Neutral
- ② Function lock lever ----- Lock position
- ③ Swing brake switch ----- Engaging side
- ④ Front drum, rear drum and boom drum lock knobs ----- Lock side





WARNING

Sound the signal horn to warn the surrounding personnel before starting the engine.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (1) Turn the key switch 2 steps to the right (ON position).

- (2) By turning the key switch one step more to the right (START position), the engine starts. After the engine starts, immediately release the key. The key returns to the ON position automatically.

When the brake selector switch third drum is set in the FREE FALL side, the engine cannot start.

Do not allow the starter to run more than 15 seconds continuously. If the engine does not start within 15 seconds, release the key and wait for more than 20 seconds, then start the engine again.

- (3) When it is difficult to start the engine due to low atmosphere temperature, turn the key to the left (HEAT position) to preheat the engine, then start the engine.

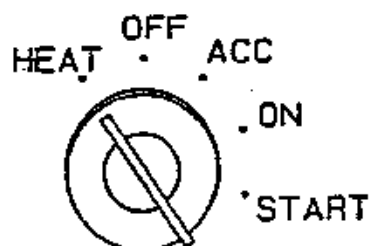
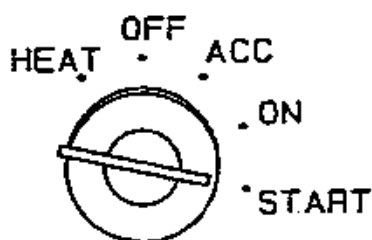
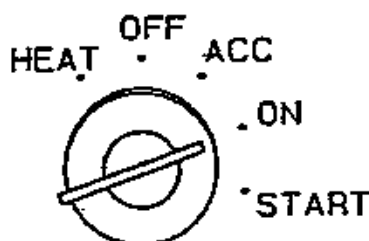
The standard preheating time is 15 to 20 seconds.

Do not preheat for more than 40 seconds continuously.

- (4) After the engine starts, immediately, check the monitor for abnormality. If the readings are improper, stop the engine immediately, and determine the cause.



HORN SWITCH



NOTE

- The alarm sounds are temporarily emitted, and all the lamps on the controller for load safety device light up immediately after starting the engine.

Then, the machine is in the operation status. The alarm sounds stop, and the lamps become unlit.

- Warm up the engine for approx. five minutes after it is started.

(5) To adjust the engine speed, use the accelerator grip.

If it is impossible to adjust the engine speed with the use of the accelerator grip, adjust by using the auxiliary accelerator switch located under the operator's seat.

Auxiliary accelerator switch is only for emergency use when electric accelerator system is in trouble.



CAUTION

Do not operate auxiliary accelerator switch when the system works properly.

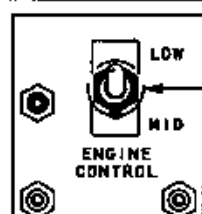
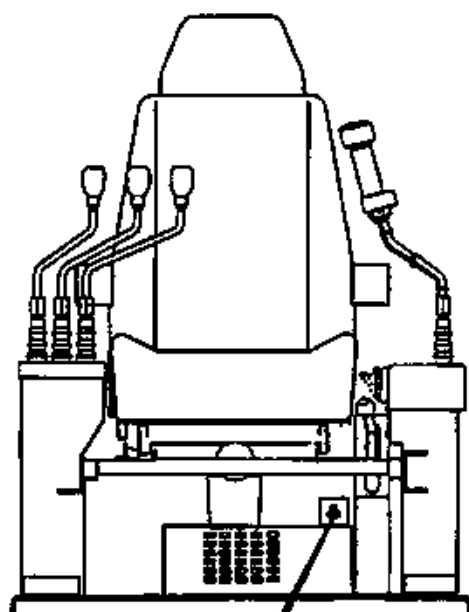
Failure to observe this precaution may result in damage to the system.

ACCELERATION



DEACCELERATION

Desired control is available in the range of 120°



AUXILIARY
ACCELERATOR
SWITCH

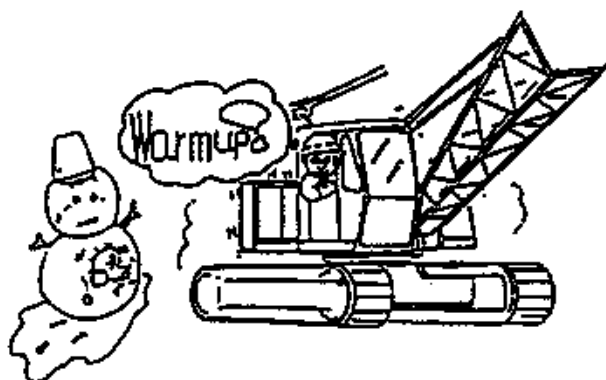
2. ENGINE WARMING OPERATION

Allow the engine to run at less than middle engine speed for 5 to 10 minutes with no load. Extend the warm-up time twice in a cold area.



CAUTION

If the crane is operated immediately without warming up the engine, the engine and the hydraulic components will be worn out earlier than usual or will become damaged.



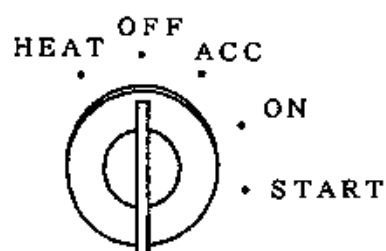
3. STOPPING THE ENGINE

Before stopping the engine, set the control levers and switches as follows:

- ① Boom hoist, front drum, rear drum, swing and propel control levers ----- Neutral
- ② Function lock lever ----- Lock position
- ③ Swing brake switch ----- Engaging side
- ④ Front drum and rear drum lock knobs ----- Lock side

(1) Allow the engine to run at a low speed for approx. 5 minutes with no load before stopping the engine.

(2) Turn the key switch to the OFF position (2 steps to the left).



2.3.4 FUNCTION LOCK LEVER

When leaving the operator's seat, be sure to place this lever in the LOCK position.

When this lever is placed in the LOCK position, the machine does not operate even if any control lever is operated accidentally.



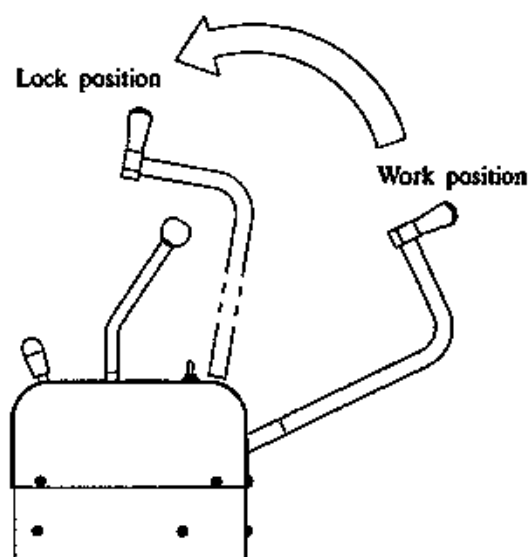
DANGER

Do not set the function lock lever to the "LOCK" position during operation.

Otherwise, all the operation functions are suddenly stopped, causing extreme danger.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

When operating the machine, place the function lock lever in the WORK position.



2.3.5 PROPELLING OPERATION

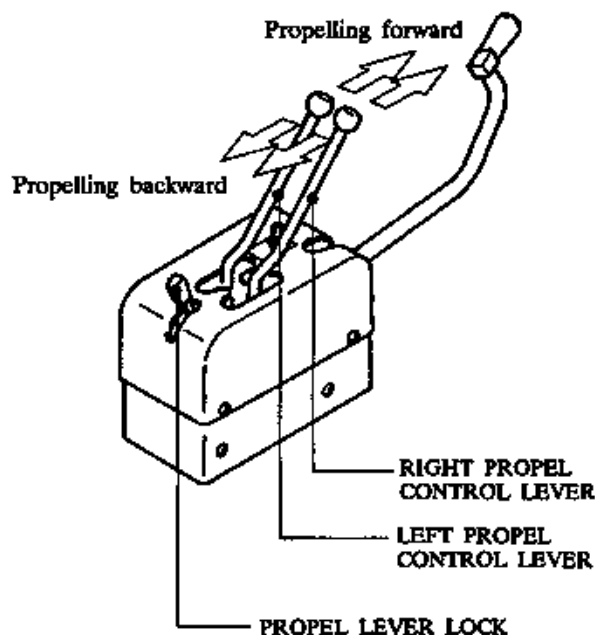


DANGER

Before propelling the machine strictly observe the following procedures.

- Confirm that people and obstacles are kept out of the propelling area.
- Before propelling the machine, sound the horn to warn the surrounding people.
- Be especially careful, when the boom is long, when the boom angle is large, when ground is uneven, or when a load is lifted.
- For stability of propelling, see page 9-8.
- Use a signal person to direct operation.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



Propel speed is regulated by turning the accelerator grip and by proportionally pushing and pulling the propel control levers, and in addition, high propel speed and low propel speed by operating the propel speed selector switch.

High speed .. Use this speed on a good condition of ground.

Low speed ... Use this speed when a tractive force is required on a bad condition of ground.

- ① When the propel speed selector switch is placed in the HIGH SPEED side, pivot turn and counter rotation cannot be operated because propel load is large.
- ② Since the machine may propel partially on a rough terrain, adjust propelling by the stroke of the propel control levers.

Propelling forward is propelling toward the idler side, and propelling backward is propelling toward the propel motor side. When the cab positions in the propel motor side, propelling operation only is reverse, so be careful).

- (1) Release the propel control lever lock.
- (2) By operating the left and right propel control levers, propelling forward, propelling backward, pivot turn, counterrotating and turn with large radius can be operated.

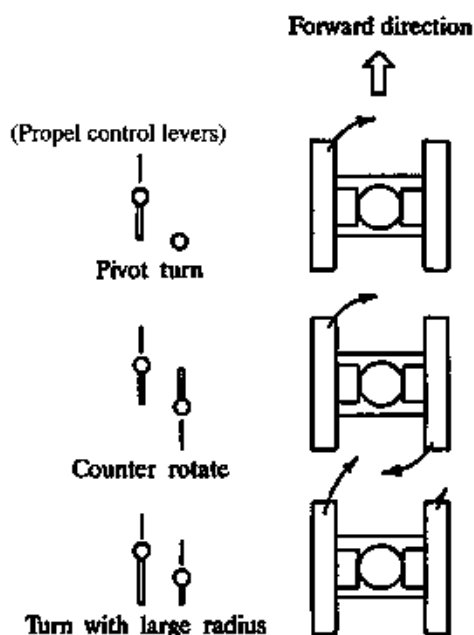
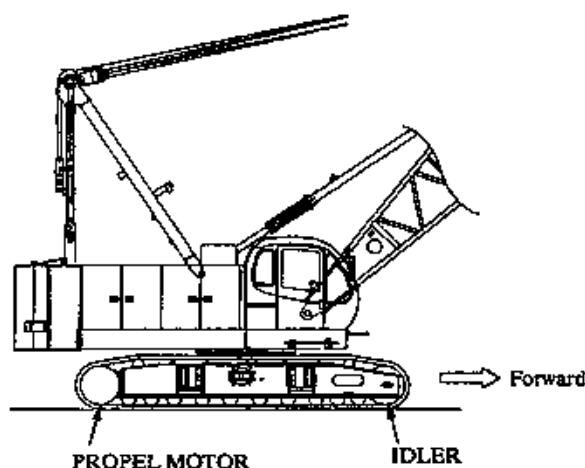
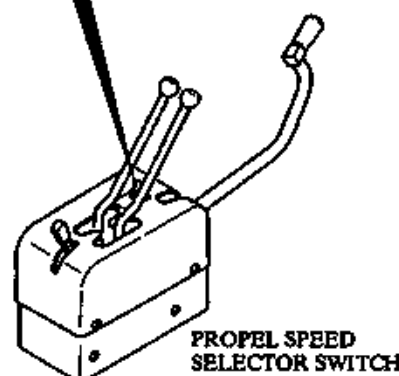
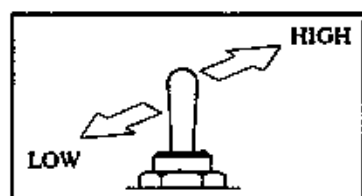


WARNING

Do not start or stop travel or steering functions suddenly.

Extreme care is required when hoisting or lowering load during propelling.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



2.3.6 SWINGING OPERATION

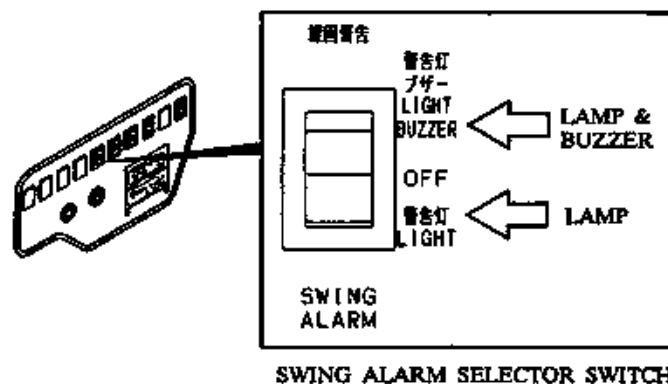


DANGER

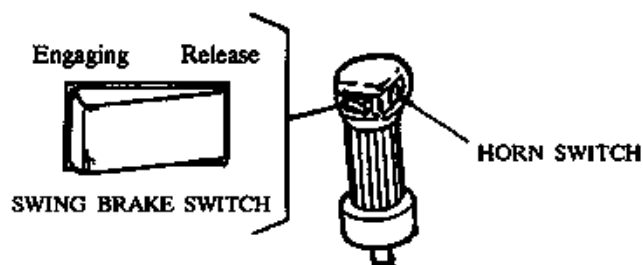
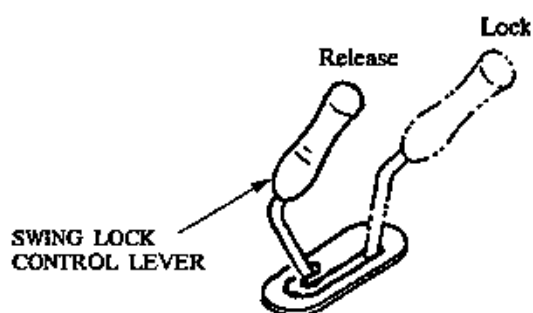
- Before initiating any swing operations, ensure the area in the swing path of the hook and/or load, as well as the tail swing area, is clear of all obstructions and personnel.
 - Sound horn to warn personnel.
 - For stability of swinging, see page 9-8.
- Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Swing speed is regulated by turning the accelerator grip and by proportionally pushing and pulling the swing control lever.

- (1) According to working condition, select the alarm with the swing alarm selector switch.



- (2) Release the swing lock pin and swing brake.



- (3) Push the swing control lever forward to swing the upper to the left, and pull the lever to backward this side to swing the upper to the right. To stop the swing motion, slowly move the lever in the opposite direction.



CAUTION

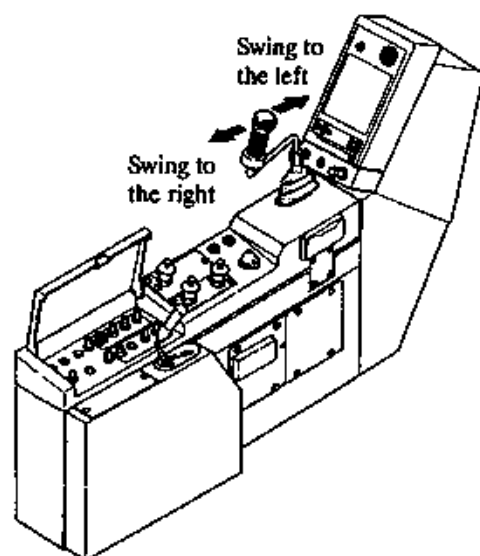
- Avoid rapid swings or sudden starts and stops.
- After the swing motion has been completely stopped, engage the swing parking brake.



WARNING

- Do not use the swing parking brake for the purpose of stopping the swing motion.
- Always check to ensure that the load is hanging free and directly under the boom tip before swinging.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

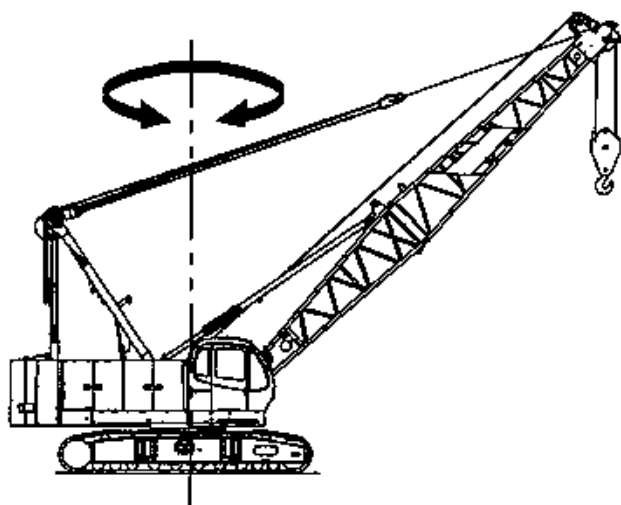


- (4) When pausing operations, orient the machine straight ahead, and then, actuate the swing lock.



CAUTION

The actuation of the swing lock and swinging operation with the machine other than in the swing lock posture (when the machine does not oriented straight ahead) may lead to the damaged machine.



2.3.7 BOOM RAISING/LOWERING OPERATION



WARNING

Before operating the boom ensure the area above and beneath the boom is clear of all obstructions and personnel.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (1) Release the drum lock.
- (2) Push the boom hoist control lever forward to lower the boom, and pull the lever toward this side to raise the boom.



WARNING

The load line can break if the hook block contacts the end of the boom. This is called "two blocking". Two blocking can be caused by lowering the boom without paying out load line. Two blocking can pull jibs and lattice crane booms over backwards or cause damage to the tip.

Always keep adequate space between the hook block and boom point. Lower the hook when lowering the boom.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

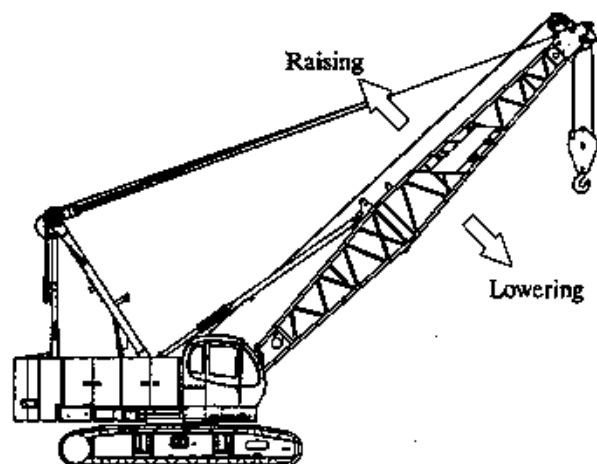
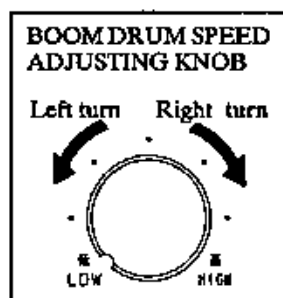
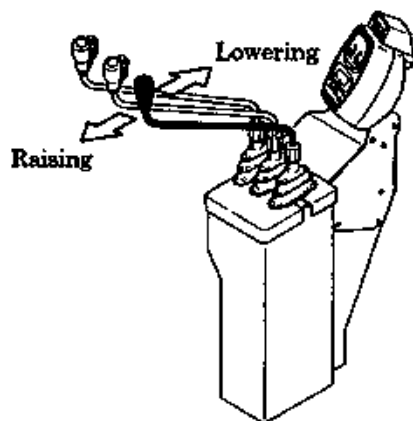
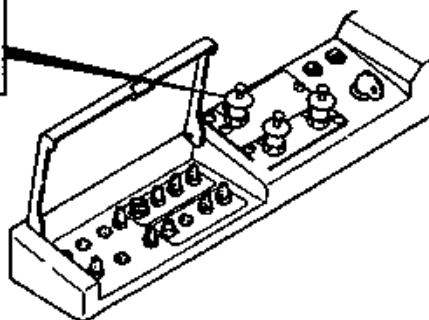
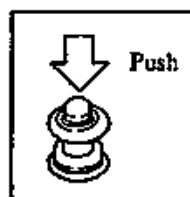
When the boom is not lowered even by operating the boom hoist control lever to the boom lowering side, it is considered that the drum lock is engaged in the ratchet of the drum. In this case, move the boom hoist control lever to the boom raising side slightly, then move the lever to the lowering side again.



DANGER

Do not actuate the drum lock while the boom is lowered. Otherwise, the drum or drum lock may be damaged.

- (3) According to the working condition, adjust the speed of the drum with the drum speed adjusting knob.
- (4) Be sure to stop the engine, and engage the drum lock before leaving the operator seat.
To engage the drum lock, push and hold the button, and then fully pull the knob up.



2.3.8 HOOK RAISING/LOWERING OPERATION



WARNING

When making lifts, strictly follow the capacity charts supplied by the manufacturer for determining the loads that can be handled. Follow good operating practice and all procedures as outlined in this manual when attempting to lift any load.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Raising and lowering speed is regulated by turning the accelerator grip and by proportionally pushing and pulling the drum control lever, and in addition, the maximum raising and lowering speed of the drum by operating the drum speed adjusting knob.

- (1) Ensure that the "FREE FALL INDICATOR LAMP" stays out.

- (2) Release the drum lock.

When the hook is not lowered even by operating the drum control lever to the lowering side, it is considered that the lock is engaged in the ratchet of the drum.

In this case, slightly operate the control lever to the raising side, then operate to the lowering side again.

- (3) According to working condition, adjust the maximum speed of the drum with the drum speed adjusting knob.

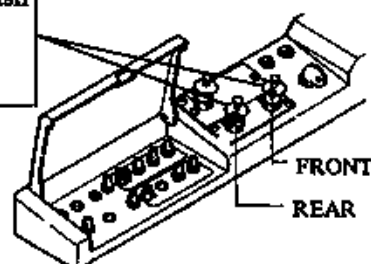
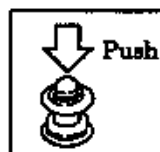
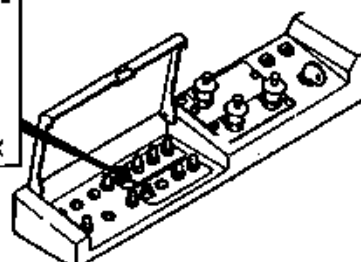


WARNING

The load line can break if the hook block contacts the end of the boom. This is called "two blocking". Two blocking can be caused by lowering the boom without paying out load line. Two blocking can pull jibs and lattice crane booms over backwards or cause damage to the tip.

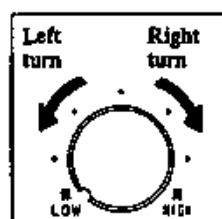
Always keep adequate space between the hook block and boom point. Lower the hook when lowering the boom.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



FRONT DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB

REAR DRUM SPEED ADJUSTING KNOB



(1) RAISING

Pull the drum control lever toward this side to raise a load.

(2) LOWERING

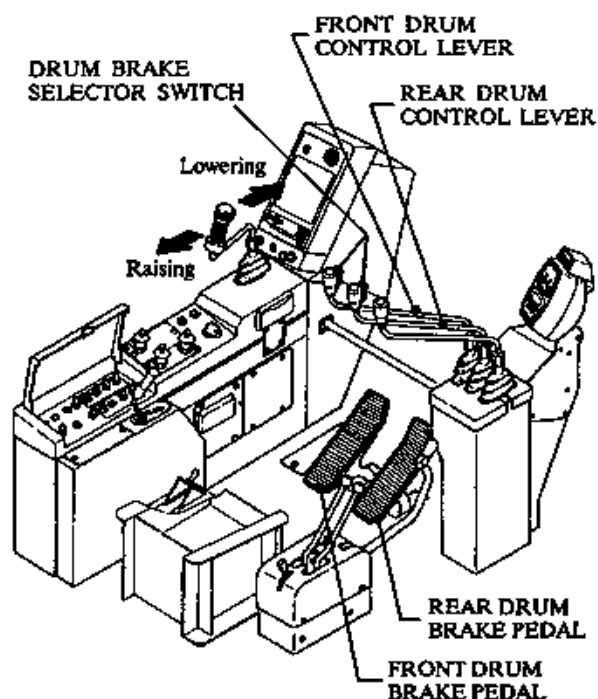
Push the drum control lever forward to lower the load.

(3) STOPPING

When the drum control lever is returned to the neutral position, the automatic brake operates to stop the load.

When the load is held in the air for a long time, engage the drum lock.

To engage the drum lock, push and hold the button, and then fully pull the knob up.



DANGER

Do not actuate the drum lock while the boom is lowered. Otherwise, the drum or drum lock may be damaged.



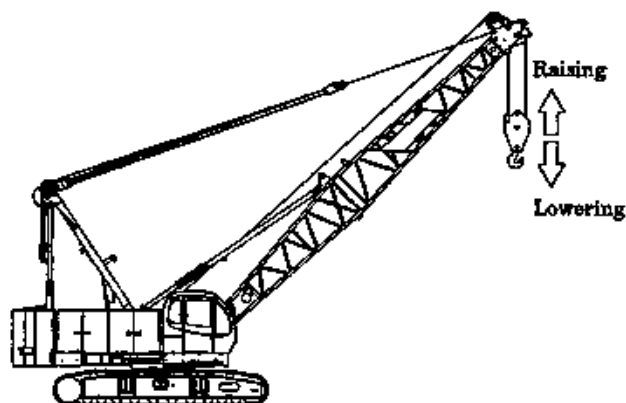
WARNING

Always keep your foot on the brake pedal even when the neutral brake is used so that the foot pedal can be operated at any time.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

NOTE

The inching of the raising/lowering using the brake pedal together with the drum control lever is impossible because of the brake system.



2.4 FREE FALL OPERATION



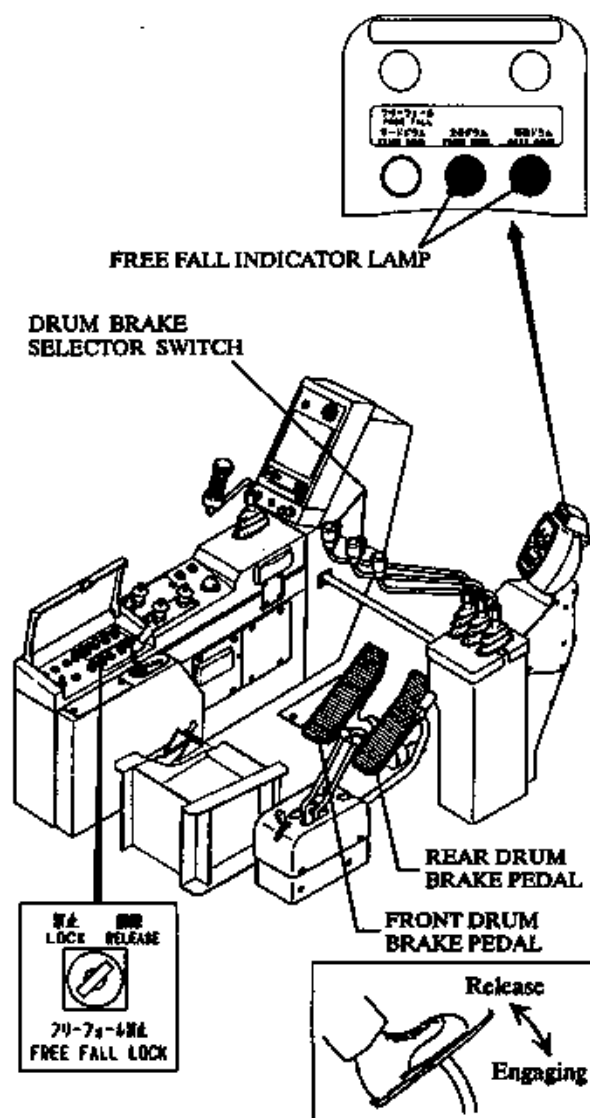
DANGER

- Do not perform operations in the FREE FALL mode until you have confirmed that the brake is functioning properly and will hold the load that will be lifted.
- Do not release your foot from the brake pedal when operating in the FREE FALL mode.
- Do not apply the foot brake suddenly, and avoid abrupt stops when lowering the hoist line while operating in the FREE FALL mode.
- Do not use the drum lock to stop the lowering of the hoist line while operating in the FREE FALL mode.
- Do not operate the lever while the load is being lowered during the free fall mode.
- Do not overheat the brake by operating in the FREE FALL mode repeatedly at high heights. Failure to observe these precautions may result in serious injury or loss of life.

The use of the free fall must be limited to the excavating operations with the bucket.

When lifting or lowering the bucket during the FREE FALL mode, be sure to follow the procedures below.

- (1) Set the "Free fall lock switch (with key)" in the left side stand to the "Release" position.
- (2) Set the control lever to the neutral position, and with the brake pedal depressed fully, push the brake selector switch at once. The free fall indicator lamp lights up to indicate that the brake is in the free fall condition.
 - When the machine enters the FREE FALL mode, a slight reaction to the brake pedal occurs.
 - When the depressed brake reaches to the specified position, the brake pedal slightly vibrates. If the brake pedal is depressed further from this position, the brake is actuated.
- (3) Raising
Pulling the drum control lever toward this side, the raising is possible even while the brake pedal remains depressed.
- (4) Lowering (Power Lowering)
After pushing the drum control lever forward, the lowering is possible even while the brake pedal remains depressed.
- (5) Stopping
Depress the brake pedal, and return the drum control lever to the neutral position. The bucket is stopped.
When the load is held in the air for a long time, with the NEUTRAL BRAKE mode, engage the drum lock.



(6) Free fall

- ① Depress the brake pedal fully.
- ② Return the drum control lever to the neutral position.
- ③ Slowly release the brake pedal to free fall the bucket.
- ④ Lowering speed is adjusted by adjusting the brake pedal depressing.



DANGER

Before operating the foot brake at free fall position, be sure to confirm that the brake is functioning by depressing the brake pedal to the full-stroke.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

(7) Switching from "FREE FALL MODE" to "BRAKE MODE"

While the "FREE FALL MODE" is selected, set the drum control lever to the neutral position, and fully depress the brake pedal. Then, push the brake selector switch on the control lever again.

The free fall indicator lamp goes out to indicate that the "BRAKE MODE" is selected.

NOTE

- When a light bucket is lowered during the free fall mode in cold weather, the lowering speed may be rather slow. In that case, while engaging the drum lock, winch down to warm up the hydraulic oil (perform this step for approx. five minutes).
- The feel of brake operation may be changed after the hydraulic oil is changed. In that case, contact your nearest KOBELCO service shop.

FREE ⇄ BRAKE MODE SWITCHING

	BRAKE → FREE	FREE → BRAKE
FREE FALL LOCK SWITCH	RELEASE	RELEASE
DRUM CONTROL LEVER	NEUTRAL	NEUTRAL
BRAKE PEDAL	DEPRESS	DEPRESS
BRAKE SELECTOR SWITCH	PUSH (ONCE)	PUSH (ONCE)
FREE LAMP	LIGHT UP	GOES OUT
MODE	FREE	BRAKE



CAUTION



FREE FALL
ACCELERATION
SWITCH

Do not use the free fall acceleration switch during the free fall of heavy-weight loads. Otherwise, a great shock may occur when the free fall speed is changed.

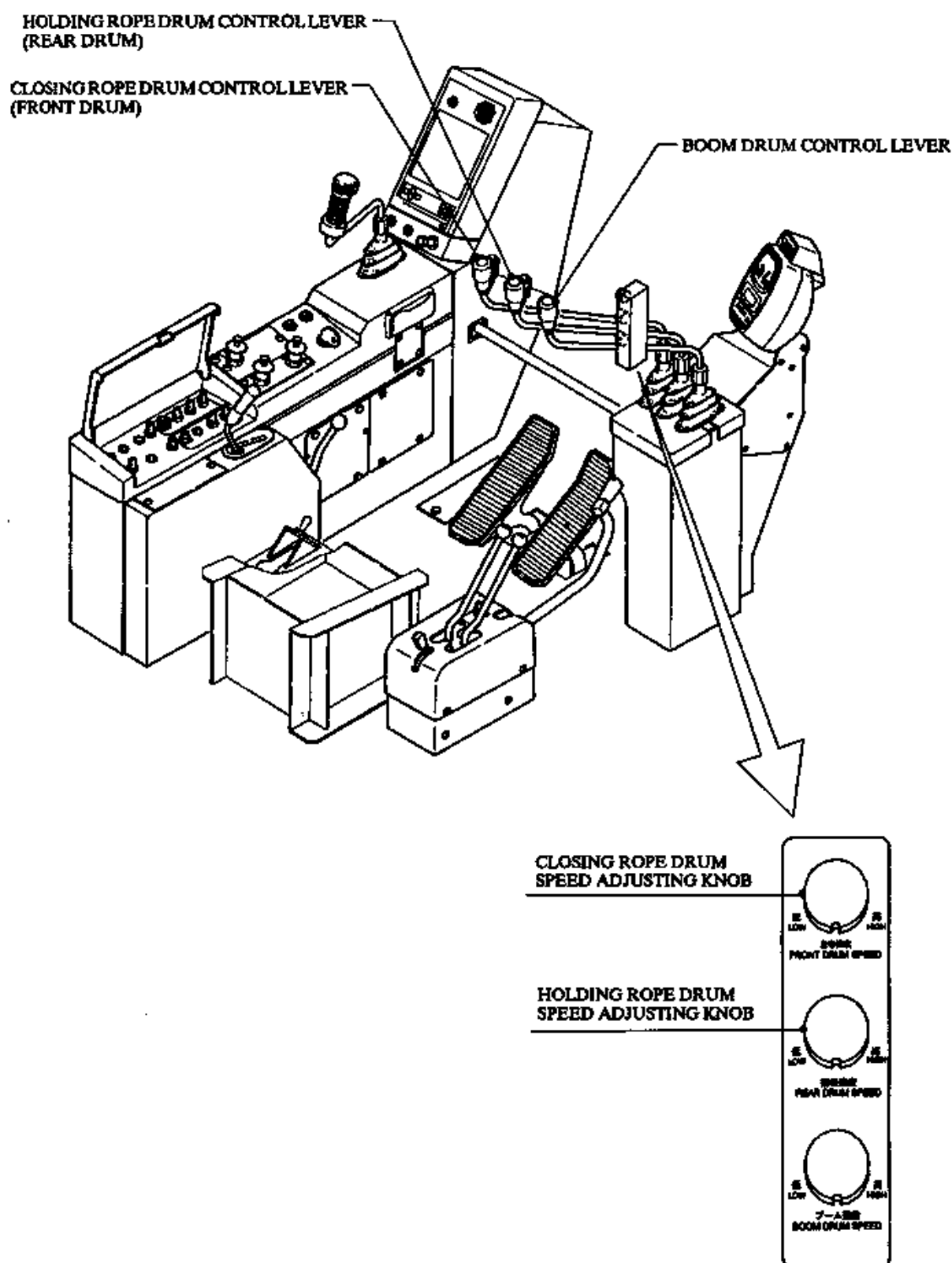
NOTE

When the brake is released with the FREE FALL INCREASED SELECTOR SWITCH set to the "RELEASE" side, the drum is automatically rotated without load.

Be sure to set the FREE FALL INCREASED SELECTOR SWITCH to the "LOCK" side when re-reeving the wire rope.

2.5 CLAMSHELL OPERATION

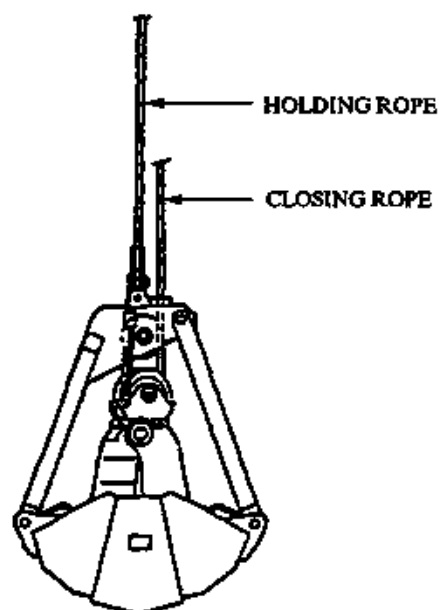
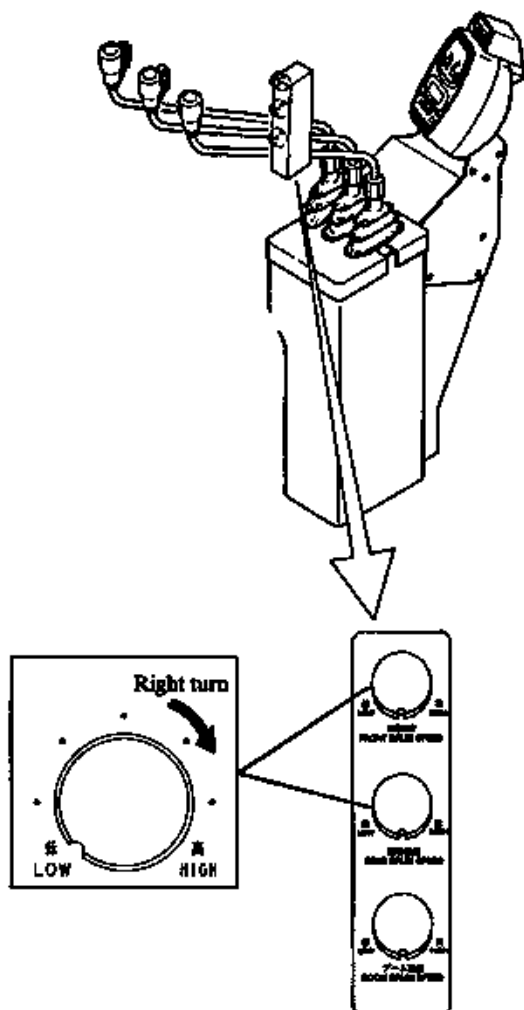
In clamshell operation, the control levers and brake pedals are called with the designations shown in the following figure.



- (1) Set the drum speed adjusting knob to the HIGH SPEED side.

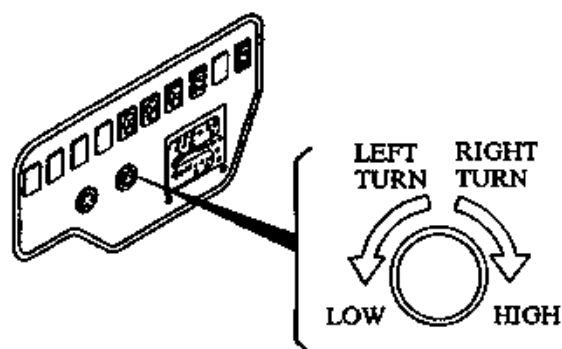
NOTE

When the drum speed adjusting knob is set to the positions other than the "HIGH" position, closing operation and holding operation do not synchronize.

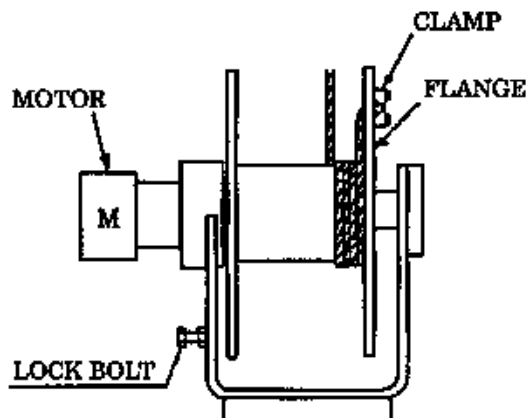


2.6 HANDLING OF HYDRAULIC TAGLINE (OPTIONAL)

- (1) Stop the engine, and set the tagline tension adjusting knob to the lowest setting (fully turn to the left).



- (2) Loosen the lock bolt.
- (3) Reeve the wire rope end through the outside of the drum flange, and fix it with a clamp.



- (4) Set the other end of the wire rope to the bucket via the guide sheave.
- (5) Confirm that the tagline tension adjusting knob is at the lowest setting (fully turned to the left), and then start and idle the engine.



CAUTION

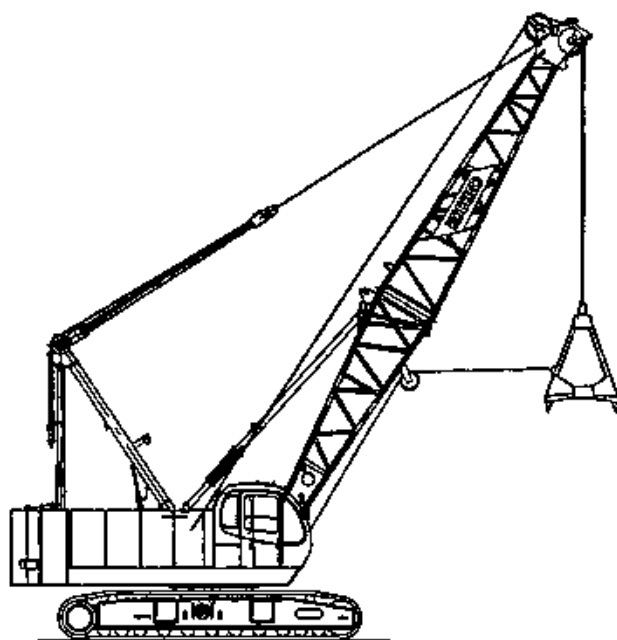
Take caution that the tagline rope may be suddenly tensioned or slackened when starting or stopping the engine.

- (6) To wind up the rope on the drum, turn the tagline adjusting knob somewhat to the higher setting, while tensioning the wire rope.
- (7) Adjust the wire rope tension with the tagline adjusting knob. Be sure to turn it carefully.

Turn to the right Tension increases.
Turn to the left Tension decreases.

When not using the tagline:

- 1) Fully wind up the wire rope on the drum, and fix the wire rope end.
- 2) Set the tension adjusting knob to the lowest setting (fully turn to the left).
- 3) Fix the drum flange with the lock bolt.



3. LOAD SAFETY DEVICE

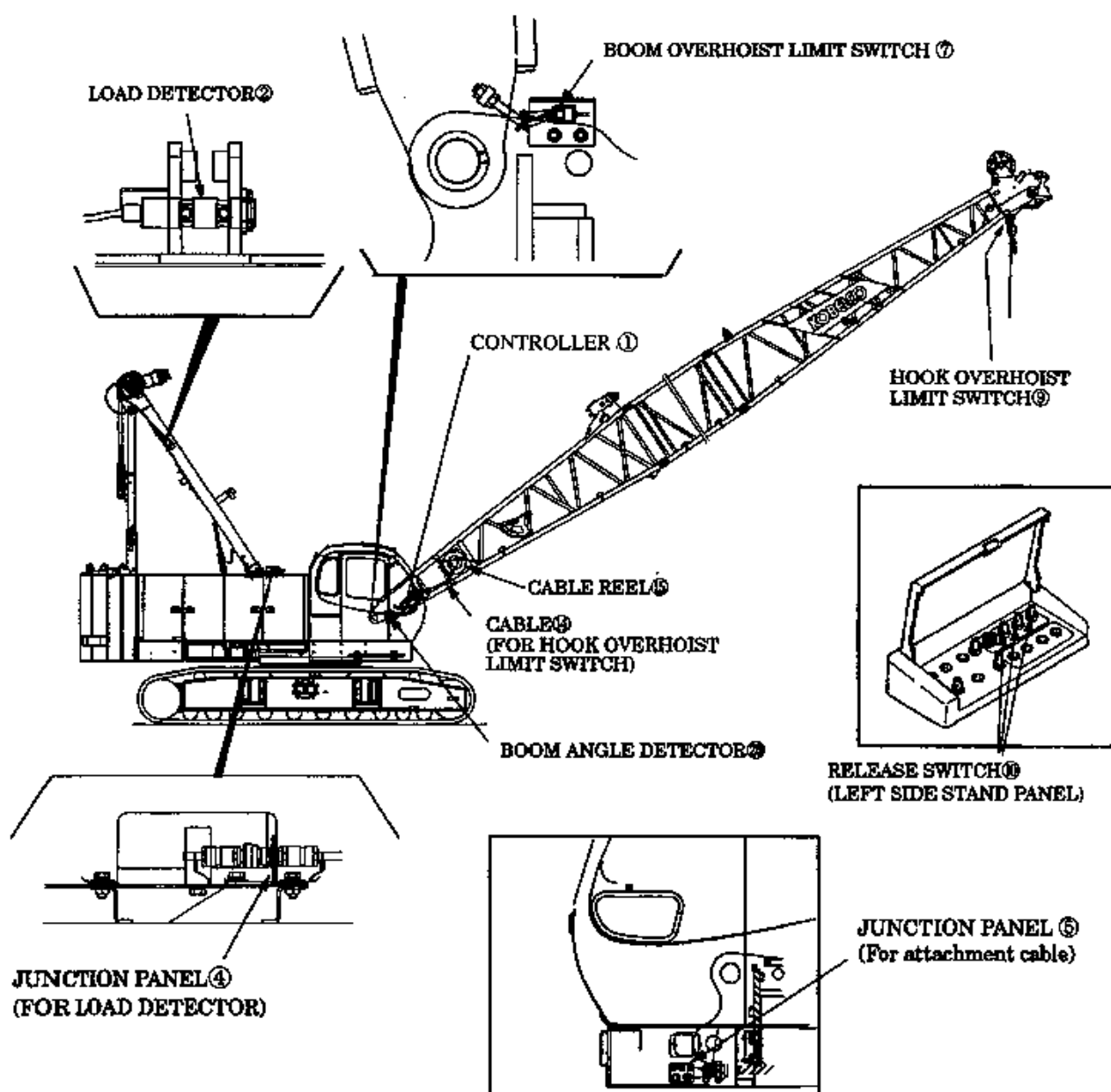
The Load Safety Device (Prevention device from Overload and Overhoist condition) is a safety device which is provided in order to prevent damage to the machine and/or overturn accident due to an overload. Therefore, be sure to use this device in order to perform crane operation more safely.

Descriptions in this chapter are applicable to the typical model, and illustrations and displayed values may differ from those of the model actually used. In such a case, take them as references.

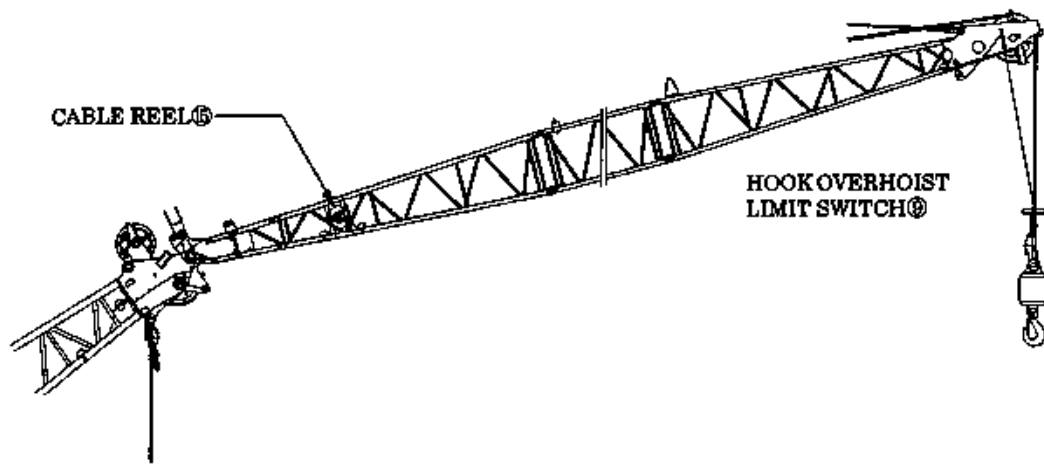
3.1 ARRANGEMENT OF EQUIPMENTS

The item numbers of part names in the figure of arrangement of equipments correspond to the numbers in the description upto topic 3.4.

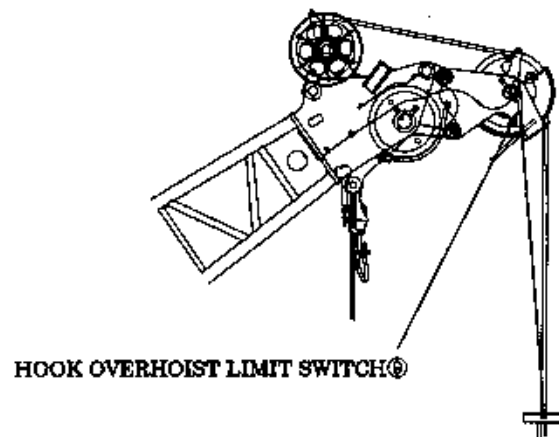
BOOM



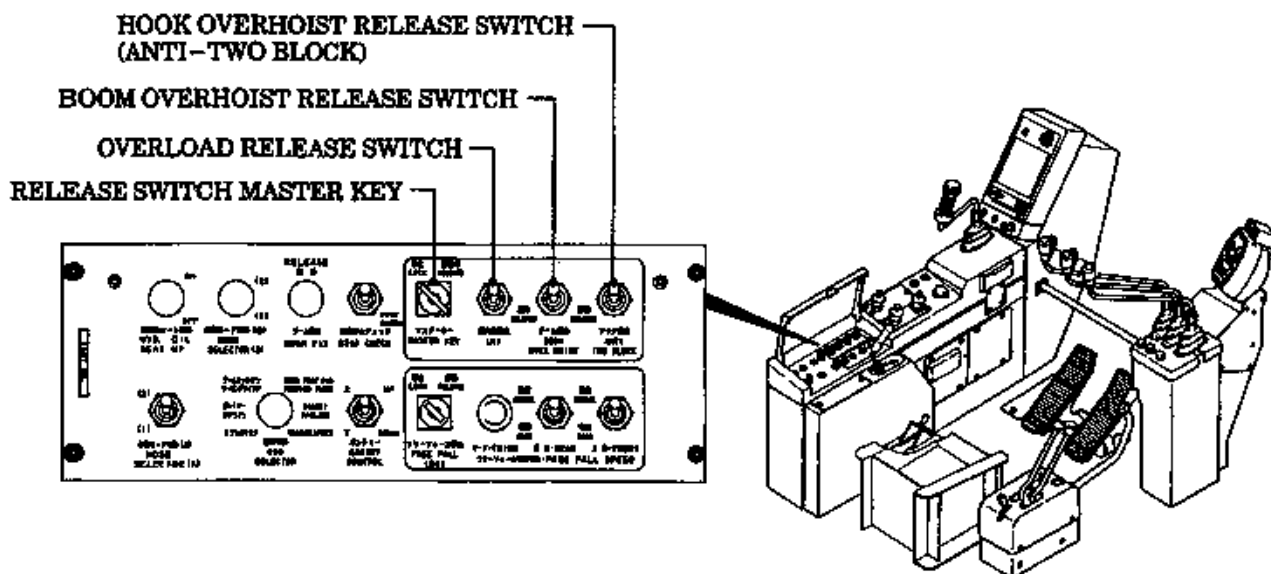
JIB



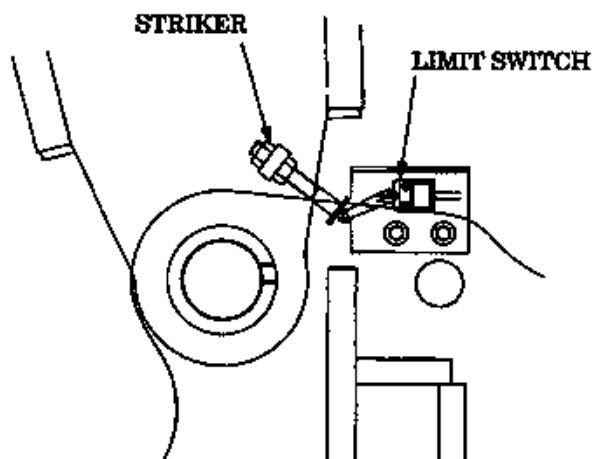
AUXILIARY SHEAVE



DETAIL OF OPERATOR'S ROOM INSIDE



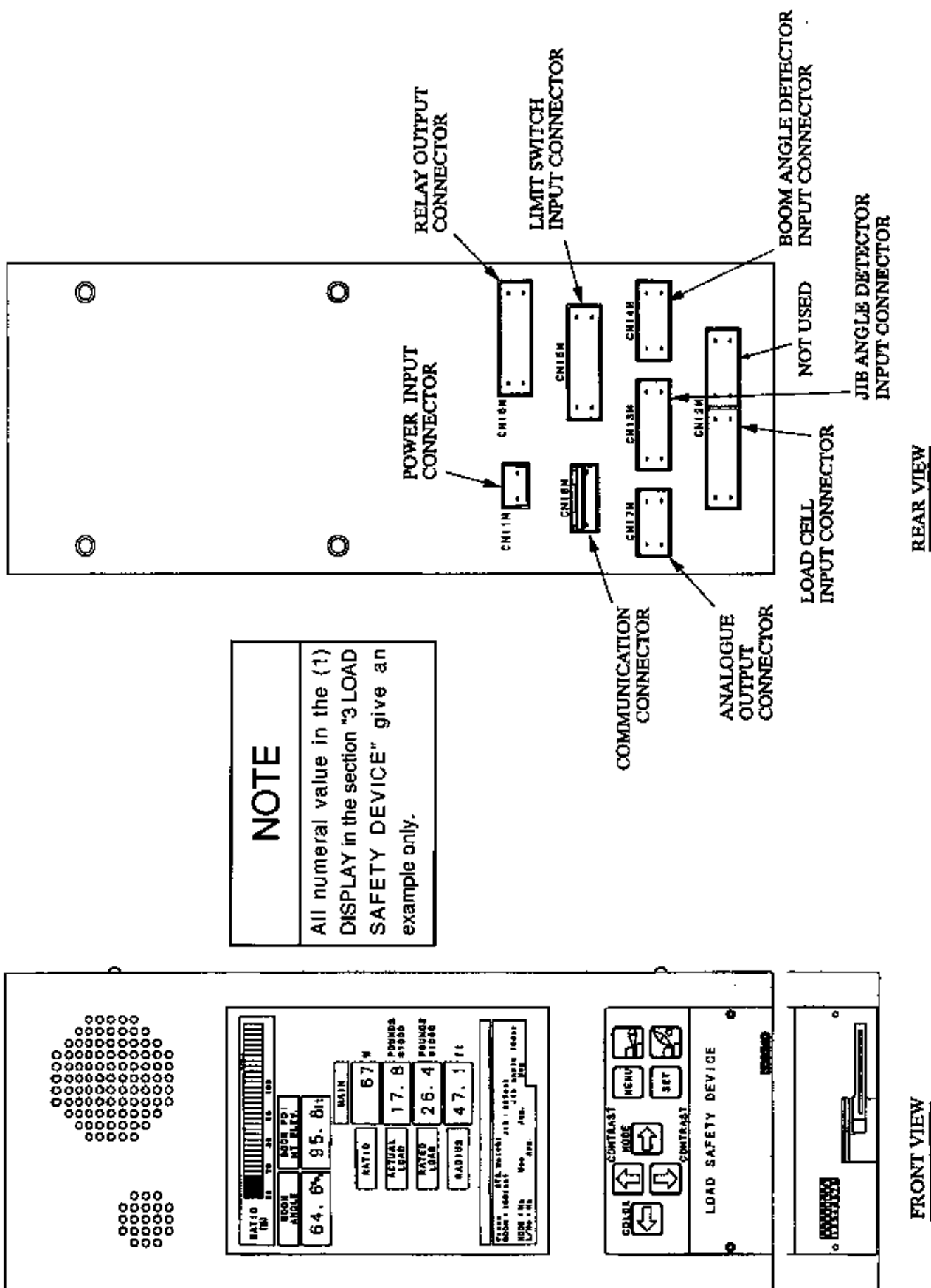
DETAIL OF BOOM OVERHOIST LIMIT SWITCH



3.2 TYPE AND FUNCTIONS OF EQUIPMENTS

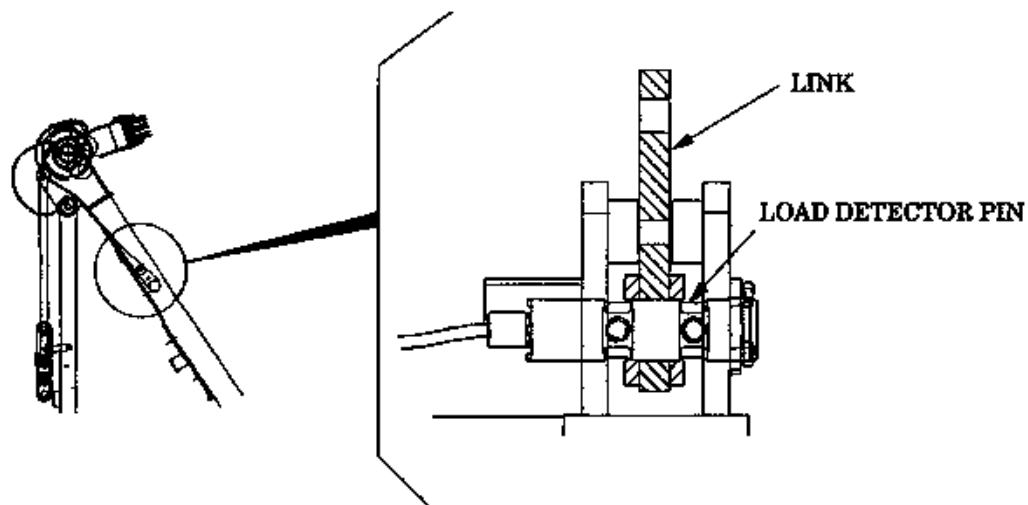
CONTROLLER/MONITOR (1)

This figure indicates the machine condition, and issues the signals for the alarms and stop.



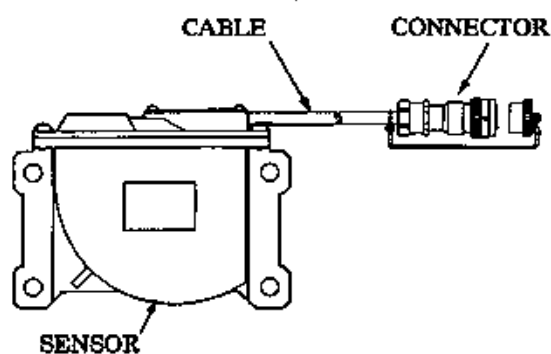
LOAD DETECTOR (2)

This pin detects load.



ANGLE DETECTOR (3)

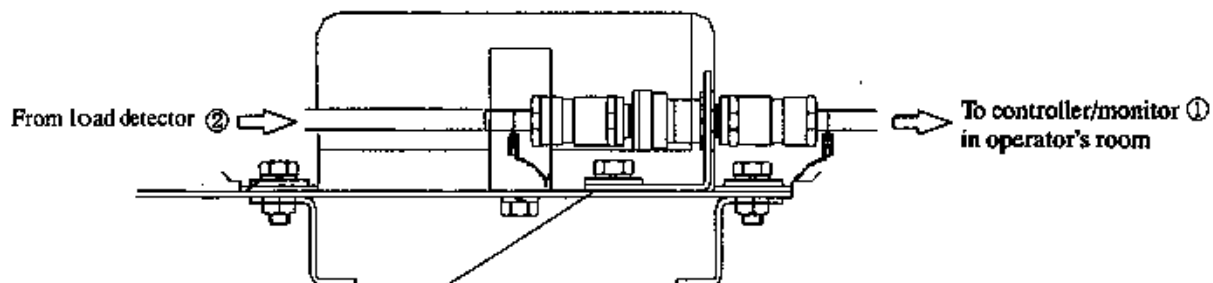
This device detects the angle of boom.



(For boom and luffing boom)

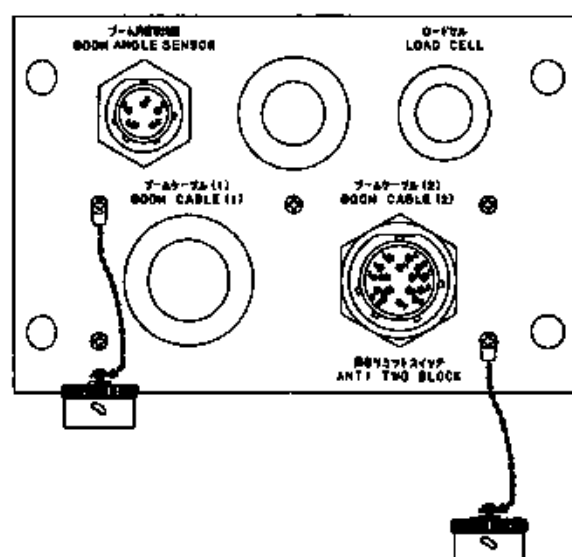
JUNCTION PANEL FOR LOAD DETECTOR (4)

This is the junction panel for the cable from the load detector and the cable from the operator's room.



ATTACHMENT JUNCTION PANEL (5)

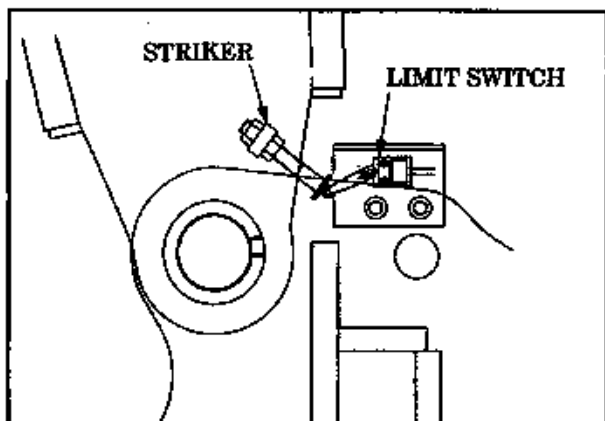
This is the junction of the cable from the attachment detector and the cable in the operator's room.



BOOM (LUFFING BOOM) OVERHOIST LIMIT SWITCH (7)

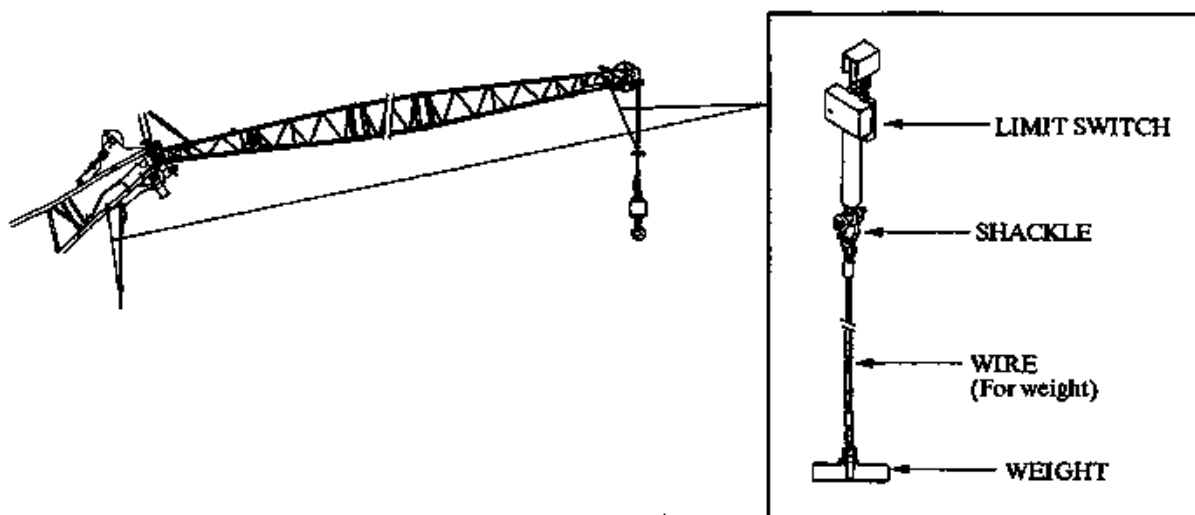
This switch prevents the boom from overhoisting.

When the boom hoist operation is stopped by the boom overhoist limit switch at approximately 84.0 degree boom angle, the stop function cannot be released by the boom overhoist release switch.



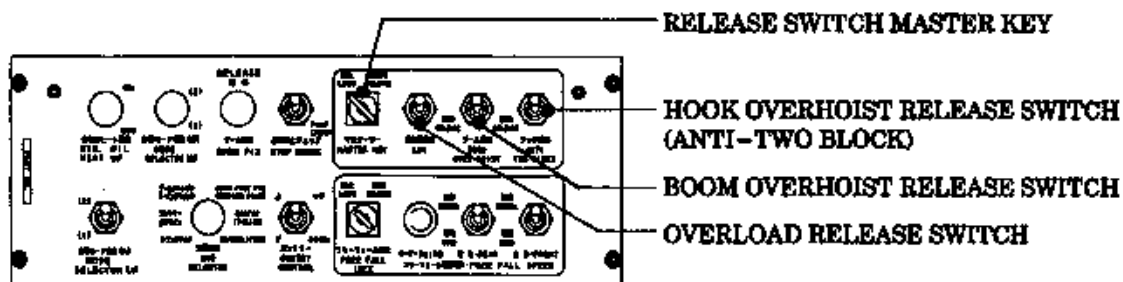
HOOK OVERHOIST LIMIT SWITCH (9)

This switch prevents the hook overhoisting.



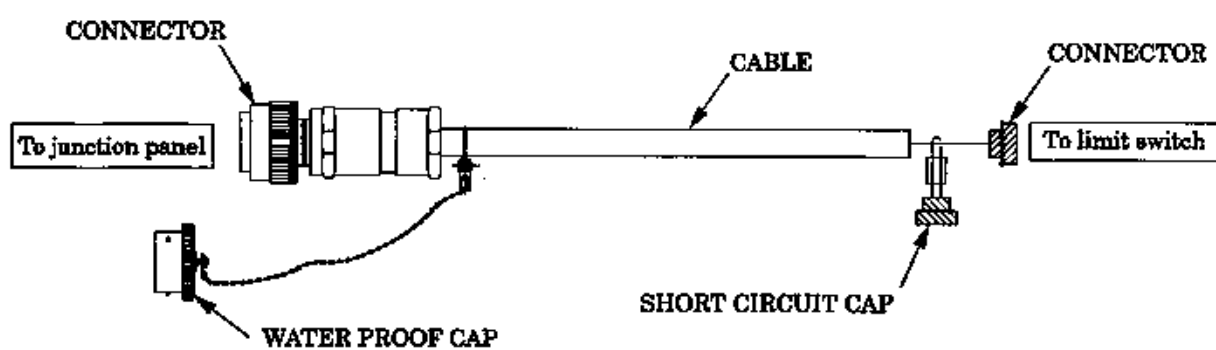
RELEASE SWITCH (10)

This switch is used to release automatic stop by safety device.

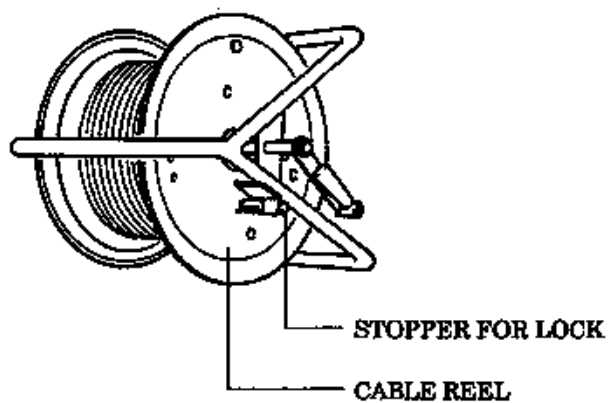


CABLE FOR HOOK OVERHOIST LIMIT SWITCH (14)

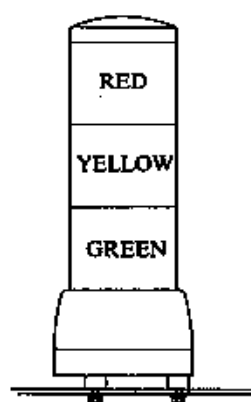
This cable connects the limit switch and the junction panel.



CABLE REEL (15)



OVER LOAD ALARM LAMP (16) (OPTION)

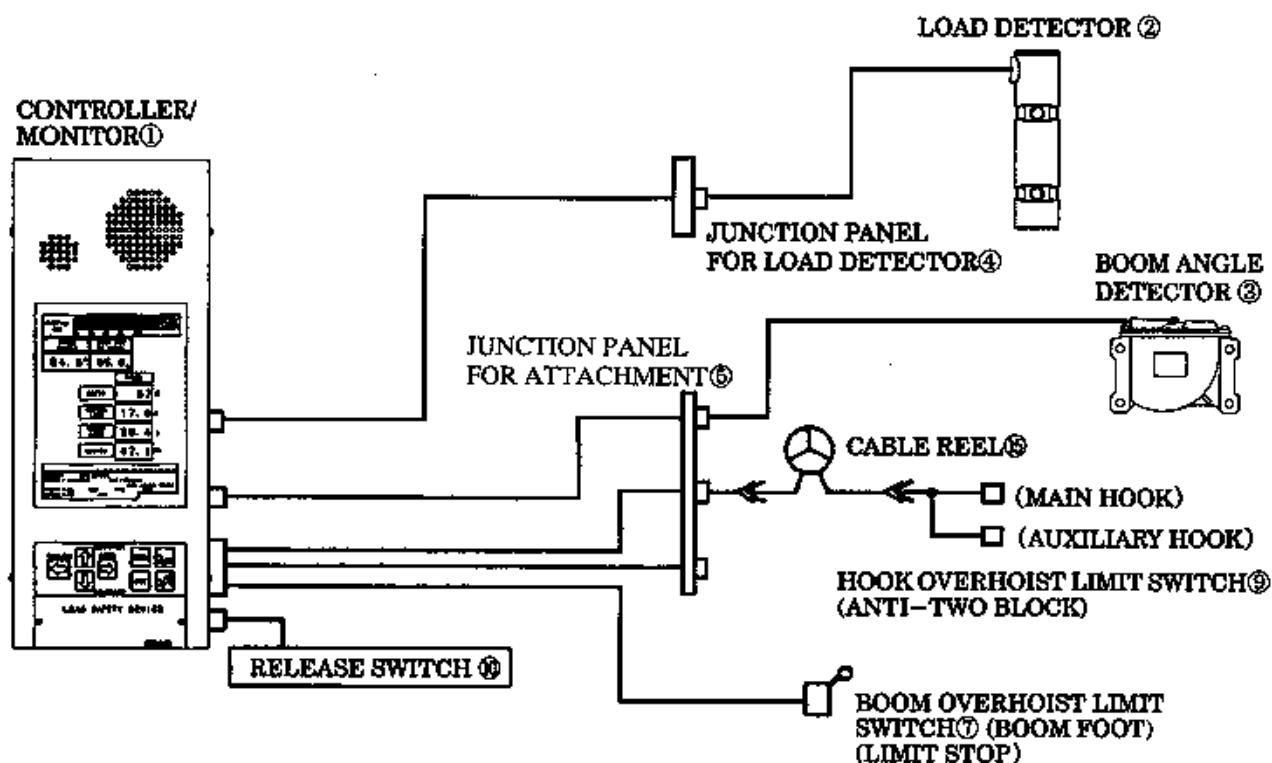


3.3 CONNECTING PROCEDURE OF WIRING

3.3.1 CRANE ATTACHMENT

1. DIAGRAM OF SYSTEM

1. Crane only



2. CONNECTING PROCEDURE



CAUTION

The cable should be handled with care in order to avoid damage.

When assembling the basic machine and attachment, make the connections as follows. And, when disassembling, disconnect the connectors in the reverse order.

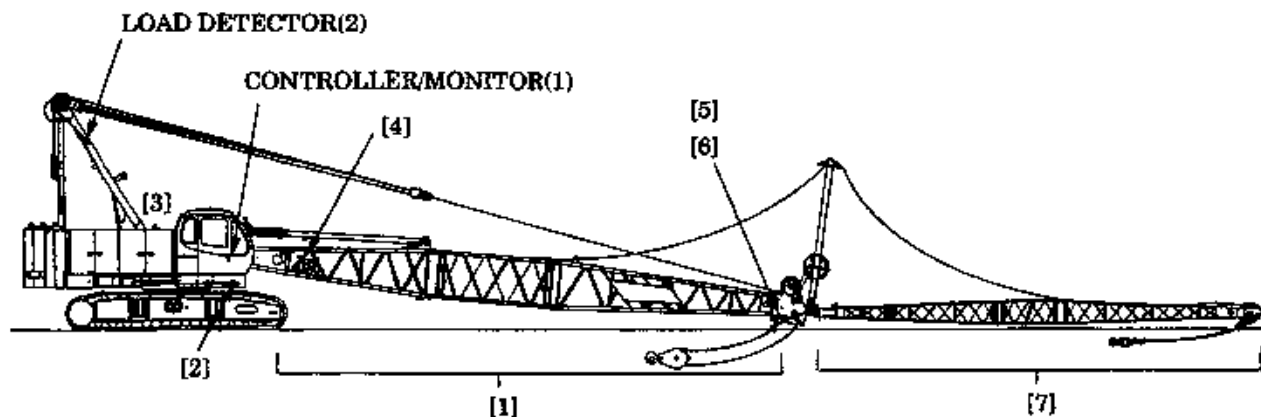


CAUTION

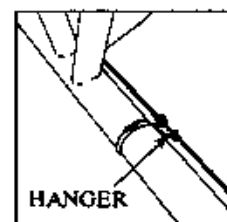
Overload preventive device may not work correctly if water enters into connectors.

When making the connections, in order to prevent water from entering,

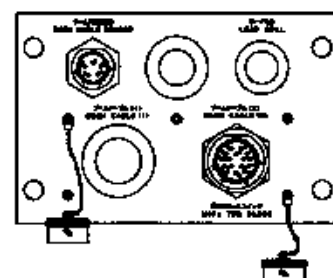
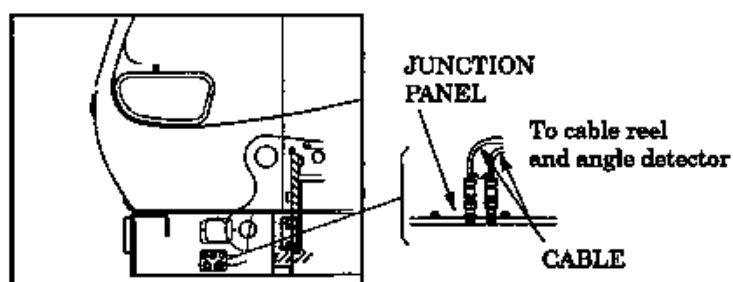
1. Tighten with hands fully.
2. Connect the removed caps together.
3. After disconnecting, install the cap securely.



- [1] Fix the junction cables and cables for the limit switches to the boom and jib with the hangers.

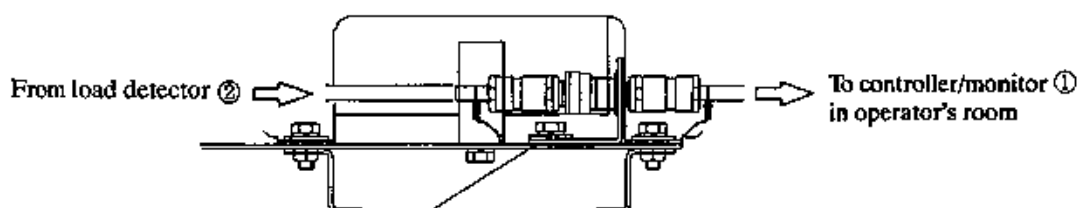


- [2] CONNECTING ATTACHMENT HARNESS TO BODY HARNESS



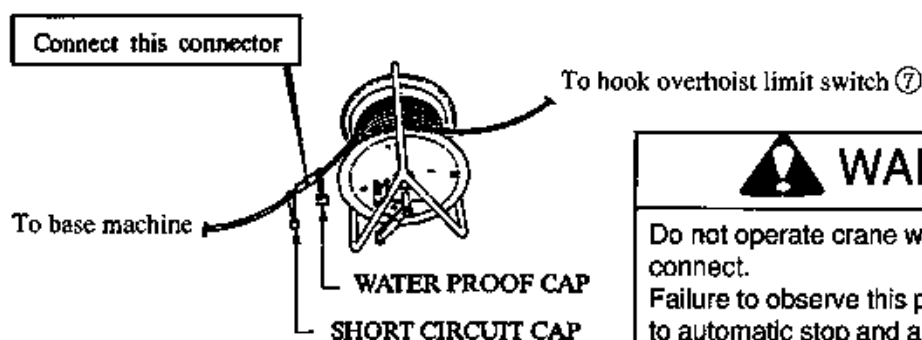
DETAIL OF JUNCTION PANEL

- [3] CONNECTING JUNCTION PANEL (4) FOR LOAD DETECTOR



- [4] CONNECTING CABLE REEL (15)

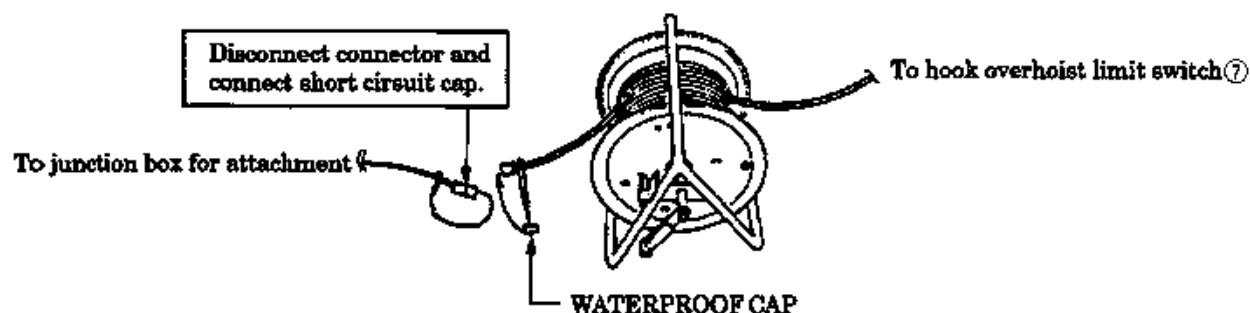
FOR OPERATING CRANE



WARNING

Do not operate crane with short circuit cap, connect.
Failure to observe this precaution may lead to automatic stop and alarm unable to work in event of hook overhoist and may lead to serious injury or loss of life.

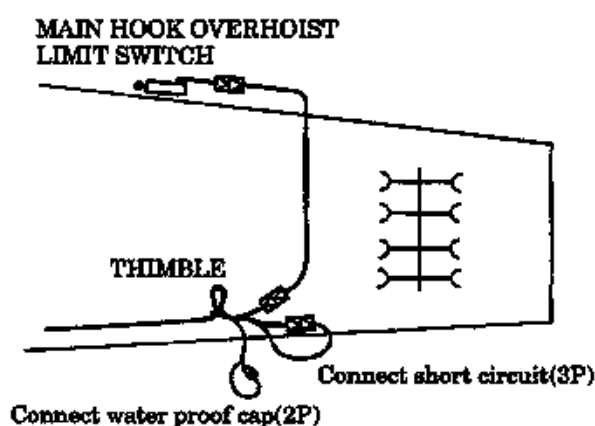
FOR TRANSPORTATION



[5] CONNECTION OF CABLES AT BOOM TIP SECTION

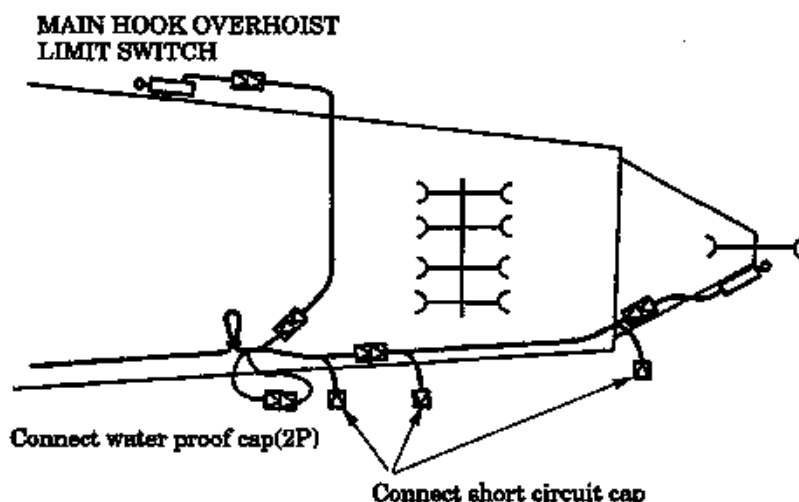
NOTE

A thimble hook for supporting the cable is provided on the boom tip section. If the cable is not hung to this hook, unreasonable force is loaded to the connector for connecting the hook limit switch. Be sure to hang the thimble to this hook.



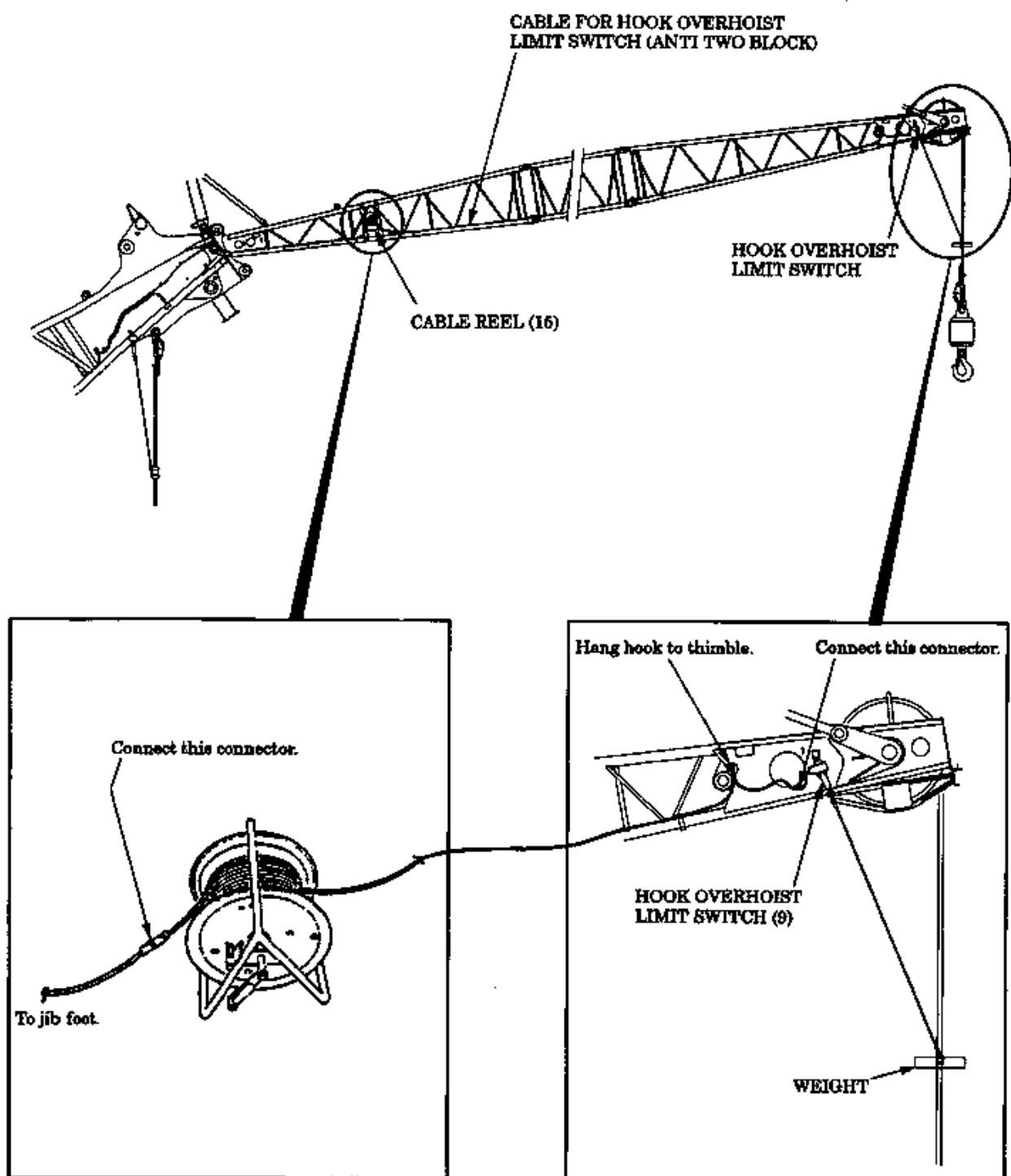
[6] CONNECTION OF THE HOOK OVERHOIST LIMIT SWITCH SECTION

Connection when only boom is used



Connection when auxiliary sheave is attached to boom

[7] CONNECTION AT THE JIB SECTION (WITH FIXED JIB)

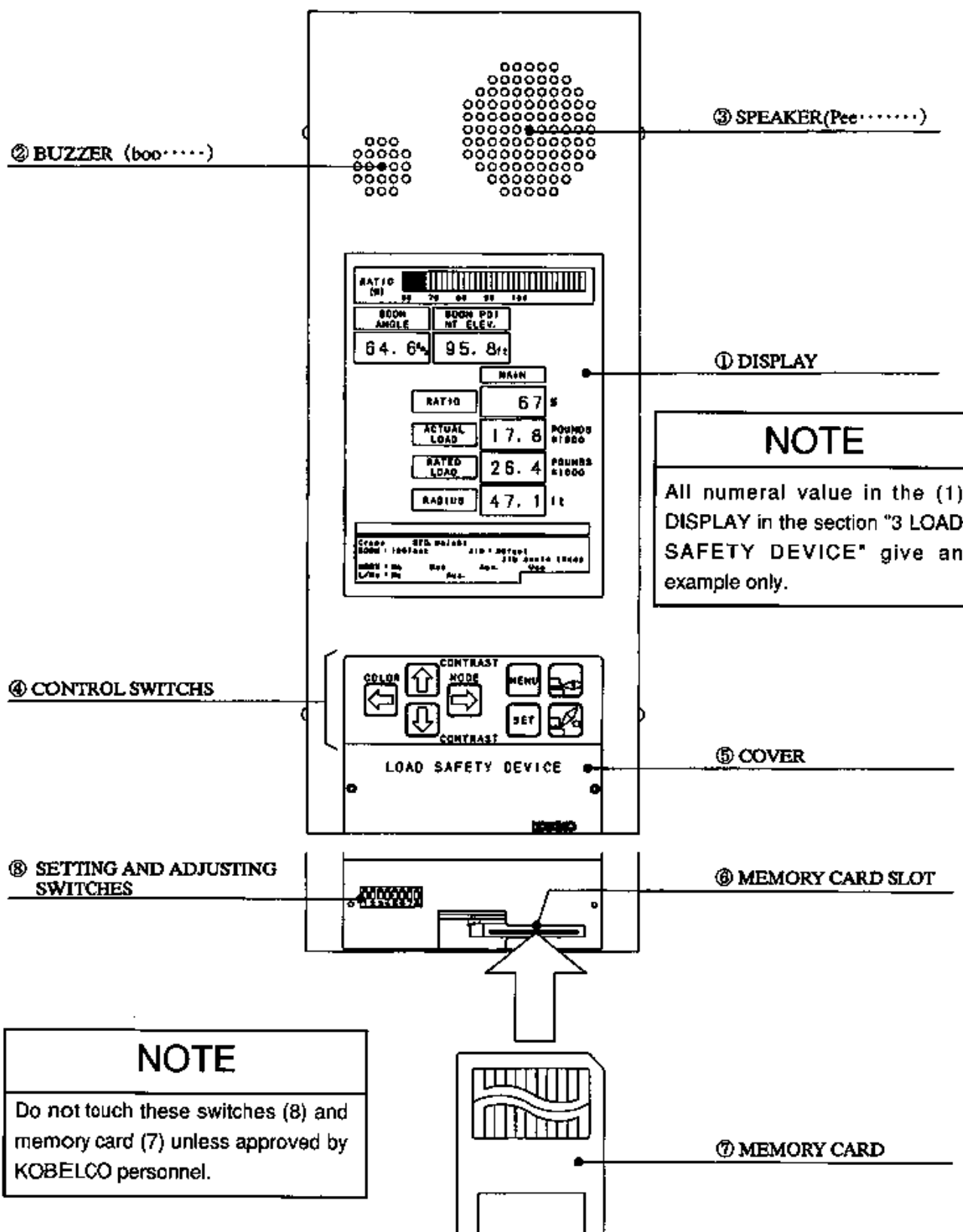


NOTE

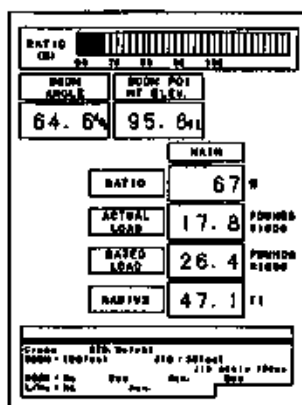
A thimble hook for supporting the cable is provided on the boom tip section. If the cable is not hung to this hook, unreasonable force is loaded to the connector for connecting the hook limit switch.

Be sure to hang the thimble to this hook.

3.4 FUNCTION OF CONTROLLER/MONITOR



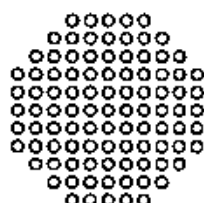
(1) DISPLAY



(2) BUZZER (boo--)



(3) SPEAKER (pee--)



Current status of the crane is displayed.
(For details, refer to section 3.5.)

Warning buzzers mainly related to overload (including load limit warning) are issued.

When the moment ratio is 90% or more, intermittent buzzers (boo--) are issued, and continuous buzzers are issued when it is 100%.

Intervals of intermittent buzzers become shorter according to increasing of the moment ratio.

Buzzer types	Buzzers
Intermittent	boo, boo, boo,
Continuous	boo —————

Boom or hook blocks overhoist and/or boom working area limit warning buzzers (pee--) are issued. When the boom exceeds the working area limit prenotice point, intermittent buzzers are issued. When the boom reaches the working area limit stop point or the hook blocks or boom is overhoisted, continuous buzzers are issued.

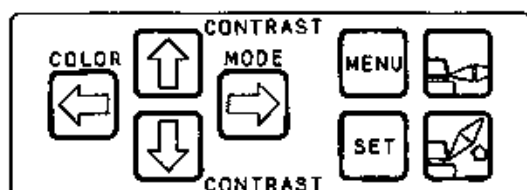
Intervals of intermittent buzzers become shorter according to accessing to the boom stop point.

Buzzer types	Buzzers
Intermittent	pe, pe, pe,
Continuous	pee —————

NOTE

- Buzzers warning overhoist**
Buzzers warning boom overhoist are issued when the limit switch is actuated.
Buzzers warning hook overhoist are issued when the limit switch is actuated to stop the hook blocks, and the winch lever is set to the "WINCH" position or the boom lever is set to the "LOWER" position.
(No warning buzzer is issued while the levers are set to the "NEUTRAL" positions.)
- Buzzers warning working area limit**
Unless the prenotice point is set, warning buzzers are issued when the boom reaches the position 5 degree before or 1 feet before the stop point.

(4) CONTROL SWITCH



COLOR 	Use this switch to change the display colors or decrease figures.
MODE 	Use this switch to switch the mode between the MAIN and AUX. modes or increase figures.
CONTRAST 	Use this switch to adjust the brightness of the display screen (to darken) or select any intended item.
CONTRAST 	Use this switch to adjust the brightness of the display screen (to brighten) or select any intended item.
MENU 	Use this switch to display or cancel the list of selection items.
SET 	Use this switch to decide or execute the selected item.
	Use this switch to switch the mode between the assembly/disassembly and operation modes.
	Use this switch when it is necessary to lower the boom onto the ground at out of angle (lower limit angle/no rated load) without any load only. Refer to page 3-37 "(3) BOOM/JIB LOWERING METHOD AT OUT OF ANGLE"

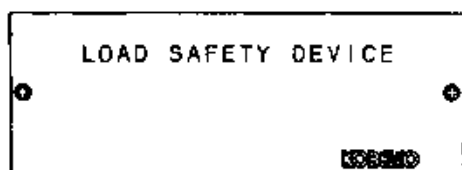


WARNING

Do not lift any load when lowering the boom with this switch .

Failure to observe this precaution may result in overturning and/or damage of the machine and may lead to serious injury or loss of life.

(5) COVER



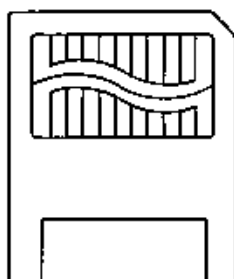
DO NOT open unless you need to load the memory card or operate the setting and adjusting switches.

(6) MEMORY CARD SLOT



Insert the data memory card here.

(7) MEMORY CARD

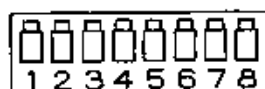


This card contains the data related to the crane capacity.

NOTE

Always keep this card in the memory card slot and do not remove or touch it.

(8) SETTING AND ADJUSTING SWITCHES



This switches are used for upgrading of programs or adjustment only.



WARNING

Do not touch these switches unless approved by KOBELCO personnel.

3.5 OPERATING PROCEDURE OF CONTROLLER

Referring to the setting items (following table), perform necessary setting.

Setting Item	Classification of Operation		
	Daily Operation	Operation after Changing Attachment	Operation at Initial Erection
(1) Setting of crane configuration	X	○	○
(2) Selection of main/aux. lifting	□	○	○
(3) Setting of working area limit value	□	□	□

NOTE: ○ = Necessary X = Unnecessary □ = If Necessary

Since the set value is memorized in the controller even by stopping the engine and turning the power off, resetting is not required.

TURNING POWER ON

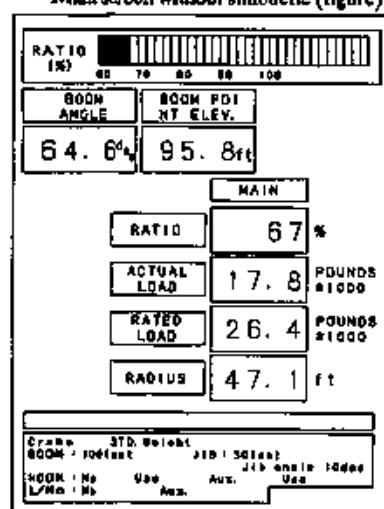
When the key switch is set to the ON position, power is automatically supplied to the controller.

If power is not supplied to the controller, check the fuse in the fuse box located under the controller.

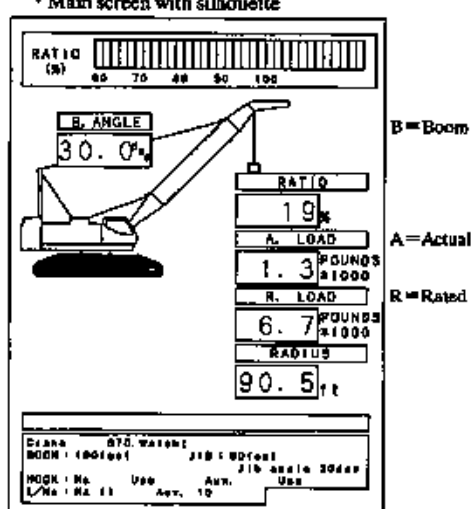
Just after power is supplied, the alarm sounds, but the alarm goes off soon. Then, start operation.

When power is supplied to the controller, the main screen is displayed on the controller as follows.

• Main screen without silhouette (figure)



• Main screen with silhouette

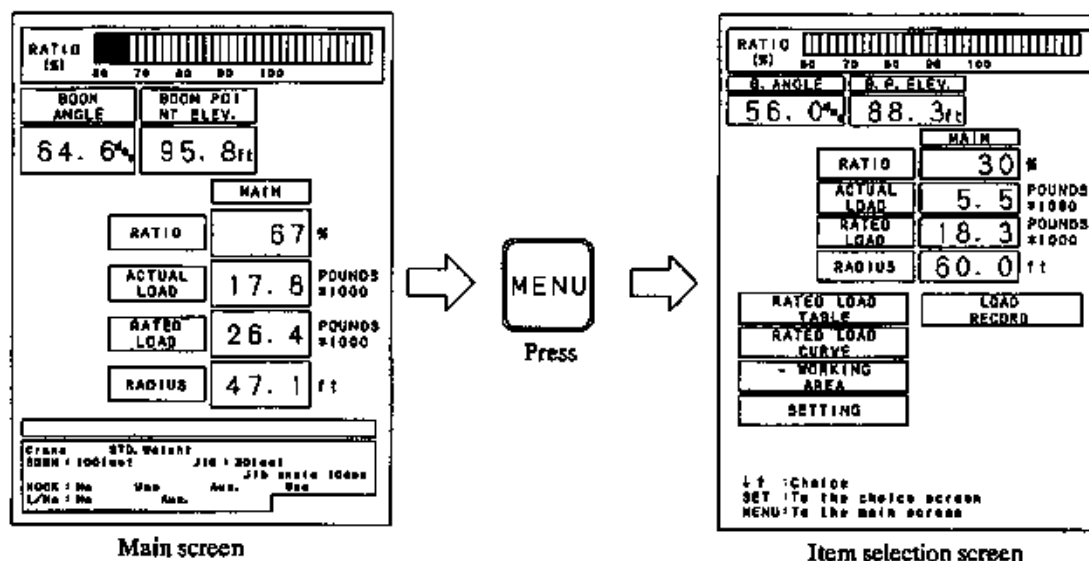


Either of two main screens, main screen with crane silhouette (figure) or without crane silhouette, can be selected with SETTING SCREEN procedure.

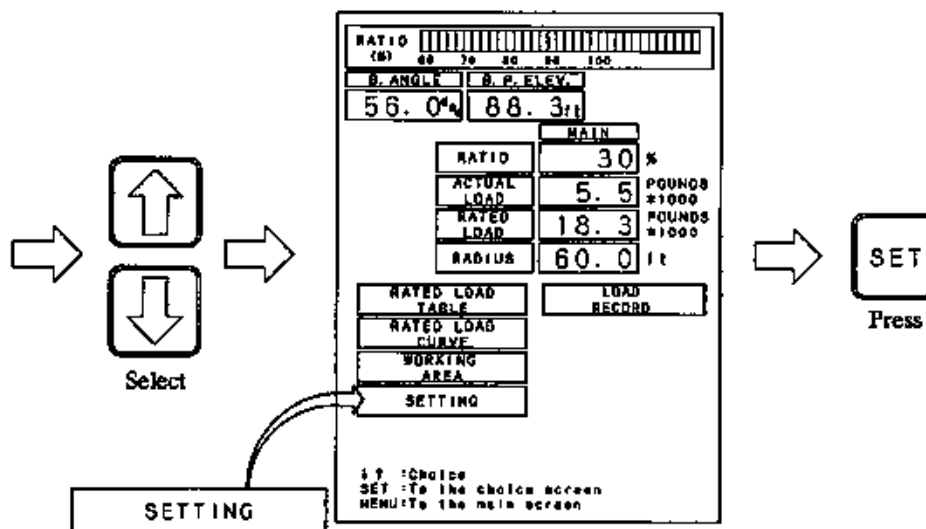
3.5.1 SETTING SCREEN

The controller display patterns can be altered.

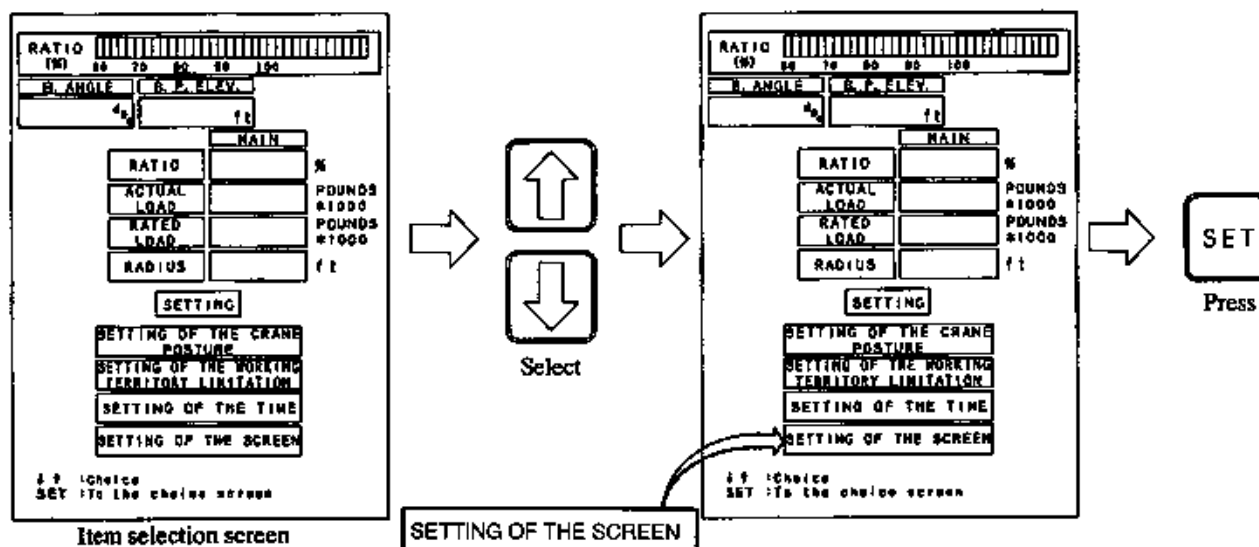
- (1) Press the **MENU** switch while the main screen is displayed. Then, the item selection screen appears.



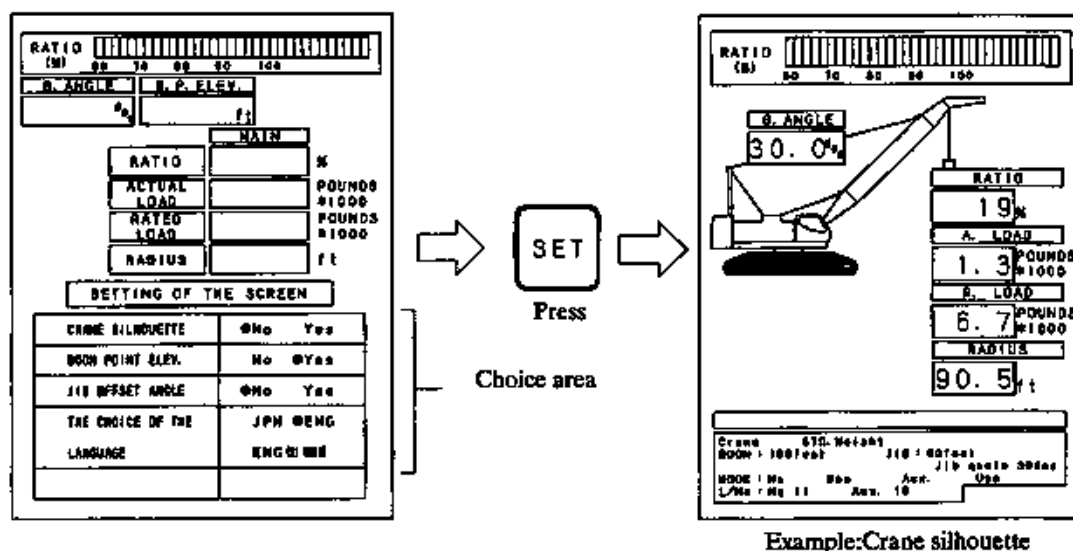
- (2) On the item selection screen, select the "SETTING" with the **↑** and **↓** switches, and press the **SET** switch.



- (3) Next, select the "SETTING OF THE SCREEN" among the items displayed on the screen with the $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ switches, and press the **SET** switch.



- (4) Then, the screen to alter display patterns appears. Select any intended item with the $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ switch, and choose any intended choice between "NO" and "YES", or "JPN" and "ENG" with the $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ switch.



- CRANE SILHOUETTE** Whether the crane silhouette (figure) is displayed or not can be chosen (refer to the next page).
- BOOM POINT ELEV.** Whether the boom point elevation is displayed or not can be chosen.
- JIB OFFSET ANGLE** Luffing jib only.
- THE CHOICE OF THE LANGUAGE** The language used can be switched. For use in the Northern America, choose the "ENG". Choose "ENG (SI UNIT)" for use in the Europe.

* For both of the "BOOM POINT ELEV." and the "JIB OFFSET ANGLE", "YES" cannot be chosen at the same time.

Press the **MENU** switch on the main screen. Then, the item selection screen appears.

When this item is selected, a rated load table is displayed on the lower part of the screen.

When this item is selected, rated load curves and current position are displayed on the lower part of the screen.

When this item is selected, a graph indicating working area is displayed on the lower part of the screen with the working area limit settings reflected.

When this item is selected, the setting screen appears.

RATIO		100	
(%)		80 70 60 50 100	
B. ANGLE	B. P. ELEV.		
56.0°	88.3ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	30	%	
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS	
		*1000	
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS	
		*1000	
RADIUS	60.0	ft	
RATED LOAD TABLE	LOAD RECORD		
RATED LOAD CURVE			
WORKING AREA			
SETTING			
↓ ↑ :Choice SET :To the choice screen MENU:To the main screen			

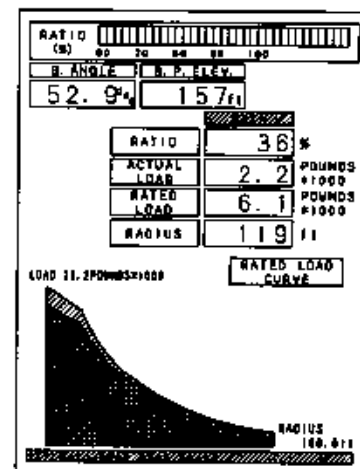
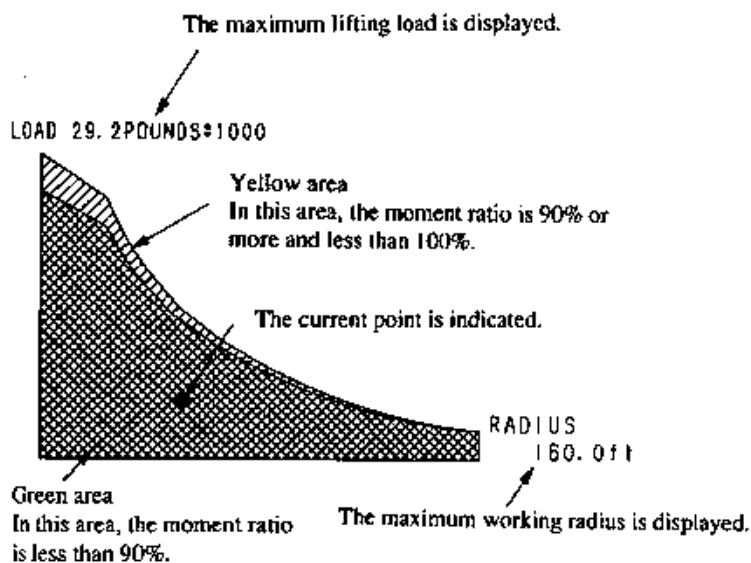
B: Boom
B.P: Boom Point

When this item is selected, any of load statuses recorded in the controller is displayed here.

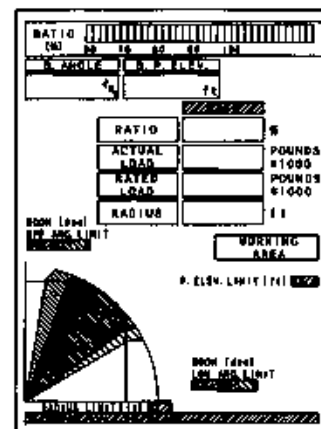
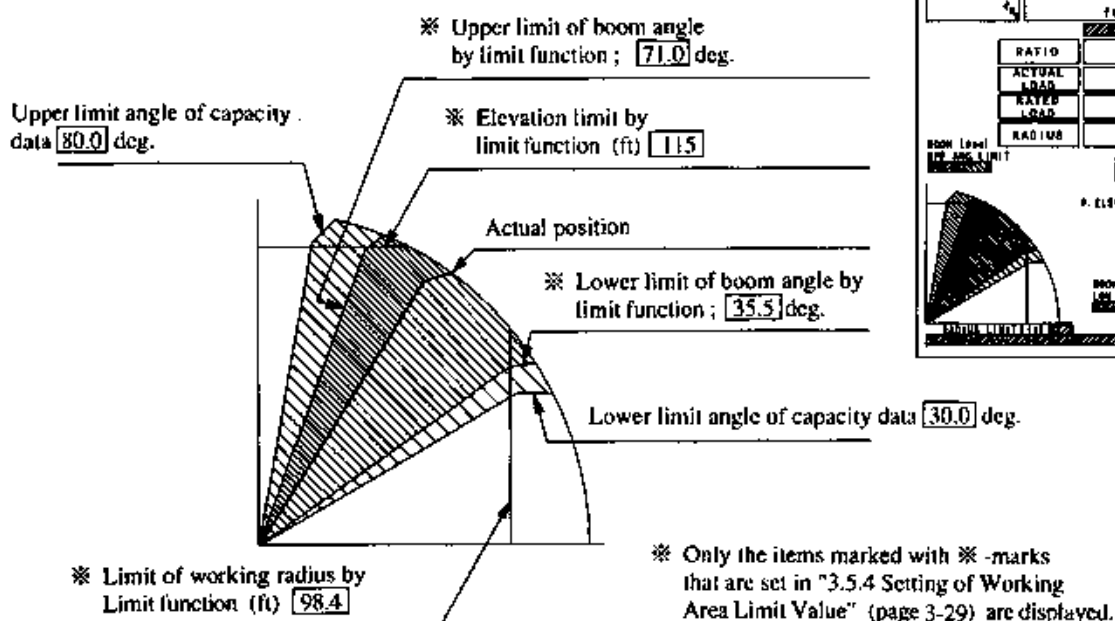
- Screen when the **RATED LOAD TABLE** is selected

RATIO (%)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B. ANGLE		B. P. ELEV.	
52.9°		157ft	
RATIO	36%		
ACTUAL LOAD	2.2 POUNDS #1000		
RATED LOAD	6.1 POUNDS #1000		
RADIUS	119 ft		
RATED LOAD TABLE		ROOM LENGTH 150.0 ft	
RADIUS (ft)	RATED LOAD (POUNDS)	RADIUS (ft)	RATED LOAD (POUNDS)
32.0	29.2	120.0	4.0
36.0	28.1	130.0	4.0
40.0	27.2	140.0	4.1
50.0	25.0	150.0	3.4
60.0	19.3		
70.0	15.2		
80.0	12.3		
90.0	10.2		
100.0	8.5		
110.0	7.1		

- Screen when the **RATED LOAD CURVE** is selected



• Screen when the **A WORKING AREA** is selected



• Screen when the **LOAD RECORD** is selected.

Past load statuses are displayed.

In respect of items such as moment ratio, working radius, boom length, jib length, operation mode (Main/Aux.), and date,

1. Ten records in order of the height of moment ratio
2. Ten records in order of the recentness of date are recorded and displayed.

When the **LOAD RECORD** is selected with the cursor → and the **SET** switch is pressed, ten records are displayed in order of the height of moment ratio.

LOAD RECORD (MAX. VALUE)					
RATIO	RADIUS	BOOM	JIB	MODE	DATE
148	35	100	2	M	2000. 711. 1429
87	43	100	2	H	2000. 711. 1623
56	43	100	2	H	2000. 711. 1623
34	43	100	2	H	2000. 711. 1623
24	43	100	2	H	2000. 711. 1631
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0

When the  or  switch is pressed, ten records are displayed in order of the recentness of date.

RATIO (%)
60
70
80
90
100

B. ANGLE
0

S. P. ELEV.
0

ft

RATIO

ACTUAL LOAD

RATED LOAD

RADIUS

POUNDS $\times 1000$

POUNDS $\times 1000$

ft

%

ft

LOAD RECORD (RECENT VALUE)					P. J. - Next Page	
RATIO	RADIUS	BOOM	JIB	MODE	DATE	
24	43	100	2	N	2000. 711. 1631	
34	43	100	2	N	2000. 711. 1623	
97	43	100	2	N	2000. 711. 1623	
56	43	100	2	N	2000. 711. 1623	
148	95	100	2	N	2000. 713. 1429	
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0	
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0	
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0	
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0	
0	0	0	0		2000. 0 0. 0 0	

3.5.2 SETTING OF THE CRANE CONFIGURATION



DANGER

Always check if the selected crane configuration is correct.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in overturning of crane or damage of crane and may lead to serious injury or loss of life.

Setting of the crane configuration is necessary in order to use the load safety device correctly according to the type of the attachment, boom length, jib length, installation of the auxiliary sheave and type of the hook to be used.

1. Setting

(1) Press the **MENU** switch while the main screen is displayed. Then, the item selection screen appears.

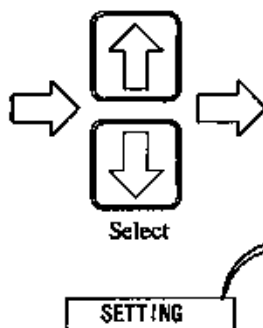
RATIO (IN)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B.OOM ANGLE	B.OOM P.OI NT ELEV.		
64.6%	95.8ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	67%	M	
ACTUAL LOAD	17.8	POUNDS #1000	
RATED LOAD	26.4	POUNDS #1000	
RADIUS	47.1	ft	
Crane STD Model B.OOM: 100ft JIB: 100ft JIB SWL: 10000 L/No: 100 Rev. 1.0			

Main screen

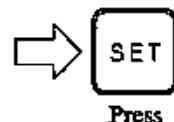


(2) On the item selection screen, select the "SETTING" with the **↑** and **↓** switches, and press the **SET** switch.

RATIO (IN)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B.OOM ANGLE	B.OOM P.OI NT ELEV.		
56.0%	88.3ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	30%	M	
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS #1000	
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS #1000	
RADIUS	60.0	ft	
RATED LOAD TABLE RATED LOAD CURVE WORKING AREA SETTING			
LOAD RECORD SETTING			
SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE SETTING OF THE WORKING TERRITORY LIMITATION SETTING OF THE TIME SETTING OF THE SCREEN			

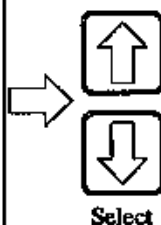


RATIO (IN)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B.OOM ANGLE	B.OOM P.OI NT ELEV.		
56.0%	88.3ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	30%	M	
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS #1000	
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS #1000	
RADIUS	60.0	ft	
RATED LOAD TABLE RATED LOAD CURVE WORKING AREA SETTING			
LOAD RECORD SETTING			
SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE SETTING OF THE WORKING TERRITORY LIMITATION SETTING OF THE TIME SETTING OF THE SCREEN			



(3) Next, select the "SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE" among the items displayed on the screen with the **↑** and **↓** switches, and press the **SET** switch.

RATIO (IN)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B.OOM ANGLE	B.OOM P.OI NT ELEV.		
56.0%	88.3ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	30%	M	
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS #1000	
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS #1000	
RADIUS	60.0	ft	
RATED LOAD TABLE RATED LOAD CURVE WORKING AREA SETTING			
LOAD RECORD SETTING			
SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE SETTING OF THE WORKING TERRITORY LIMITATION SETTING OF THE TIME SETTING OF THE SCREEN			



RATIO (IN)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B.OOM ANGLE	B.OOM P.OI NT ELEV.		
56.0%	88.3ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	30%	M	
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS #1000	
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS #1000	
RADIUS	60.0	ft	
RATED LOAD TABLE RATED LOAD CURVE WORKING AREA SETTING			
LOAD RECORD SETTING			
SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE SETTING OF THE WORKING TERRITORY LIMITATION SETTING OF THE TIME SETTING OF THE SCREEN			



RATIO (IN)		00 20 40 60 80 100	
B.OOM ANGLE	B.OOM P.OI NT ELEV.		
56.0%	88.3ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	30%	M	
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS #1000	
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS #1000	
RADIUS	60.0	ft	
RATED LOAD TABLE RATED LOAD CURVE WORKING AREA SETTING			
LOAD RECORD SETTING			
SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE SETTING OF THE WORKING TERRITORY LIMITATION SETTING OF THE TIME SETTING OF THE SCREEN			

SETTING OF THE CRANE POSTURE

NOTE: In case of error occurred

After all the settings are complete, corresponding data is searched.

When no corresponding data is found :

Error messages are displayed and buzzer sounds are issued. Press the **SET** or **MENU** switch to reset the error status. Then, re-check the installed attachment, and retry setting.

The screenshot shows a control interface for a crane. At the top, there is a 'RATIO (%)' scale from 00 to 100. Below it are two input fields: 'R. ANGLE' and 'R. P. ELEV.'. A 'MAIN' button is located in the center. Below the 'MAIN' button are four rows of data: 'RATIO', 'ACTUAL LOAD', 'RATED LOAD', and 'RADIUS', each with a corresponding value field and a unit (%, POUNDS #1000, POUNDS #1000, and ft respectively). At the bottom, there is a 'SETTLEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF PART LINE' section with a 'MAIN' button and a value of '2'. A large blacked-out area is present below the 'MAIN' button. At the very bottom, there is a legend: '↑ ↓ : Rotate', '← → : Increase or Decrease', and 'SET : Setting completion'.

There are no applicable crane data.
Push SET if you set it up again. Push MENU if it
is stopped.

The screen automatically returns to the main screen, and the settings are displayed on the lower part of the screen.

(4) For setting hereafter, follow the instructions displayed on the item selection screen.

The items to be selected comprise the boom length, type of attachment, jib type, jib offset angle, main hook, auxiliary hook, and number of the parts of line of wire rope on hook blocks.

[Example of setting]

- Select of attachment : Crane
- Boom length : 30.5 m
- Jib type : With auxiliary sheave
- Number of the parts of line of wire rope : Main hook = 4, Auxiliary hook = 1

Select in order of number 1) to 6)

1) Boom length selection screen is displayed.

Select "100 feet (30.5 m)".

NOTE

Small numbers displayed on the lower left part of the screen indicate the LMI code. Ignore this code, since it has no relation to the operation of controller.

First screen

2) Jib type selection screen is displayed. Select "Aux. sheave".

- 3) Jib offset angle selection screen is displayed. Select "Un-use", since the machine is not equipped with the jib.

Ratio (N) 00 20 40 60 80 100

R. ANGLE 0° R. P. ELEV. 10°

MAIN

RATIO		%
ACTUAL LOAD		POUNDS *1000
RATED LOAD		POUNDS *1000
RADIUS		ft

Choose the jib offset angle.

Un-use

100deg

30deg

Select Un-use

SET Press

- 4) Main hook selection screen is displayed. Select "Use".

Ratio (N) 00 20 40 60 80 100

R. ANGLE 0° R. P. ELEV. 10°

MAIN

RATIO		%
ACTUAL LOAD		POUNDS *1000
RATED LOAD		POUNDS *1000
RADIUS		ft

Choose a main hook.

Un-use

Use

Select Use

SET Press

- 5) Auxiliary hook selection. Select "Use".

Ratio (N) 00 20 40 60 80 100

R. ANGLE 0° R. P. ELEV. 10°

MAIN

RATIO		%
ACTUAL LOAD		POUNDS *1000
RATED LOAD		POUNDS *1000
RADIUS		ft

Choose a main hook.

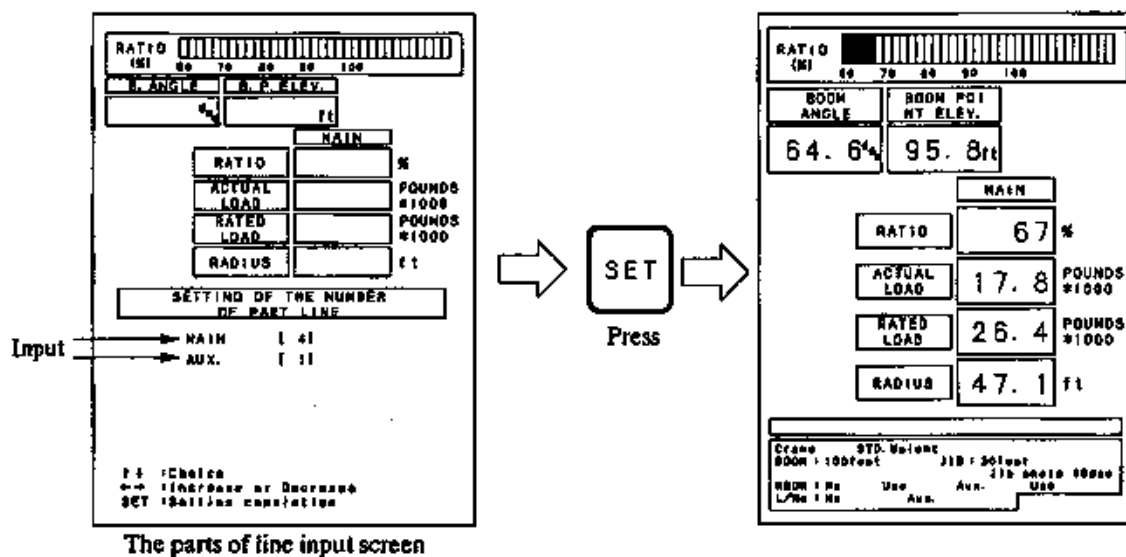
Un-use

Use

Select Use

SET Press

- 6) Lastly, the number of part line input selection. Enter "4" for the main hook, and "1" for the auxiliary hook. Only the parts of line of wire rope on the hook for which "Use" is selected is displayed.



Check the settings

After all the settings and input are complete, the screen automatically returns to the main screen, and the settings are displayed on the lower part of the screen. Check the settings.

3.5.3 SELECTION OF MAIN/AUX LIFTING



DANGER

Always check if the selected crane configuration is correct.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in overturning of crane or damage of crane and may lead to serious injury or loss of life.

If the machine is equipped with the main hook (front drum) and aux hook (rear drum) together, be sure to select either of the main (front drum) or the aux (rear drum) according to the hook to be used, and to select the capacity.

Selecting procedure is as follows:

By pushing switch  on the controller, select the lifting. Press and hold the  switch for three seconds or longer. Every pushing toggles the mode of the main lifting and aux lifting alternately.

	MAIN	← MAIN/AUX.indicator
RATIO	30	%
ACTUAL LOAD	5.5	POUNDS *1000
RATED LOAD	18.3	POUNDS *1000
RADIUS	60.0	ft

3.5.4 SETTING OF WORKING AREA LIMIT VALUE

When working inside a building or in a narrow place, the sphere in which the machine can be operated can be set as desired in addition to the rated range specified by the Load Safety Device. (Function to limit the working area)

Working area limit value can be set for the boom upper and lower limit angles, maximum load, maximum working radius, and maximum point height. For the items other than the maximum load, forecast point and warning point (stop point) can be set individually. If only the warning point (stop point) is set, a forecast is provided at the specified position (refer to the table shown below).

When the boom reaches the forecast point, intermittent buzzer sounds are issued. When the boom reaches the warning point (stop point), continuous buzzer sounds are issued, and the boom is automatically stopped if it is operated in the dangerous direction. Both of intermittent buzzer sounds and continuous buzzer sounds are issued only when the control lever is operated toward the dangerous direction. They are not issued when the lever is set to the neutral position (or the boom is operated in the safe direction), even if the boom reaches the forecast or warning point.

By this setting, contacting accidents of the boom and etc. due to careless mistake during operation can be prevented.

Working Area Limit Value possible to be set.

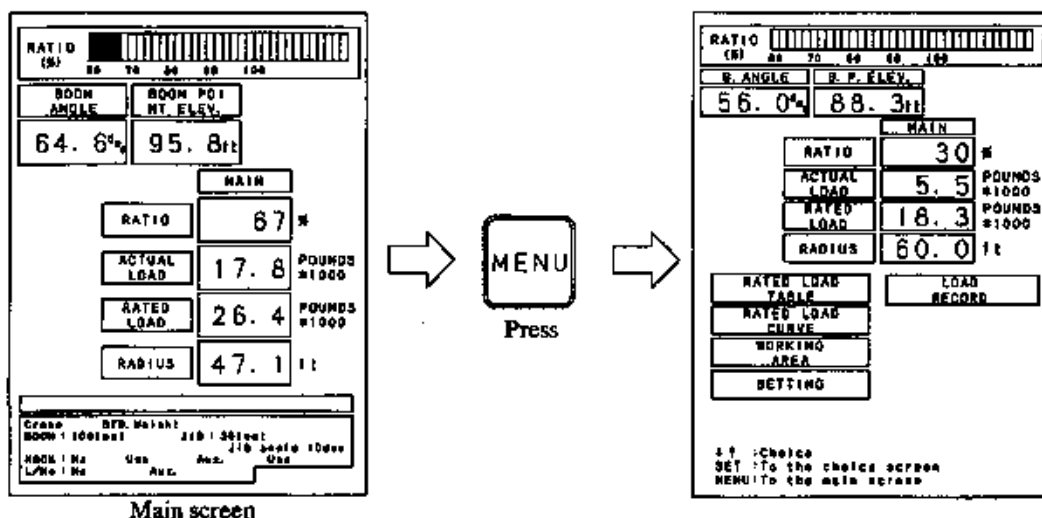
Symbol	Working Area Limit	Setting Unit	Forecast Point
A	Limit value of upper and lower limit boom or tower boom angle	Setting on 1 degrees of unit	5 degrees before limit value (When forecast point is not set)
B	Limit value of lifting load (Main•Aux.)	Setting on 1 pound×1000 of unit	90%
C	Limit value of operating radius (Main•Aux.)	Setting on 1 feet of unit	1 foot before limit value (When forecast point is not set)
D	Limit value of point height	Setting on 1 feet of unit	1 foot before limit value (When forecast point is not set)

Plural settings of above A through D are possible simultaneously. The value set once is memorized until it is changed even by turning power off.

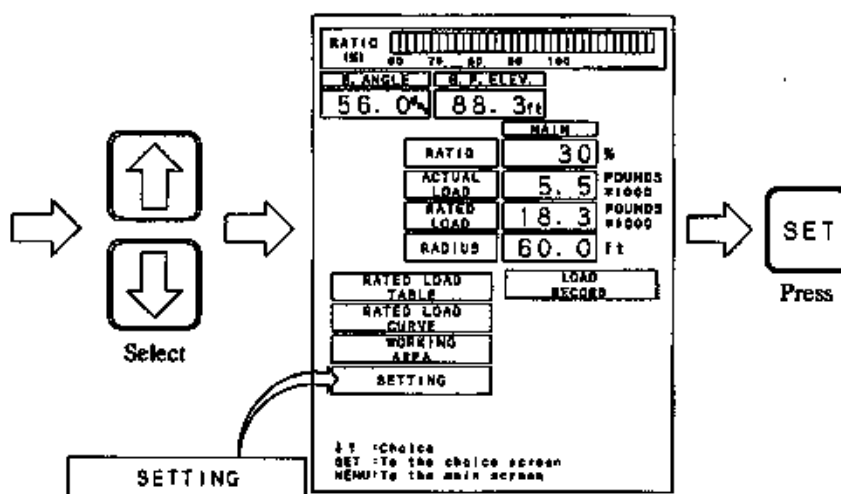
The intermittent alarm is issued before reaching the limit value, and when operation exceeds the limit value, continuous alarm sounds, and operation is automatically stopped.

1. Setting

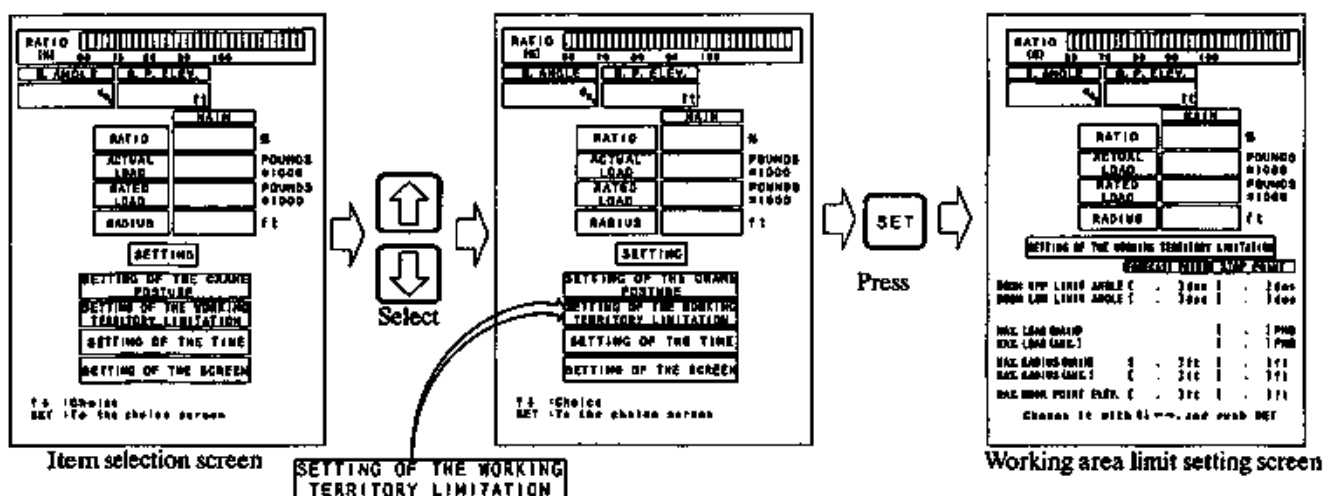
(1) Press the **MENU** switch while the main screen is displayed. Then, the item selection screen appears.



(2) On the item selection screen, select the "SETTING" with the $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ switches, and press the **SET** switch.



(3) Next, select the "SETTING OF THE WORKING TERRITORY LIMITATION" among the items displayed on the screen with the $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ switches, and press the **SET** switch. The working area limit setting screen is displayed.



Two types of input methods are available for entering numerical characters; teaching method and increase/decrease method. To enter numerical characters, move the boom to the point to be limited in advance. In this status, move the cursor (light blue) onto the intended limit item, and press the **SET** switch. The numerical characters on the cursor indicate the current boom position. If the displayed numerical characters are acceptable, press the **SET** switch (teaching method).

If you need to change the displayed value further, increase or decrease it with the $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ switch until the desired value is obtained, and press the **SET** switch (increase/decrease method).

The functions of the limit items set as shown above will be effective.

- The maximum point height cannot be set for the main and auxiliary hoist modes individually. In the main hoist mode, the limit function is activated when the boom tip reaches the set point. In the auxiliary hoist mode, it is activated when the jib (or auxiliary sheave) tip reaches the set point.
- When inputting limit load values, only the increase/decrease method is available.

[Forecast point and warning point (stop point)]

For the items that both of forecast point and warning point (stop point) can be set, the forecast point must be set to the side safer than the warning point (stop point). Failure to observe this rule during setting will lead to the display of warning messages and rejection of set values. In such a case, retry setting.

[When canceling input halfway]

Canceling is possible just after the cursor is moved onto the item intended and the "SET" switch is pressed. Press the "MENU" switch. Then, the screen returns to the previous one, and you can retry input from the beginning.

[When limit function is not used]

If "0.0" is input for a limit item, the limit function for the item will not work. Thus, input "0.0" for each limit item when you do not need the limit function for it.

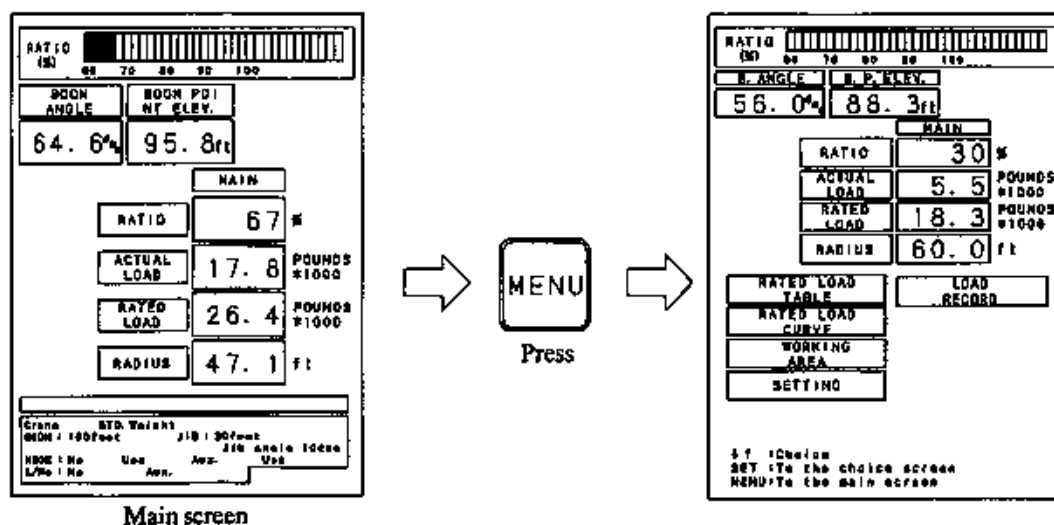
3.5.5 SETTING OF THE TIME

The current time is displayed on the lower right part of the main screen.

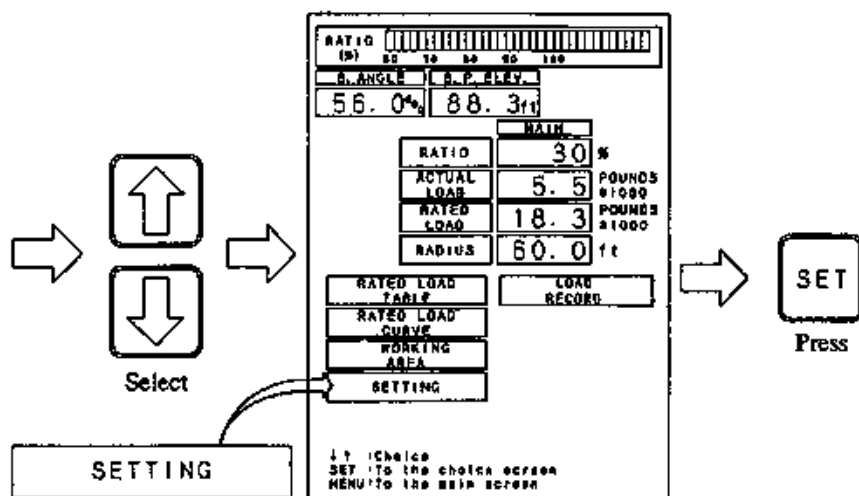
If the displayed time is not correct, adjust it by using the following procedures.

1. Setting Time

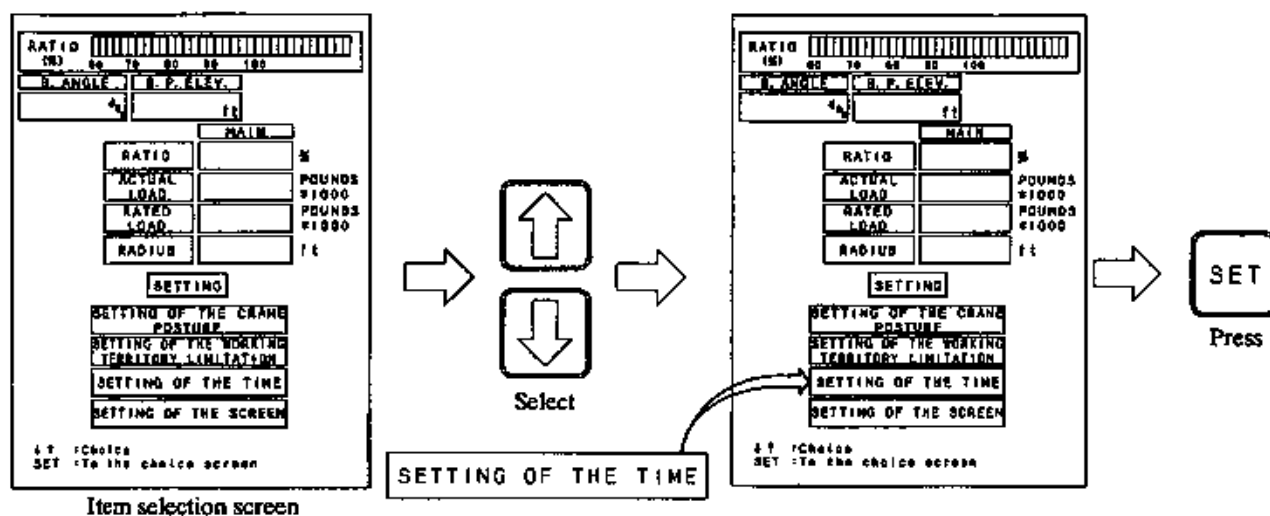
(1) Press the **MENU** switch while the main screen is displayed. Then, the item selection screen appears.



- (2) On the item selection screen, select the "SETTING" with the $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ switches, and press the **SET** switch.

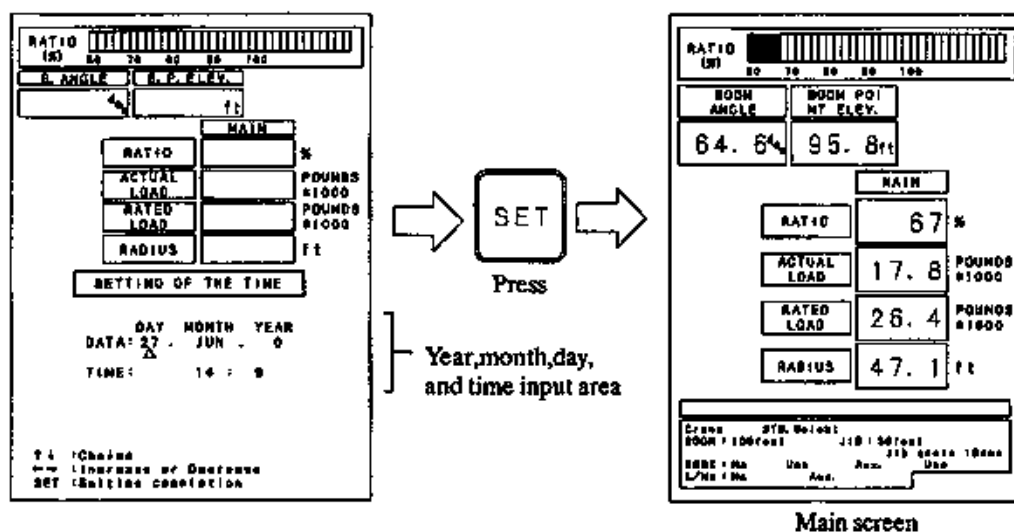


- (3) Next, select the "SETTING OF THE TIME" among the items displayed on the screen with the $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ switches, and press the **SET** switch.



- (4) The time setting screen appears. Select any intended item with the $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ switch, and adjust it with the $\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow$ switch.

After adjusting all the settings, press the **SET** switch to complete the setting.



3.6 WARNING ALARM AND AUTOMATIC STOP

3.6.1 ITEMS OF WARNING ALARM AND AUTOMATIC STOP

When the machine enters respective hazardous condition, the controller issues warning alarm and/or stops the machine automatically as shown in the following table.

When the machine stops automatically, immediately operate the machine to the safer side.

● CRANE

Indication and Stop Hazardous Conditions	Color change in indicator						Code display	Buzzer		Auto-matic stop
	Boom angle	Loading ratio	Actual load	Rated load	Operating radius	Mode		Overload warning buzzer	overhoist warning buzzer	
Loading ratio more than 90%	—	Yellow	—	—	—	—	(24)	Intermittent	—	—
Loading ratio more than 100%	—	Red	—	—	—	—	(5)	Continuous	—	Stop
Main hook block overhoist	—	—	—	—	—	Red in main hoist mode	(17)	—	Continuous*	Stop
Auxiliary hook block overhoist	—	—	—	—	—	Red in aux. hoist mode	(18)	—	Continuous*	Stop
Boom overhoist	Red	—	—	—	—	—	(8)	—	Continuous*	Stop
Boom overhoist (limit)	Red	—	—	—	Red	—	(21)	—	Continuous	Stop
Boom over-lowering	Red	—	—	0.0	Red	—	(7)	continuous	—	Stop

* Only when the lever is operated in the more dangerous direction.

Refer to error code table in page 3-44.

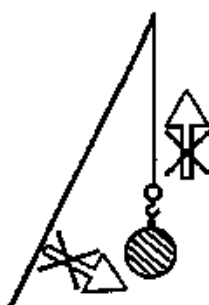
3.6.2 CONTENTS OF AUTOMATIC STOP

When the machine stops automatically due to respective hazardous condition, the machine cannot be operated in the X mark direction in the following figures. Since the direction without the X mark is safer side, the machine can be operated in this direction even without operating the release switch.

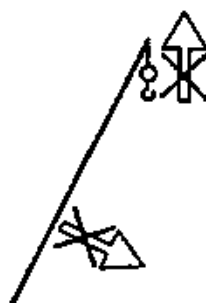
When the machine stops automatically, immediately operate the machine to the safer side.

CRANE OPERATION

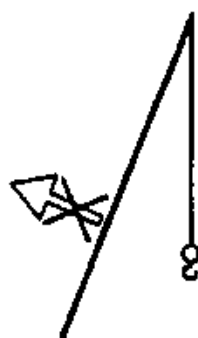
(1) OVERLOAD



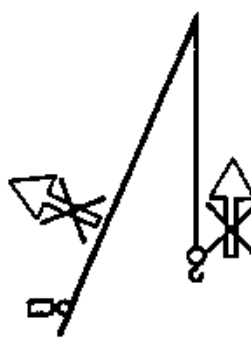
(2) HOOK OVERHOIST
(Anti-two Block)



(3) BOOM OVERHOIST
(Controlled by LMI)



(4) BOOM OVERHOIST
(Controlled by boom overhoist limit switch)

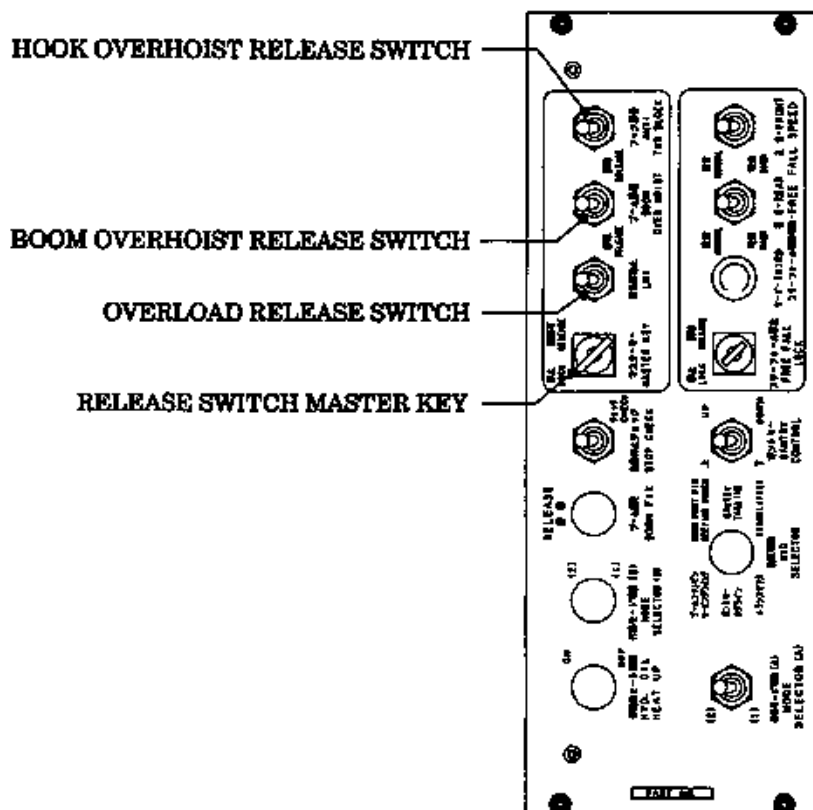


* The stop function will not be actuated while the LMI is in the self removal mode.

Generally, when the boom is overhoisted, the controller of LMI functions to stop boom hoist automatically according to the rating conditions.

Even if the operator tries to raise the boom higher with the boom overhoist release switch, the boom overhoist limit switch located near the boom foot functions and stops the boom hoist at approximately 84.0 degree automatically in this time. The automatic stop in this time cannot be released.

(1) AUTOMATIC STOP RELEASE SWITCH

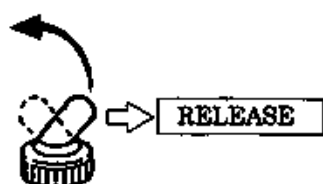


(2) OPERATION OF AUTOMATIC STOP RELEASE SWITCH

Use this switch only when releasing the automatic stop to operate the machine for emergency or maintenance work is required.

• OVERLOAD RELEASE SWITCH (LMI)

Automatic return

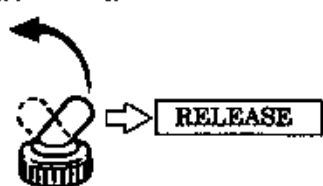


This switch releases the automatic stop function due to overload and when the operating radius exceeds the limit.

By placing the switch in the RELEASE position, the automatic stop is released.

• BOOM OVERHOIST RELEASE SWITCH

Automatic return

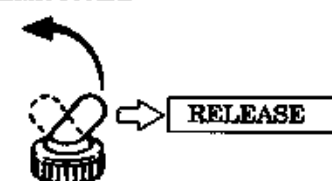


This releases the automatic stop function due to boom overhoist.

By placing the switch in the RELEASE position, the automatic stop is released.

• HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE SWITCH (Anti-two Block)

Automatic return



This switch releases the automatic stop when the hook is overhoisted.

By placing the switch in the RELEASE position, the automatic stop is released.

When releasing the automatic stop function due to overhoist, push and hold the release switch as it is. If released, the switch returns to the neutral position to allow the automatic stop function to operate.

When releasing the automatic stop function, be sure to operate the corresponding release switch.

Even by operating a release switch without relation, the automatic stop function cannot be released.



WARNING

Use the release switch only under necessary circumstances such as disassembling and assembling the machine.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



DANGER

Do not operate crane with keeping the release switches fixed in the RELEASE position.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in overturning and/or serious damage of the crane and leads to serious injury or loss of life.

• RELEASE SWITCH MASTER KEY

禁止 解除可
LOCK RELEASE



マスターキー
MASTER KEY

Release function of automatic stop with "OVERLOAD RELEASE SWITCH", "BOOM OVERHOIST RELEASE SWITCH", and "HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE SWITCH" can be controlled with this key.

This key can be removed when it is at the "LOCK" position.

Release of automatic stop with the release switches is cancelled by turning this key to the "LOCK" position. It becomes possible when the key is turned to the "RELEASE" position.

(3) BOOM LOWERING METHOD AT OUT OF ANGLE

1. When lowering only main boom (boom length is 140 ft or shorter) with aux. sheave (boom length is 140 ft or shorter)

If the boom is equipped with the hook block only, the boom can be lowered onto the ground without stopping.

However, the automatic stop works because of the overhoisted hook when the limit switch weight touches the ground and opens the point of contact in the limit switch.

To lower the boom further, return the control lever to the neutral position, and press the set up mode switch  once for more than 3 (three) seconds.

Then, the SETUP mode is actuated, and boom lowering becomes possible.

2. When lowering only main boom (boom length is 150 ft or longer) with aux. sheave (boom length is 150 ft or longer) and jib.

Lower the boom until it is automatically stopped. When it is stopped, press the boom lowering switch  once for more than 3 (three) seconds.

Then, the boom lowering mode is actuated, automatic stop function is released, and boom lowering becomes possible.

However, when the hook overhoist weight touches the ground, the hook overhoist automatic stop function is actuated.

To lower the boom further, return the control lever to the neutral position, and press the set up switch  once.

Then, the SETUP mode is actuated, and boom lowering becomes possible.

NOTE

When pressing  or  switch, hold it for three seconds or longer.



Screen displayed when the boom is lowered and stopped at the lower limit angle

RATIO (%)		50 70 90 100	
BOOM ANGLE	BOOM POINT ELEV.		
	112ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	---	%	
ACTUAL LOAD	---	POUNDS	#1000
RATED LOAD	0.0	POUNDS	#1000
RADIUS	---	ft	
Crane STD. Weight JIB : Aux. sheave			
MODE : No. 1 Use			
L/No : No. 2 Use			

(7) Boom is lowered too much.

Screen displayed when the  switch is pressed

RATIO (%)		50 70 90 100	
BOOM ANGLE	BOOM POINT ELEV.		
34.3%	112ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	---	%	
ACTUAL LOAD	---	POUNDS	#1000
RATED LOAD	0.0	POUNDS	#1000
RADIUS	161	ft	
Crane STD. Weight JIB : Aux. sheave			
MODE : No. 1 Use			
L/No : No. 2 Use			

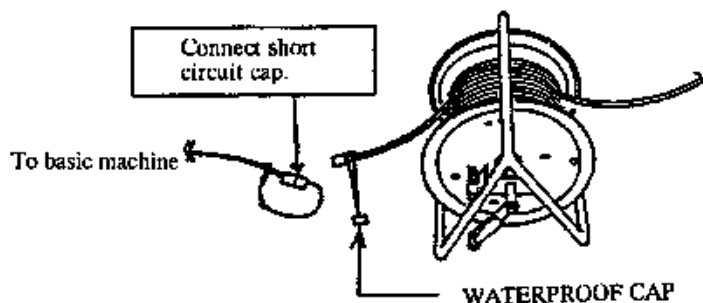
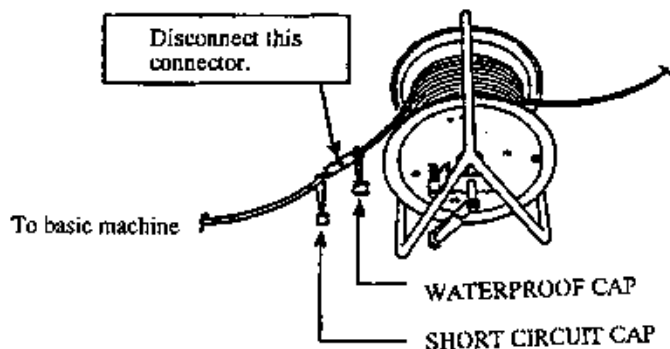
(1) Out of angle

(4) RELEASE OF AUTOMATIC STOP WHEN ASSEMBLING AND DISASSEMBLING THE BOOM

1. Release by Short-circuiting the Cable for the Hook Overhoist Limit Switch

When the cable for the hook overhoist limit switch is not completely connected, the automatic stop function operates. When raising or lowering the boom or when winding the winch wire rope onto the drum in assembling and disassembling work, make the following measures.

Using the short circuit cap, short-circuit the cable for the hook overhoist limit switch in the place of the cable reel for the boom base section.



WARNING

Absolutely do not use the short circuit cap except when disassembling and assembling the basic machine.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious accident and leads to mode serious injury or loss of life.

2. Release by Set up Mode

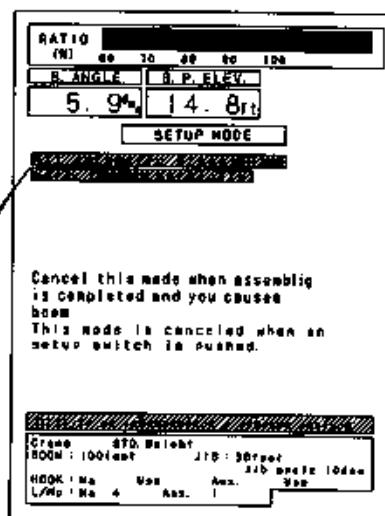
When the attachment is not installed and when the boom angle detector and hook overhoist limit switch cable are not completely connected, the automatic stop function operates.

The load safety device can be entered the SETUP mode by pressing the mode set up switch  once. At this time, the automatic stop and alarm sounds are canceled. However, remember that the automatic stop by the boom overhoist limit switch works. When the load safety device enters the SETUP mode, the boom angle and messages to inform of the SETUP MODE are displayed on the screen.

When the boom is raised after the assembly/disassembly is completed, the mode can be switched to the operation mode by pressing the SETUP switch  once again. If the boom is raised during the SETUP mode, the SETUP mode is automatically switched to the operation mode when the boom angle is 10°.

Therefore, the SETUP mode cannot be actuated while the boom is raised even when the SETUP switch is pushed.

The SETUP mode is cancelled when the power to the controller is shut down. Therefore, press the  switch again to enter the SETUP mode when the power is supplied to the controller.



All automatic stops will not work. Operate carefully.

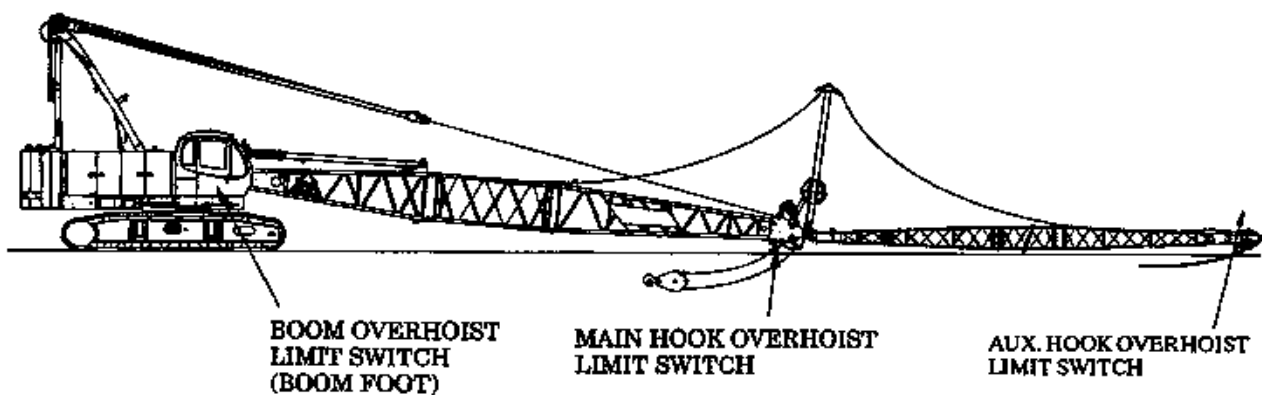
3.7 INSPECTION

3.7.1 INSPECTION BEFORE RAISING THE BOOM AFTER ASSEMBLY OF ATTACHMENT IS COM- PLETED.

After the assembly of attachment is completed, inspect the safety device relation for performance, and confirm that there is no abnormality, then raise the boom.

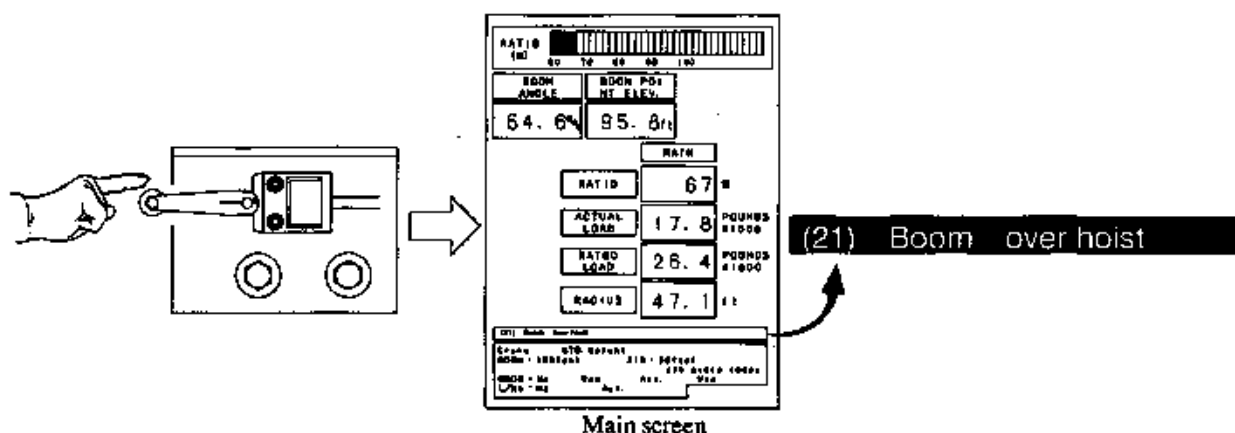
Besides, since sometimes the limit switch may already operate, pull the limit switch once to set to the safe condition, then inspect respectively as follows:

CRANE ATTACHMENT



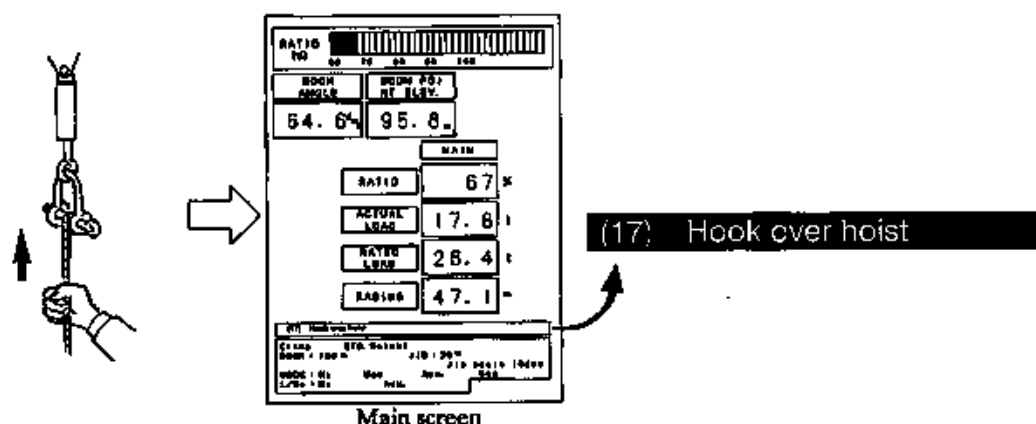
- Inspection of Boom Overhoist Limit Switch

Push the roller of the limit switch with hand, and confirm that the boom angle indicator turns into red, and the message of "(21) Boom over hoist" is displayed in the message display window.



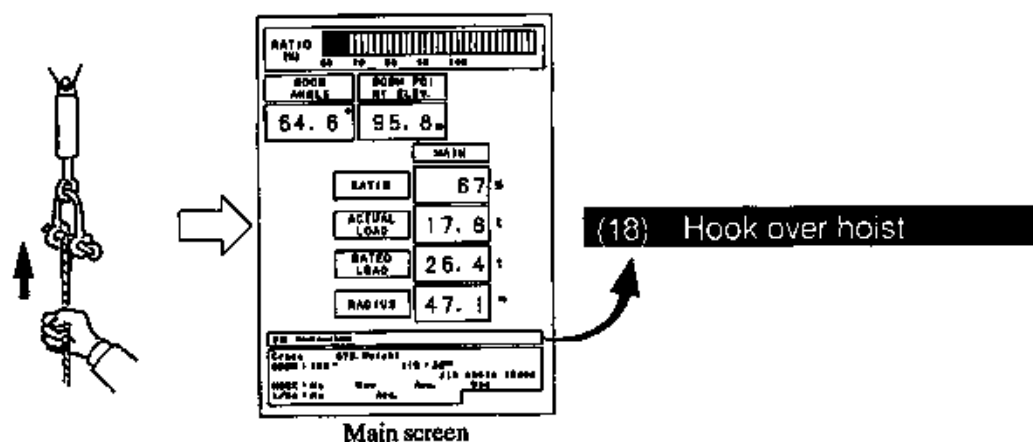
- Inspection of Main Hook Overhoist Limit Switch

Push up the weight lifting rope of the limit switch to confirm that the message of "(17) Hook over hoist" is displayed in the message display window, and pull the rope with hand to confirm that this message disappears.



- Inspection of Auxiliary Hook Overhoist Limit Switch

Push up the weight lifting rope of the limit switch to confirm that the message of "(18) Hook over hoist" is displayed in the message display window, and pull the rope with hand to confirm that this message disappears.



- Check of the load safety device with controller

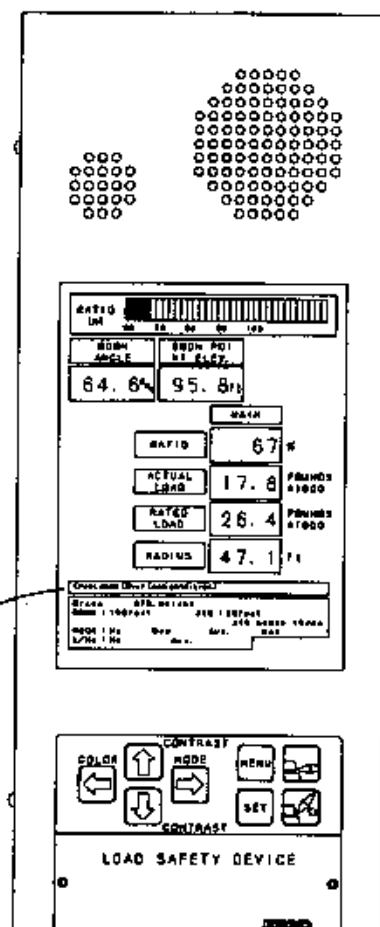
If it is difficult to check the automatic stop function in case of overload by lifting a load actually, the function can be checked with the LMI controller.

Access the main screen, and press and hold the **SET** switch. Then, the device simulates the overload status and the automatic stop function is actuated (LMI check mode).

In this status, ensure that the hoisting of the hook blocks and the lowering of the boom are impossible.

The LMI check mode is started when approx. three seconds have passed after the **SET** switch is pressed, and the mode continues until the switch is released. The message of "Check mode (over load condition)" is displayed on the screen during the LMI check mode.

Check mode (Over load condition)



3.7.2 INSPECTION AFTER ERECTING THE ATTACHMENT

Operate the machine up to the respective hazardous condition, and confirm the boom overhoist automatic stop/warning alarm functions and indications of the controller have no abnormality. The automatic stop angle of the boom in the overhoist side is shown in the following table. Besides, the automatic stop angle in the over-lowering side varies according to the boom length.

Classification	Kind of Overhoist	Classification of Stop	Automatic Stop Angle
Crane	Boom overhoist	LMI Controller	About 82.0 degrees
		Limit switch	84 degrees

* Angle of automatic stop by LMI depends on the conditions such as boom length and jib length.

3.8 CAUTION FOR HANDLING THE LOAD SAFETY DEVICE

(1) WELDING WORK

Avoid damage of the controller and other electrical parts from a high electric current by welding work to the machine. When welding work to the machine, stop the engine, and turn the key switch to the OFF position and also disconnect the battery cable to be more complete.

(2) OBSTRUCTION OF ELECTRIC WAVE (JAMMING)

When a broadcasting station is near and when the machine is subjected to jamming, consult your local KOBELCO distributor.

(3) OBSTRUCTION OF STATIC ELECTRICITY

If the surface of the controller is rubbed with a dry nylon cloth, etc. strongly, static electricity is generated. Static electricity has a bad effect on the controller. Do not rub strongly.

Note: Refer to page 1-6 "Required Clearances for Operation Near High Voltage Power Line".

3.9 INDICATION OF ERRORS AND REMEDY

When an error is detected, the message is indicated on the message display window.

When an error code is indicated, the machine stops automatically, and the buzzer sounds. However, releasing by operating the overload release switch is possible.

Error Message Table

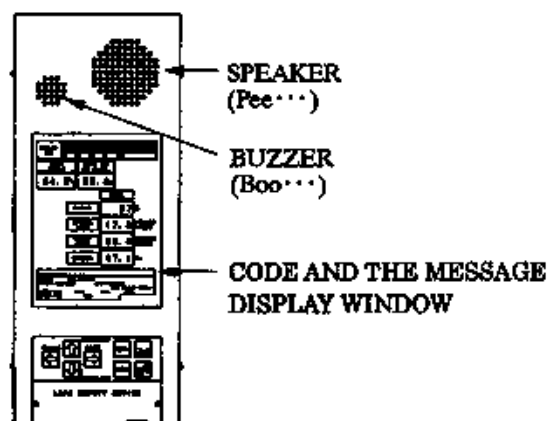
Malfunction	Error Code and the Message	Buzzer	Remedy
Crane configuration	(34) Code setup error	Boo-	Reset crane configuration.
Adjustment data value	(35) Adjustment data are unusual. Adjust it again.	Pee	Adjust again.
Load detector (Crane)	(36) The trouble of the load cell for the boom (1).	Boo-	Replace load detector or cable.
Boom angle detector	(44) The trouble of the boom base angle sensor	Boo-	Replace boom angle detector or cable.
Inside data	(49) Inside memory trouble	Pee	Replace controller.
Outside data	(50) Data card trouble	Pee	Reset or replace memory card.
CPU Abnormality	(51) C.P.U. trouble	Pee	Replace controller.
Abnormality in communication with total controller	(57) Communication unusual	—	Check communication line. Replace total controller or LMI.

Note : When boom angle detector is replaced, the controller should be adjusted.

Ask your nearest KOBELCO distributor for the controller adjustment.

3.10 INDICATION OF MESSAGE AND ALARM

Note that the machine is not malfunctioned when messages shown below are displayed depending on the conditions of the crane. These messages disappear when the control lever is operated to the safer side.



Message Table

Code and the Message	Buzzer	Display conditions (machine statuses)
(1) Out of angle.	Pee-	Out of capacity set range
(2) Stop by the hook overhoist is canceled.	—	The hook overhoist automatic stop release switch is actuated.
(3) Stop by the boom/jib overhoist is canceled.	—	The boom overhoist automatic stop release switch is actuated.
(4) Stop by the overload is canceled.	—	Overload status is canceled.
(5) Overload condition.	Boo-	The loading ratio exceeds the specified level.
(7) Boom is lowered too much.	Boo-	The boom is out of the maximum working radius area.
(8) Boom is raised too much.	Pee-	The boom is out of the minimum working radius area.
(17) Hook overhoist.	Pee-	The main hook overhoist limit switch is actuated.
(18) Hook overhoist.	Pee-	The aux. hook overhoist limit switch is actuated.
(21) Boom overhoist.	Pee-	The boom overhoist limit switch is actuated.
(24) Overload forecast.	Boo, boo-	Loading ratio is 90% or more, and lower than the specified level.
(25) Reached the setup value of the load limitation.	Boo-	Lifting load exceeds the lifting load limit value set by operator.
(26) Reached 90% of the load limitation value.	Boo, boo-	Lifting load exceeds 90% of the lifting load limit value set by operator.
(27) Boom angle reached upper limitation value.	Pee-	The boom reaches the boom angle upper limit point (stop point) set by operator.
(28) Boom angle reached lower limitation value.	Pee-	The boom reaches the boom angle lower limit point (stop point) set by operator.
(31) Working radius reached limitation value.	Pee-	The boom reaches the working radius limit point (stop point) set by operator.
(32) Boom point elevation reached limitation value.	Pee-	The boom reaches the boom height limit point (stop point) set by operator.

3.11 CONFIRMATION OF FUNCTION FOR LOAD SAFETY DEVICE

The load safety device should be checked with following items at least once a year.

1. Indication of operating radius
 - 1) Lower the boom and stop it within allowable working range.
 - 2) Measure the actual operating radius, and be sure to check correct indication of operating radius on the controller.
2. Indication of actual load
 - 1) Lift a known weight (load).
 - 2) Be sure to check the reading of actual load on the controller with total load for correct indication.

The total load should be weight of load being lifted, weight of hook block and weight of lifting device.

The total safety device should be adjusted when the discrepancy of indication exceeds the allowable range.
Ask your nearest KOBELCO distributor for the controller adjustment.

4. UNLOADING/LOADING THE BASIC MACHINE

This section covers the basic machine unloading from and loading on a transport trailer, with the condition of the basic machine of which the counterweight has been removed and the gantry and crawlers have been set to the transport positions (retracted positions).

Confirm the following items before entering the actual work.

(1) PLACE

The ground must be level and firm, and improve the ground as required.

(2) WORKING PROCEDURE AND PREARRANGEMENT FOR SAFETY

Before working, all concerned must gather, make prearrangement for procedure and safety, and make precise role and responsibility of each person.

(3) PREOPERATION CHECKS

Perform preoperation checks of the basic machine.

- (4) When transporting, install the short circuit cap of the hook overhoist cable to release the hook overhoist. Be sure to remove the short circuit cap when operating the machine.



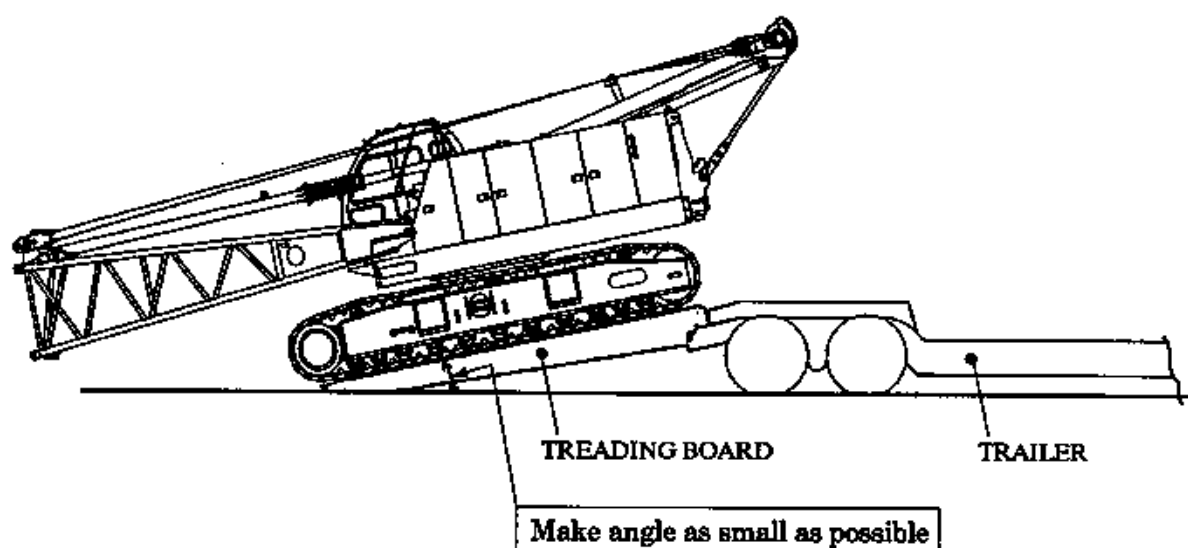
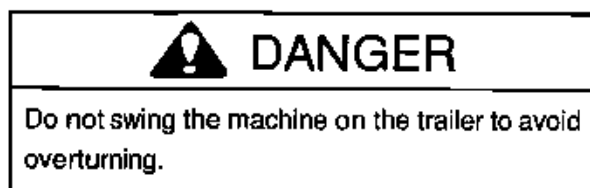
DANGER

- Disassembly and assembly work requires cooperation among workers. It is therefore essential to nominate a supervisor and to make thorough arrangements beforehand as to signals, so as to avoid any possible misunderstandings.
- Do not stand under any part of the crane or jib. Do not handle boom or jib sections with chains, hooks or wire ropes attached directly to chords or lacings. This can cause structural damage which can result in collapse of the section under load.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

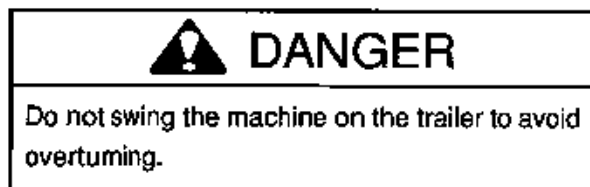
4.1 UNLOADING THE BASIC MACHINE FROM THE TRAILER

- (1) After confirming the ground condition of a place where the basic machine is unloaded, stop the trailer.
- (2) Using treading boards, unload the machine with the drive sprocket to the rear.

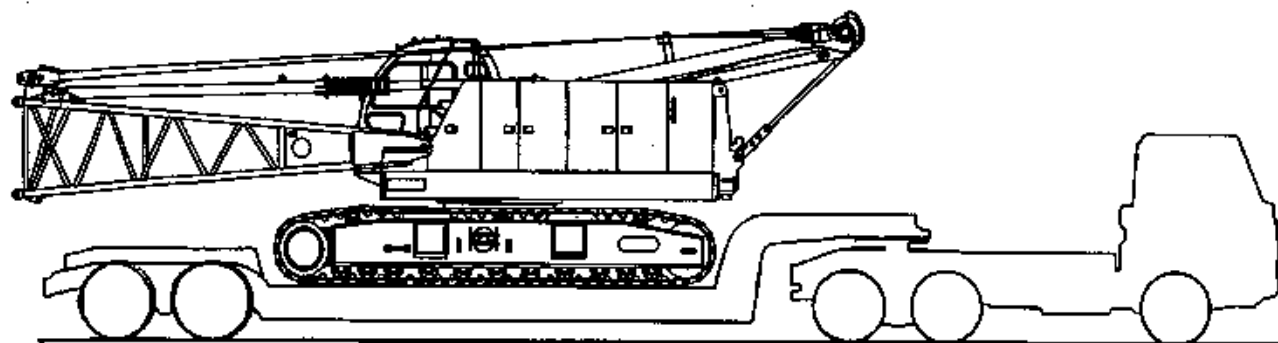


4.2 SWING LOADING THE MACHINE ON A TRAILER

- (1) Swing the upper so that the upper becomes parallel with the crawlers, insert the swing lock pin, and engage the swing brake.
- (2) Using treading boards, load the machine with the sprockets to the rear on a trailer.



- (3) Secure the basic machine to the trailer.



5. ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY OF BASIC MACHINE

This section covers extending and retracting the crawlers, erecting and lowering the gantry, and installation and removal of the counterweight.

Before starting actual work, confirm the following items.

(1) PLACE

- 1) The ground must be level and firm. Improve ground condition as required, and place sheet plates of iron.
- 2) There must be adequate room to set an assisting crane and to allow free passage of vehicles.

(2) WORKING PROCEDURE AND PREVIOUS ARRANGEMENT FOR SAFETY

Before assembling work, gather all concerned to make previous arrangement for the working procedure and safety, and make precise role and responsibility of each person.

(3) PREOPERATION CHECKS

Perform the preoperation checks for the basic machine.

When assembling, coat the all pins with grease.

NOTE

Since both safe and efficient operation are required of the operator, this section and the sections on controls and operation and Safe Operating Practices in the beginning of this manual should be studied before operating this machine.

Before actually rigging the machine, certain preparations should be made. They include the following:

1. Perform daily maintenance checks as specified in the section on Preventive Maintenance of this manual.
2. Determine the area to perform rigging operation considering that the boom must be hoisted directly in front of or behind the undercarriage.
3. Before dismantling or assembling the crane, remove any obstacles from the work area. Surround the work area with barricades in order to keep out unauthorized personnel, and allow space for vehicles carrying materials necessary for assembly to come and go freely.
4. When using an assisting crane, use a crane of sufficient lifting capacity and use suitable slings.

5.1 EXTENDING/RETRACTING THE CRAWLERS



WARNING

Be sure to confirm that people and obstacles are kept away from the area where the crawler is being extended.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

When extending and retracting the crawlers, perform the operation in the following conditions:

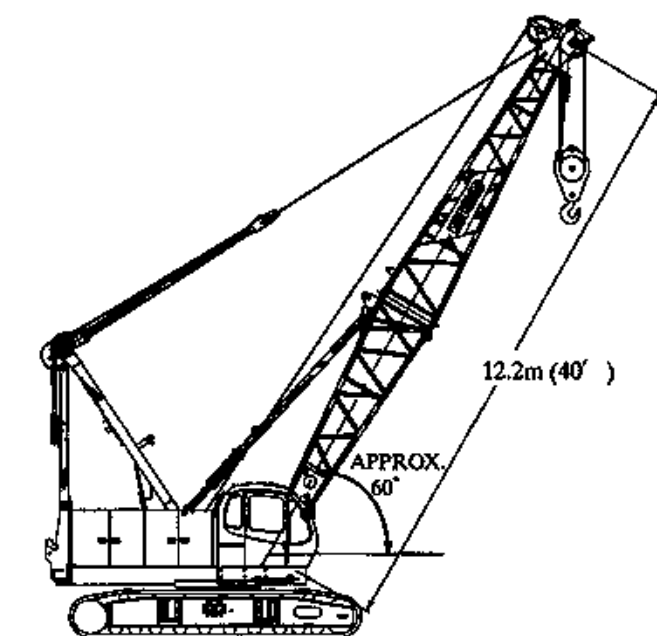
Without counterweight

Boom length ---- less than 12.2 m (40 ft)

Boom angle ----- approx. 60°

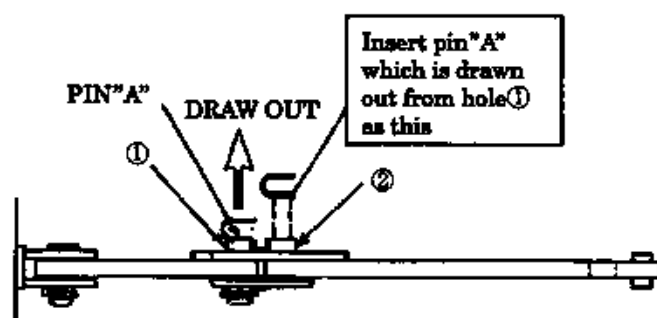
Before operating extending and retracting work, sufficiently clean the axles and extension axles, and coat the insert sections with grease.

If they are covered with mud, sometimes extending and retracting work cannot be operated normally.

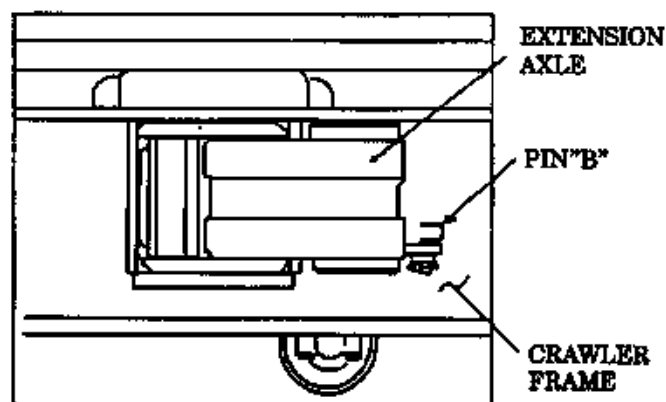


5.1.1 EXTENDING THE CRAWLERS

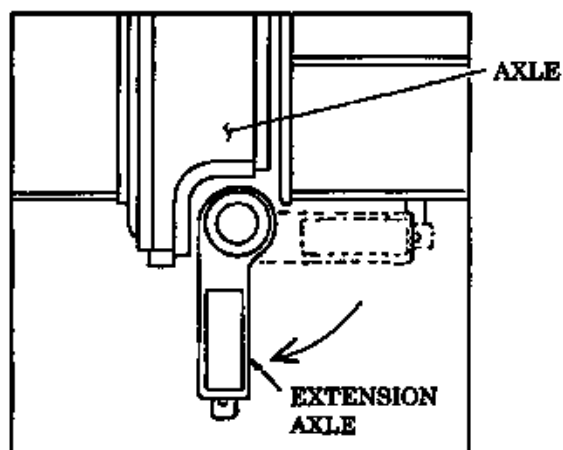
- (1) Draw pins "A", which connect the crawler and the axles, out from holes ①, and insert them into link holes ②.



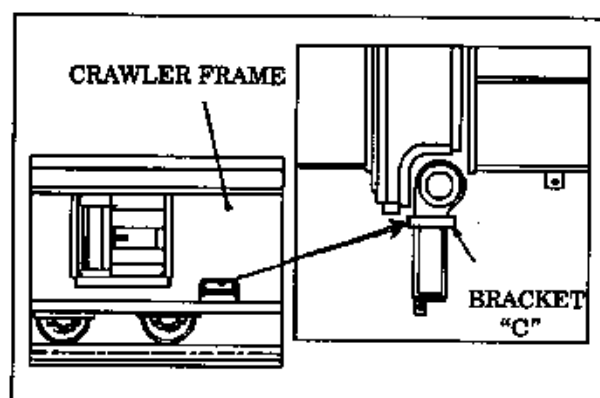
- (2) Draw pins "B", which fix the extension axles to the crawler frame, out (all four pins).



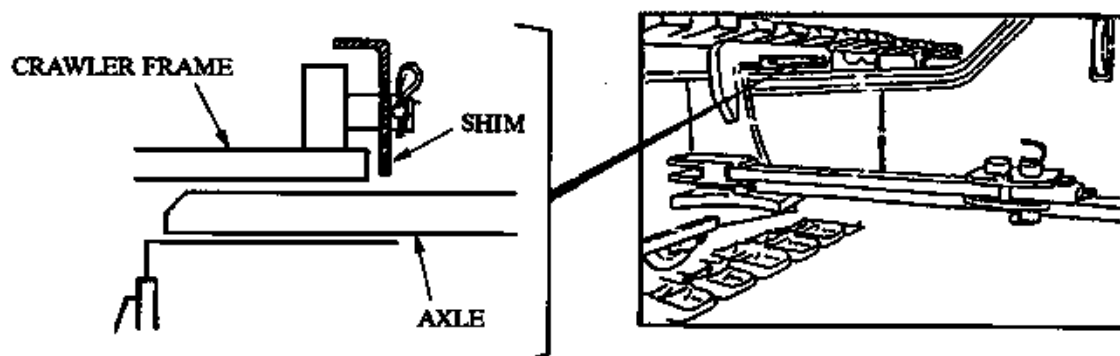
- (3) Turn the four extension axles by 90 degrees toward the outside so that they are parallel with the axles.



- (4) Remove lock brackets "C" for the extension axles from the crawler frame and insert them into the foot side of extension axles.



- (5) Remove the shims for adjusting the clearance between the crawlers and axles.



- (6) Turn the upper slowly so that the upper is at right angle to the crawlers. At this time, turn the upper so that the front of the upper (operator's room) comes to the crawler side which is desired to be extended.



WARNING

Be sure to confirm the machine stability to avoid machine from overturning.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

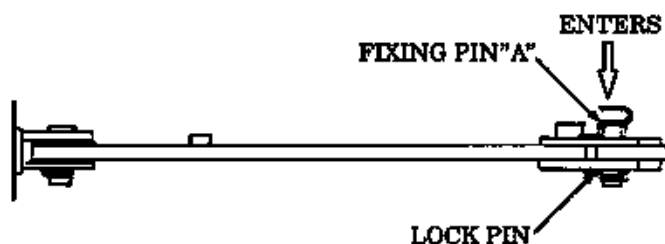
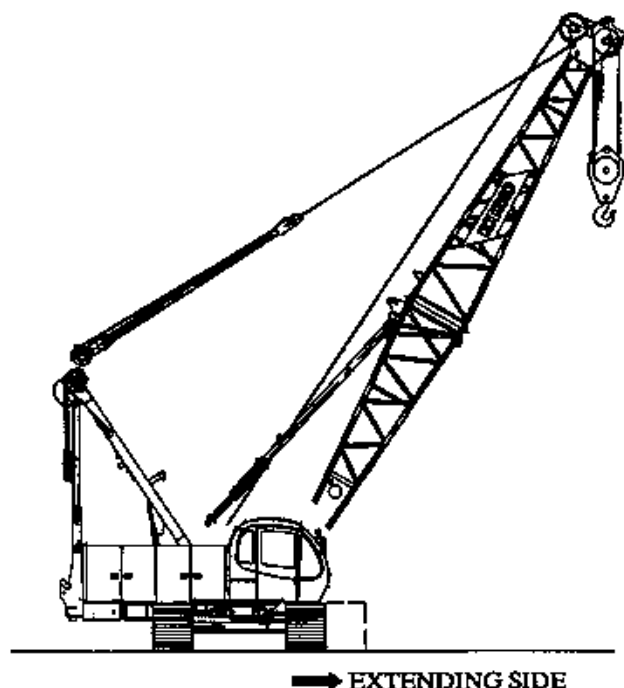
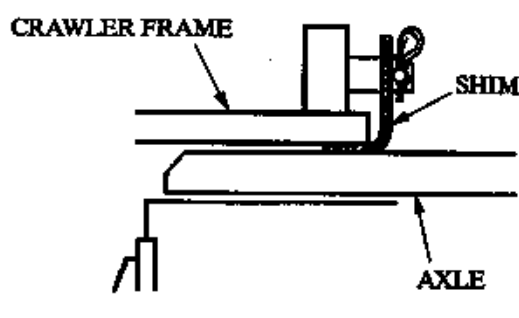
- (7) After confirming that there is no obstacle in the crawler extending side, operate the crawler extending/retracting control levers to the EXTENDING side to extend the crawler. If the crawler is not smoothly extended, while moving the crawler a little forward and backward, extend the crawler. When the crawler is extended to the extended position, fixing pins "A" enter automatically.

Insert the lock pins into fixing pins "A".

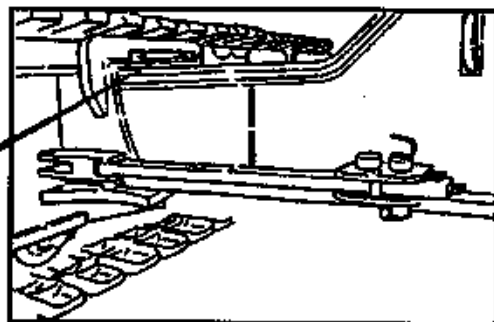
- (8) Turn the upper by 180°, and extend the other crawler in the same way.

- (9) Turn the upper so that the clearance between the crawler and the axles becomes large, and install the clearance adjusting shims.

As the shims are stamped with numbers, install the shims so that the numbers coincide with the numbers of the frame sides.



- (10) Install pins "B" to the tip ends of the extension axles.



5.1.2 RETRACTING THE CRAWLER



WARNING

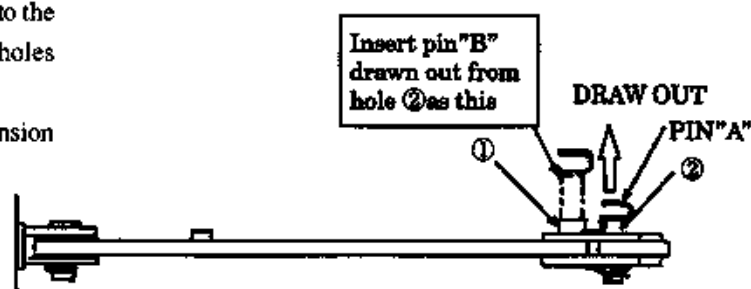
Do not retract crawler without moving counterweight.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

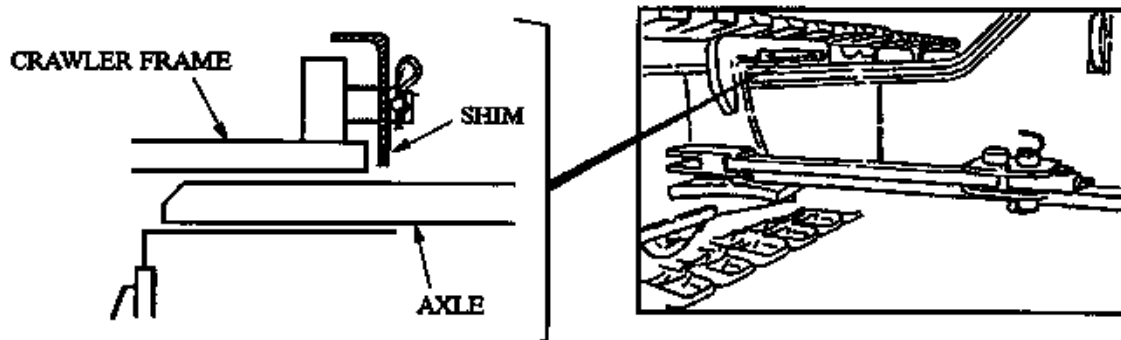
(1) Remove the counterweight

Draw out pins "A" which connect the crawlers to the axles from hole ②, and insert them into link holes ①.

Remove pins "B" from the tip ends of the extension axles.



(2) Remove the shims for adjusting the clearance between the crawlers and axles.



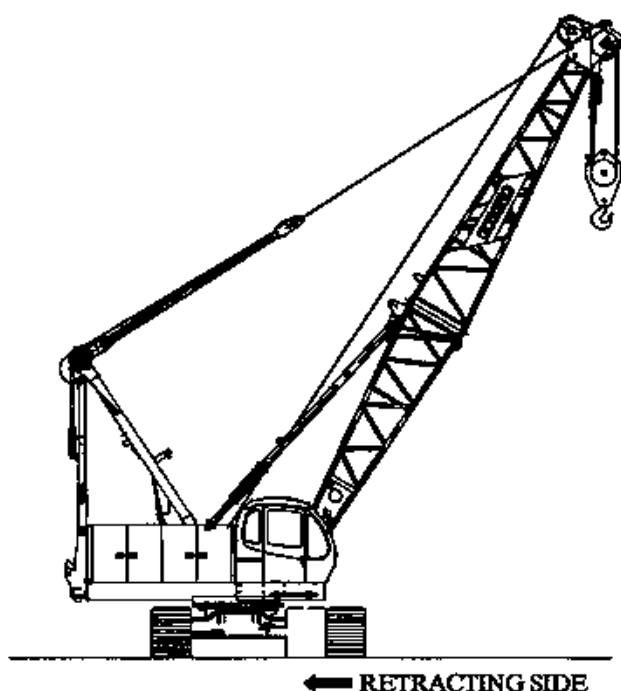
(3) Slowly turn the upper so that the upper becomes right angle to the crawlers. At this time, turn the upper so that the front of the upper (operator's room side) comes to the side of the crawler which is desired to be retracted.



WARNING

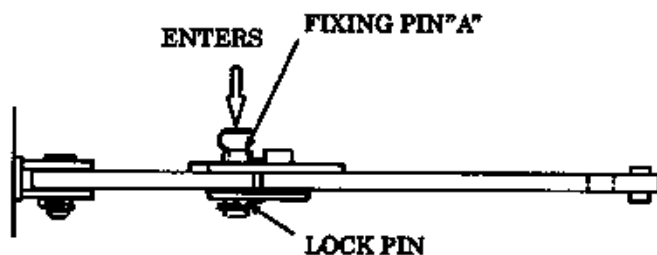
Be sure to confirm the machine stability to avoid machine from overturning.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

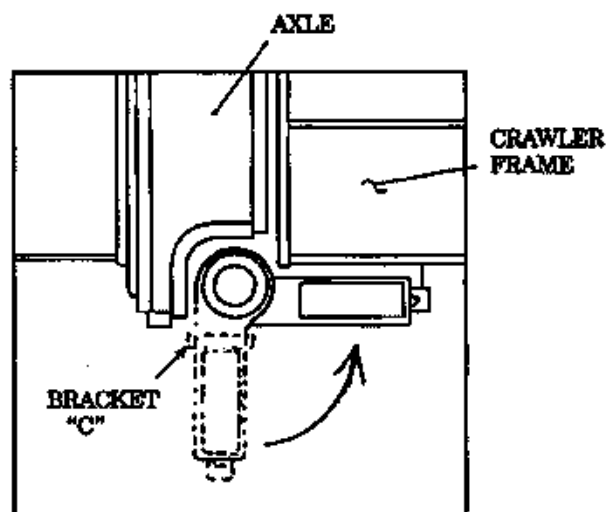


- (4) After confirming that there is no obstacle in the crawler retracting side, operate the crawler extending/retracting control lever to the RETRACT side to retract the crawlers. If the crawlers are not smoothly retracted, move the crawler in the retracting side forward and backward a little to retract it. When the crawlers are retracted to the retracting position, fixing pins "A" enter automatically.

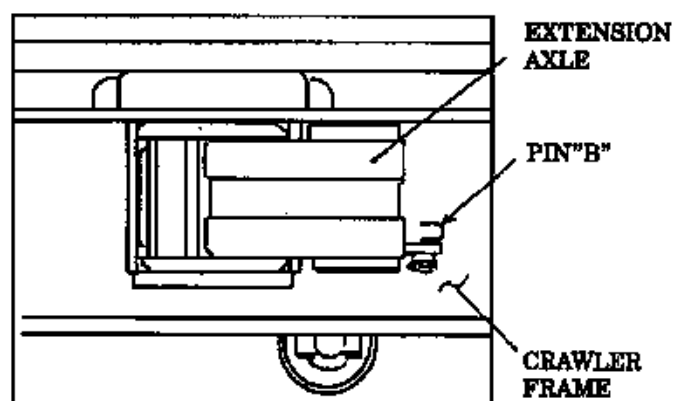
Insert the lock pins into fixing pins "A".



- (5) Turn the upper by 180 degrees, and retract the other side crawler in the same way, too.
- (6) Remove lock brackets "C" from the foot of the extension axles, and move them to the crawler frame.



- (7) Turn all four extension axles by 90 degrees to the inside so that the extension axles are at right angle to the axles.
- (8) Fix the extension axles and crawler frames with pins "B".



- (9) Turn the upper by 180 degrees, and retract the other side crawler in the same way, too.

5.2 ERECTING/LOWERING THE GANTRY



CAUTION

Boom should be placed on the ground and no load on boom hoist line when raising or lowering the gantry.

5.2.1 ERECTING THE GANTRY

Erect the gantry to change the machine condition from the transport posture to the working posture.

- (1) Detach the pin "A", fixing the tension bar to the revolving frame, and remove the tension bar.
- (2) Then, turn the link of the tension bar by 180°, and fix the link to the tension bar with the fixing pin "A" (link storage position).
- (3) Place the gantry control switch in the UP position (outside). The gantry is pushed up with the cylinders.



CAUTION

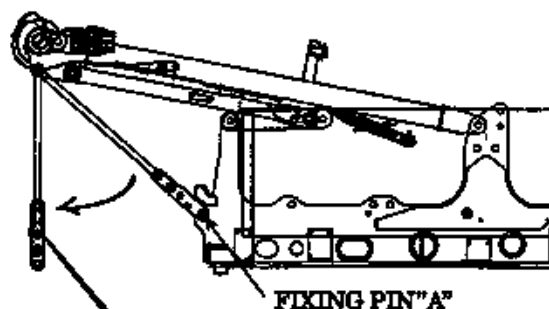
Do not operate gantry control switch during crane operation or when boom hoist line is loaded.

- (4) When the gantry is raised to the working position, insert fixing pins "B" and secure them with the spring pins.
- (5) Turn the link stopper attached to the gantry, fit it to the link-side pin.
- (6) Detach the pin "C" and retract the gantry cylinder.

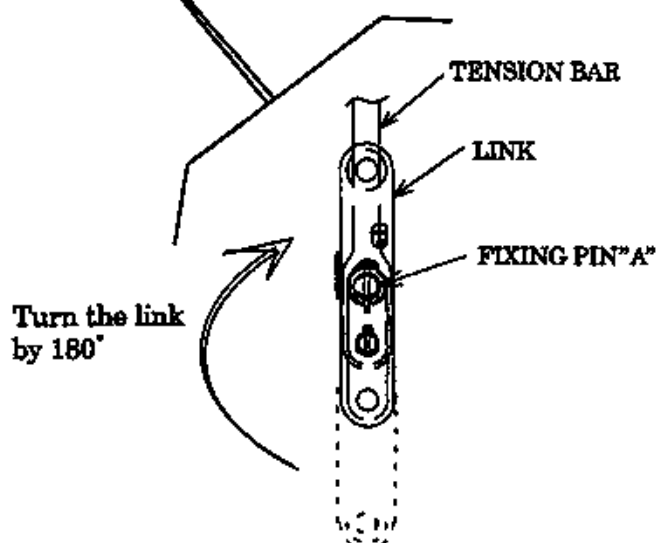


DANGER

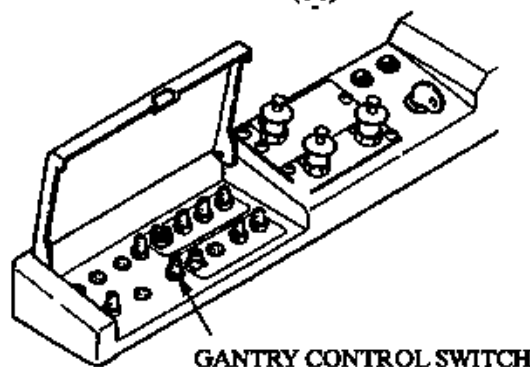
Do not raise the gantry by using the boom hoist wire rope or the aux. crane.
The gantry may suddenly drop at the moment that the fixing pin is removed to lower the gantry.



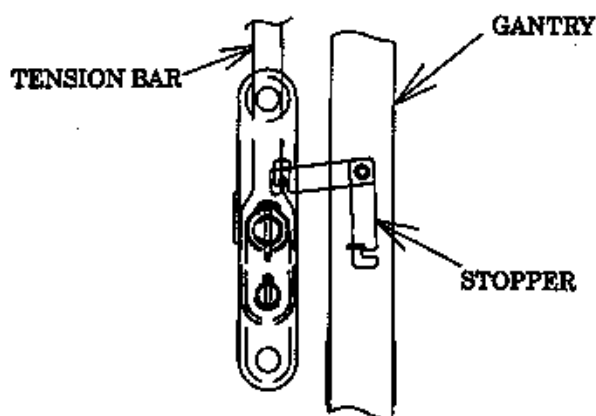
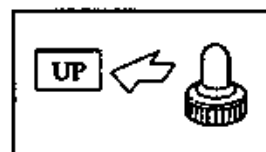
FIXING PIN "A"



Turn the link by 180°



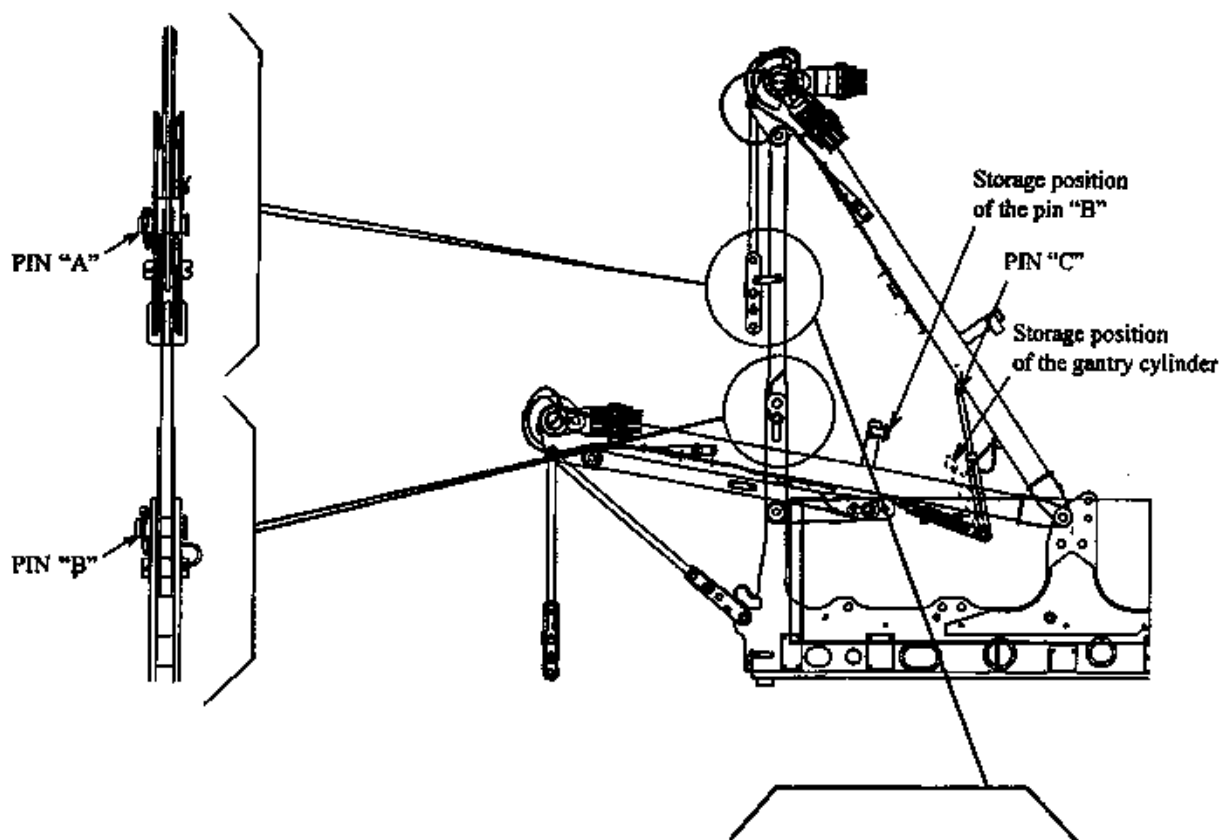
GANTRY CONTROL SWITCH



TENSION BAR

GANTRY

STOPPER

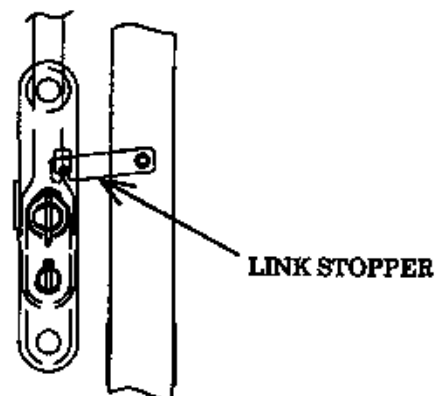


5.2.2 LOWERING THE GANTRY

- (1) Connect the gantry cylinder to the "working position", and securely support the gantry with the gantry cylinder.
- (2) Store the link stopper, and remove the gantry fixing pin "B".

 DANGER
Do not stand under the gantry when raising or lowering the gantry. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (3) Place the gantry control switch in the DOWN position (inside) to lower the gantry.
- (4) Insert gantry fixing pins "B" into the storage position.
- (5) Turn the link, and connect the tension bar to the revolving frame to fix the gantry.



5.3 INSTALLATION, REMOVAL OF THE COUNTERWEIGHT (WHEN USING THE AUXILIARY CRANE)

The counterweight of this machine is composed of two sections.

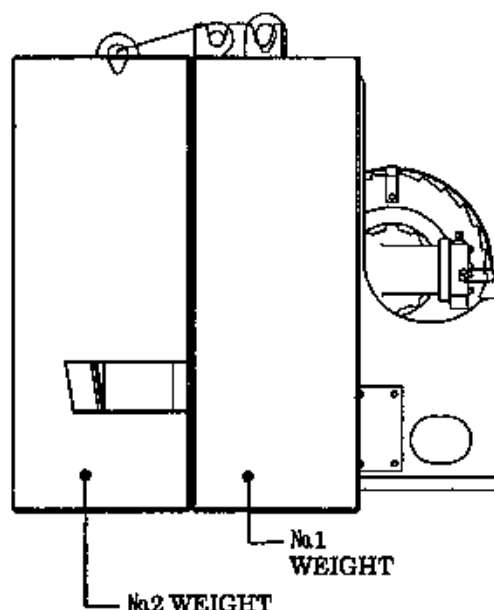
Remove the counterweight at transportation.

Never use the weight which is not specified.

The mounting bolts of the counterweight must be tightened securely enough and not to come loose.

WEIGHT OF EACH SECTION

Section	Weight kg (lbs)
No. 1 Weight	12,400 (27,342)
No. 2 Weight	12,500 (27,562)
Carbody weight	3,340 (7,360) × 2



5.3.1 INSTALLATION OF THE COUNTERWEIGHT

Prior to installation, check the following points of the basic machine.

- ① Gantry must be in the operating position.
- ② The basic machine is placed on the leveled and firm ground.
- ③ The crawlers are in the operating position.

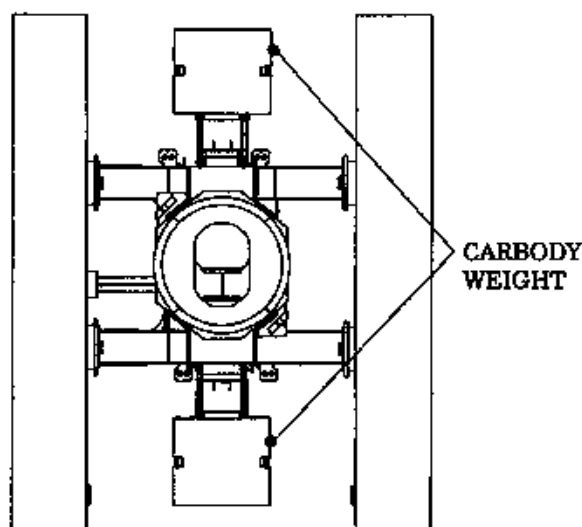


WARNING

Make sure machine is in stability range during swing and propel (refer to chapter 9) to avoid machine turn-over.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious accident.

(Tool) : • One set of attached tools.

- Assisting crane (25 ton class)
- Lifting wire rope
25 mm (1 inch) dia × 8m (26 ft) 2sets



NOTE

The counterweight can be installed or removed without the assisting crane by using the counter weight self removal device.

(1) Installation of No.1 weight.

- 1) Install the lifting shackle to the lifting bracket of No.1 weight and lift it with the assisting crane.

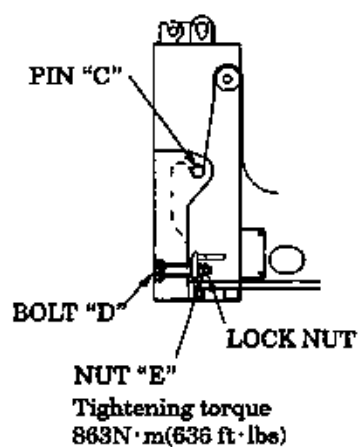
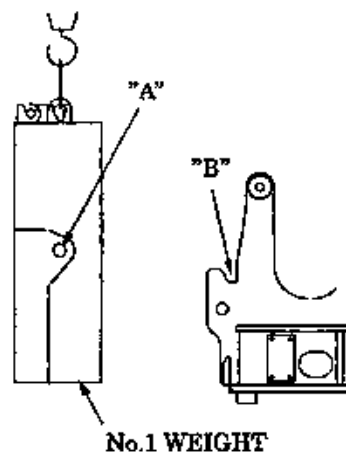


DANGER

Do not stand under lifted counterweight or between counterweight and the basic machine to avoid accident of drop or being caught. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- 2) Place the pin "A" of the No.1 weight onto the "B" of the machine.
- 3) Pass the bolt "D" through the No.1 weight, and fix the No.1 weight to the frame with the nut "E". Then, lock it with the lock nut.

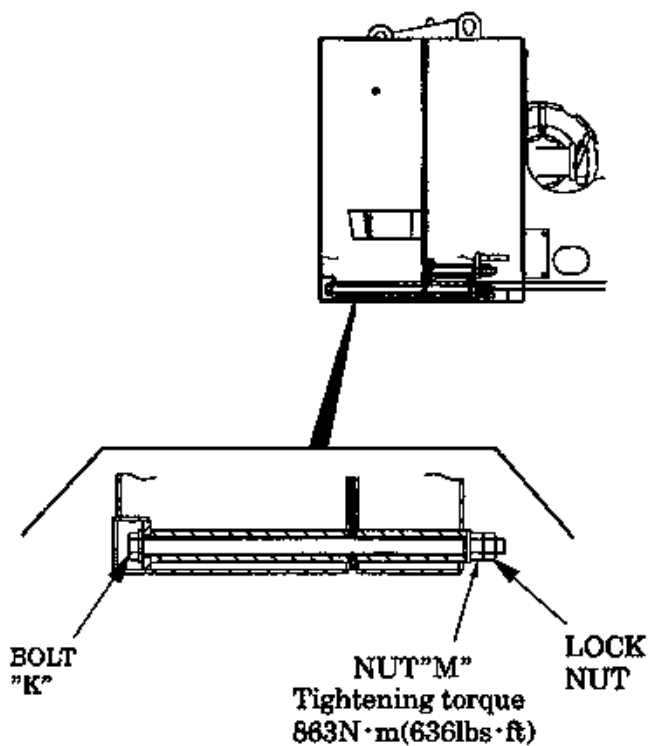
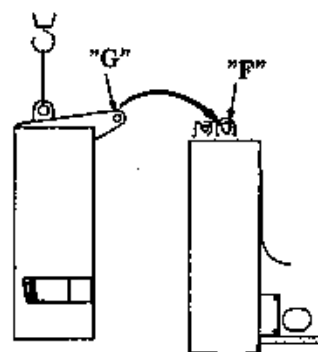
Tightening torque: 863 N·m (636 lbs·ft)



(2) Installation of No.2 weight.

- 1) Lift No.2 weight with the assisting crane.
- 2) Align the portion "F" of the No.1 weight with the portion "G" of the No.2 weight, and attach the No.2 weight to the back of the No.2 weight.
- 3) Pass the bolt "K" through the weights, and fix all of them with the nut "M". Then, lock it with the lock nut.

Tightening torque: 863 N·m (636 lbs·ft)



5.3.2 REMOVAL OF THE COUNTERWEIGHT

(1) Remove the No.2 weight.

- 1) Loosen the nut "M" and pull out the bolt "K".



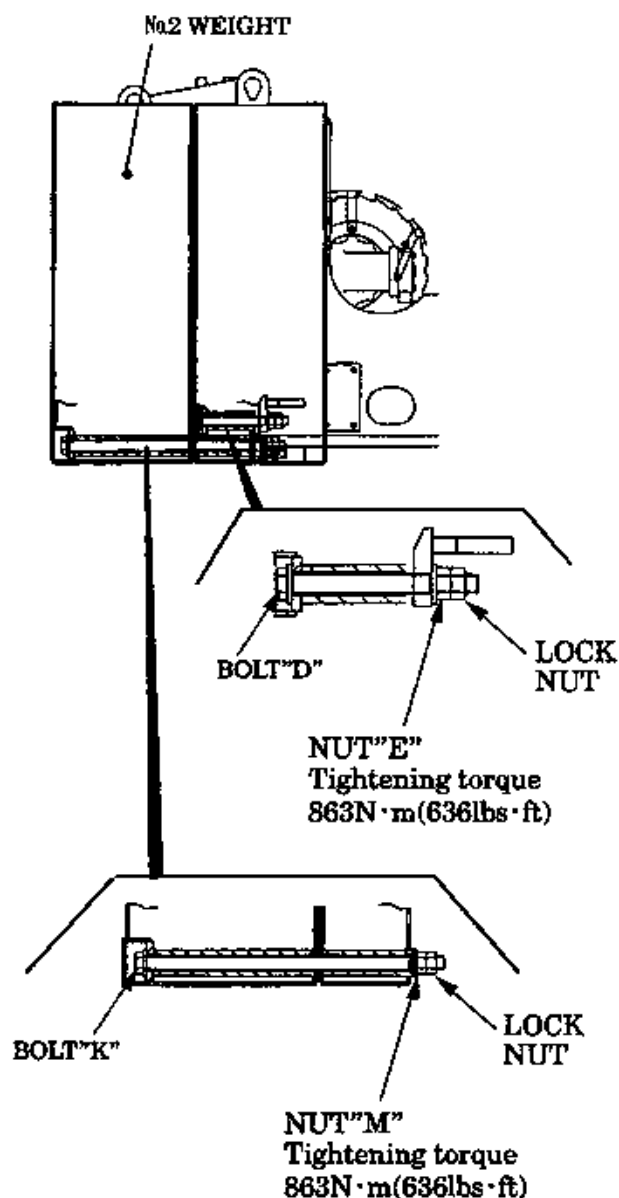
DANGER

Do not stand under lifted counterweight or between counterweight and the basic machine to avoid accident of drop or being caught. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- 2) Lift No.2 weight with the assisting crane and remove the No.2 weight.

(2) Remove the No.1 weight.

- 1) Loosen the nut "E" and pull out the bolt "D".
- 2) Lift No.1 weight with the assisting crane and remove the No.1 weight.



5.3.3 INSTALLING/REMOVING CAR BODY WEIGHTS

Always install the car body weights (2 pcs., front and rear) during operation.

Carbody weight: 3,340 kg (7,365 lbs)/1 pcs.



DANGER

Do not stand under lifted counterweight or between counterweight and the basic machine to avoid accident of drop or being caught. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Lift the carbody weights with the assisting crane, and install them by hooking them with the carbody brackets.

When removing them, lift them with the assisting crane in a similar manner.



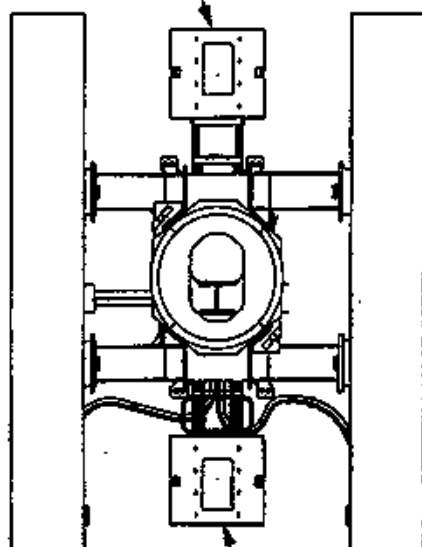
WARNING

If the assisting crane cannot be prepared, the carbody weights can be installed by setting the nylon sling and the chain block to the lug on the top of boom base.

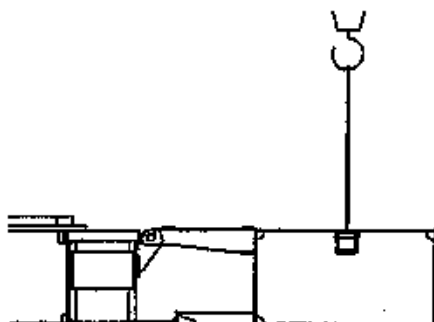
In such a case, be extremely careful of the chain block operation.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

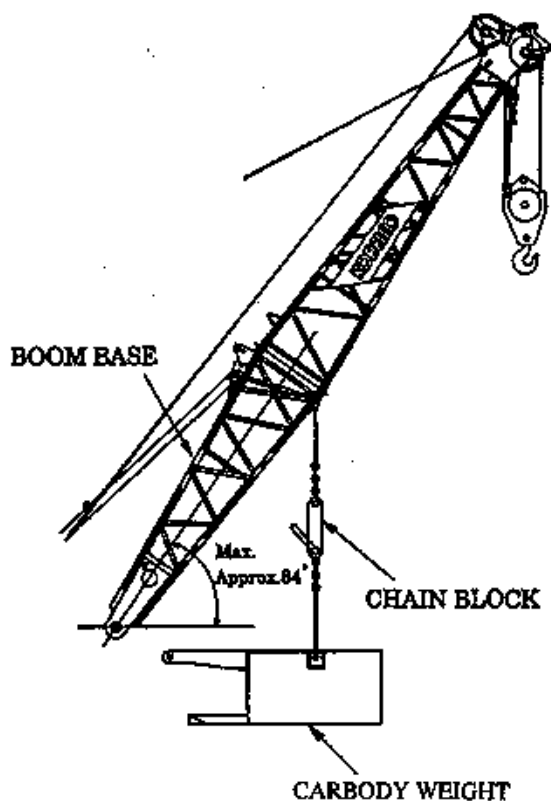
CARBODY WEIGHT



CARBODY WEIGHT



CARBODY WEIGHT



5.4 · INSTALLATION, REMOVAL OF THE COUNTERWEIGHT (WHEN USING SELF REMOVAL DEVICE)

5.4.1 PREPARATIONS FOR OPERATION

1. INSTALLATION OF MACHINE

- (1) Unload the basic machine from the trailer, with boom base attached.
- (2) Unload the boom tip section from the truck.
- (3) Attached the boom tip section and guy line as in (Fig. 5-1).

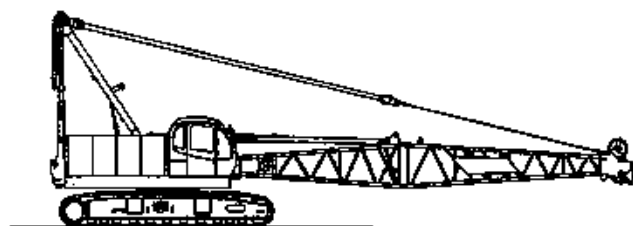


Fig 5-1

2. SETTING OF MACHINE

- (1) Place the crane on a firm and level ground.
- (2) Place the counterweights (No.1 and No.2) on a firm and level ground as in (Fig.5-2).

Weight kg (lbs)	
No. 1	12,400 (27,340)
No. 2	12,500 (27,560)

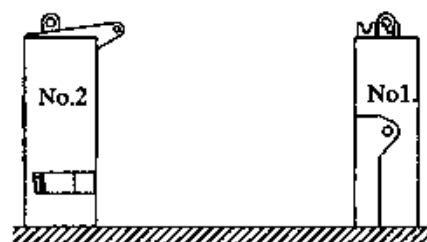


Fig 5-2

- (3) Turn the upper structure so that the upper structure is parallel to the crawlers, and secure clearances of 6 m (20 ft) from each of the front and back of the crawler frame (Fig. 5-3).

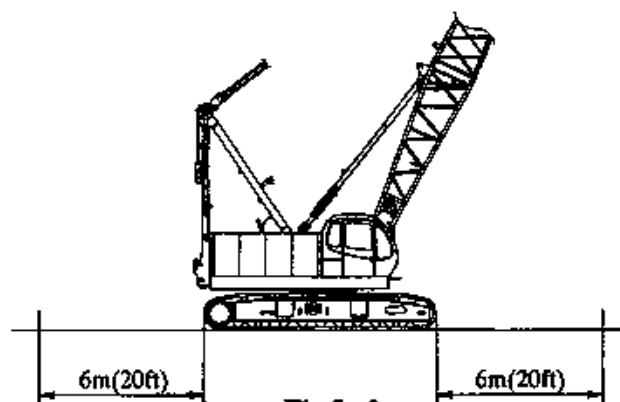


Fig 5-3

3. INSTALLATION OF BACKSTOP SPACER

- (1) Adjust the boom angle to approx. 65° , and fit the backstop spacers "D".

Backstop spacers are stored in bracket "B" with the bolts, nuts and washers.

4. REMOVAL OF GANTRY TENSION MEMBER PIN

- (1) With the posture shown in (Fig. 5-4), operate the gantry raising cylinder with a switch in the operator's cab (refer to the crane operator's manual), and remove the tension member pin "A".



DANGER

To prevent accidents by sudden dropping of the gantry, clear away from the area under the gantry. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

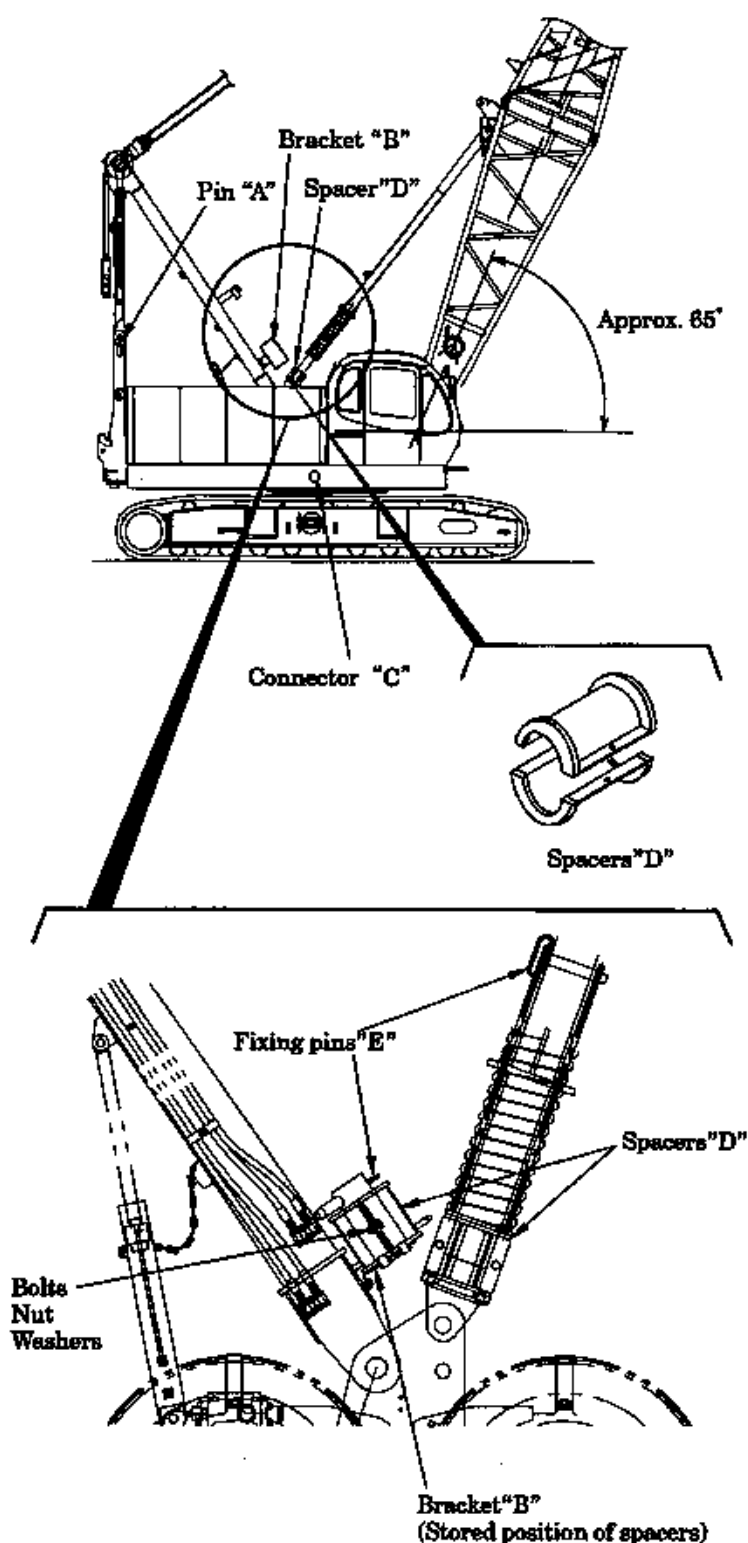


Fig 5-4

5. INSERTION OF BACKSTOP FIXING PIN

- (1) Further raise the boom from the boom height shown in (Fig. 5-4), and insert the backstop fixing pin "E" to connect the inner and outer (Fig.5-5).

The pins are stored in bracket "B". (See Fig. 5-4)
(The pin can be inserted when the boom angle is approx. 80°.)

Check the flag between the pins are visible. (Fig. 5-6)



DANGER

Insert the backstop fixing pin when the pin hole on the inner side can be seen (Fig. 5-6). To raise the boom until the pin hole has passed or after the pin is inserted will cause the damage of the boom or backstop. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



WARNING

Do not insert fingers to the holes in backstop to prevent bodily injury.

6. REMOVAL OF GANTRY CYLINDER FROM GANTRY

- (1) With the posture shown in (Fig. 5-5), remove the gantry cylinder pin "F" (before removing the cylinder pin "F", check that the cylinder is connected to the gantry compression member with a chain.). (See Fig. 5-4)



WARNING

Be extremely careful not to pinch your hands and fingers in the cylinder.

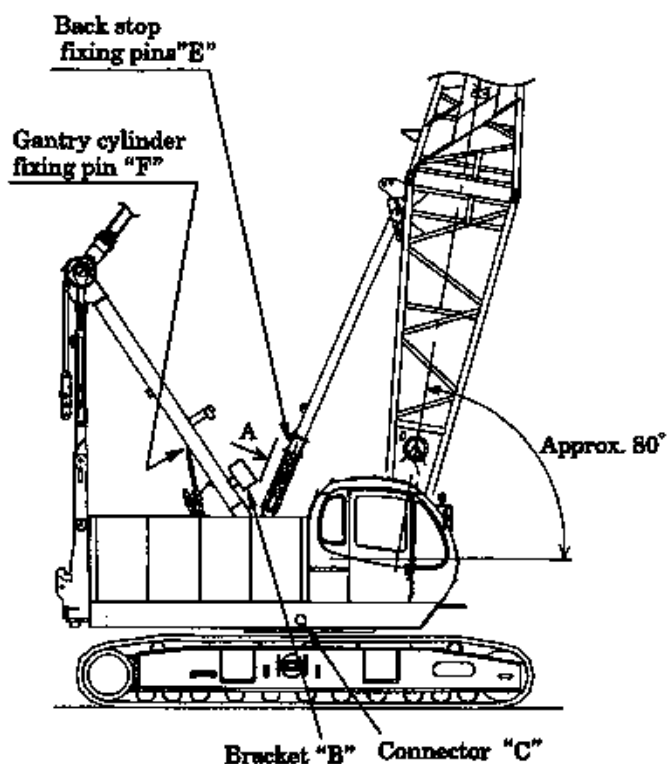
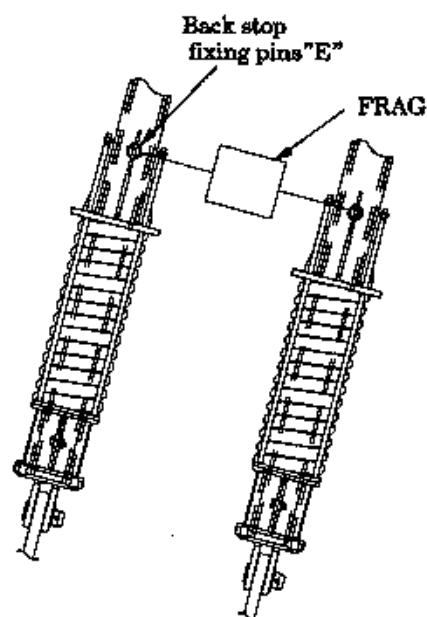


Fig 5-5



VIEW A

Fig 5-6

7. CONNECTION OF CONTROL BOX AND CONTROL LINE

- (1) If the hydraulic tagline (optional) is equipped, replace the P line coupler for tagline with that for the counterweight self removal device (Fig. 5-7). Check that the P line coupler is securely connected.

 CAUTION
Operation of the machine with insecure connection may lead to the damage of the hydraulic pump.

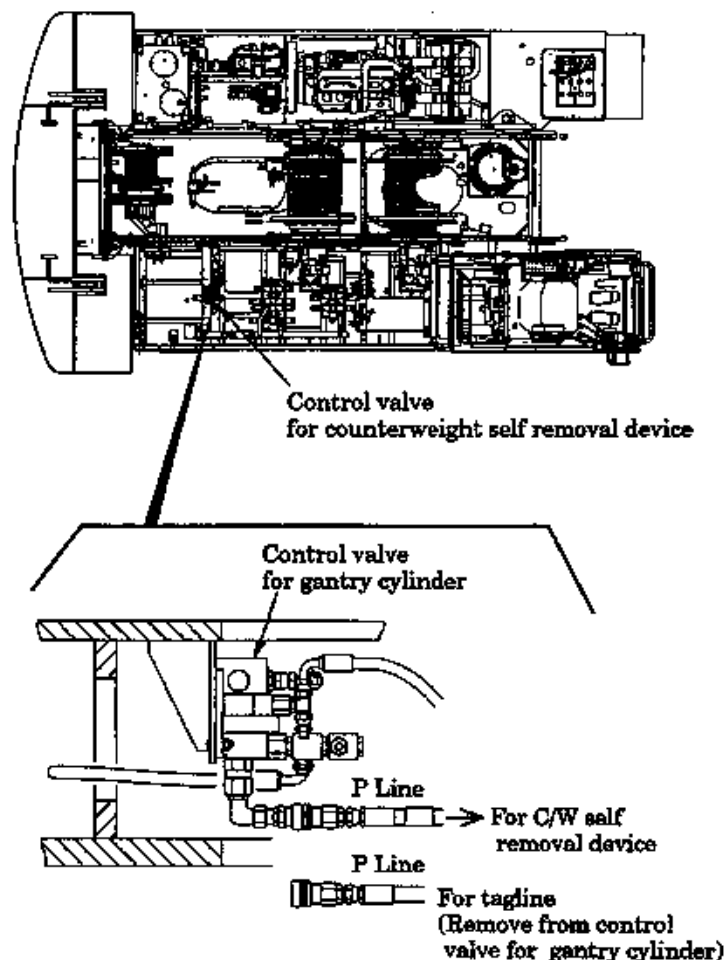


Fig 5-7

- (2) Stop the engine. Then, open the right guard door, and connect the control box to the connector. (Fig. 5-8)

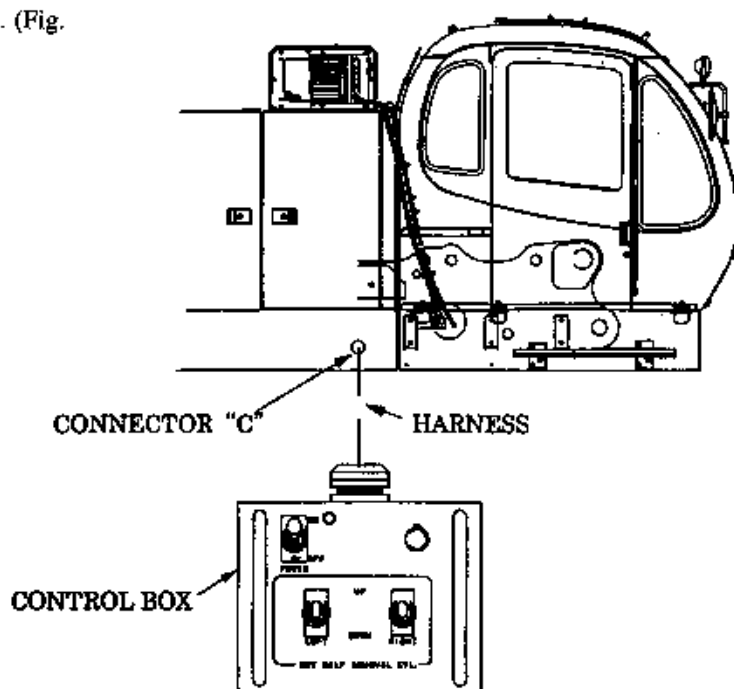


Fig 5-8

- (3) The right and left sides of the cylinder are determined by viewing from the back of the machine.



DANGER

To prevent accidents of being caught in the counterweight and hit by the dropping counterweight, clear away from the area above or under the lifted counterweight and the area between the counterweight and the machine. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



DANGER

The counterweight stood up on the ground is unstable, and may cause serious accidents. To prevent accidents when the counterweight is fallen over, clear away from the area above or under the counterweight. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

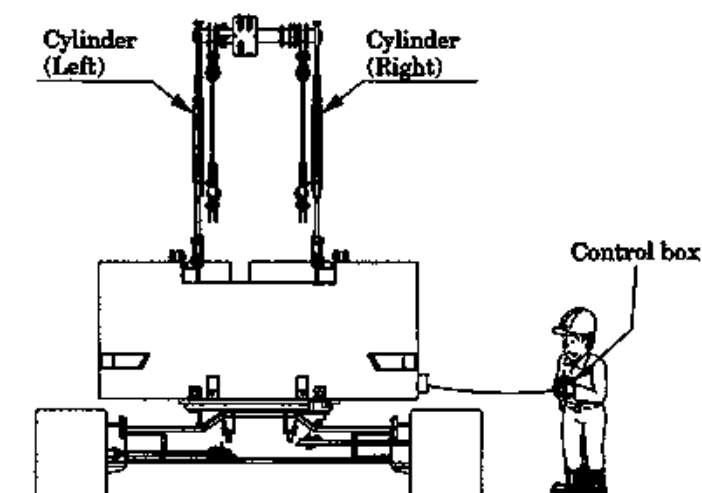


Fig 5-9

5.4.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

1. PRECAUTION FOR OPERATING CONTROL BOX (FIG.5-9, FIG.5-9A)

- (1) The engine should be at a low speed (Approx. 1000 rpm) during operation.
- (2) Activate the power switch of the control box only when operating the lift cylinders ①.
- (3) Operate the right and left lift cylinders ① separately with the control box, while keeping a balance of right and left.

2. INSTALLATION OF COUNTERWEIGHT NO.1 (FIG. 5-9A, FIG. 5-9B, FIG. 5-10)

- (1) Place the machine so that the rear end of the deck is approx. 1.3 m (4.27 ft) apart from the counterweight No. 1. Then, fully retract the right and left lift cylinders ①, and set the gantry as per the "Position I" shown in the right figure by boom lowering operation (Fig. 5-9A).
- (2) Connect the link ⑥ and the link ⑤ with the pin ⑩ (Fig. 5-9B).
- (3) Connect the link ⑥ and the counterweight No. 1 with the pin (lower) ⑩ (Fig. 5-9B).
- (4) Raise the gantry by boom raising operation so that the gantry is as per the "Position II" shown in (Fig. 5-9A).
- (5) Lower the counterweight No. 1 onto the swing frame by operating the control box, while keeping a balance of the right and left lift cylinders ① (Fig. 5-9A).
- (6) Place the portion "A" of No. 1 weight to the portion "B" of the basic machine (Fig. 5-10).
- (7) Pass the bolt "D" through the No. 1 weight, and fix the No. 1 weight to the frame with the nut "E". Then, lock it with the lock nut. Tightening torque: 863 N·m (636 lbs·ft)
- (8) Remove the pins (lower) ⑩ of the link ⑥ from the counterweight No. 1.

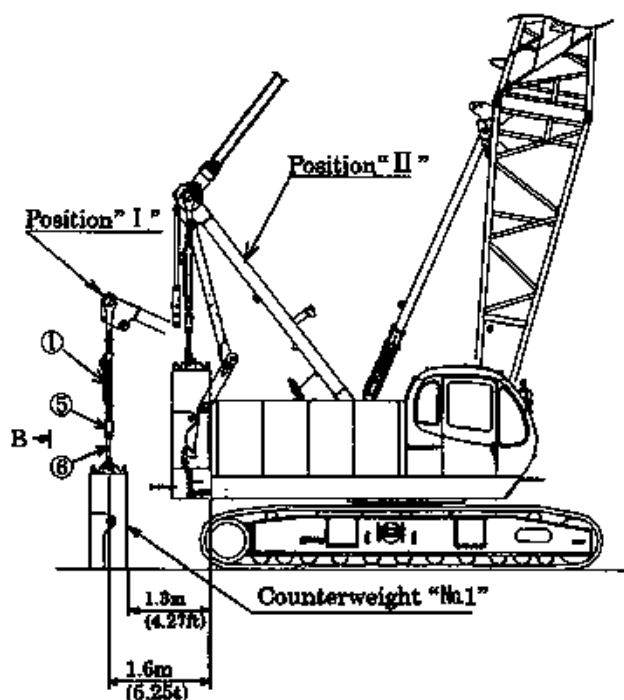


Fig 5-9A

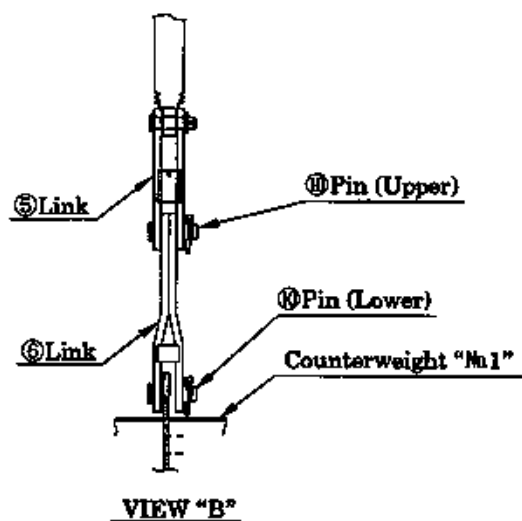


Fig 5-9B

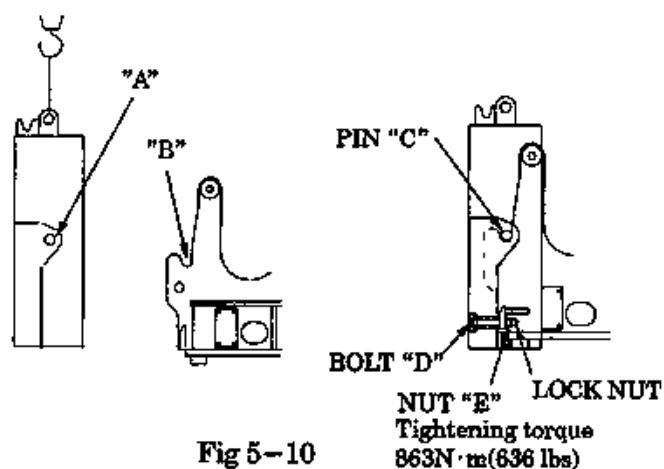


Fig 5-10

3. INSTALLATION OF COUNTERWEIGHT NO. 2 (FIG. 5-14, FIG. 5-15, FIG. 5-16, FIG. 5-17)

- (1) Place the machine so that the rear end of the deck is approx. 1.4 m (4.6 ft) apart from the counterweight No. 2. Then, fully retract the right and left lift cylinders ①, and lower the gantry as per the "Position II" shown in the figure 5-14 by lowering the gantry.
- (2) Connect the link ⑤ to counterweight No. 2 with the pin ⑩ (link ⑥ is not used)
- (3) Raise the gantry as per the "Position IV" shown in the figure 5-14 by raising the gantry.
- (4) Attach the counterweight No. 2 to the counterweight No. 1 by operating the control box, while keeping a balance of right and left lift cylinders ①.

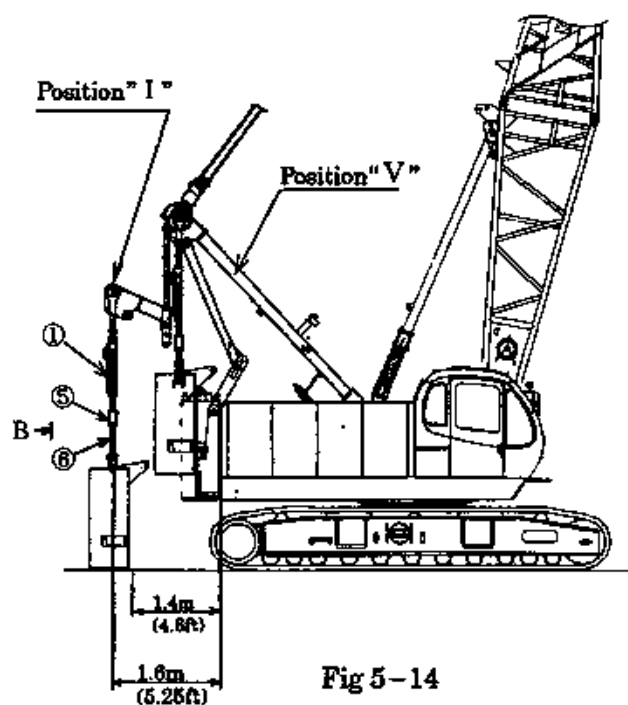


Fig 5-14

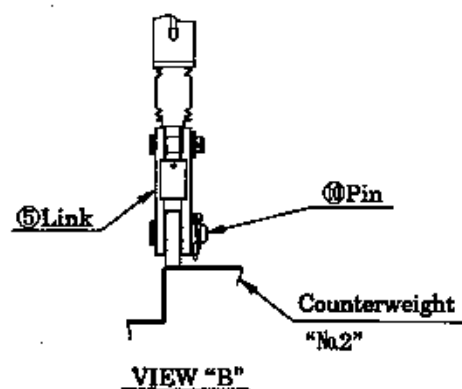


Fig 5-15

(5) Align the portion "J" (Fig. 5-16A) of the counterweight No. 2 with the portion "H" of the counterweight No. 1, and attach the counterweight No. 2 to the back of the counterweight No. 1.

(6) Pass the bolt "K" (Fig. 5-16B) through the weights, and fix all of them with the nut "M" (Fig. 5-16B). Then, lock it with the lock nut.

Tightening torque: 863 N·m (636 lbs·ft)

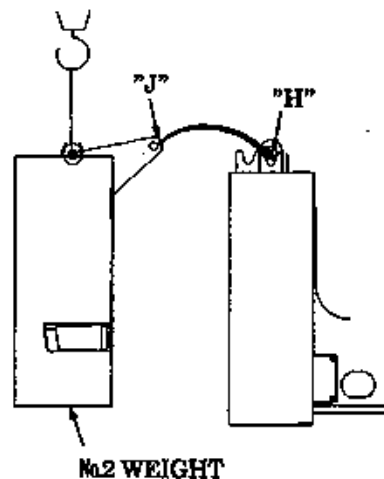


Fig 5-16A

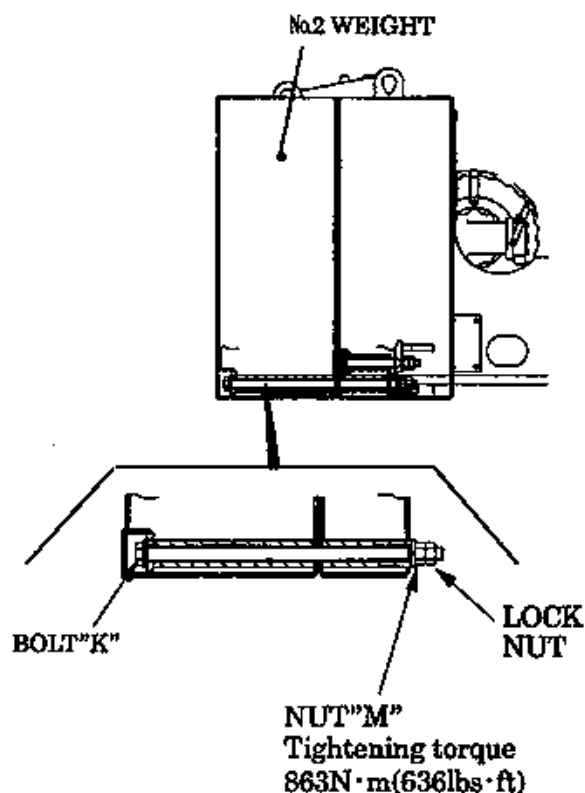


Fig 5-16B

- (7) Remove the pin ⑩ from the counterweight No. 3 and the link ⑤ (Fig. 5-15). Then, raise the gantry until the gantry is set to the high gantry position (Fig. 5-17).
- (8) Insert the tension member pin "A" to fix the tension member (Fig. 5-17).
- (9) Install gantry cylinder to compression member by pin "B" (Fig. 5-17).
- (10) After the installation of the counterweights, be sure to remove spacer "D" and backstop pin "E" (Fig. 5-17).
- (11) Fully retract lift cylinders ①, and fix with the hook of the link ⑤ to the tension member.



CAUTION

Lowering of the boom with the spacer (Fig. 5-17) attached will cause the interference of the spacer with the winch guard.

- (12) Remove the control box from the connector.



DANGER

In order to prevent accidents of being caught in the counterweight by the dropping counterweight, do not suddenly operate the boom. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

4. RESTORATION

- (1) Insert the gantry cylinder pin "F" (Fig. 5-17).
- (2) Remove the pins "E" with flags inserted into the backstop. The pins can be easily removed by raising the boom a little (Fig. 5-18). Store the pins (with flags) in the bracket "B" (See Fig. 5-4).



DANGER

Overhoisting the boom when removing the pin "E" may damage the backstop or the boom base, and may cause serious injury or loss of life.

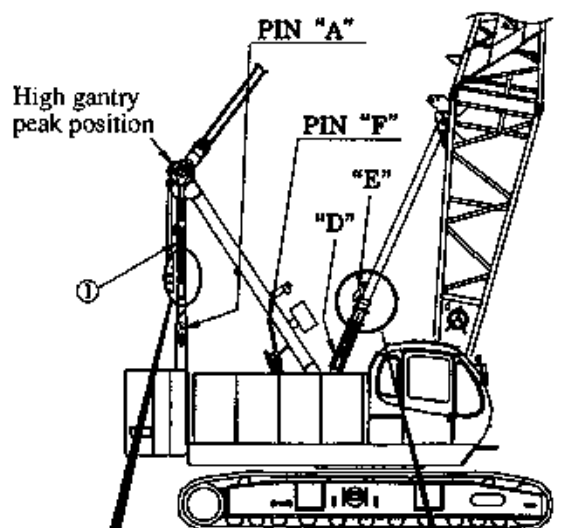


Fig 5-17

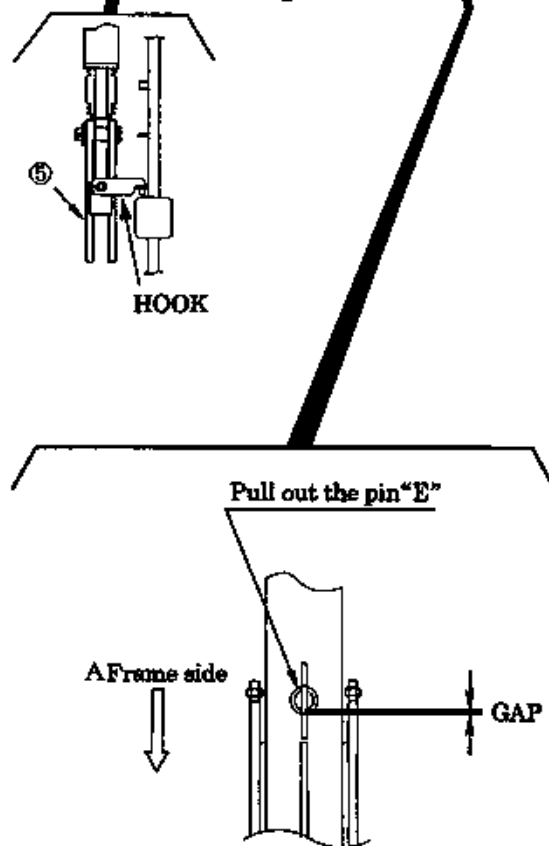


Fig 5-18



DANGER

Raising the boom without removing the pin "E" (Fig. 5-18) will damage the backstop or the boom base, and may cause serious injury or loss of life.

- (3) Remove the backstop spacer "D" (Fig. 5-4). Lowering the boom with the backstop spacer attached will lead to the interference with the winch guard. Store the backstop spacers in the bracket "B" (See Fig. 5-4).
- (4) If the hydraulic tagline (optional) is equipped, switch the P line coupler to the original connections (See Fig. 5-7).

Check that the P line coupler is securely connected.



CAUTION

Insecure connection of the P line will lead to the damage of hydraulic equipment.

- (5) Connect the wiring connector of the swing flasher located on the counterweight side.
- (6) Stop the engine. Then, disconnect the connector of the control box (Fig. 5-19).

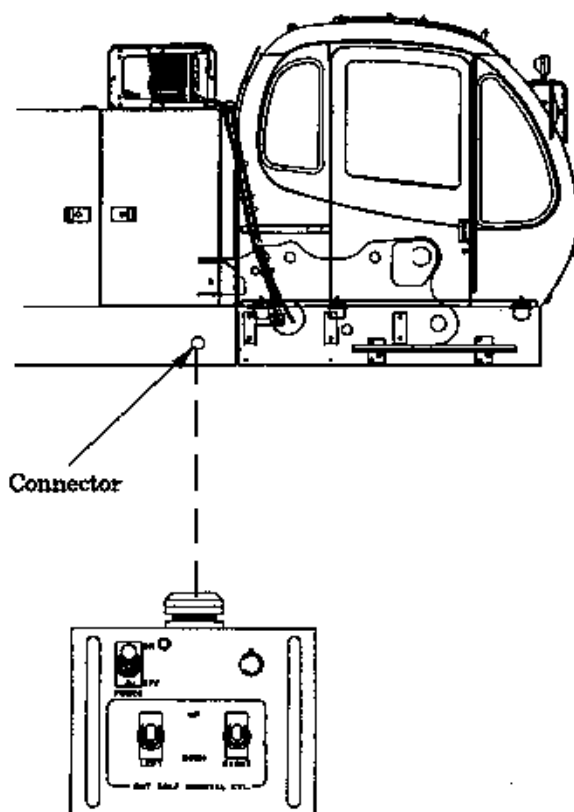


Fig 5-19

5.4.3 DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURES

1. DISCONNECTION OF SWING FLASHER WIRING

- (1) Disconnect the wiring connector of the swing flasher located on the counterweight side.

2. REMOVAL OF COUNTERWEIGHT NO. 2 (FIG. 5-20)

- (1) Remove the hook for the lift cylinder and tension bar (Fig. 5-17). Then, lower the gantry as per the "Position IV" shown in (Fig. 5-20) by lowering the boom.
- (2) Connect the link ⑤ and the counterweight No. 2 with the pin ⑩.
- (3) Detach the mounting bolts of the counterweight No. 2.
- (4) Lift the counterweight No. 2 by operating the control box to fully retract the right and left lift cylinders ①, while keeping a balance of right and left.
- (5) Lower the gantry by boom lowering operation to position "III". The counterweight No. 2 down onto the ground. Then extend lift cylinder ① to ground the counterweight.
- (6) Remove the pin ⑩ from the counterweight No. 2.

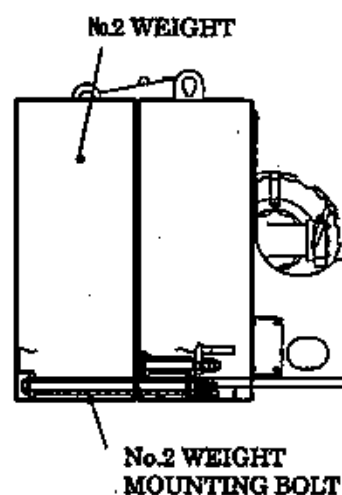
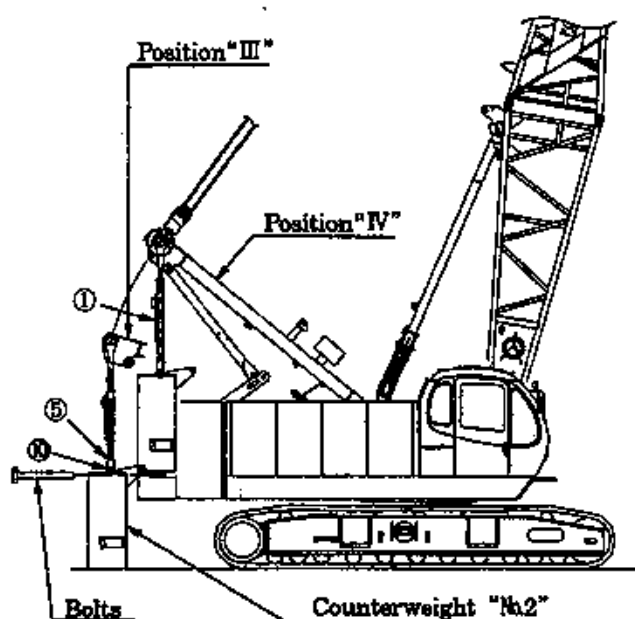


Fig 5-20

3. DISASSEMBLY OF COUNTERWEIGHT NO. 1
(FIG. 5-22)

- (1) To secure a space to lay the counterweight No. 1 down on the ground, travel the machine forward, or turn the machine 180°.
- (2) Retract the lift cylinder, and raise the gantry as per the "Position II" shown in (Fig. 5-22) by boom raising operation.
- (3) Connect the link ⑥ and the counterweight No. 1 with the pin ⑩.
- (4) Remove the mounting bolts of the counterweight No. 1.
- (5) Lift the counterweight No. 1 by operating the control box to fully retract the right and left lift cylinders ①, while keeping a balance of right and left.
- (6) Lower the gantry by boom lowering operation to the position "I". Then extend lift cylinder ① to lay the counterweight No. 1 down onto the ground.
- (7) Remove the pin ⑩ from the counterweight No. 1.
- (8) Travel the machine forward by 2 to 3 m (6.6 to 9.8 ft), or turn the machine 180°.

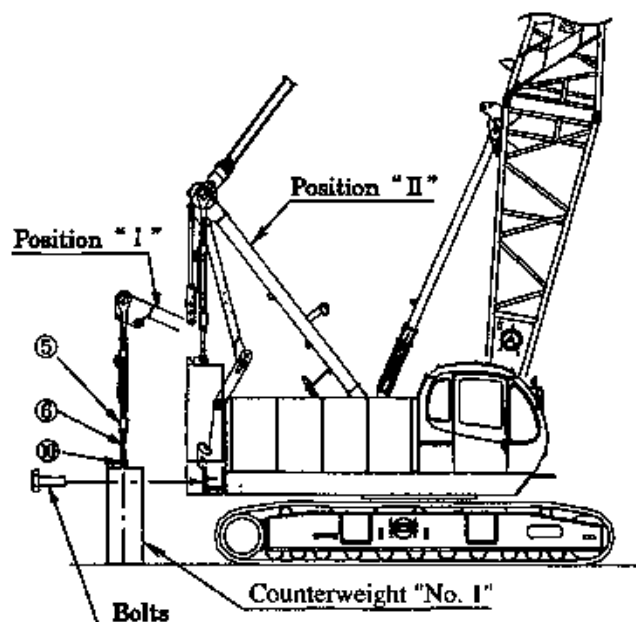


Fig 5-22

4. RESTORATION (FIG. 5-23)

- (1) Insert the gantry cylinder pin "B" (See Fig. 5-23).
- (2) Remove the pins "E" with flag inserted into the backstop. The pins can be easily removed by raising the boom a little (Fig. 5-23). Store the pins (with flag) in the bracket "B" (See Fig. 5-4).



DANGER

Overhoisting the boom when removing the pin "E" may damage the backstop or the boom base, and may cause serious injury or loss of life.



DANGER

Raising the boom without removing the pin "E" will damage the backstop or the boom base, and may cause serious injury or loss of life.

- (3) Remove the backstop spacer "D". Lowering the boom with the backstop spacer attached will lead to the interference with the winch guard. Store the backstop spacers in the bracket "B" (See Fig. 5-4).
- (4) If the hydraulic tagline (optional) is equipped, switch the P line coupler to the original connections (See Fig. 5-7).

Check that the P line coupler is securely connected.



CAUTION

Insecure connection of the P line will lead to the damage of hydraulic equipment.

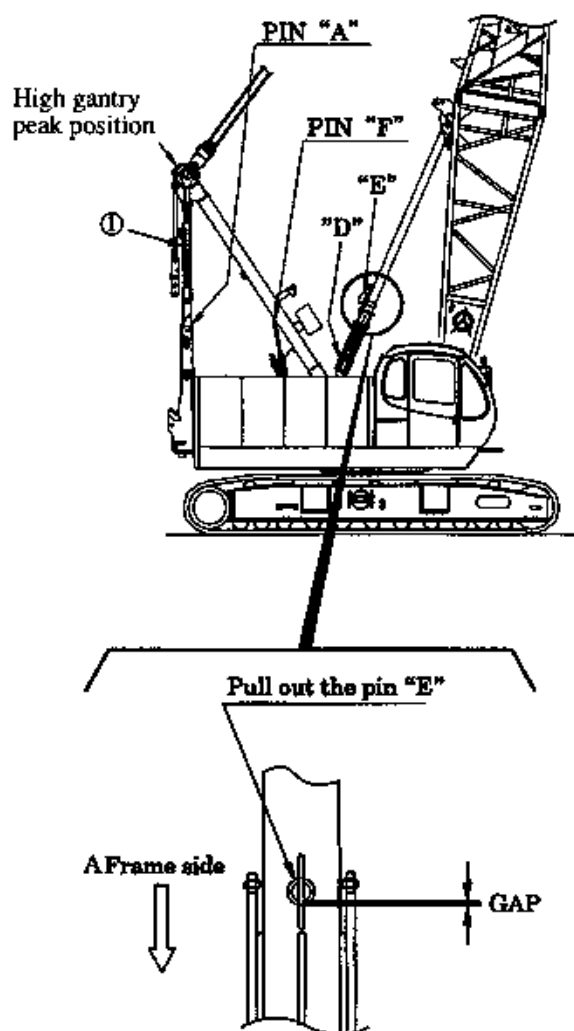


Fig 5-23

- (5) Connect the wiring connector of the swing flasher located on the counterweight.
- (6) Stop the engine. Then, disconnect the connector of the control box, and remove the box (Fig. 5-24).

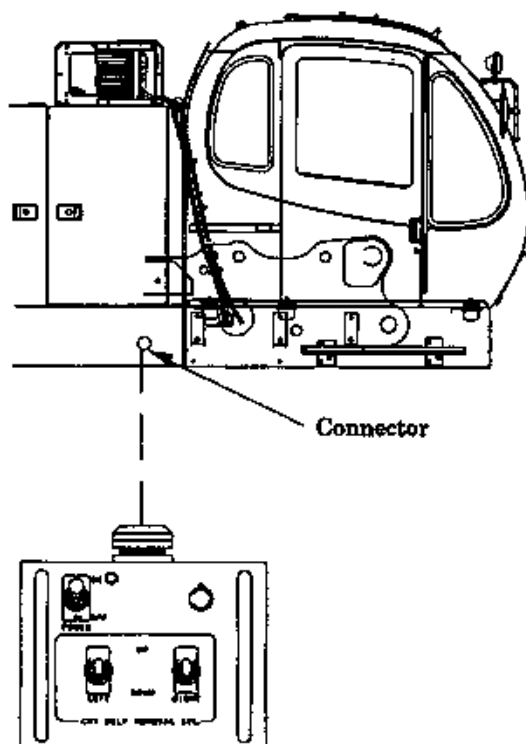


Fig 5-24

5.4.4 OPERATION OF CYLINDER WHEN SETTING LOW GANTRY POSITION(FIXATION OF TENSION BAR CONNECTION) (FIG. 5-25)

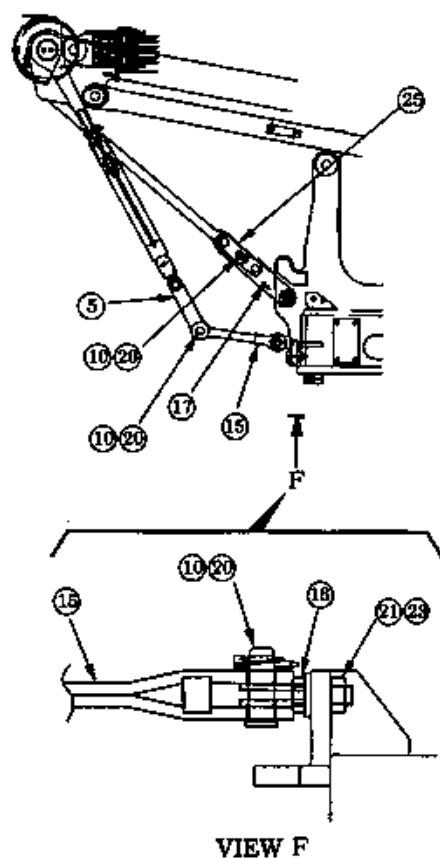
1. WHEN NO COUNTERWEIGHT IS EQUIPPED

- (1) Lower the gantry to the lower end (low gantry position) by gantry raising cylinder operation.
- (2) Fix the link ⑰ to the link ⑤ with the pins ⑩ and ⑳. Then, retract the right and left lift cylinders by operating the control box while keeping a balance of right and left so that they are looser than the gantry tension bar.



CAUTION

If any force is applied to the lift cylinder before applied to the gantry tension bar, the cylinder may be damaged.



VIEW F

Fig 5-25

- (3) Fix the link ⑮ to the link ⑤ with the pin ⑩ and ⑳. Then fix the link ⑮ to the revolving frame with the capscrew ㉑ and nut ㉒. Finally, connect link ⑮ to the link ⑮ with pins ⑩ and ⑳.

2. WHEN ALL THE TWO COUNTERWEIGHTS ARE EQUIPPED (SEE FIG. 5-26)

- (1) Lower the gantry to the lowest end (low gantry position) by gantry lifting cylinder operation.

- (2) Fix the link ⑰ to the link ⑤ with the pins ⑩ and ⑳. Fix the link ⑮ to the counterweight with the counterweight fixing bolt. Then, fully retract the right and left lift cylinders ① by operating the control box while keeping a balance of right and left (Fig. 5-26).

Finally, connect link ⑰ with link ⑮ with pins ⑩ and ⑳.

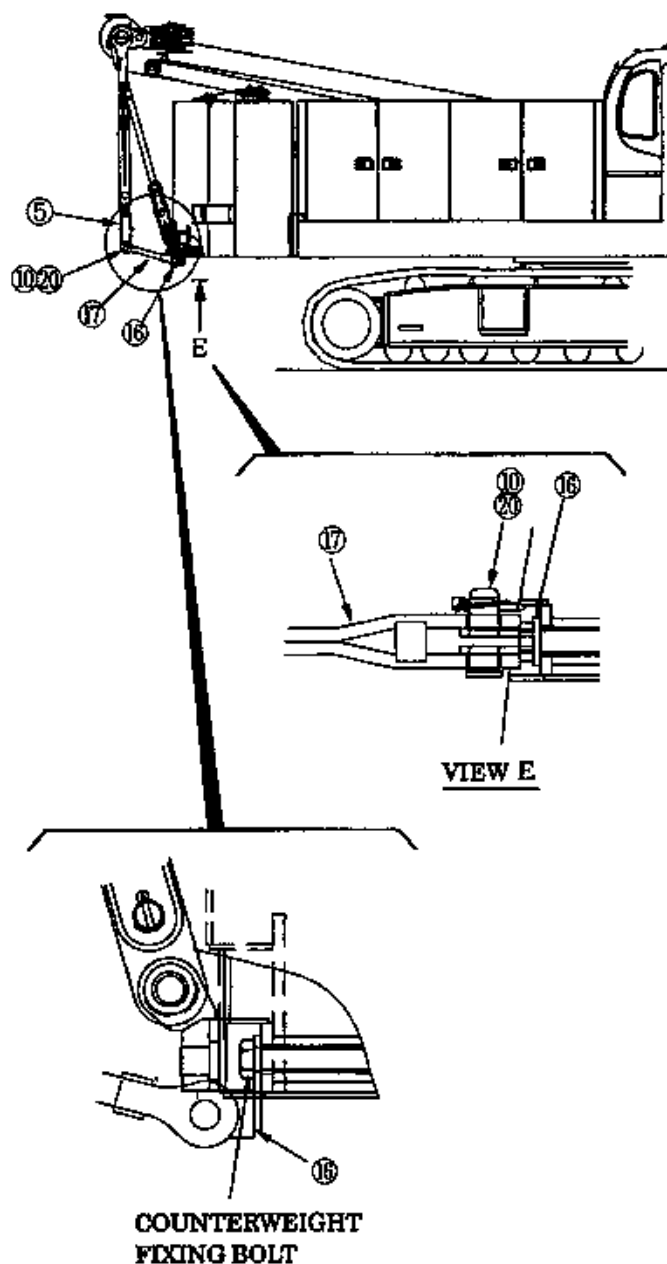


Fig 5-26

6. ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY OF CRANE ATTACHMENT

This section covers assembling, erecting, lowering and disassembling of the crane attachment and transport of the boom. Before starting the actual work, confirm the following items.

(1) PLACE

- 1) Paying attention to that erecting and lowering of the attachment must be operated in front or rear of the crawlers, there must be adequate room for assembling and the ground must be firm and level.
Improve the ground as required and lay sheet plates of iron.
- 2) There must be also adequate room to set an assisting crane and to allow free passage of vehicles delivering necessary parts and for unloading and storing the parts until they are required.

(2) WORKING PROCEDURE AND PREARRANGEMENT FOR SAFETY.

Before assembling work, gather the all concerned to make previous arrangement for the working procedure and safety, and make precise role and responsibility of each person.

(3) PREOPERATION CHECKS

Perform the preoperation checks of the basic machine.

NOTE

When the engine starts, the warning alarm of the safety device always sounds for two to three seconds.



DANGER

Do not stand or work under, inside, or on the boom when installing or removing the connector pins at anytime.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



DANGER

Do not apply slings directly to a sharp edge part to prevent the slings from cutting.

Apply the sling to the guy cable pin hole or bracket for lifting through a shackle.



WARNING

Before climbing on machine, make certain that the guard and walk ways are clean and dry, and use life belt in order to prevent falls due to slippery surface. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



WARNING

Do not put your hand or finger into a pin hole.



WARNING

To avoid serious injury, fix guy line to both ends of each boom when placing guy lines on the booms during boom connection.



CAUTION

Do not handle boom or jib sections with chains, hooks or wire rope attached directly to main chords or lacings. Either use soft material sling points or use fabric type slings.

6.1 ASSEMBLING THE ATTACHMENT



CAUTION

For most efficient use of this machine, boom and guy line arrangement must be correctly observed as shown in these figures.

[TOOLS]

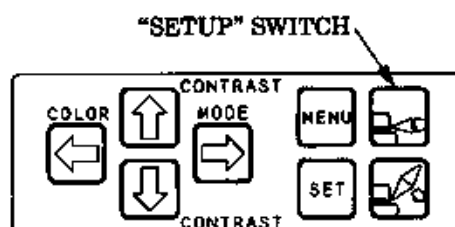
- One set of attached tools
- Wooden blocking
- Assisting crane (25,000 kg class)
- Sling cloths
- Lifting wire rope (fiber belt)
- Steel bar ($\phi 20 \times 300 \text{ mm}$)
($\phi 13/16 \text{ inch} \times 12 \text{ inch}$)

When assembling the crane attachment, push the "SETUP" switch. Then, the load safety device enters the "SETUP" mode, and the automatic stop is canceled.

☞ The "SETUP" mode cannot be actuated while the boom is raised.

When the boom is raised after the assembly is completed, the message of "Cancel the setup mode" appears on the screen, buzzer sounds (boop...) are issued, and the boom is stopped. Then, press the "SETUP" switch to enter the working mode.

For details, refer to the chapter 3 "LOAD SAFETY DEVICE".



6.1.1 ARRANGEMENT OF BOOM/JIB/ GUY LINE

(1) PREPARATION OF BOOM/JIB/GUY LINE AND STEEL BLOCKING PLATE

Prepare necessary parts.

① Boom and Jib

Prepare the boom and jib following to the arrangement chart.

Do not assemble the boom with boom arrangement not specified in the arrangement chart.

And also, check the each boom and jib for damage.

If damage is confirmed, repair the damage in the designated service shop.

Item	Boom Length
Length of boom to which jib can be attached.	24.4 m to 54.9 m (80 ft to 180 ft)
Length of boom to which auxiliary sheave can be attached.	12.2 m to 57.9 m (40 ft to 190 ft)



WARNING

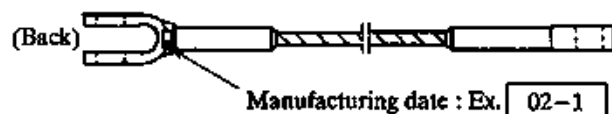
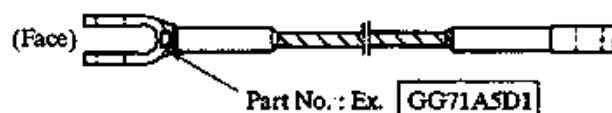
Do not use damaged boom section.
The damaged booms may collapse and cause serious injury or loss of life.

② Guy Line

Prepare the guy lines following the arrangement chart as the same as the boom/jib.

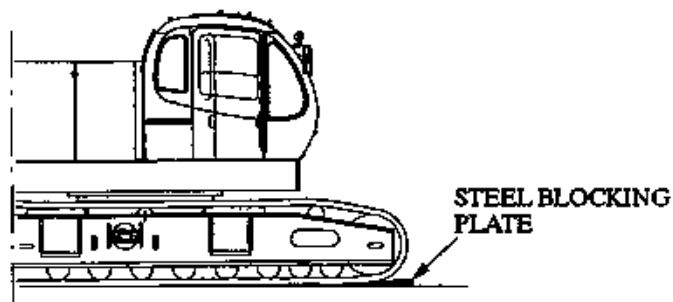
The diameter of the boom guy line is 30mm (1.18 inch), and that of the jib guy line is 22mm (0.87 inch).

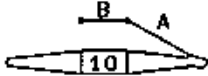
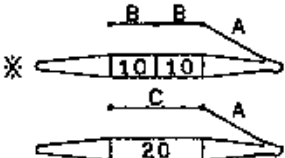
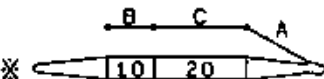
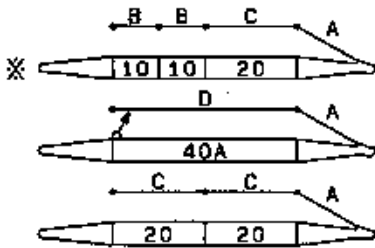
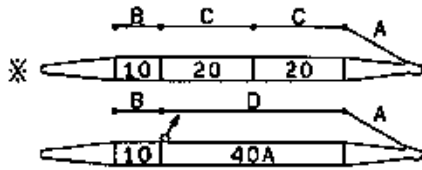
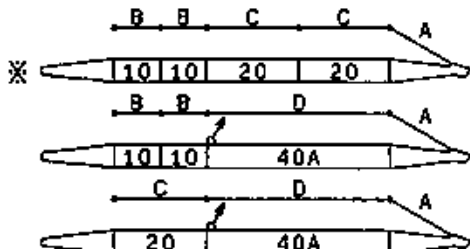
To discriminate each guy line, see the part number stamped on the connector. (See Fig. (A))



③ Steel Blocking Plate

For the combination of the boom of 54.9 m (180 feet) length and the jib of any length, place steel plates between the ends of the crawlers and the ground.



Boom Length m(ft)	Boom And Guy Line Arrangement Chart 1/3	With Aux. Sheave	With Jib	Main Hoist	Aux. Hoist
				Reeving (Parts of Line)	Reeving (Parts of Line)
12.2 (40)		○	×	10	1
15.2 (50)		○	×	10	1
18.3 (60)	※ 	○	×	10	1
21.3 (70)	※ 	○	×	9	1
24.4 (80)	※ 	○	○	8	1
27.4 (90)	※ 	○	○	7	1
30.5 (100)	※ 	○	○	6	1

○ : Attachable × : Not attachable

Boom Length m(ft)	Boom And Guy Line Arrangement Chart 2/3	With Aux. Sheave	With Jib	Main Hoist	Aux. Hoist
				Reeving (Parts of Line)	Reeving (Parts of Line)
33.5 (110)		○	○	6	1
36.6m (120)		○	○	5	1
39.6 (130)		○	○	5	1
42.7 (140)		○	○	4	1
45.7 (150)		○	○	4	1
48.8 (160)		○	○	4	1

○ : Attachable × : Not attachable

Boom Length m(ft)	Boom And Guy Line Arrangement Chart 3/3	With Aux. Sheave	With Jib	Main Hoist	Aux. Hoist
				Reeving (Parts of Line)	Reeving (Parts of Line)
51.8 (170)		○	○	4	1
54.9 (180)		○	○	2	1
57.9 (190)		○	×	2	1
61.0 (200)		×	×	2	×

○ : Attachable × : Not attachable

♂ mark shows the boom insert with lugs attached and the guy line installing position when the jib is used.

※ mark shows the standard boom arrangement which make the boom arrangement of less than the each boom length possible.

In the following case, one of 12.2 m (40 ft) boom insert with lugs attached is required.

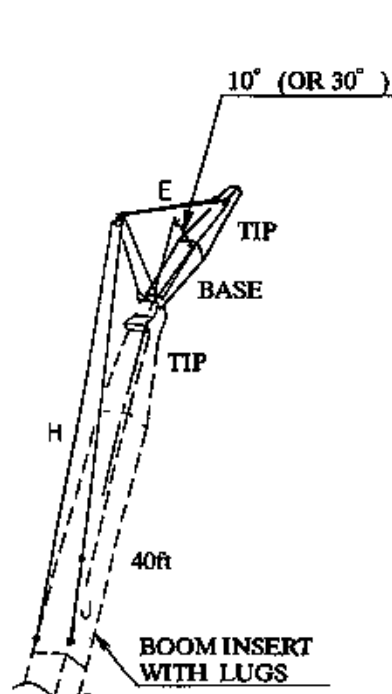
In case that the jib is attached.

Kind of Boom Insert		
Symbol	Boom Length	Specification
10	3.0 m (10 ft)	Without lug
20	6.1 m (20 ft)	Without lug
40	12.2 m (40 ft)	Without lug
♂40A	12.2 m (40 ft)	With lug

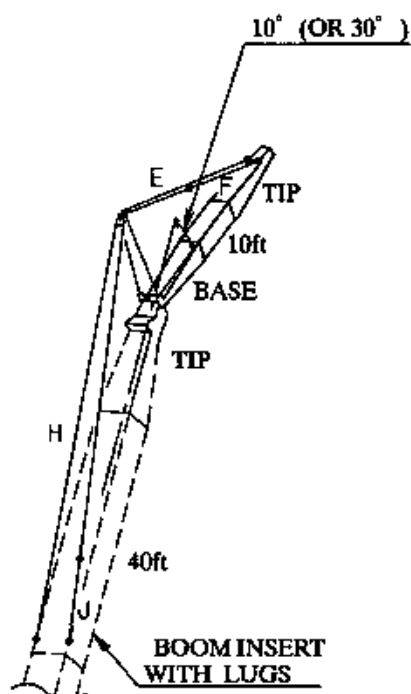
Boom Guy Line Chart					Connector type
Symbol	Guy Line Dimension		Part Number	Remarks [m (ft)]	
	Diameter mm (in)	Length m (ft)			
A	30 (1-3/16)	6.17 (20.2)	GG71A00009D1	Tip Boom	
B	30 (1-3/16)	3.05 (10)	GN71A00005D1	3.0 (10) Insert Boom	
C	30 (1-3/16)	6.10 (20)	GN71A00005D2	6.1 (20) Insert Boom	
D	30 (1-3/16)	12.19 (40)	GN71A00005D4	12.2 (40) Insert Boom	

JIB AND GUY LINE ARRANGEMENT

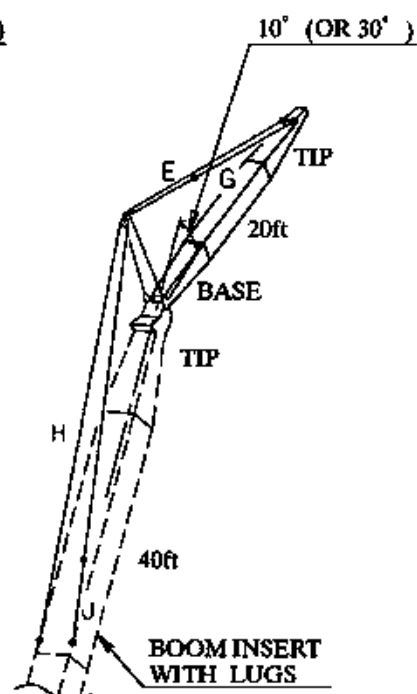
The length of the boom to which the jib is attached is 24.4 m (80 feet) to 54.9 m (180 feet).



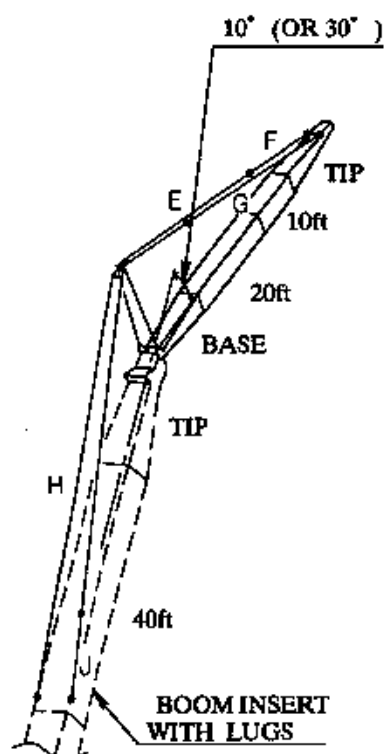
9.1 m (30 ft) Jib



12.2 m (40 ft) Jib



15.2 m (50 ft) Jib



18.3 m (60 ft) Jib

Arrangement of Guy Line in Boom Side	
Offset Angle \ Boom Arrangement	(Boom Tip + 12.2 m (40 ft)) Arrangement
10°	H
30°	H + J

J: Additional guy line when the offset angle is 30°

Arrangement of Guy Line in Jib Side			
9.1 m (30 ft) Jib	12.2 m (40 ft) Jib	15.2 m (50 ft) Jib	18.3 m (60 ft) Jib
E	E + F	E + G	E + F + G

Kind of Guy Line				Connector type
Symbol	Diameter {mm (in)}	Length {m (ft)}	Part Number	
E	22 (7/8)	19.34 (63.5)	2430R317D2	
F	22 (7/8)	5.88 (19.3)	2430R316D3	
G	22 (7/8)	11.75 (38.6)	2430R316D2	
H	22 (7/8)	37.54 (123.2)	2430R317D4	
J	22 (7/8)	2.44 (8.0)	2430R316D1	

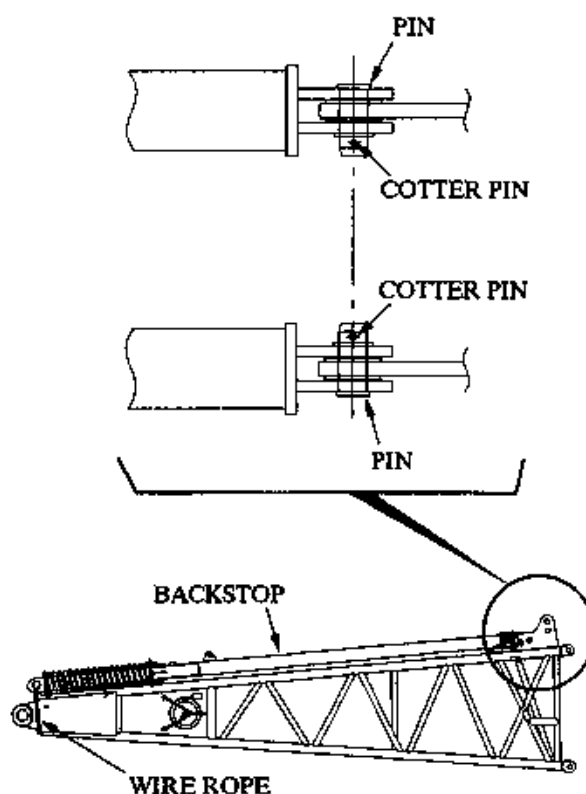
6.1.2 INSTALLING THE BACKSTOPS

Connect the spring side of the backstop to the top of the base boom, and also fix the outer pipe to the base boom with a wire rope.



WARNING

Do not allow the inner stop member to slide off from the outer stop member. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



6.1.3 INSTALLING THE BOOM BASE



DANGER

Do not stand under, inside, or on the boom when installing or removing the connector pins. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Before starting work, confirm the machine condition.

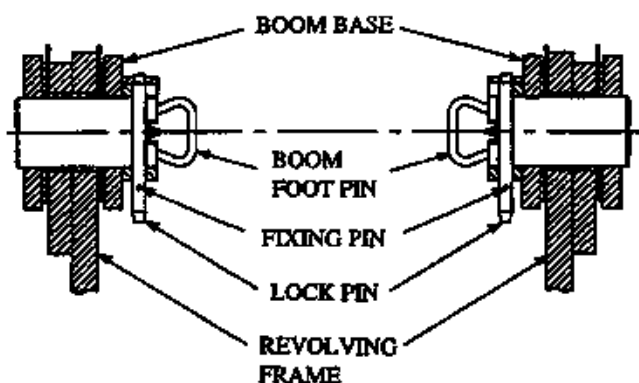
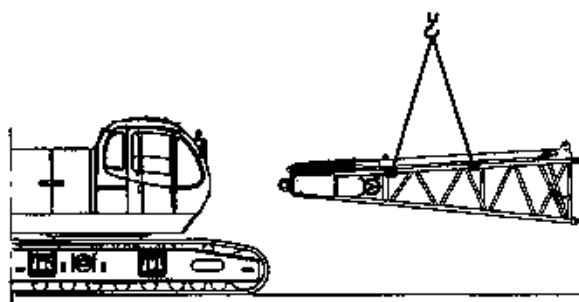
1. The base machine must be placed on a firm and level ground.
2. The crawlers are extended, and the each lock pin and shim are set.
- (1) Using the assisting crane, lift up the boom base, and install it to the basic machine. Lift up the boom horizontally right and left.
At this time, fix the backstop not to allow the backstop to come out.
- (2) Align the both boom foot pins with the holes surely. Insert the right side pin from the inside, then insert the left side pin. (insert the lock pins from the top to the bottom, and fix with fixing pins.)



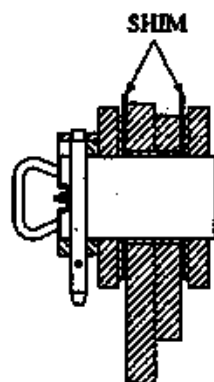
WARNING

Do not insert your hand or finger to pin hole to align or check holes. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (3) Place the connector section of the boom base on blocking, remove the lifting wire rope.
- (4) In order to reduce play in the boom foot section, insert the shims.
Amount of the shims shall be adjusted to a degree that the shim can be inserted lightly by hand. Do not tap in forcibly.
- (5) Referring to Section 3 Load Safety Device, connect the wiring of the angle detector.



BOOM FOOT SECTION



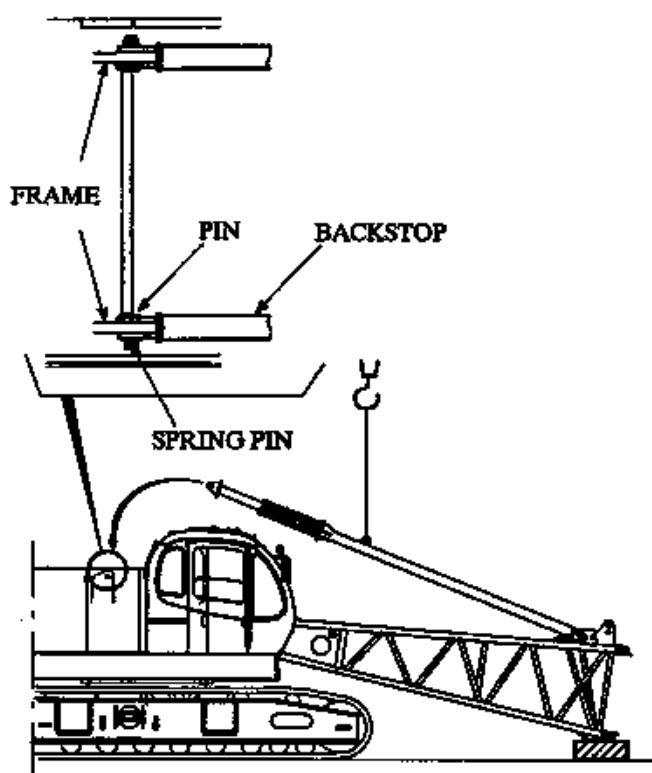
6.1.4 INSTALLING THE BACKSTOPS TO THE REVOLVING FRAME

- (1) Lifting up the outer pipe of the backstop, draw out it to the basic machine side, and connect it to the revolving frame with the pin.



WARNING

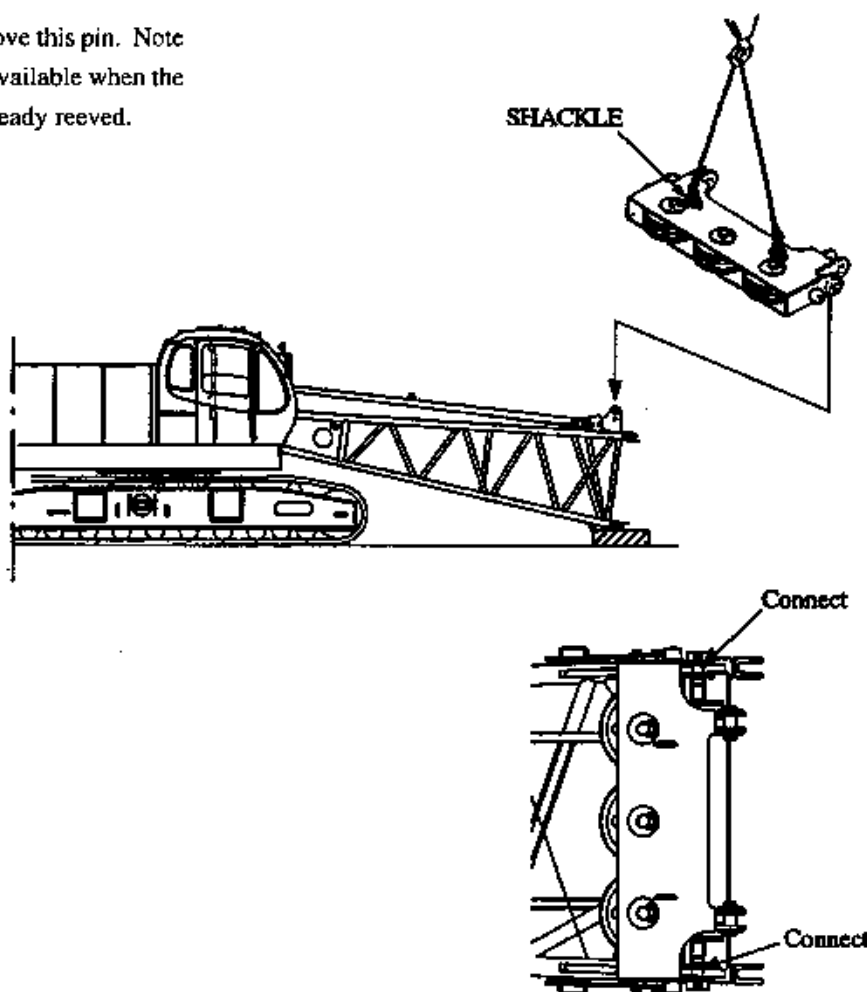
NEVER get close to the area where the backstop is removed. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious accident.



6.1.5 INSTALLING THE UPPER SPREADER

- (1) Install the upper spreader to the base boom end bracket with pins.

After connecting the guyline, remove this pin. Note that another installing method is available when the boom hoist wire rope has been already reeved.



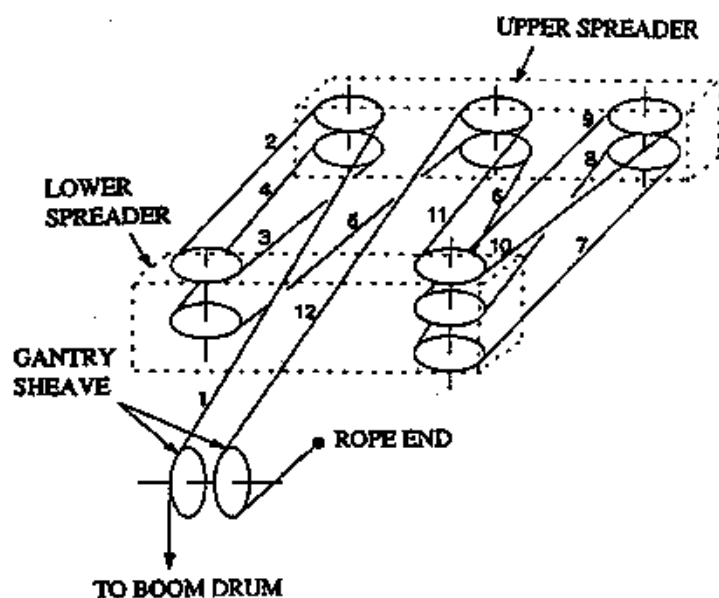
6.1.6 REEVING THE WIRE ROPE INTO THE UPPER AND LOWER SPREADER



WARNING

Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wire protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended. Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum and running wire rope. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (1) Before performing any work, place the upper spreader on the ground. Operate the boom drum control lever, and unwind the wire rope from the boom drum.
- (2) Correct any distorted, tangle on the rope and coming off of the rope from the sheave, reeve the wire rope through the upper spreader and lower spreader.

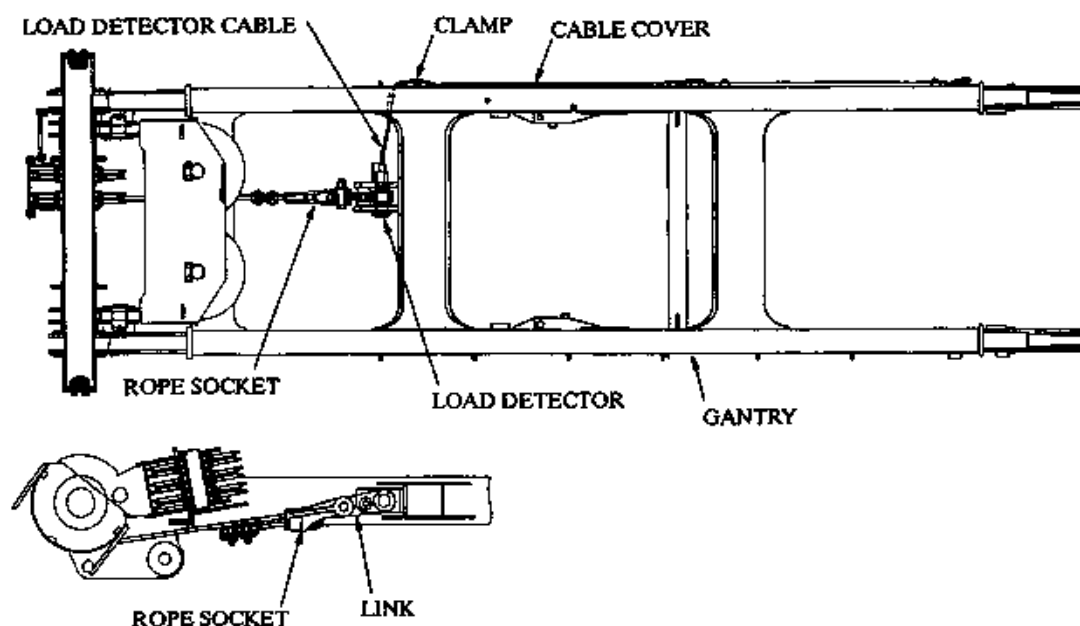


- (3) Fix the wire rope end to the link at gantry with a socket, wedge, and clamp.



WARNING

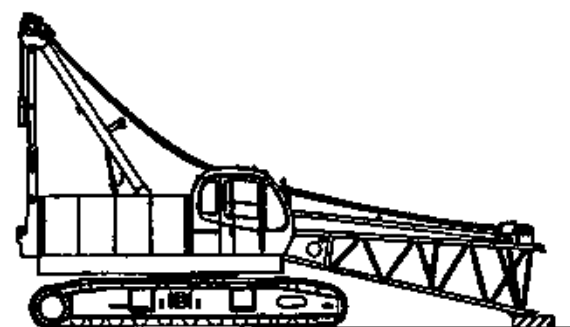
To prevent personnel from being caught by the rope, be sure to post a signal person.



- (4) Raise the gantry to the working posture (Refer to Chapter 5).

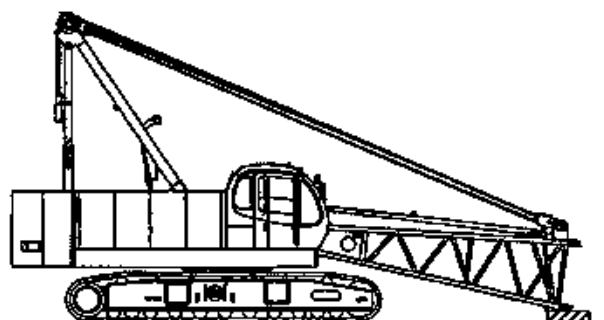
- (5) Install the counterweight (Refer to Chapter 5).

- (6) Slowly wind up the wire rope to take out the extra slackening. At this time, wind up the wire rope on the drum tidily to prevent the wire rope from rough spooling.



WARNING

To prevent personnel from being caught by the rope, be sure to post a signal person. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



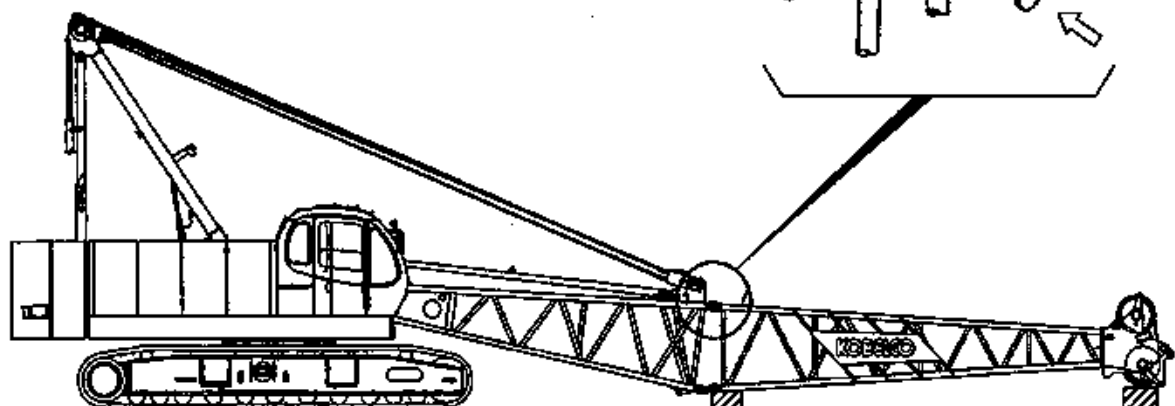
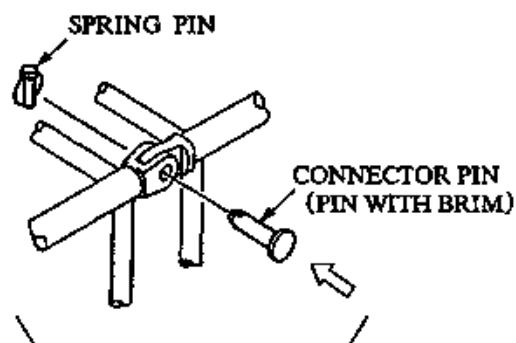
6.1.7 INSTALLING THE BOOM TIP

- (1) Align the top connectors of the boom tip with that of the base boom, tap the connector pins (pin with brim) in, and insert the spring pin into the side of the connector pins to fix them.



NOTE

Be sure to tap the connector pins (pin with brim) from the outside to the inside.

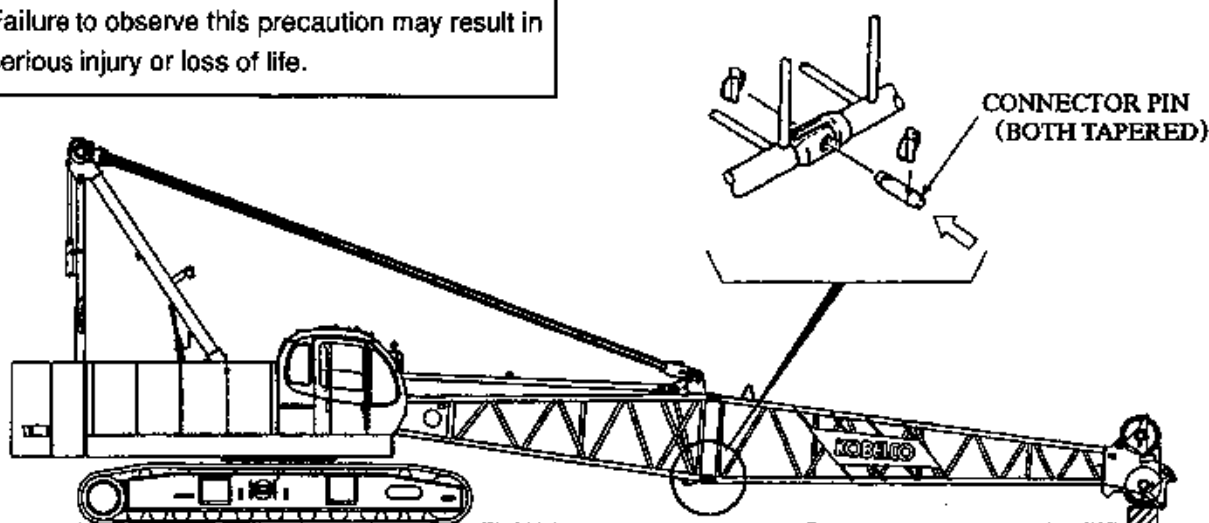


- (2) Hoist the lower boom until the lower pin holes are aligned with each other. Only then, tap the connector pins (both ends of which are tapered) in, and insert the spring pins into the both ends of the connector pin.



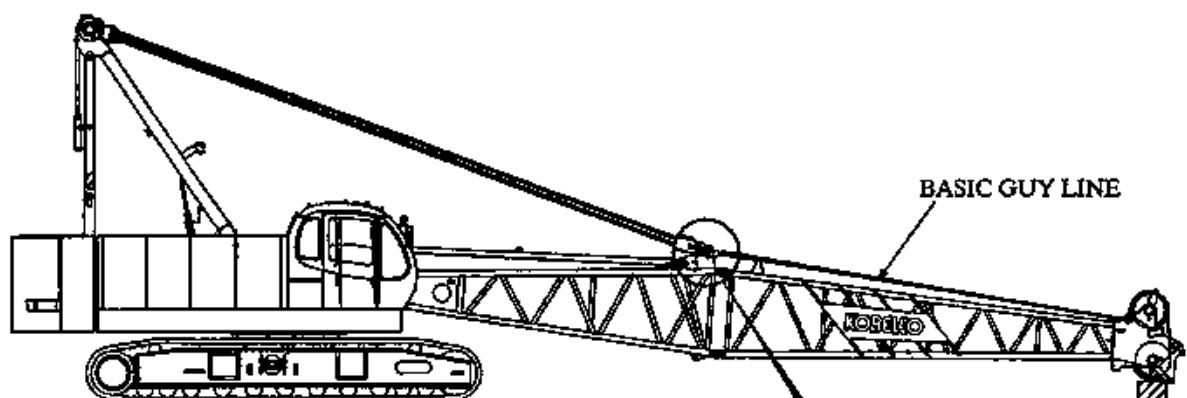
DANGER

Do not stand under, inside, or on the boom structure when connecting insert boom. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

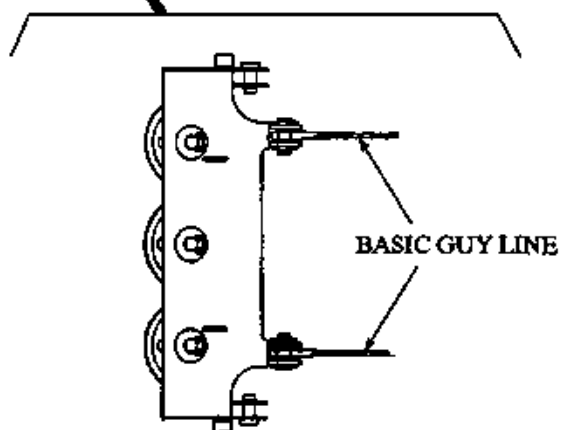


6.1.8 INSTALLATION OF THE BASIC GUY LINE

- (1) Install the basic guy line to the boom tip and upper spreader.



- (2) Remove the upper spreader from top of boom base. Loosen the boom hoist wire rope enough not to apply tension to the upper spreader.



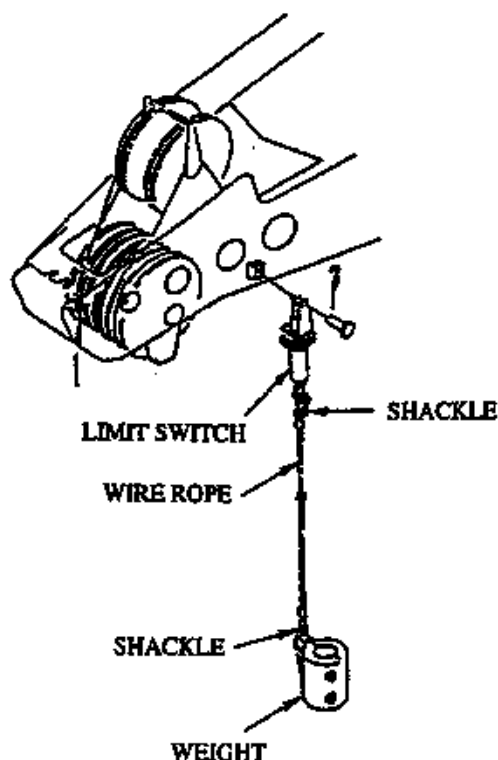
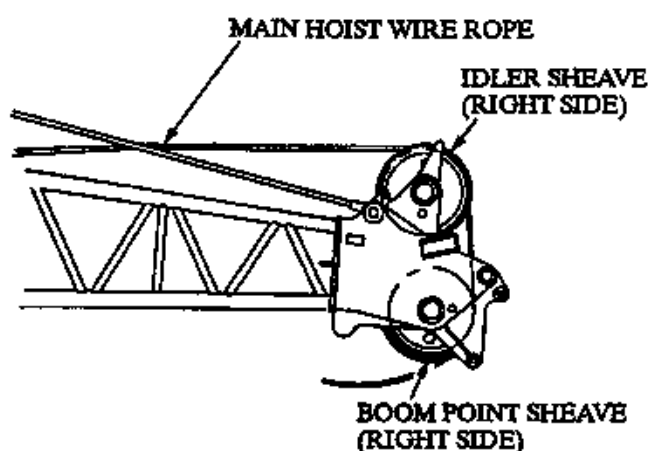
6.1.9 MAIN HOIST WIRE ROPE REEVING



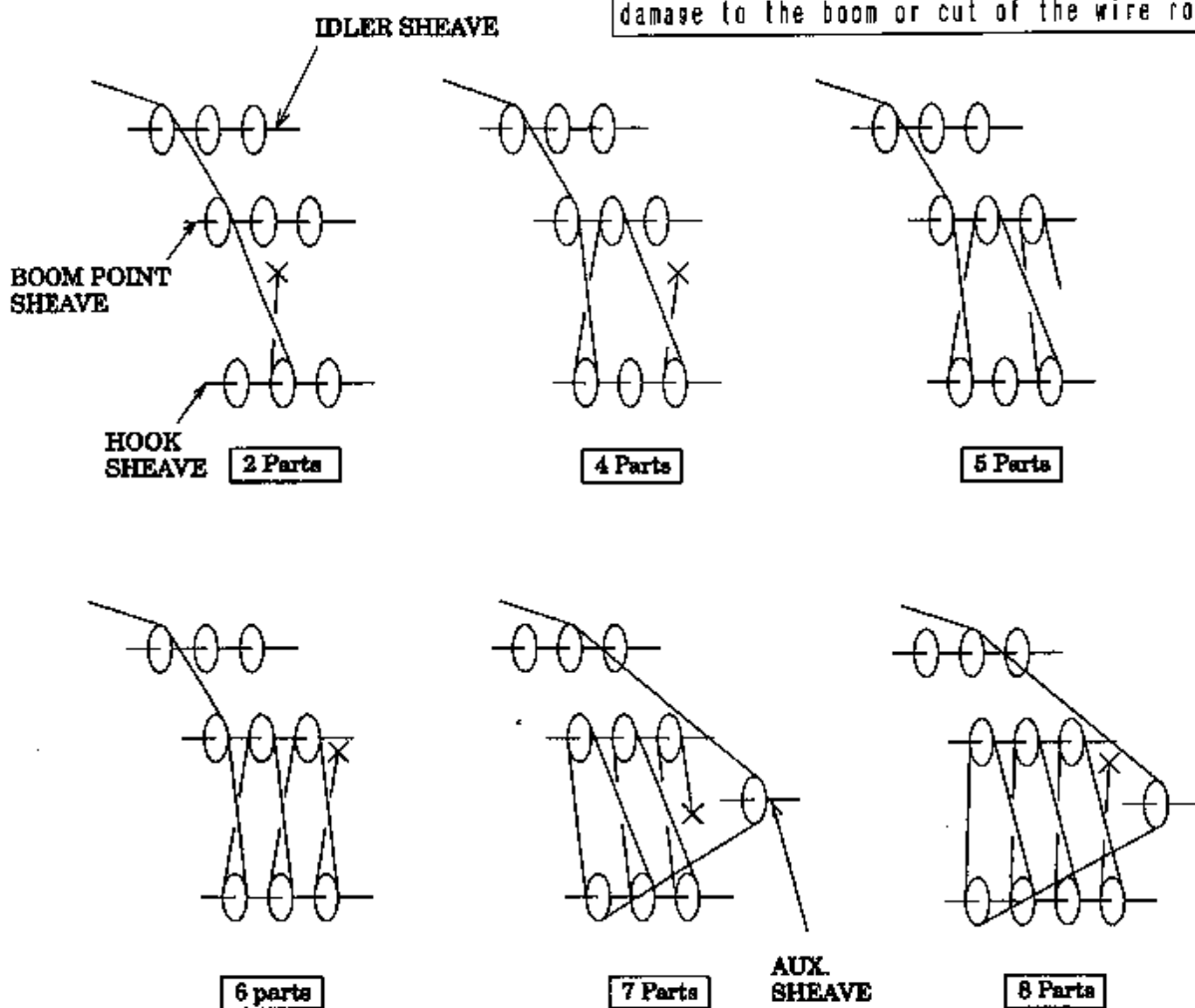
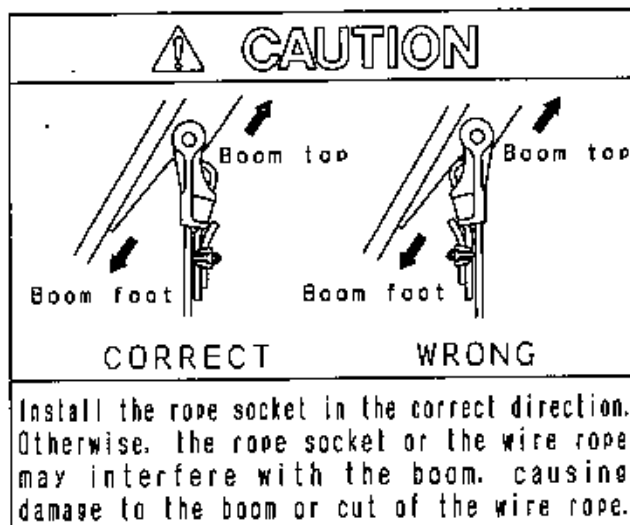
WARNING

Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wires protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (1) Prepare the hook, overhoist limit switch, weight and socket, etc. to used near the tip end of the boom.
- (2) Operating the front drum control lever to the lowering side to pay out the wire rope to the tip end of the boom, pass it through the right end the boom point.
- (3) Install the overhoist limit switch and weight to the left side bracket on the tip end of the boom. Insert the cotter pin into the shackle pin to fix it.

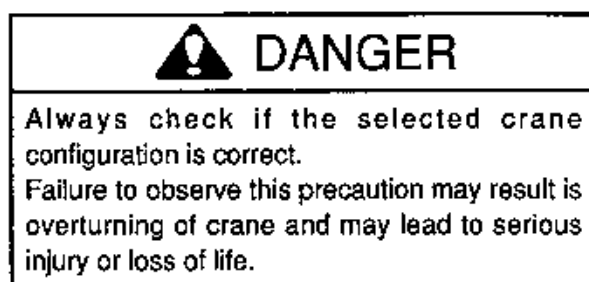


- (4) Pass the front drum wire rope through the hook sheave(s) and boom point sheave(s) in order. Do not forget to pass the wire rope through the weight for the overhoist limit switch.
- Fix the wire rope end to the boom point for even number part reeving and to the hook for odd number part reeving with the rope socket.



(This figure is a figure looking from boom tip side.)

- (5) Referring to Section 3 Load Safety Device, connect the wiring of the hook overhoist limit switch.
- (6) Referring to Section 3 as the same, input the crane configuration in the load safety device.



6.1.10 CONNECTING THE INSERT BOOMS

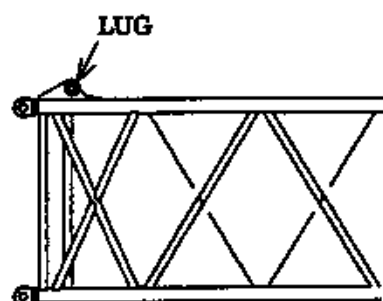
This topic covers procedure to connect the boom insert (s) from the condition, that the basic-boom has been once assembled, to assemble the long length boom.

(1) KIND OF INSERT BOOMS

Standard Boom Insert	Boom Insert with Lug
3.0 m (10 ft)	—
6.1 m (20 ft)	—
12.2 m (40 ft)	12.2 m (40 ft)

The case that the insert boom with the lugs attached is as follows:

In case of specification of boom with the jib attached.



(2) WINDING UP THE MAIN HOIST WIRE ROPE

Remove the rope socket from the wire rope, and wind up the wire rope onto the drum.

Take suitable step not to allow the wire rope wound onto the drum to be loosened.



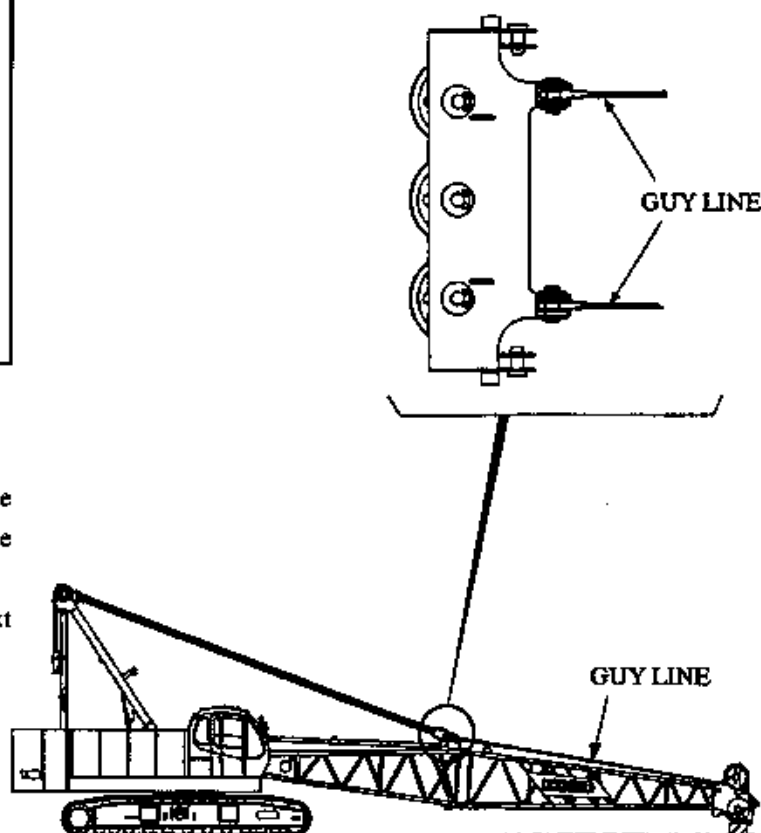
WARNING

- Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wire protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended.
- Keep away from rope end when removing the wire rope. It may suddenly jump and cause injury.
- Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum and running wire rope. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

(3) REMOVING THE BOOM TIP SECTION

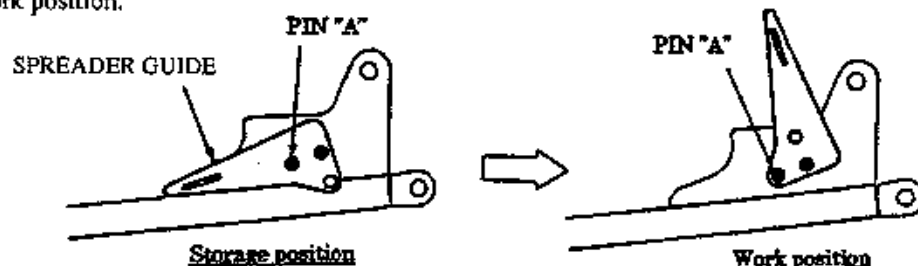
- 1) Lowering the boom onto blocking, install the upper spreader onto the top of the boom base with the use of spreader guide.

How to use spreader guide is shown in the next page.

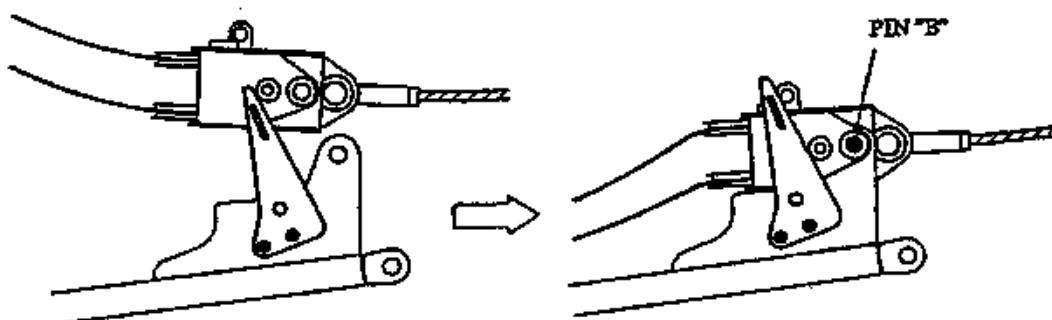


HOW TO USE SPREADER GUIDE

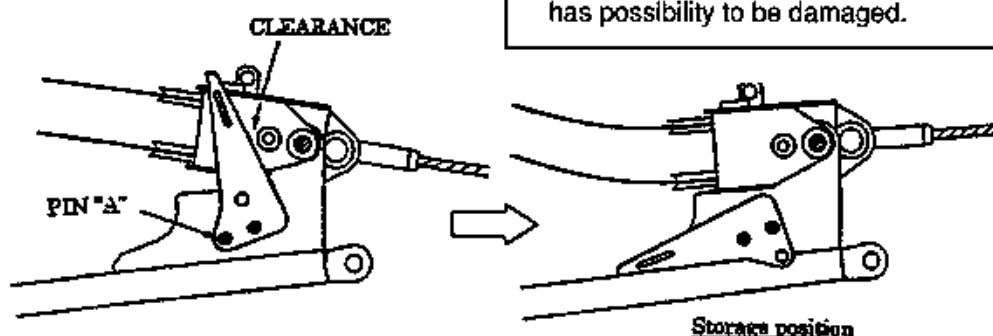
- ① Draw out pin "A", change the spreader guide from the storage position to the work position.
Place the pin "A" in the work position.



- ② Lower the boom. After the tip end of the boom has been grounded, slowly loosen the boom hoist wire rope more. The spreader is lowered along the spreader guide. When the hole of the spreader is aligned with the pin hole of the bracket on the boom base section, insert pin "B" to connect the spreader to the bracket.



- ③ When storing the spreader guide, slowly stretch the boom hoist wire rope. When clearance is generated between the spreader and the spreader guide, draw out pin "A", and return the spreader guide to the storage position.
Since the clearance is not be generated with boom base section only, perform before disassembling the boom.



CAUTION

- When the gantry is in the lowered condition, be sure to set the guide in the storage position. If the guide is left in the work position, the guide could be damaged by boom hoisting.
- When the gantry is lowered and the upper spreader is connected to the boom base section, set the guide in the storage position. At this time, do not raise the boom to more than 20 degrees. If the boom is raised to more than 20 degrees, the winch wire rope has possibility to be damaged.



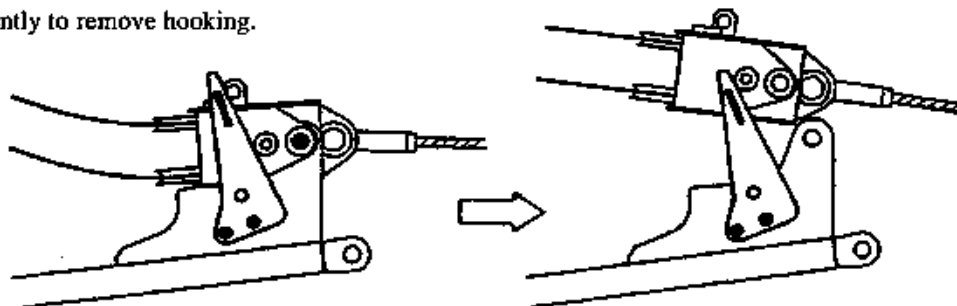
WARNING

Be sure to hold the guide end with hands. Only then, remove the pin, and stow the spreader guide. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

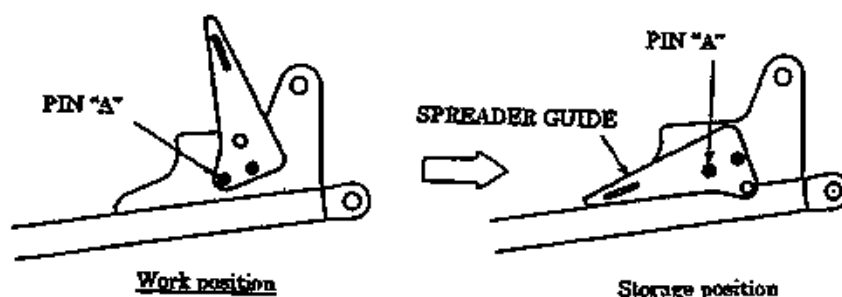
- ④ After change of the boom connection or assembly has been finished, draw out pin "B", and wind up the boom hoist wire rope so that the spreader slides up on the guide.

Relating to the reeving way of the boom hoist wire rope, the spreader slides up while rocking from side to side.

If the spreader is raised up at a stretch, the spreader has possibility to be caught on the guide and to bend the guide. If it is caught, loosen the wire rope once, then move the boom drum control lever to the RAISE side intermittently to remove hooking.

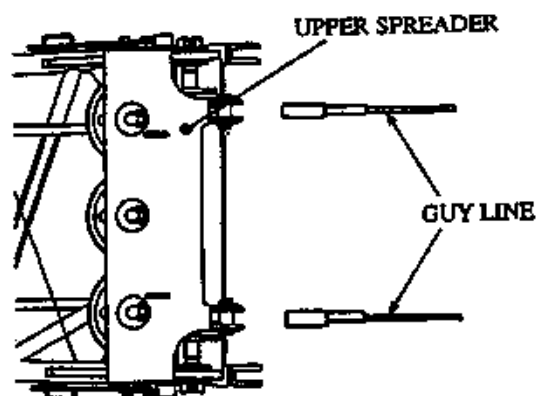


- ⑤ Return the spreader guide to the storage position.



- ⑥ When setting the spreader guide to the work position, after the boom connection is finished, stretch the boom hoist wire rope, and set the spreader guide to the work position.

- 2) Remove the basic guy lines from the upper spreader.



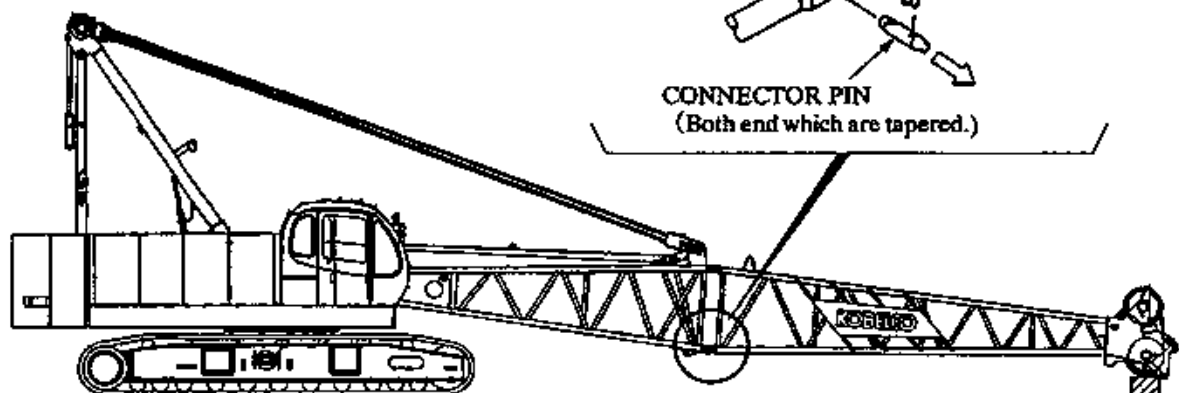
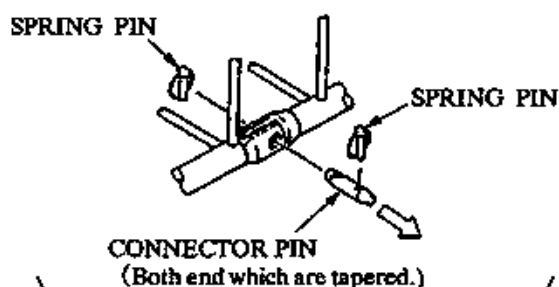
- 3) Operate the boom hoist control lever to stretch the boom hoist wire rope to remove load from the bottom connector section, then draw out the bottom connector pins (Both ends of which are tapered).



DANGER

Do not set stand or work under, inside or on the boom structure when removing the connector pins.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



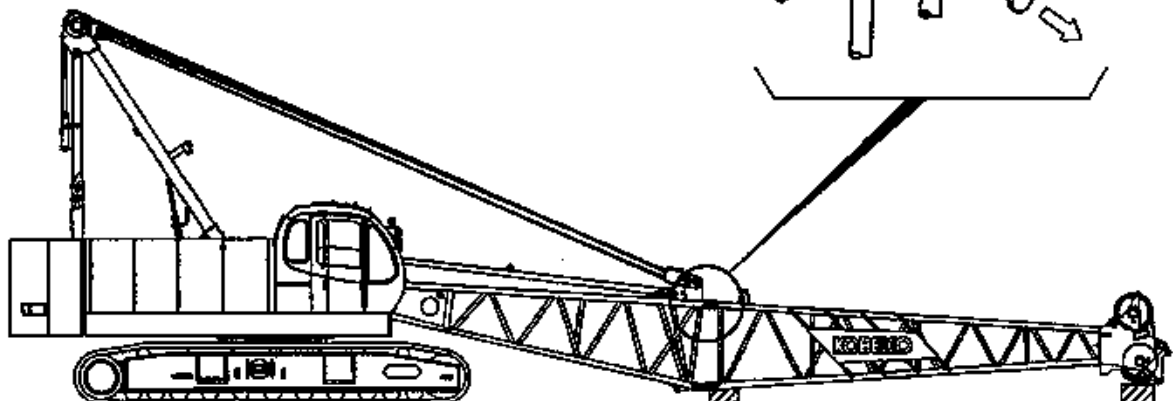
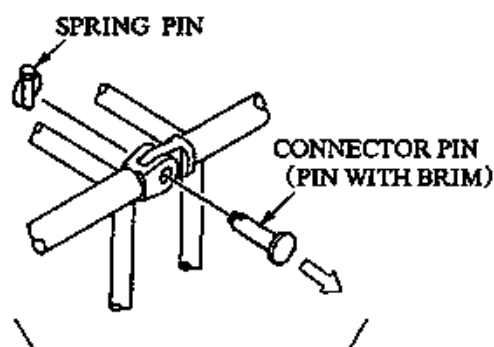
- 4) Place blocking under the boom tip section, lower the boom base section, then draw out the top connector pins (Pin with brim).



DANGER

Do not set stand or work under, inside or on the boom structure when removing the connector pins.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



(4) CONNECTING THE INSERT BOOM

For the notes on the cantilever support, refer to p.6-26.

- 1) Referring to the boom and guy line arrangement chart, lift the required insert boom(s), being careful not to mistake the top for the bottom, and bring it near the boom base section.



DANGER

- Do not stand under the boom or inside the boom structure when removing the connector pins.
- Do not climb, stand, or walk on boom.
- Use a ladder or similar device to reach only necessary areas.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- 2) Align the top connector pin holes, insert the connector pin with the lock pinholes facing up and down. Insert the spring pins to fix the connector pins.

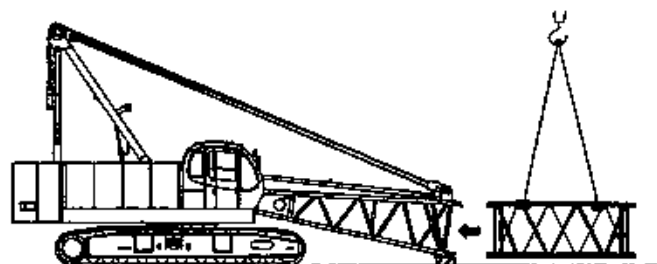
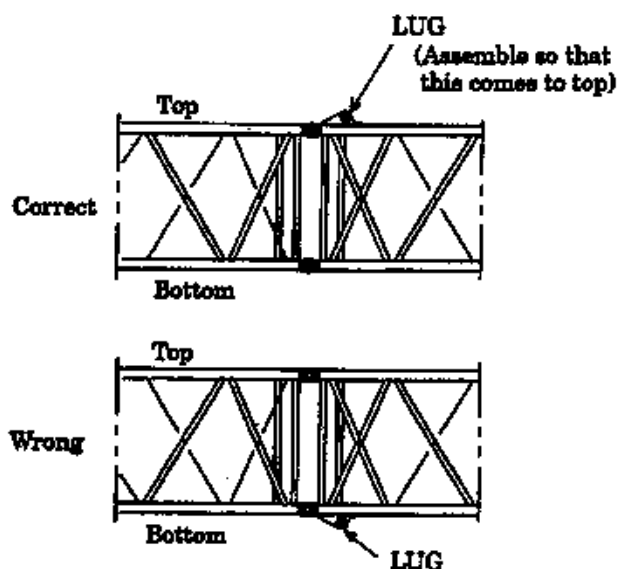
NOTE

Be sure to tap the connector pins from the outside to the inside.



WARNING

Do not insert your hand or finger into pin hole. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



- 3) Lifting up the connecting section of the base boom and the insert boom, align the bottom connector pin holes, and insert the connector pins (both ends of which are tapered) into these holes.

Insert the spring pins into the connector pins to fix them.



DANGER

Do not stand under, inside or on the boom structure when connecting insert boom.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

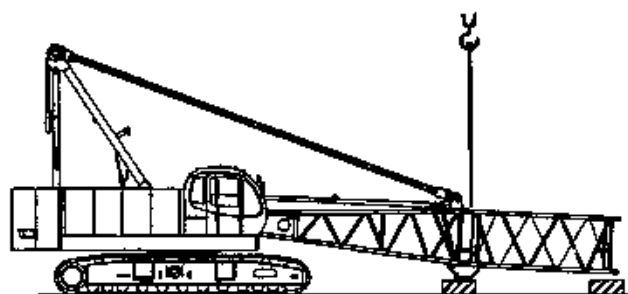
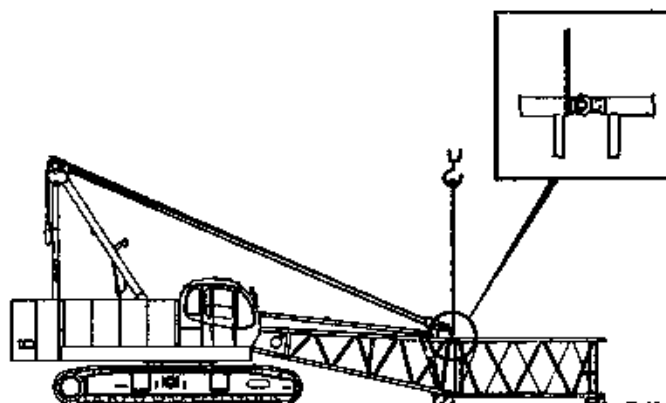


WARNING

Do not climb, stand, or walk on the boom.

Use a ladder or similar device to reach necessary area.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

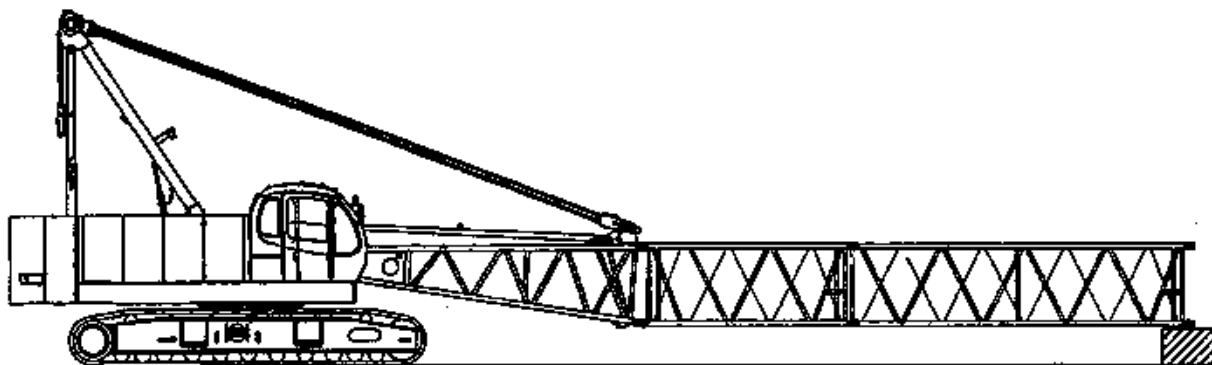


SPRING PIN

SPRING PIN

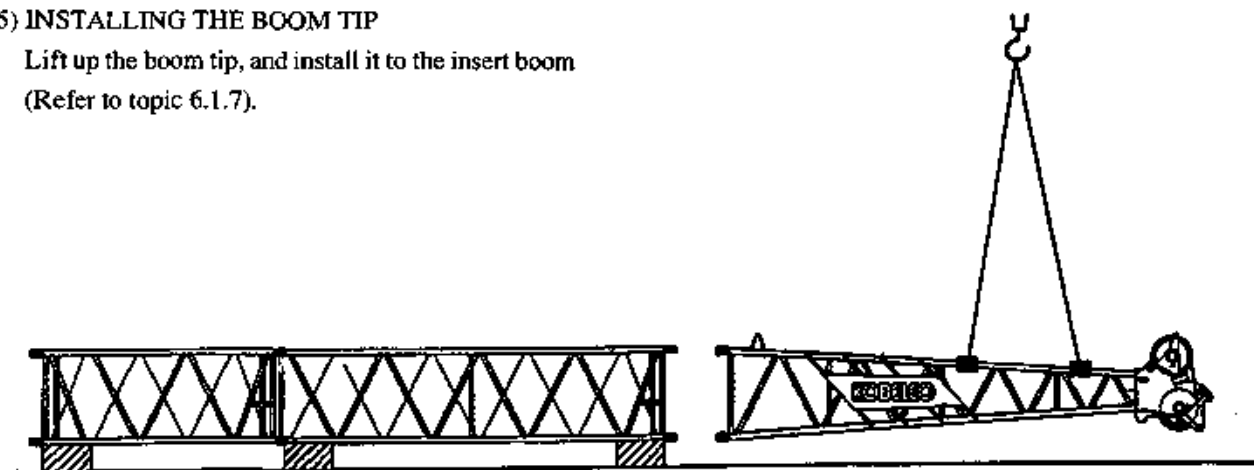
CONNECTOR PIN
(Both end which are tapered.)

- 4) Referring to the boom and guy line arrangement chart, connect the insert booms in order in the same way.



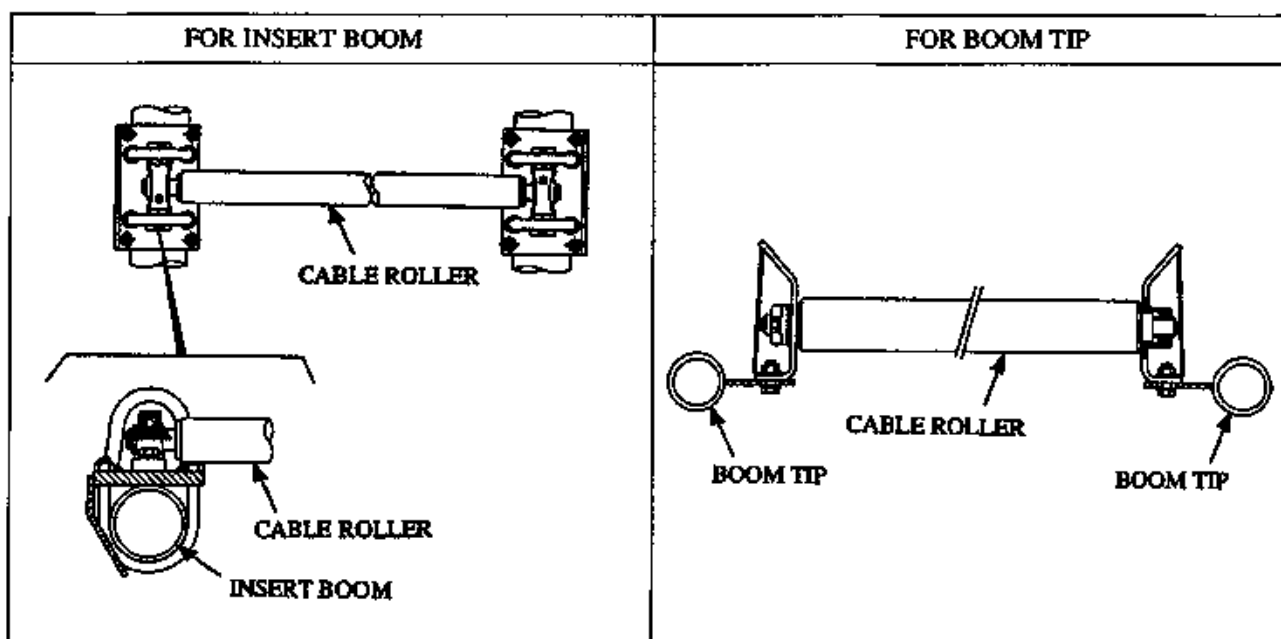
(5) INSTALLING THE BOOM TIP

Lift up the boom tip, and install it to the insert boom
(Refer to topic 6.1.7).



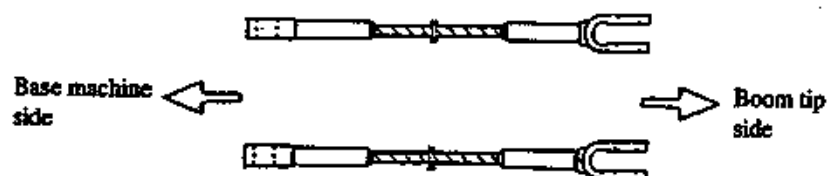
6.1.11 INSTALLING THE CABLE ROLLERS

Install the cable rollers. (Spanner : 17 mm (0.67 inch))

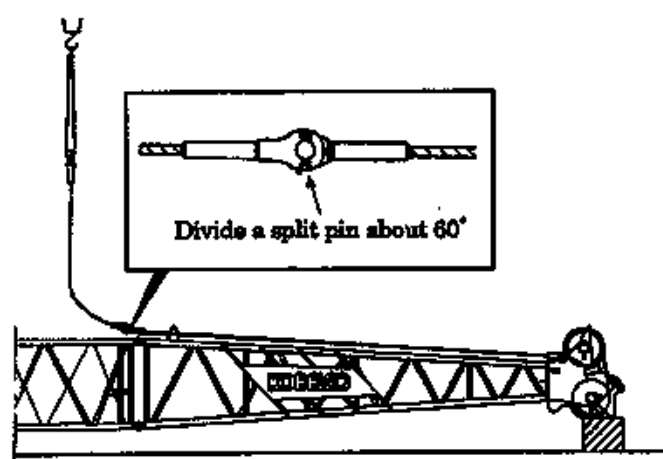
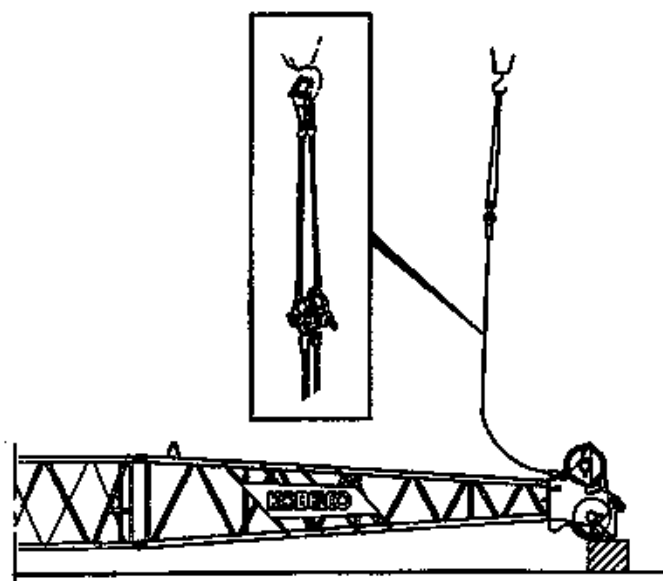


6.1.12 CONNECTING THE BOOM GUY LINES

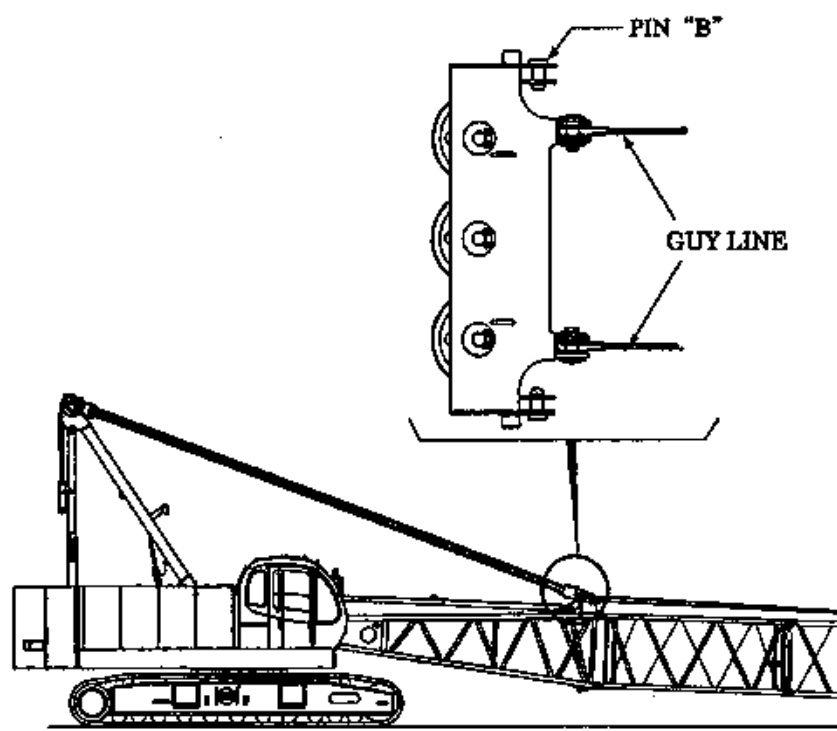
(1) Prepare the required boom guy lines as shown in the boom and guy line arrangement chart.



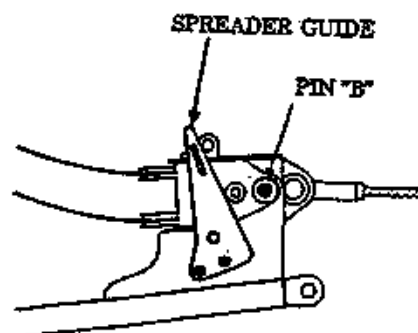
- (2) Connect the prepared guy lines from the boom tip side to the basic machine side one by one.
- When connecting from boom tip side one by one, do not make the guy lines slacken.
- If the guy lines slacken much, then guy lines may not reach to the upper spreader.



- (3) Connect the guy line to the upper spreader.



- (4) Loosen the boom hoist wire rope enough.
- (5) Use the spreader guide to remove the pin "B".
- (6) Wind up the boom hoist rope to the boom hoist drum paying attention not making rough winding.



WARNING

Place an signal man to avoid accident of being caught.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

6.1.13 CAUTION FOR CANTILEVER

(1) SUPPORT WITH BASE BOOM



CAUTION

- Be sure the confirm that gantry is set in high gantry condition.
- Do not exceed the length of cantilever mentioned below.
- Operate crane at the slowest speed as possible.

The boom length which can be supported with cantilever is shown as below.



CAUTION

LIMIT FOR BOOM CONNECTING LENGTH

WHEN BOOM IS SUPPORTED IN CANTILEVER STYLE,
AND ATTEMPTING TO INCREASE BOOM LENGTH,
GANTRY MUST BE KEPT IN HIGH GANTRY.
STRICTLY FOLLOW RESTRICTED LENGTH
AS SHOWN.



BOOM TIP ONLY



WITHIN 40FT

002070112301

6.1.14 ASSEMBLING THE JIB

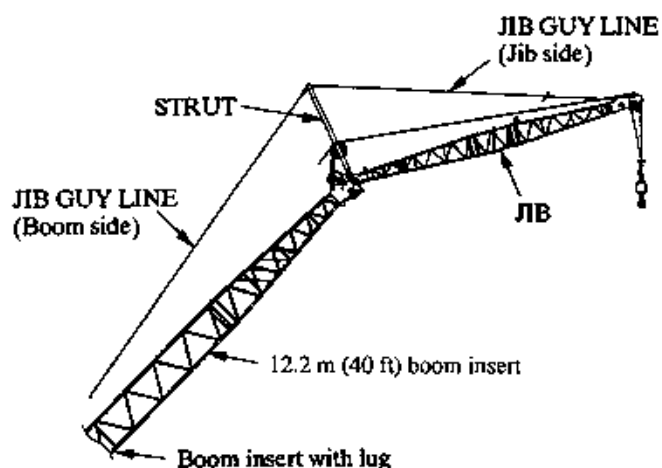
For arrangement of the jib and guy line, see page 6-9.

The boom length to which the jib can be attached is 24.4 m (80 ft) to 54.9 m (180 ft).



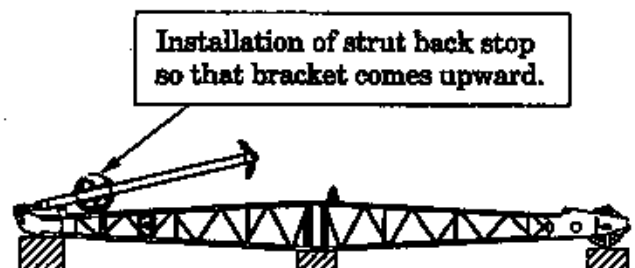
DANGER

Do not stand or work under, inside or on the jib structure when assembling jib.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

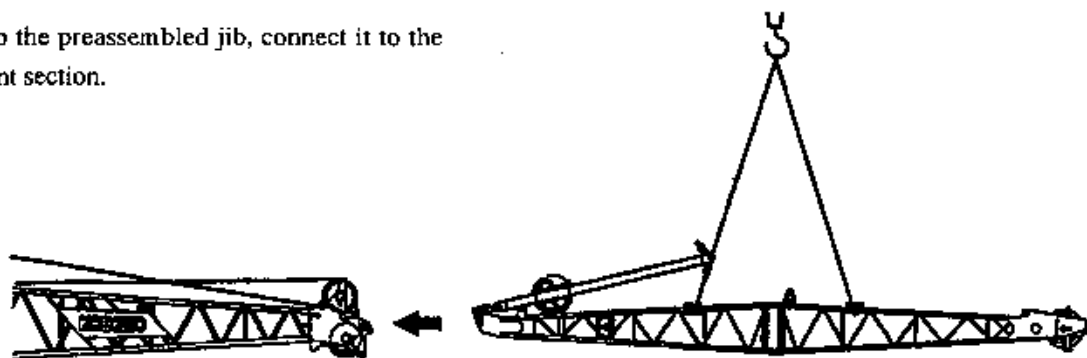


- (1) Assemble the jib and strut at the elongation of the tip end of the tip boom.

The jib connecting pins are all pins with brim.

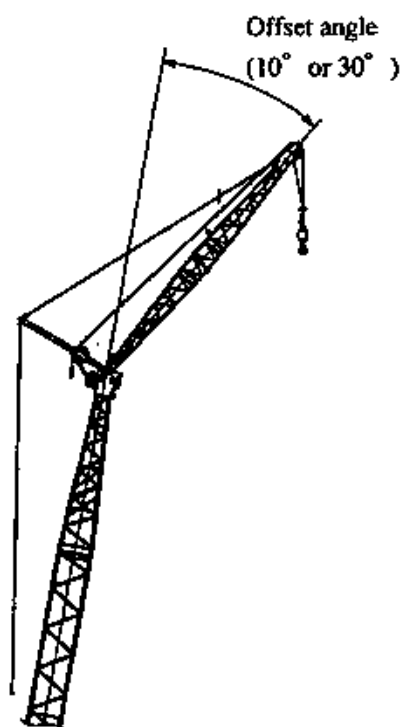


- (2) Lifting up the preassembled jib, connect it to the boom point section.

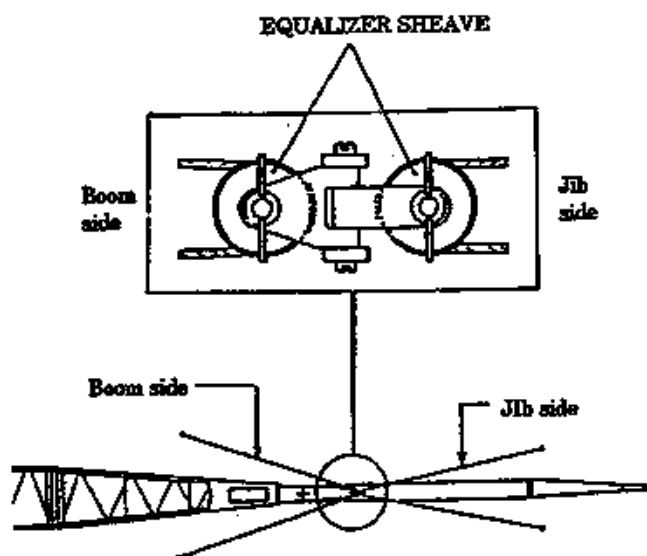


- (3) Prepare the jib guy lines (the jib side and boom side).

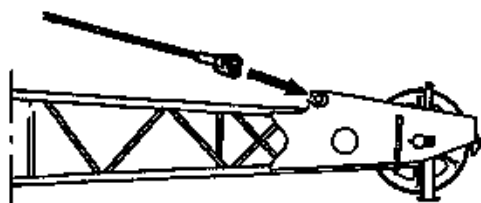
- The length of the jib guy line of the jib side varies according to the jib length.
- The length of the jib guy line of the boom side varies according to the jib offset angle (10° or 30°), and the length of the 12.2 m (40 ft) insert boom connected to the boom tip.



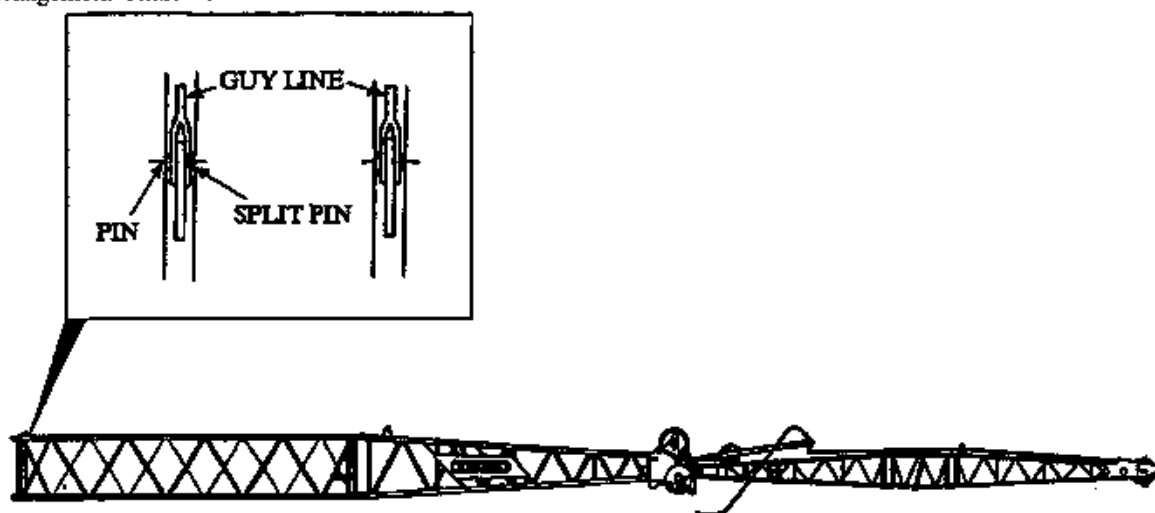
- (4) Temporarily remove the equalizer sheave of the jib strut, and thread the jib guy line through the sheave. Only then, reinstall the sheave. (Keep the strut down.)



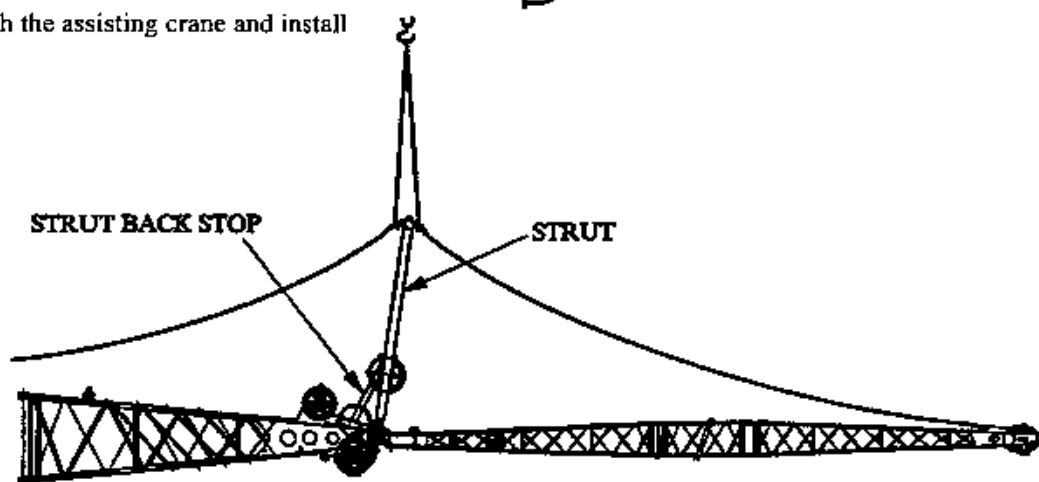
- (5) Connect both end of the jib guy line to the top end of the jib.



- (6) Install the jib guy line link to the insert boom with lug, referring to the "Boom and Guy Line Arrangement Chart".



- (7) Raise the strut with the assisting crane and install the strut back stop.



- (8) With the jib strut held, connect the both ends of the boom side jib guy line to the lug on the 12.2 m (40 ft) insert boom.

- (9) Remove the sling rope from the jib strut.



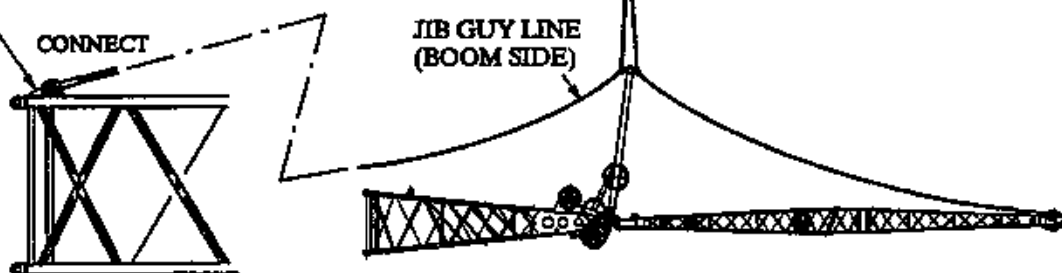
WARNING

After the assembly has been completed, be sure to confirm that all connecting pins and lock pins are correctly installed. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

INSERT BOOM WITH LUG

CONNECT

JIB GUY LINE
(BOOM SIDE)



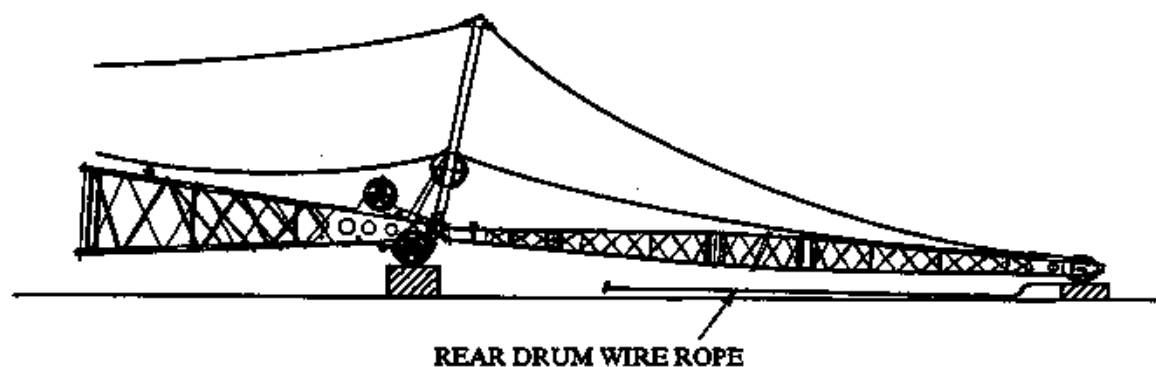
6.1.15 REEVING OF REAR DRUM WIRE ROPE



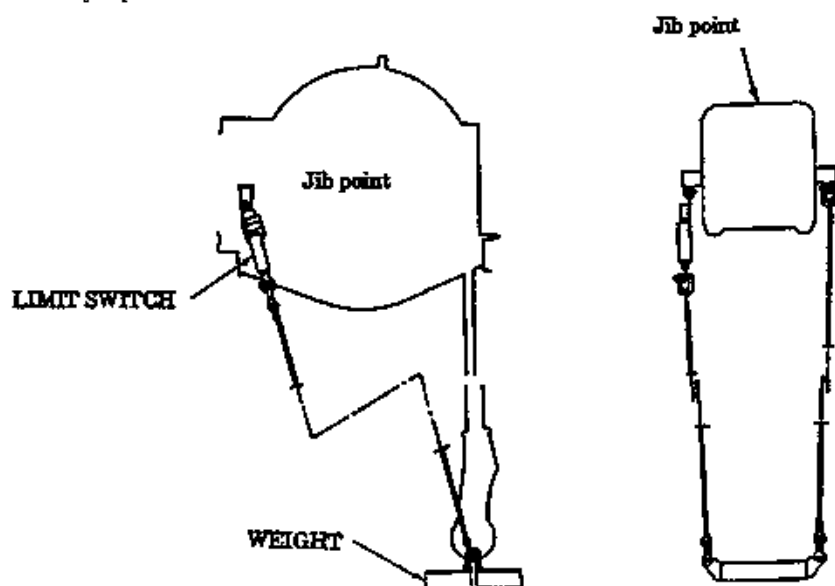
WARNING

Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wire protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended. Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum and running wire rope. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

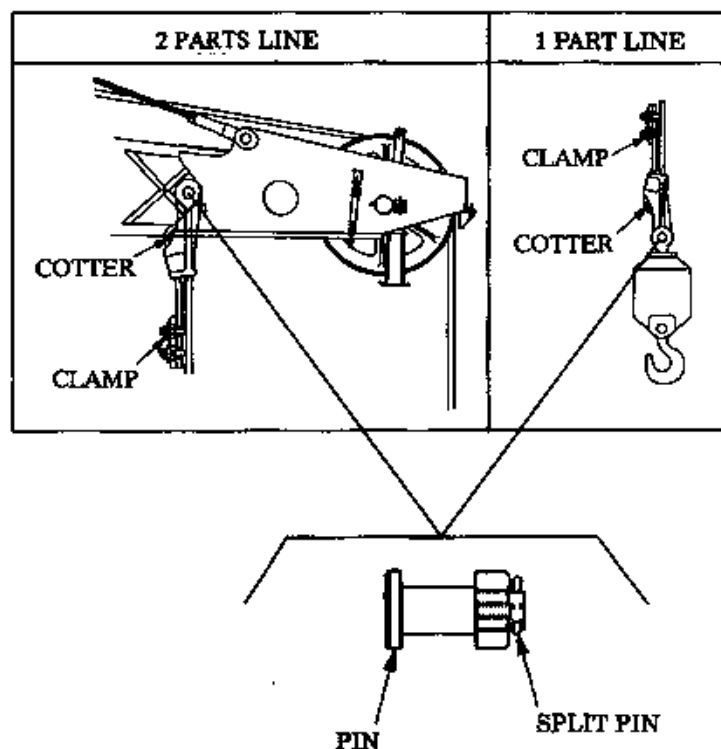
- (1) Place the hook block near the tip end of the jib.
- (2) Push the rear drum control lever to the lowering side to pay out the rear drum wire rope to the tip end of the jib, and pass it through the jib point sheave.



- (3) Install the limit switch and weight to the jib point section.



- (4) Pass the wire rope end through the weight for the limit switch. When using 1 part of line, fix the wire rope end to the hook block, and fix it to the upper jib when using 2 parts of lines. Use the rope socket when fixing the wire rope end.



- (5) Referring to Section 3 Load Safety Device, connect the wiring for the auxiliary hoist hook anti-two block (overhoist) limit switch.



WARNING

After the assembly has been completed, be sure to confirm that all connecting pins and lock pins are correctly installed.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



CAUTION

Check the performance of the anti-two-block alarm system.

- (6) Referring to Section 3 as the same, input the crane configuration in the load safety device.



DANGER

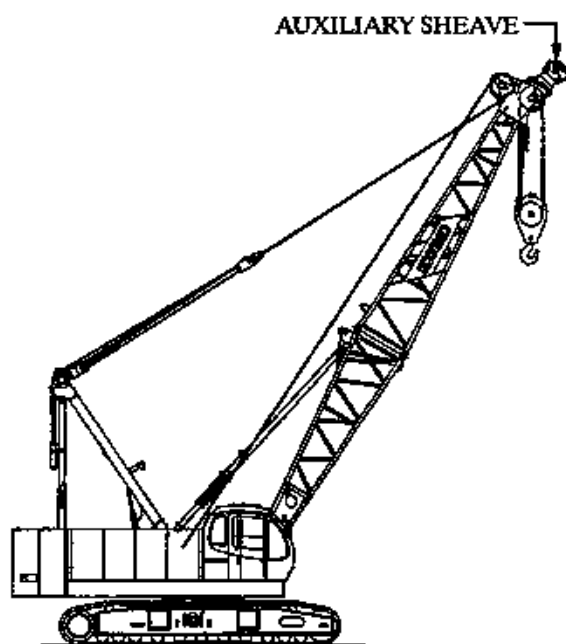
Do not set wrong crane configuration.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

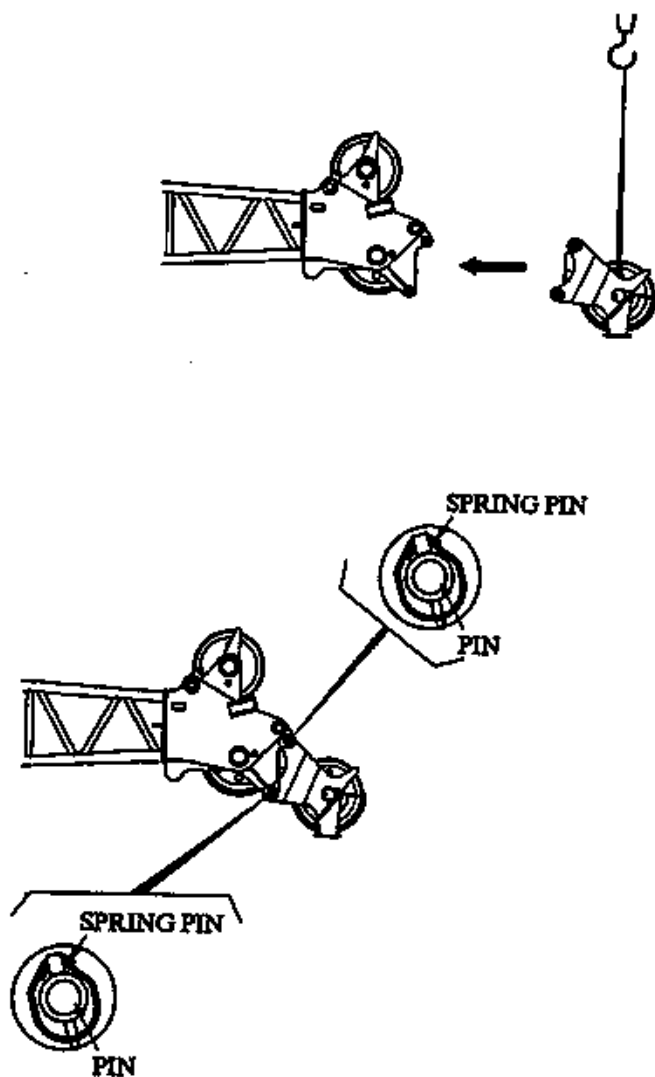
6.1.16 INSTALLING THE AUXILIARY SHEAVE

The boom length to which the auxiliary sheave can be installed is 12.2 m (40 ft) to 57.9 m (190 ft).

Weight: 146 kg (320 lbs)



- (1) Install the auxiliary sheave installation position at the boom top, and fix it with the pin.



6.1.17 REEVING THE REAR DRUM WIRE ROPE TO THE AUXILIARY SHEAVE



WARNING

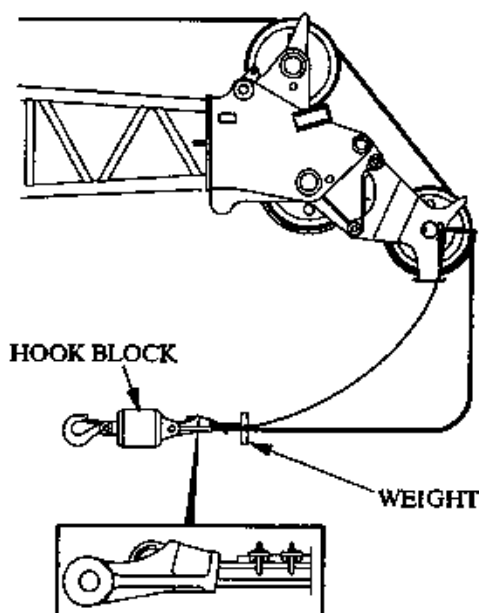
Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wire protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended.
Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum and running wire rope.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (1) Place the hook block near the tip of the auxiliary sheave.
- (2) Control the rear drum control lever to the lowering position to pay out the wire rope upto the tip end of the boom, and pass the wire rope through the idler sheave and auxiliary sheave in this order.
- (3) Install the limit switch and weight to the auxiliary sheave.
- (4) Pass the wire rope end through the weight for the limit switch, and fix the end to the ball hook with the use of the rope socket.
- (5) Connect the wiring of the auxiliary hook anti-two-block (overhoist) limit switch, referring to Section 3 Safety Device (see p.3-9).
- (6) Referring to Section 3 Load Safety Device in the same way, input the crane configuration in the load safety device.



DANGER

Always check if the selected crane configuration is correct.
Failure to observe this precaution may result is overturning of crane and may lead to serious injury or loss of life.

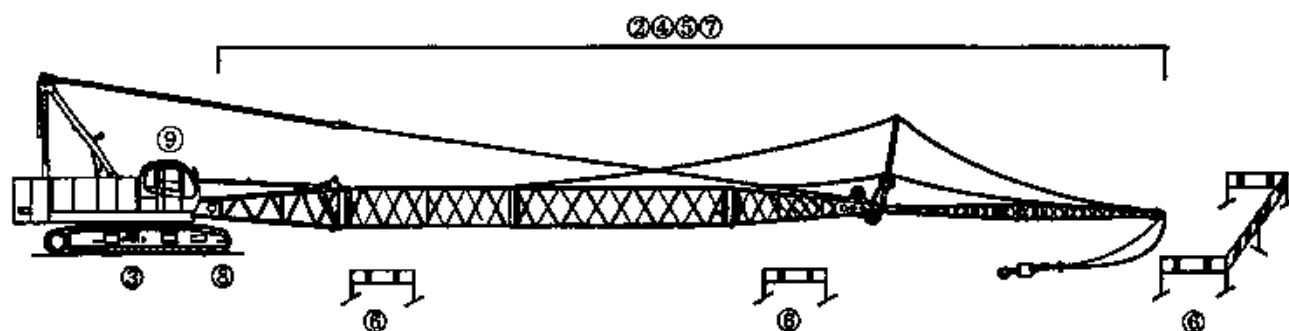


6.2 ERECTING THE ATTACHMENT

6.2.1 CONFIRMATION BEFORE ERECTING THE ATTACHMENT

Check the following items, and confirm that there is no abnormality, then erect the attachment.

- ① Preoperation check.
- ② Lubrication to the each part of the attachment.
- ③ The crawlers extended to the working position.
- ④ The wire ropes correctly reeved.
- ⑤ Tools, etc. not left on the attachment.
- ⑥ The offlimiting step to the surrounding area of the attachment was taken.
- ⑦ The wirings for the boom, main and auxiliary hook overhoist limit switches correctly connected.
- ⑧ For the combination of the boom of 54.9m (180 ft) length and the jib of any length, place blocking steel plates between the ends of the crawlers and the ground.
- ⑨ The load safety device is correctly set.



6.2.2 ERECTING THE ATTACHMENT



WARNING

Before operating the boom ensure the area above and beneath the boom is clear of all obstructions and personnel.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

(1) CAUTIONS WHEN ERECTING

- ① Erecting of the attachment must be performed in the front and rear direction of the crawlers.
- ② When the boom angle is less than approximately 20 degrees, place the hook on the ground.
(However, when a jib is attached to the boom of 51.8 m (170 ft) length or more, place the hook on the ground until the boom angle reaches approximately 30 degrees.)
- ③ Operation must be performed at a low speed.
Sudden start and stop must be avoided.
- ④ Prevent the wire rope from catching and kink in the tip of the boom and jib.

- (2) Release the drum lock in the side where the hook is attached.

(3) Operate the boom hoist control lever toward the RAISING side to raise the boom slowly.

(4) Paying close attention to catching and kink of the hoist wire rope, raise the hook.

(5) Before starting actual work, confirm the following items.

① When the hook is raised to strike against the weight for preventing overhoist, raising motion must be stopped.

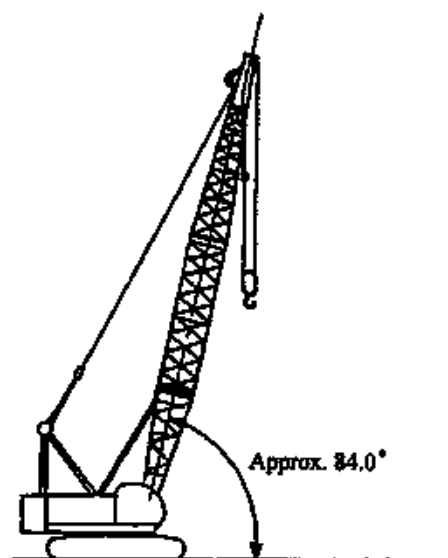
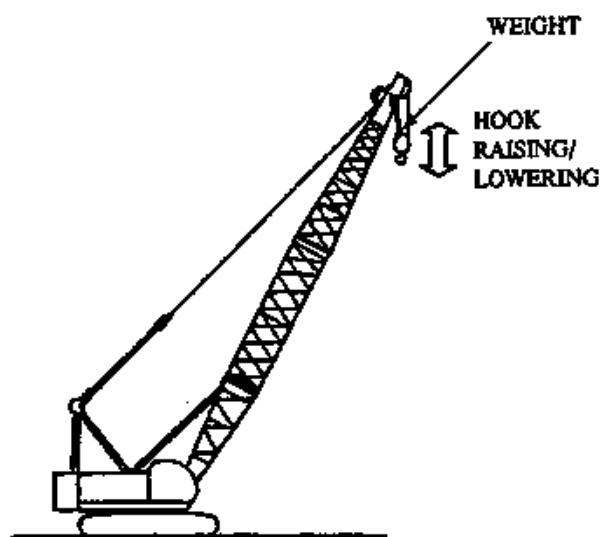
② When the boom is raised to approximately 84.0 degrees of boom angle, boom raising must be stopped.

③ Check of the load safety device with controller
If it is difficult to check the automatic stop function in case of overload by lifting a load actually, the function can be checked with the LMI controller.

Access the main screen, and press and hold the **SET** switch. Then, the device simulates the overload status and the automatic stop function is actuated (LMI check mode).

In this status, ensure that the hoisting of the hook blocks and the lowering of the boom are impossible.

The LMI check mode is started when approx. three seconds have passed after the **SET** switch is pressed, and the mode continues until the switch is released. The message of "Check mode (over load condition)" is displayed on the screen during the LMI check mode.



RATIO (%)		50 70 80 90 100	
BOOM ANGLE	BOOM POINT ELEV.		
64.6°	95.8ft		
MAIN			
RATIO	67%		
ACTUAL LOAD	17.8	POUNDS x1000	
RATED LOAD	26.4	POUNDS x1000	
RADIUS	47.1	ft	
Check mode (Over load condition)			
Crane STD. Weight		JIB : 30feet	
BOOM : 100feet		JIB angle 10deg	
HOOK : No	Use	Aux.	Use
L/M : No	Ans.		

Check mode (Over load condition)

6.3 LOWERING THE ATTACHMENT

When lowering the attachment, observe the following items.

- ① Lowering of the attachment must be performed in the front and rear direction of the crawlers.
- ② When the boom angle is less than approximately 20 degrees, place the hook on the ground.
(However, when a jib is attached to the boom of 51.8 m (170 ft) length or more, place the hook on the ground until the boom angle reaches approximately 30 degrees.)
- ③ Operation must be performed at a low speed. Sudden start and stop must be avoided.
- ④ Prevent the wire rope from catching and kink in the tip end of the boom and jib.
- ⑤ For the combination of the boom of 54.9 m (180 feet) length and the jib of any length, place floor plates between the ends of the crawlers and the ground.



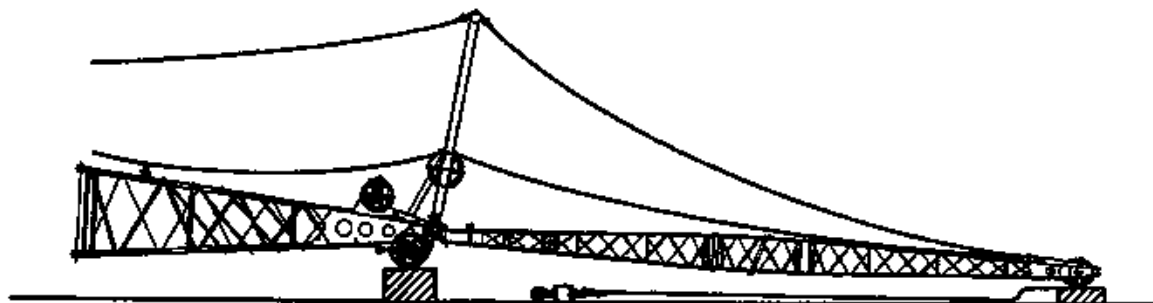
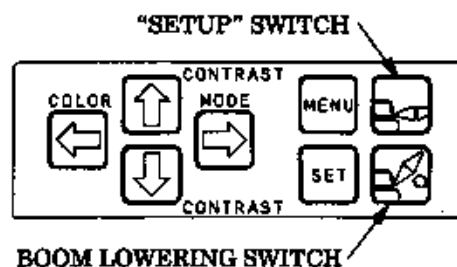
WARNING

Before operating the boom ensure the area above and beneath the boom is clear of all obstructions and personnel.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

6.3.1 LOWERING THE ATTACHMENT

- (1) Lower the boom at a low speed.
- (2) When the boom angle exceeds the working area, boom lowering is automatically stopped, and the warning alarm sounds.
(The boom can be lowered onto the ground without the automatic stop while the machine is in the specific posture. Refer to the page 3-38.)
- (3) Lower the hook onto the ground.
- (4) The boom can be lowered further by pressing the "BOOM LOWERING SWITCH".
- (5) By lowering the boom more, the hook overhoist limit switch operates, and the boom lowering is automatically stopped again. Push the "SETUP" switch, and lower the boom onto the ground.



6.4 DISASSEMBLING THE ATTACHMENT

6.4.1 TREATMENT OF OVERHOIST

LIMIT SWITCH WIRING

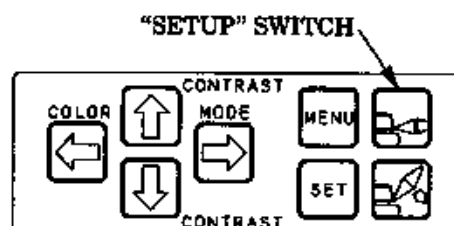
When assembling the crane attachment, push the "SETUP" switch. Then, the load safety device enters the "SETUP" mode, and the automatic stop is canceled.

 The "SETUP" mode cannot be actuated while the boom is raised.

When the boom is raised after the assembly is completed, the message of "Cancel the setup mode" appears on the screen, buzzer sounds (boo...) are issued, and the boom is stopped. Then, press the "SETUP" switch to enter the working mode.

For details, refer to the chapter 3 "LOAD SAFETY DEVICE".

- (1) Disconnect the overhoist limit switch wiring in the boom tip end, and wind it up onto the cable reel.
- (2) Disconnect the wiring between the cable reel and the basic machine side, and install the short circuit cap to the basic machine side wiring.
- (3) If the jib is attached, wind up the jib side wiring onto the cable reel in the same way.



6.4.2 WINDING UP THE FRONT DRUM/REAR DRUM WIRE ROPES

- (1) Confirm that the hook is set in the stabilized condition.
- (2) Remove the rope socket and clamp from the wire rope end.
- (3) Slowly operate the front drum or rear hoist drum control lever to wind up the hoist wire rope onto the appropriate drum, being careful for being caught to the sheave.



WARNING

Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wire protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended. Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum and running wire rope. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

6.4.3 DISASSEMBLING THE JIB

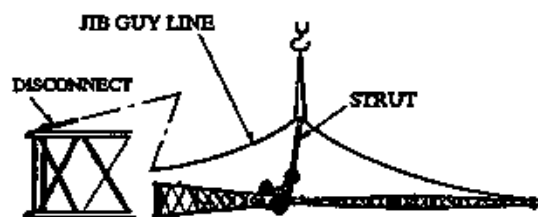


WARNING

Do not stand or work under, inside or on the jib structure when assembling jib.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

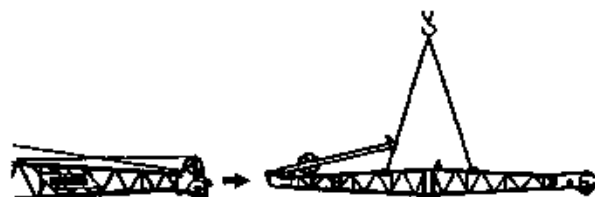
- (1) While holding the jib strut with the assisting crane, disconnect the jib guy line from the insert boom.



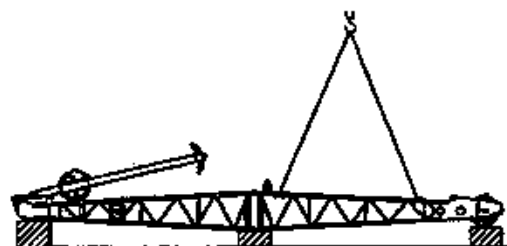
- (2) Remove the backstop from the strut, and lay down the strut to the jib side.



- (3) Take off the jib side jib guy line from the jib tip end.
(4) Take off the jib side and boom side guy lines from the strut.



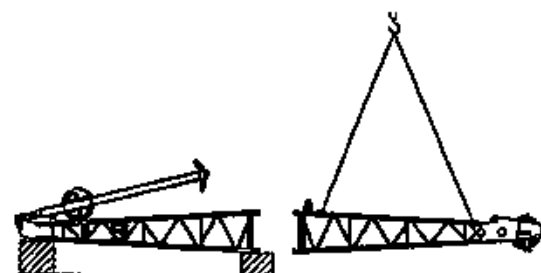
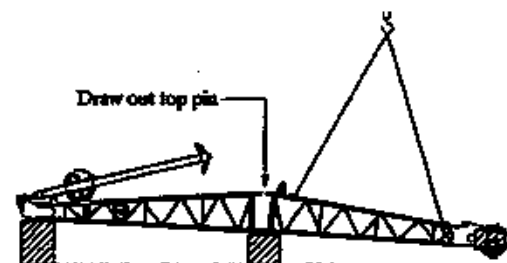
- (5) With the jib held with the assisting crane, detach the jib from the boom.
Place the jib on blocking.



- (6) Disassemble the jib.

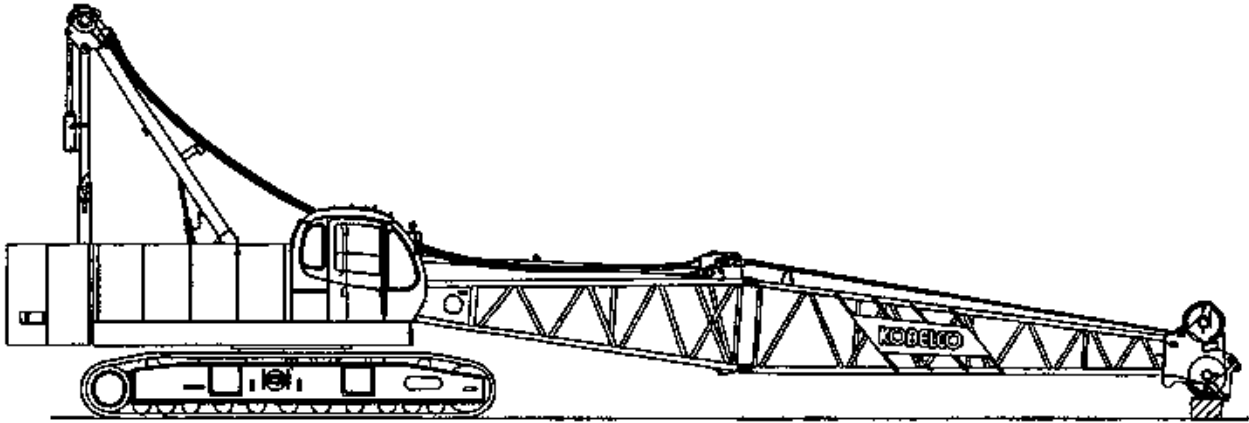
Draw out the top connecting pins first, then draw out the bottom connecting pins.

To prevent the jib from jumping up when the jib connecting section is disconnected, support the jib with blocking, etc.

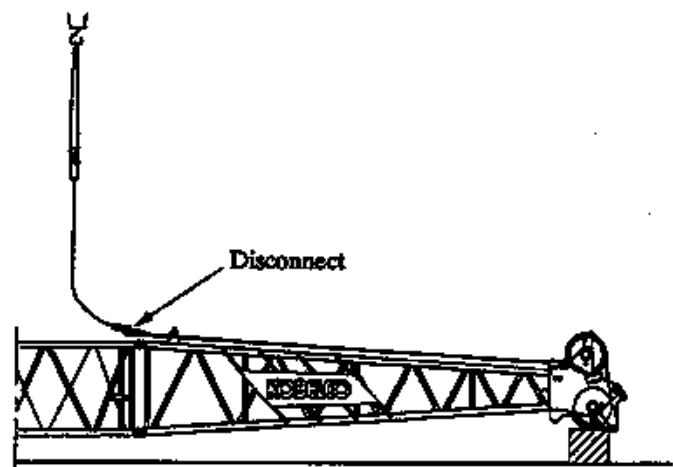
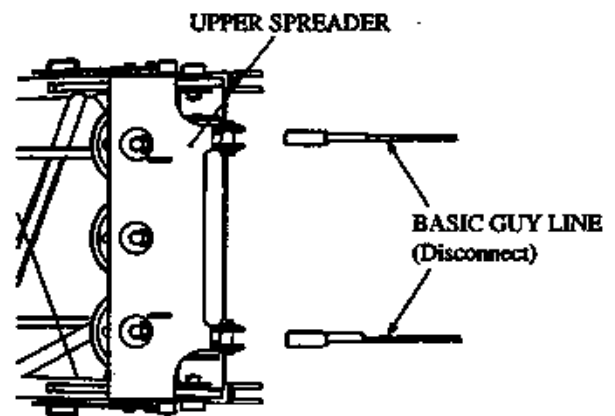


6.4.4 REMOVING THE BOOM GUY LINE

- (1) Set the spreader guide to the "working position", and slowly slacken the boom hoist wire rope (Refer to P. 6-19).



- (2) Use the spreader guide, and install the upper spreader on the lower boom with the pin.
- (3) Disconnect the guy lines from the upper spreader.
- (4) Disconnect the connector sections of the guy lines in order.
- (5) Using the assisting crane, lower the guy lines onto the ground. At this time, be careful not to injure the boom.



6.4.5 DISASSEMBLING THE BOOM



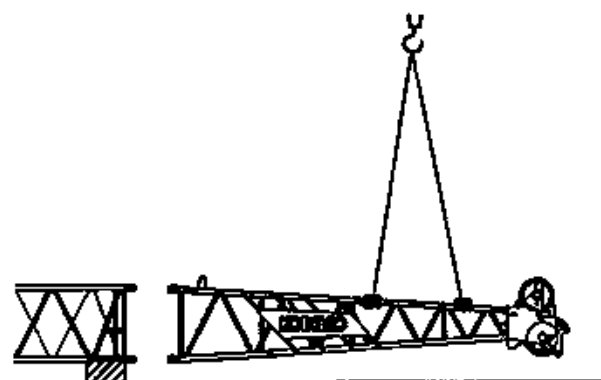
DANGER

Do not stand under, inside or on the boom structure when disassembling boom.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

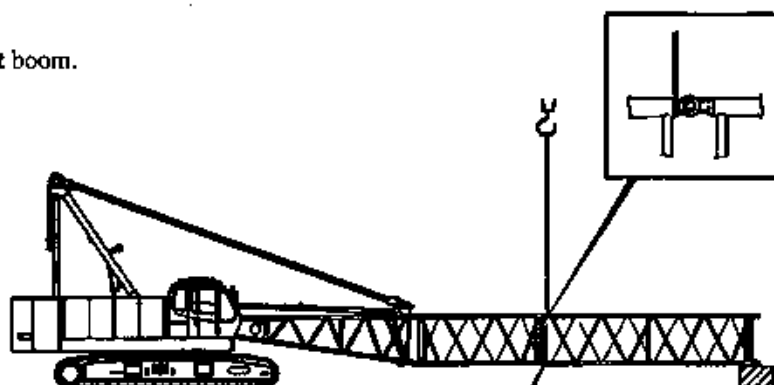
(1) Disconnect the tip boom.

- 1) While holding the tip boom with the assisting crane, draw out the top side connector pins. Then, draw out the bottom side connector pins, and disconnect the tip boom.

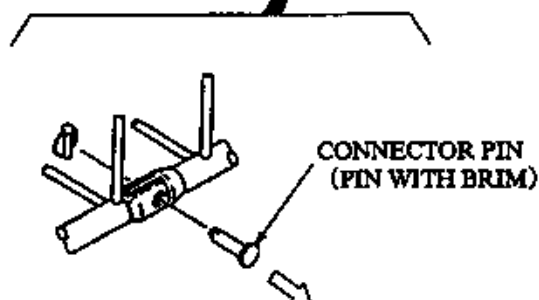


(2) Disconnect the insert boom.

- 1) Hold the connecting section of the insert boom.



- 2) Draw out the bottom side connector pin in one side only. After drawing out the pin, insert a bar to prevent the pin hole from moving.
- 3) Draw out the other bottom side connector pin.



- 4) Remove the moving preventive bar, and lower the boom onto the ground with the use of the assisting crane.
- 5) Draw out the top side connector pins, and disconnect the insert boom.

6.4.6 REMOVING THE BASE BOOM



DANGER

Do not stand under, inside or on the boom structure when disassembling boom.

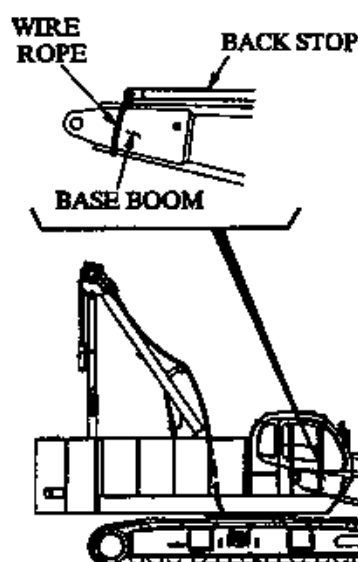
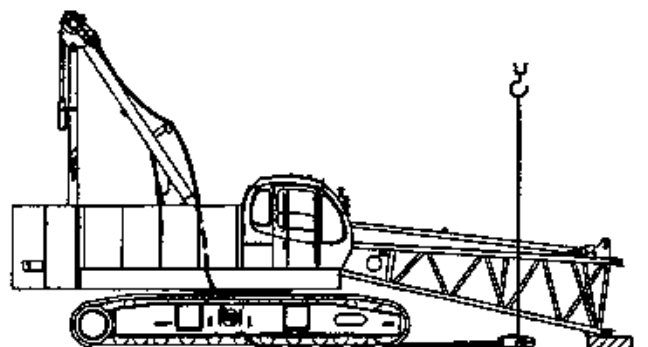
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- (1) Hold the upper spreader with the assisting crane. Then, take off the upper spreader from the lower boom, and place it on the ground to the left of the basic machine.
- (2) While holding the backstop with the assisting crane, take off the outer pipe from the revolving frame, retract it, and fix it to the bracket of base boom (both left and right).
- (3) While holding the foot side of the base boom with the assisting crane, draw out the boom foot pin in the cab side (right side) first, then draw out the left side boom foot pin.

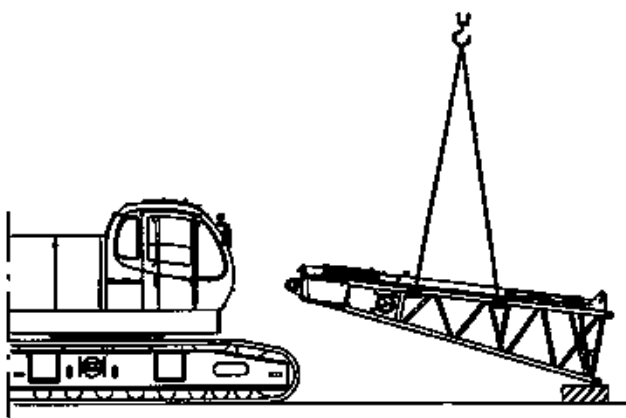


CAUTION

Be careful that the lower boom can move suddenly, once the boom foot pin is removed.



- (4) Move the basic machine backward a little, and lower the base boom onto the ground.



6.4.7 REMOVAL OF THE COUNTERWEIGHT

Remove the counterweight as per section 5.3.



DANGER

Do not stand on or under the lifted counterweight or between weight and the basic machine to avoid accident of being caught.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

6.4.8 LOWERING THE GANTRY

Lower the gantry as per section 5.2.

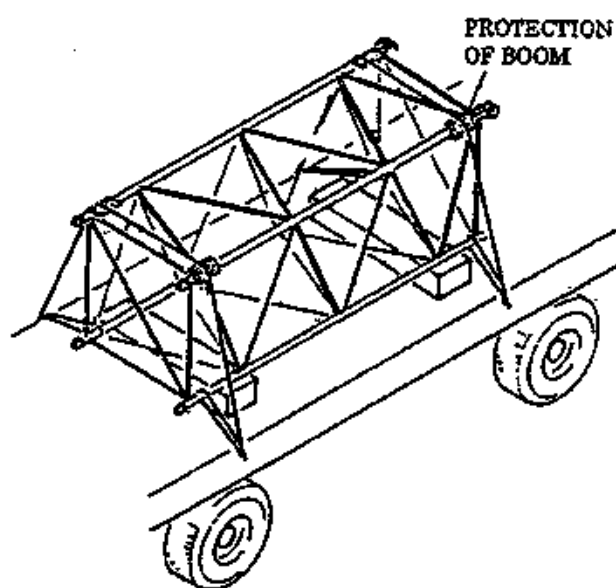


WARNING

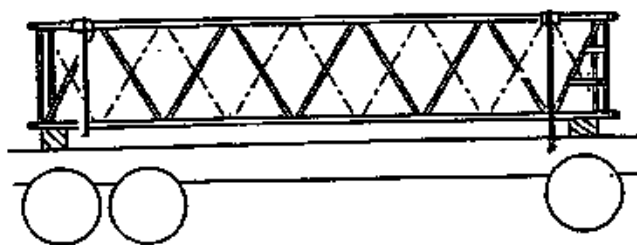
Do not stand under the gantry to avoid accident of being caught due to sudden drop of the gantry.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

6.5 CAUTION WHEN TRANSPORTING BOOM

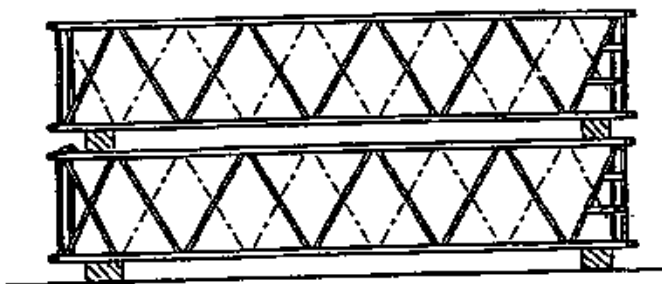
- (1) In order to prevent the boom from damage, do not hook the fixing ropes directly to the main chord members and lacing members. Be sure to use sling cloths.



- (2) Place blocking under the both ends of the boom.



- (3) When placing a boom upon another boom, place blocking just above the under blocking. Place the insert boom with lugs attached on the bottom. If it is placed on the top, the transporting height becomes high.



7. WIRE ROPE

7.1 HANDLING OF WIRE ROPE



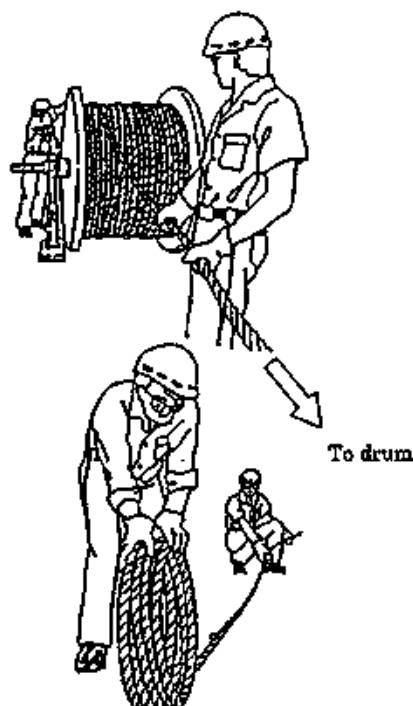
WARNING

Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wires protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

7.1.1 UNREELING METHOD OF WIRE ROPE

When unreeling the wire rope, take sufficient care to prevent it from kinking.

It is convenient to use a jig as shown in the right figure. If the method mentioned above is unavailable, being careful not to soil the wire rope, roll over to extend it straightly.



Unreeling method of wire rope

7.1.2 WINDING WIRE ROPE ONTO THE DRUM

1. In case of the front and rear drum.

Pass the wire rope end through from the inside of the drum flange, and fix it to the socket on the drum flange with a wedge.



WARNING

If the wire rope end is not securely fixed, it may be unfixed, causing the accidental drop of the lifted load. Be sure to securely fix the wire rope end.

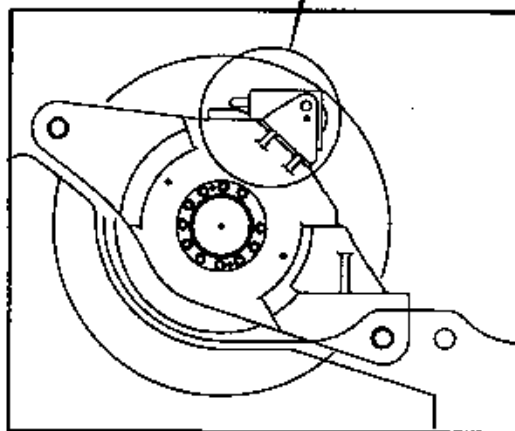
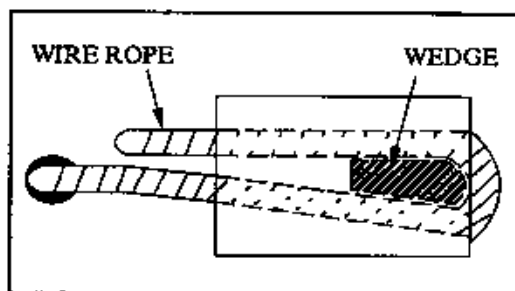
When unwinding the wire rope, remember that at least three lines of the wire rope must be on the drum.



WARNING

If the number of the line of the wire rope on the drum is smaller than three, the wire rope may be unfixed, causing the accidental drop of the lifted load.

DO NOT unwind the wire rope further if three lines of the wire rope on the drum.

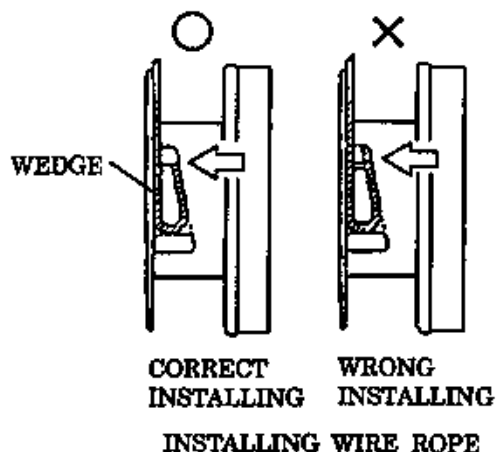


2. In case of the boom drum.

Be careful not to allow the wire rope end to protrude from the cotter hole.

Pass the tensile end of the wire rope through the straight side of the rope socket.

Surely install the wedge.



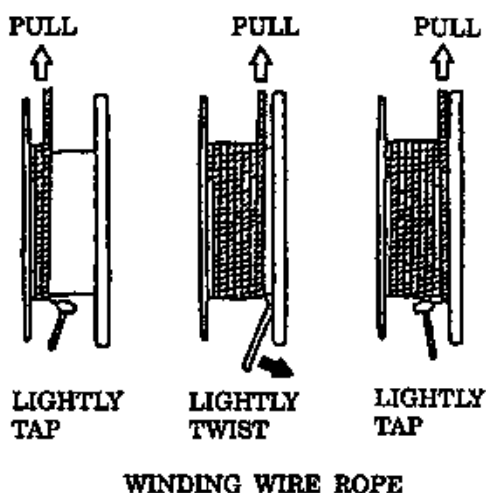
3. Lightly tap the rope to line up, and slowly wind it onto the drum.

While pulling the rope, tightly wind the rope onto the drum.



WARNING

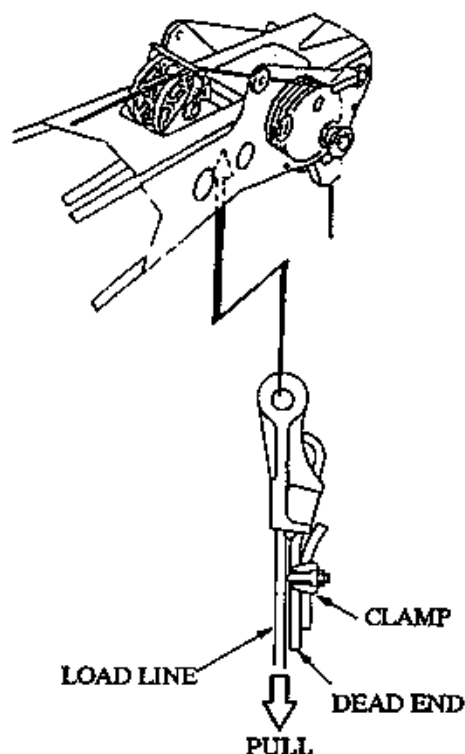
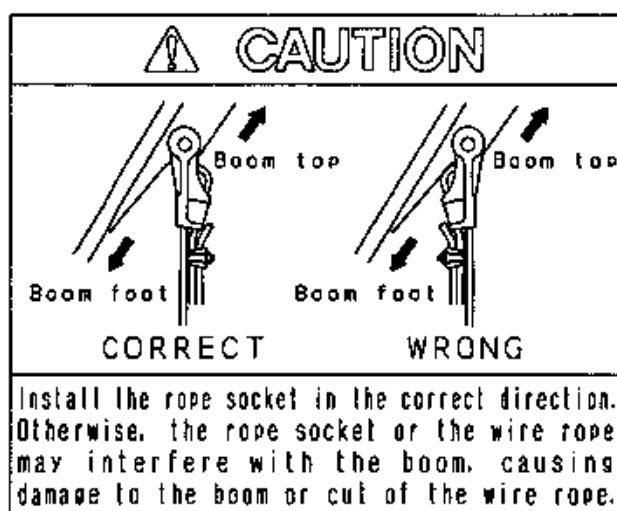
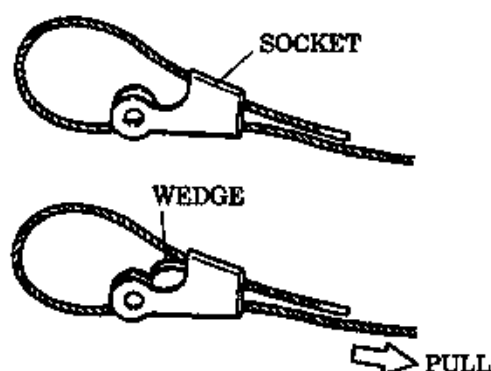
- Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum and running wire rope.
- Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



7.1.3 INSTALLING THE ROPE SOCKET

- (1) Thread the wire rope through the socket and bring it around in an easy to handle loop. The live end of the rope must be in a straight line through the socket.
- (2) Insert the wedge in the rope loop and pull the wedge and rope loop tight enough to hold the wedge in position while handling.
- (3) After the socket is pinned to the boom or hook block, apply gradually increasing loads to the wire rope until the wedge is in its final position.
- (4) Secure the wire rope with the rope clamp.

The rope clamp must be correctly installed not to mistake the direction.



7.1.4 SPECIFICATION OF WIRE ROPE

(1) Crane

Use	Specification	Diameter [mm (inch)]	Length [m (ft)]	Breaking Strength [kg (lbs)]
Front Drum	IWRC 6×Fi (25) C/O	22.2 (7/8)	265 (869)	36100 (79,586)
Rear Drum	IWRC 6×Fi (25) C/O	22.2 (7/8)	205 (673)	36100 (79,586)
Boom Hoist Drum	IWRC 6×WS (31) O/O	15.8 (5/8)	150 (492)	18700 (41,234)
Third Drum	IWRC 6×Fi (25) C/O	22.2 (7/8)	265 (869)	36100 (79,586)

7.1.5 WIRE ROPE LENGTH

(1) Main

Unit: m (ft)

Parts of Boom Length	1 Part	2 Part	4 Part	5 Part	6 Part	7 Part	8 Part	9 Part	10 Part
12.2 (40)	28 (91)	40 (132)	65 (215)	78 (256)	91 (297)	103 (339)	116 (380)	128 (421)	141 (462)
15.2 (50)	34 (111)	49 (162)	81 (264)	96 (316)	112 (367)	127 (418)	143 (469)	159 (520)	174 (571)
18.3 (60)	40 (131)	59 (192)	96 (314)	114 (375)	133 (436)	152 (497)	170 (558)	189 (619)	207 (680)
21.3 (70)	46 (151)	68 (222)	111 (364)	132 (435)	154 (506)	176 (577)	197 (648)	219 (718)	
24.4 (80)	52 (171)	77 (252)	126 (413)	151 (494)	175 (575)	200 (656)	225 (737)		
27.4 (90)	58 (191)	86 (281)	141 (463)	169 (554)	196 (644)	224 (735)			
30.5 (100)	64 (211)	95 (311)	156 (513)	187 (613)	218 (714)				
33.5 (110)	70 (230)	104 (341)	171 (562)	205 (673)	239 (783)				
36.6 (120)	76 (250)	113 (371)	186 (612)	223 (732)					
39.6 (130)	82 (270)	122 (401)	202 (661)	241 (792)					
42.7 (140)	88 (290)	131 (430)	217 (711)						
45.7 (150)	94 (310)	140 (460)	232 (761)						
48.8 (160)	101 (330)	149 (490)	247 (810)						
51.8 (170)	107 (350)	158 (520)	262 (860)						
54.9 (180)	113 (370)	168 (550)							
57.9 (190)	119 (390)	177 (579)							
61.0 (200)	125 (410)	186 (609)							

(2) Auxiliary

Unit: m (ft)

Jib Boom Length	Jib Length							
	9.1 (30)		12.2 (40)		15.2 (50)		18.3 (60)	
	1 Part	2 Part	1 Part	2 Part	1 Part	2 Part	1 Part	2 Part
24.4 (80)	72 (236)	105 (345)	78 (255)	114 (374)	84 (275)	123 (403)	90 (294)	132 (432)
27.4 (90)	78 (256)	114 (375)	84 (275)	123 (404)	90 (295)	132 (433)	96 (314)	141 (462)
30.5 (100)	84 (276)	123 (405)	90 (295)	132 (434)	96 (315)	141 (463)	102 (334)	150 (492)
33.5 (110)	90 (296)	132 (435)	96 (315)	141 (464)	102 (335)	150 (493)	108 (354)	159 (522)
36.6 (120)	96 (315)	142 (464)	102 (335)	150 (493)	108 (354)	159 (522)	114 (374)	168 (551)
39.6 (130)	102 (335)	151 (494)	108 (355)	159 (523)	114 (374)	168 (552)	120 (394)	177 (581)
42.7 (140)	108 (355)	160 (524)	114 (375)	169 (553)	120 (394)	177 (582)	126 (414)	186 (611)
45.7 (150)	114 (375)	169 (554)	120 (395)	178 (583)	126 (414)	186 (612)	132 (434)	195 (641)
48.8 (160)	120 (395)	178 (584)	126 (415)	187 (613)	132 (434)	196 (642)	138 (454)	204 (671)
51.8 (170)	126 (415)	187 (613)	132 (434)	196 (642)	138 (454)	205 (671)	144 (473)	—
54.9 (180)	133 (435)	196 (643)	138 (454)	205 (672)	144 (474)	—	150 (493)	—

Note : This table shows the necessary rope length when the hook is lowered to the boom foot height.

If underground work is required, the corresponding length is required.

NOTE

Too long a rope may cause rough spooling on the drum.

8. MAINTENANCE

In order to use this machine always safely in the best condition, preventive maintenance is required.



WARNING

When checking the machine, lower the boom down on to the ground, stop the engine and engage all locks. Also remove the keys or battery cables to prevent other personnel from starting the crane while maintenance personnel are at work. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

1. PRECAUTIONS WHEN PERFORMING CHECK AND MAINTENANCE

- Carry out check and maintenance with a suitable working clothes on.
- Be sure to set the machine on a firm and level ground, and post a notice board showing "Under Check and Inspection".
- Check and maintenance in a place of higher than two meters are elevation work. Be sure to use a working scaffold and safety band.
- When moving to perform check and maintenance, determine the fixed signals, and move the machine following the signals.
- When performing check and maintenance of hydraulic equipments, be careful to prevent dust and dirt from entering.

2. CHECK AND CHECK TABLE

- The following check table is based on the average operating condition. Consider the check schedule according to the working condition and weather condition.
- The check table covers all items, but if operators and maintenance personnel judge that additional items are necessary, add them to the check items.
- Whenever a question arises regarding check and maintenance, consult the local representative.



WARNING

Repair or adjust the machine immediately when necessity of repair or adjustment is observed during check and inspection.

3. MAINTENANCE

• Maintenance

When replacement of parts and readjustment are required by check, immediately replace or adjust.

If repair is necessary, consult the service shop designated by our company.

• Parts

Use the KOBELCO genuine parts for replacement parts and lubricant to be used in order to keep performance of the machine.

The parts of consumption such as elements, etc. must be replaced somewhat early in order to prevent deterioration of performance due to delay of replacement.

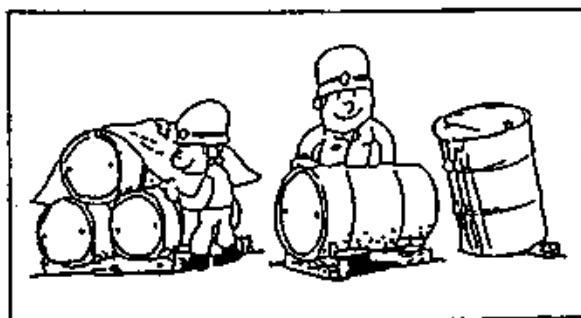
For doubtful point regarding check and maintenance, consult the service shop designated by our company.

4. PRECAUTIONS FOR CHECK AND MAINTENANCE

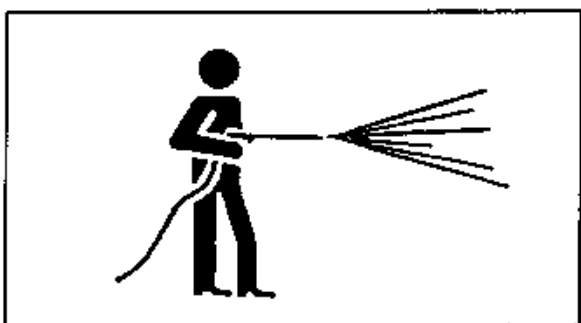
- Use genuine parts of our company.
Be sure to use KOBELCO genuine parts for replacement parts and lubricant to be used.



- Use clean oil and grease.
Keep the containers for oil and grease in a clean inside of a house to prevent dust and water from entering.
Be sure to use clean oil and grease which do not contain water.

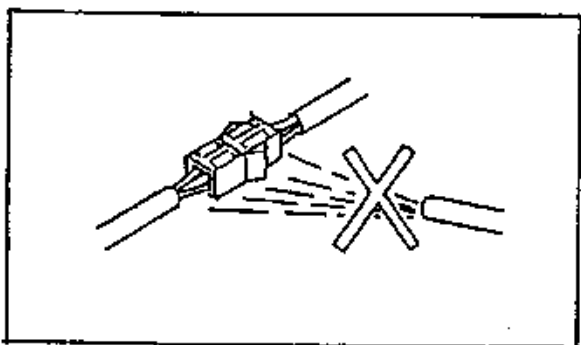


- Clean carrier.
Cleanly wash the carrier to make finding of oil leak, crack, loosening and other wrong condition easy. Especially, clean grease fittings, breathers and oil level gauge parts (window for check of oil), and avoid entering of dust.



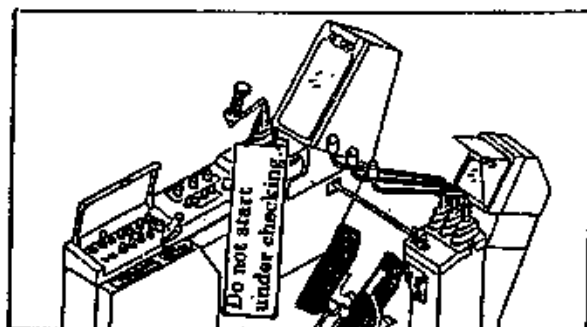
- Disposal of spilled oil
Leaving oil spilled when refilling or replacing fuel, hydraulic oil, various lubricants, or replacing the filter, may lead to a fire accident. Thoroughly wipe it away.

- Caution when washing the machines.
Do not pour steam directly to electric parts and connectors.



- Place a warning plate under checking.

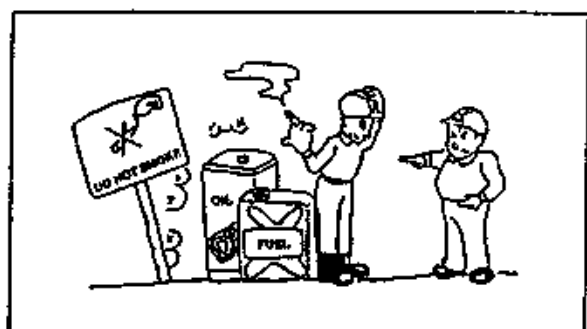
When performing check and maintenance, be sure to indicate warning plate "Under checking. Do not Start." to the key switch.



- The lighting of fires prohibited!

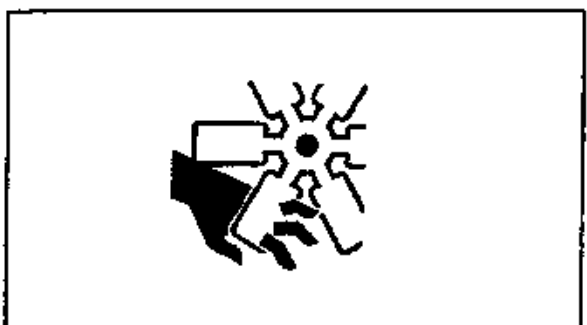
Wastes with oil adhered and combustibles should be stored in a safe place without fire.

Confirm the storage position and using method of fire extinguisher for emergency.



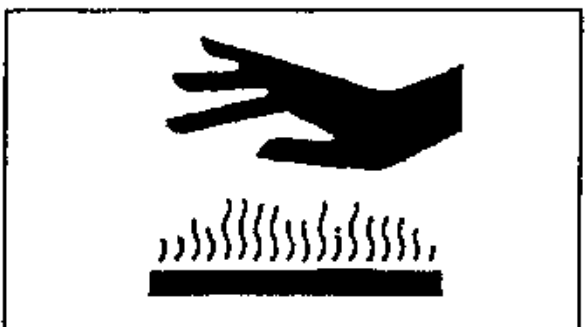
- Pay attention to rotating parts!

When checking fan belt tension or water pump, it may become entangled in moving machinery. Stop the engine, then work.



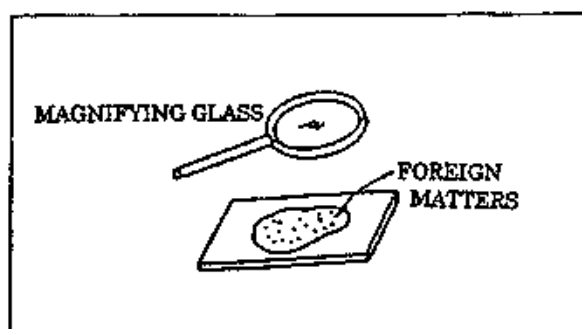
Pay attention to temperature of water and oil.

Since draining oil, draining water and replacing filter just after the engine stops is dangerous, wait until the temperature lowers, then perform these works. However, when oil is cold, warm the oil properly (approximately 20°C to 50°C (68°F to 122°F)), on the contrary, then drain the oil.



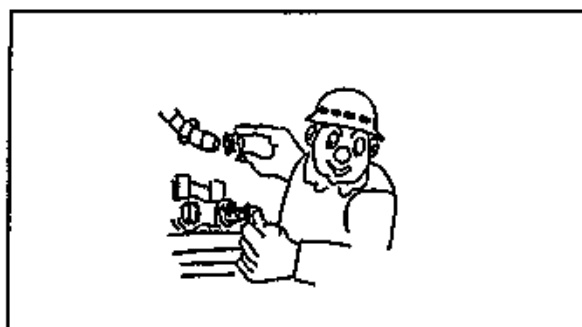
- Check drained oil and old filter.

When replacing oil or when replacing a filter, check the old oil or old filter for much metallic powder and foreign matters.



- Be careful for entering of dust.

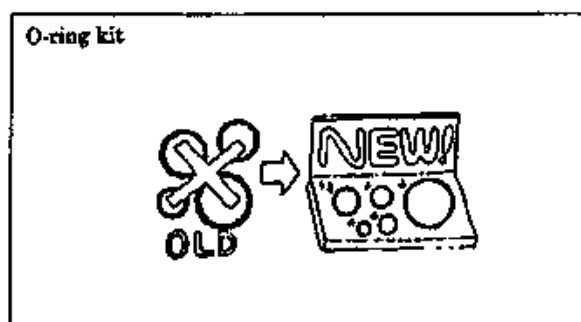
Put the blind plug and cap to the oil holes of the removed hydraulic hoses and hydraulic equipments to prevent foreign matters from entering.



- Clean mounting Surfaces.

When sealing sections of O-rings and gaskets were removed, clean the mounting surfaces, then replace with new ones.

When assembling, apply a thin coat of oil to the seals.



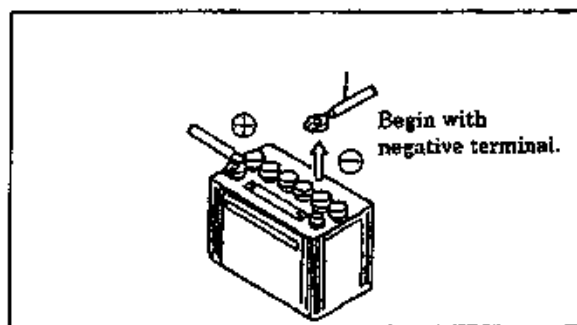
- Pay attention to internal pressure.

When removing hydraulic system, air system, fuel system or pipings and connectors of cooling system and other related parts which have internal pressure, bleed internal pressure beforehand.



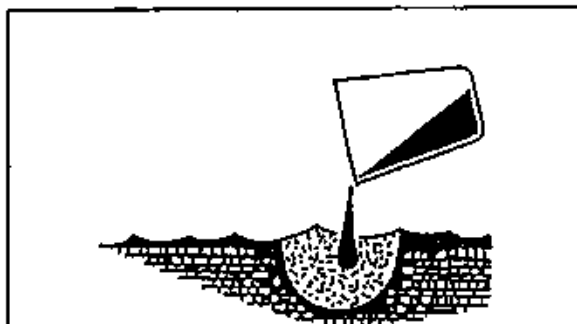
- Precaution when welding.

- Turn off power supply (turn the key switch off).
- Disconnect the cable of [-] side of the battery.
- Do not apply voltage more than 200 volts continuously.
- Provide earth (ground) within 1 meter from the welding section.
- Do not allow a seal and bearing to enter between the welding section and earth section.
- When welding near the load safety device and controller, remove them to prevent damage.



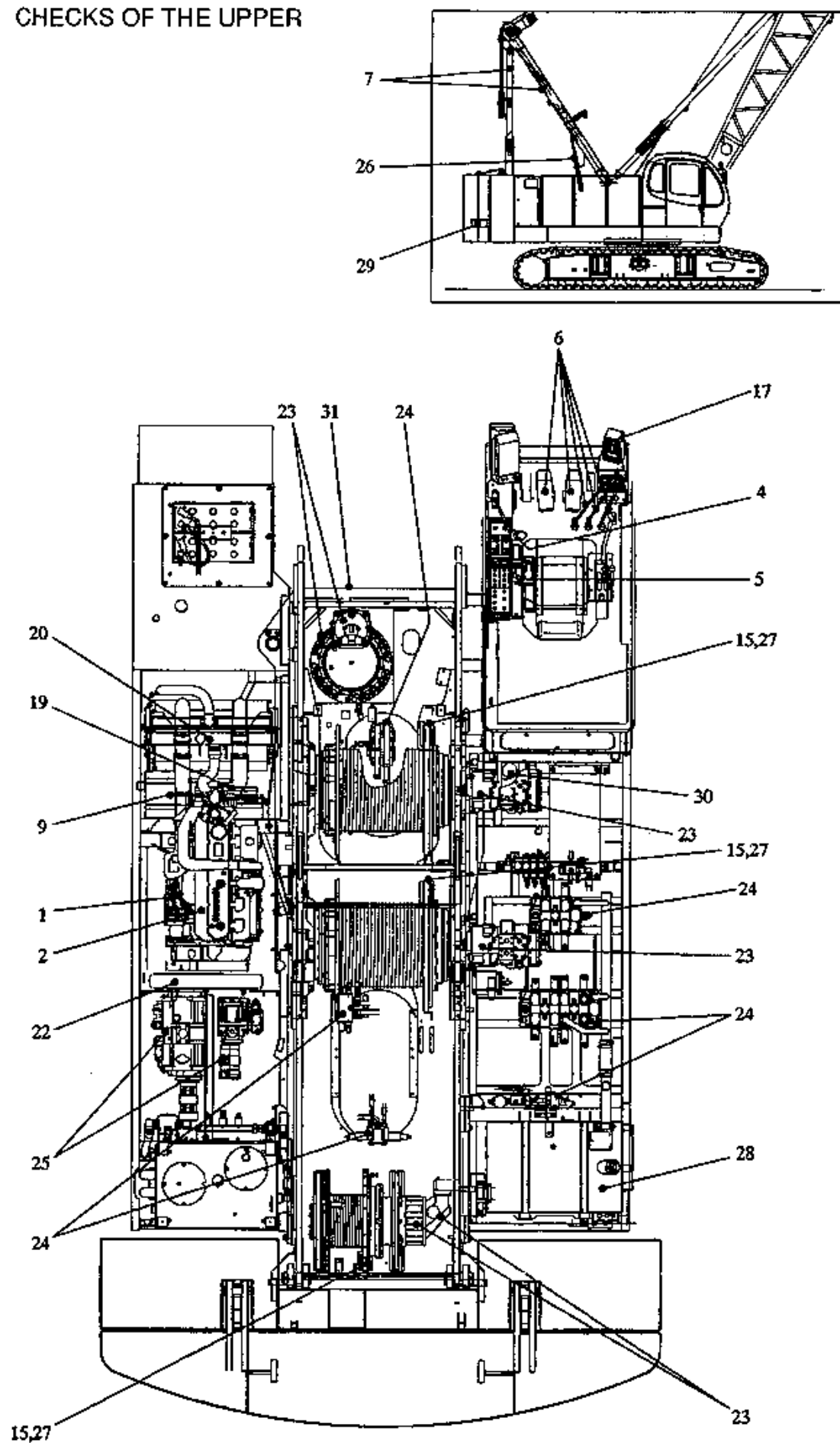
- Treatment of discarded oil.

Be sure to drain discarded oil into a container such as oil can, and treat it as industrial discharges.



8.1 CHECKS

8.1.1 CHECKS OF THE UPPER



Check Interval	Item No.	Identification	Check Item	Check Method	Reference page
Daily or every 5 hours	1	Fuel and hydraulic system hose	Damage	Visual check	8-8
	2	Engine	Starting, leak, unusual noise	Starting, check by hearing	8-8
	3	Hose, piping, connector	Oil leak	Visual check	8-8
	4	Swing brake	Effectiveness	Operation	8-8
	5	Swing lock	Performance	Operation	8-8
	6	Control lever, brake pedal (OPTION)	Play, deformation	Operation, visual check	8-9
	7	Gantry	Deformation, crack	Visual check	8-9
	8	Horn, head light, wiper	Performance	Operation, visual check	8-9
	9	Air cleaner	Clogging (indicator)	Visual check	8-9
	10	Pin, link, cotter pin	Damage, falling off	Visual check	8-9
	11	Bolt, nut	Looseness, falling off	Visual check	8-9
	12	Hook overhoist preventive device	Performance	Operation	8-10
	13	Boom overhoist preventive device	Performance	Operation	8-10
	14	Load safety device	Performance	Operation	8-10
	15	Drum lock	Performance	Operation	8-10
	16	Window glass, step, handle, guard	Damage, crack, falling off	Visual check	8-10
	17	Drum brake free fall indicator lamp (OPTION)	Filament is gone	Operation, visual check	8-11
	18	Drum brake disk (OPTION)	Wear (indicator)	Visual check	8-11
Monthly or every 100 hours	19	Fan belt	Looseness, damage	Push with finger, visual check	8-12
	20	Radiator, oil cooler	Oil leak, damage	Visual check	8-12
	21	Engine mounting bolt, rubber mount	Looseness, damage	Visual check, test hammer	8-12
	22	Power divider	Oil leak, unusual noise	Visual check, check by hearing	8-13
	23	Hydraulic motor, reduction unit	Oil leak, unusual noise	Visual check, check by hearing	8-13
	24	Valve, etc.	Oil leak	Visual check	8-14
	25	Hydraulic pump	Oil leak, unusual noise	Visual check, check by hearing	8-14
	26	Gantry cylinder	Oil leak, damage	Visual check	8-14
	27	Drum lock	Wear, damage	Visual check	8-14
	28	Fuel supply pump, hose	Performance, damage	Operation, visual check	8-14
	29	Swing alarm lamp	Alarm sound Filament is gone	Operation, visual check	8-15
Semi-annually or every 600 hours	30	Accumulator	Oil leak, damage	Visual check	8-15
	31	Frame	Damage, crack	Visual check	8-15

※ The item numbers in the above table correspond to the numbers in the following description.

※ The item numbers, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18 and 21 are not indicated in the drawing.

CHECK OF UPPER DAILY OR EVERY 5 HOURS

1. FUEL SYSTEM HOSE

Check the fuel system hose for damage and for fuel leak.



CAUTION

Wipe up fuel, if fuel leak is observed.

2. ENGINE

Start the engine, check for starting condition and for unusual noise.

3. HOSE, PIPING AND CONNECTOR, ETC.

Check the hose, piping and connector, etc. for oil leak and for damage.

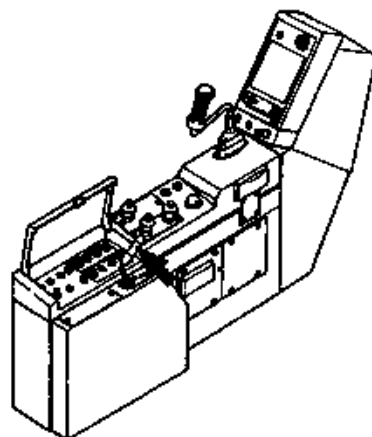
4. SWING BRAKE

Confirm that the swing brake is surely effective.
(With the swing brake switch placed in the ON position, operate the swing control lever to confirm that the swing brake is surely effective. When the swing brake is engaged, swinging is impossible.)



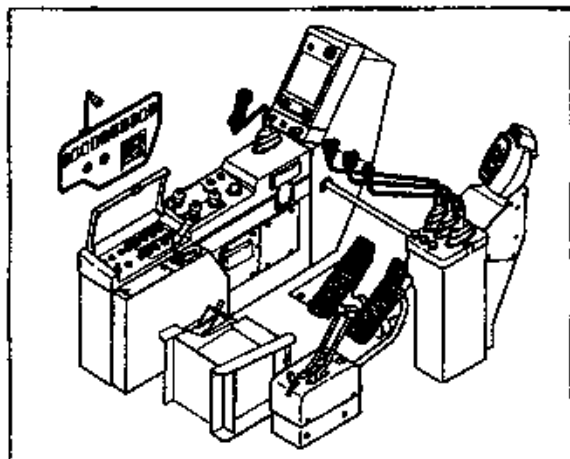
5. SWING LOCK

Confirm that the swing lock pin is inserted smoothly. Check the lock pin and rod for deformation.



6. CONTROL LEVER

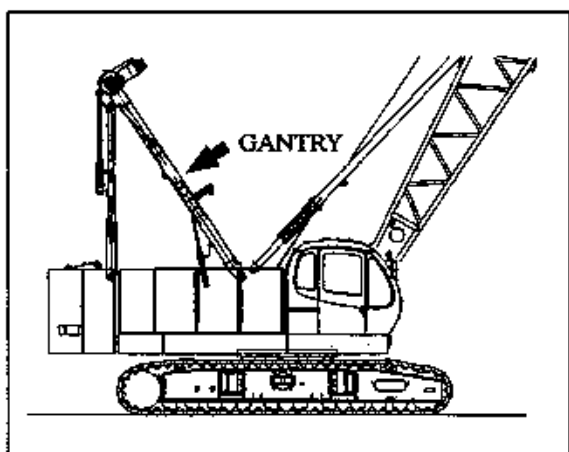
Check the control lever for unusual play and for damage.



7. GANTRY

Check the gantry for damage.

	CAUTION
Due to the high strength steels used in booms and jibs, special repair procedures are required. Consult your local authorized KOBELCO distributor for instructions.	



8. HORN, HEAD LIGHT AND WIPER

Confirm that the horn, head light and wiper operate normally by switch operate.

9. AIR CLEANER

Confirm, if the air cleaner is clogged, with the indicator.

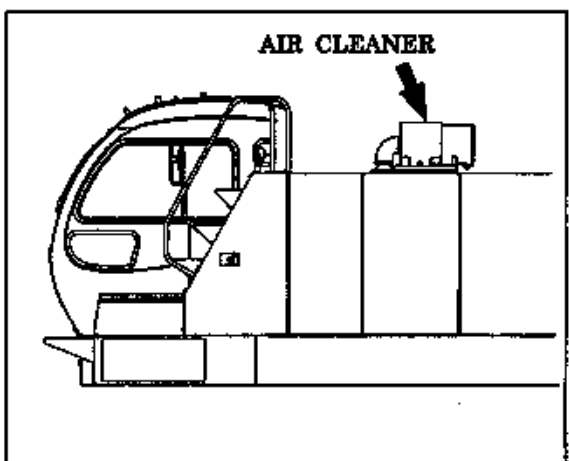
When the air cleaner is clogged, the indicator changes to red color (Refer to p. 8-54).

10. PIN, LINK AND COTTER PIN

Check the pin, link and cotter pin for damage and for falling off.

11. BOLT AND NUT

Check the bolt and nut for looseness and for falling off.



12. HOOK OVERHOIST PREVENTIVE DEVICE

Confirm that the hook overhoist preventive device operates normally. (Refer to chapter 3 LOAD SAFETY DEVICE)

13. BOOM OVERHOIST PREVENTIVE DEVICE

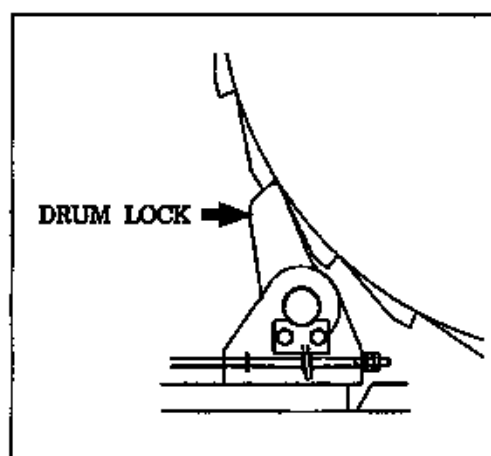
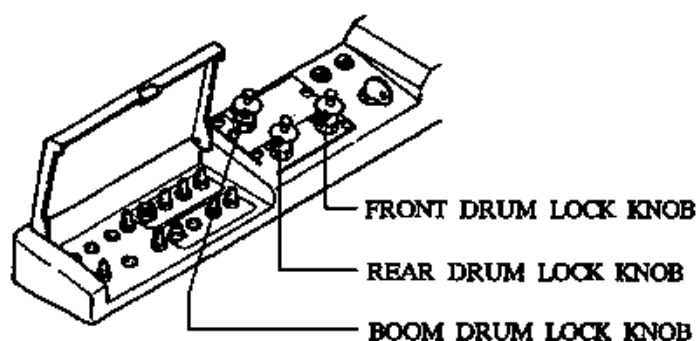
Confirm that the boom overhoist limit switch operates normally. (Refer to chapter 3 LOAD SAFETY DEVICE)

14. LOAD SAFETY DEVICE

Confirm that operation is automatically stopped.
(Refer to chapter 3 LOAD SAFETY DEVICE)

15. DRUM LOCK

Confirm that the drum lock functions normally.



16. WINDOW GLASS, STEP, HANDLE AND GUARD

Always clean the window glass, step, handle and guard, etc.

Especially remove contamination by grease and oil.

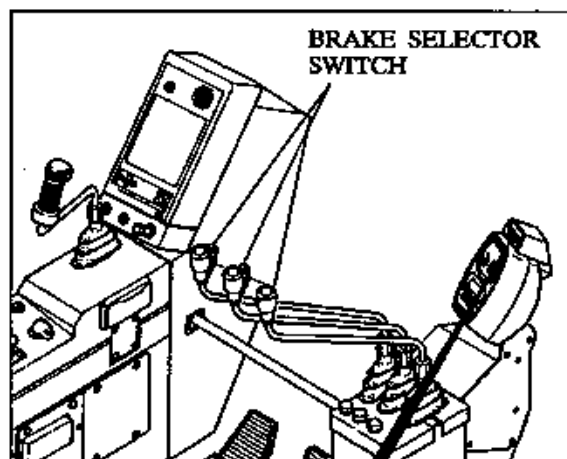
17. FREE FALL INDICATOR LAMP (OPTION)

Make sure that the free fall indicator lamp lights up when a drum brake selector switch is shifted to free fall position after the engine starts.

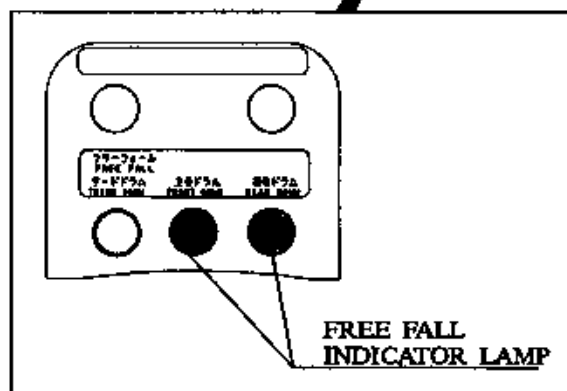


DANGER

Be sure to lower the hook block onto the ground to prevent it from dropping abruptly.



BRAKE SELECTOR SWITCH



FREE FALL INDICATOR LAMP

18. DRUM BRAKE DISK (OPTION)

Check the wear of the brake disk with the indicator. If the FREE FALL mode is selected, the indicator is protruded by approx. 17 mm (0.67 inch).

Then, stop the engine, and push in the indicator. If the indicator is protruded from the end face by approx. 2.5 to 3 mm (0.1 to 0.12 inch), the brake disk is normal.

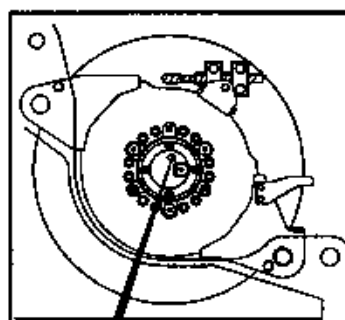
If the protruded length of the indicator is 0 mm or shorter, winching may be impossible. In such a case, replace the brake disk.

In that case, contact your nearest KOBELCO service shop.

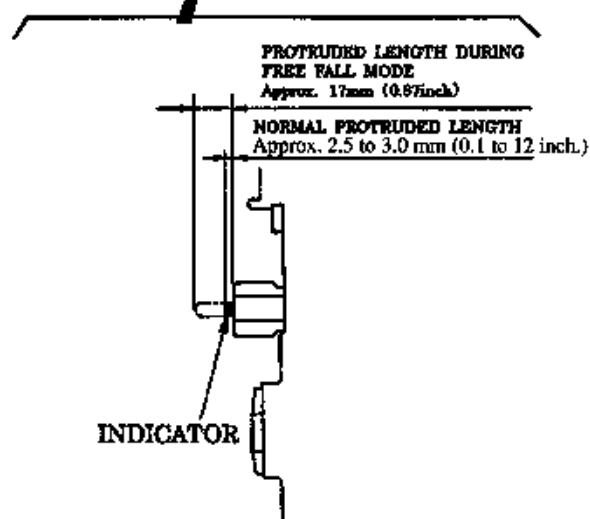


DANGER

Be sure to lower the hook block onto the ground to prevent it from dropping abruptly.



(LEFT SIDE VIEW)



PROTRUDED LENGTH DURING FREE FALL MODE
Approx. 17mm (0.67inch)

NORMAL PROTRUDED LENGTH
Approx. 2.5 to 3.0 mm (0.1 to 0.12 inch.)

INDICATOR

CHECK OF UPPER MONTHLY OR EVERY 100 HOURS

19. FAN BELT

Check the fan belt for tension.

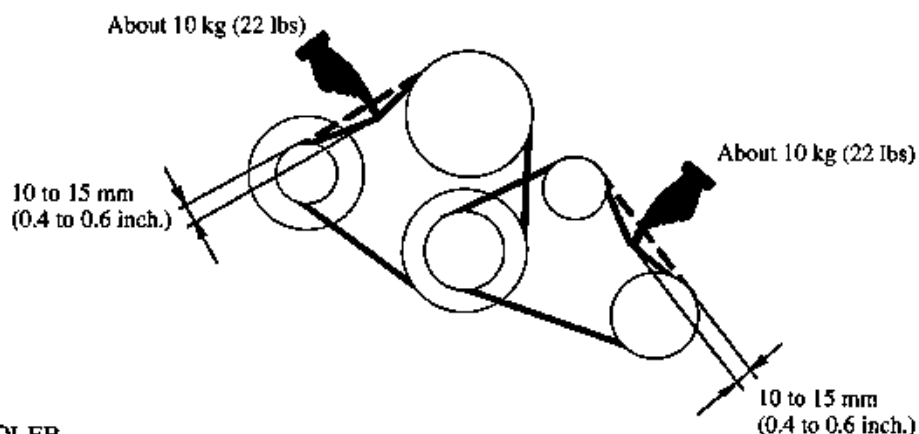
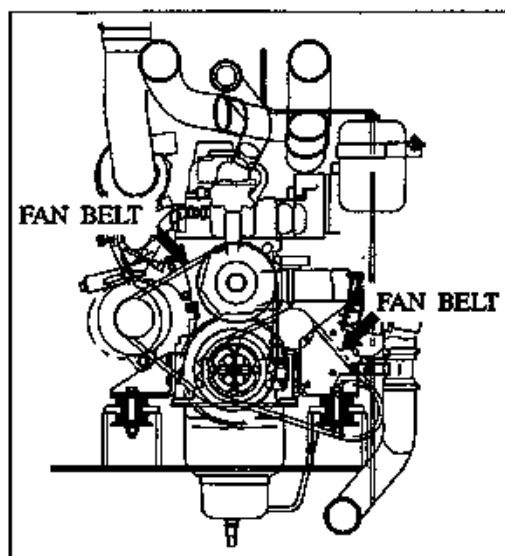
Firmly push a midway of the fan belt with a finger.

Deflection of 10 to 15 mm (0.4 to 0.6 inch) is normal.



WARNING

Shut of engine before inspection of fan belt.
Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

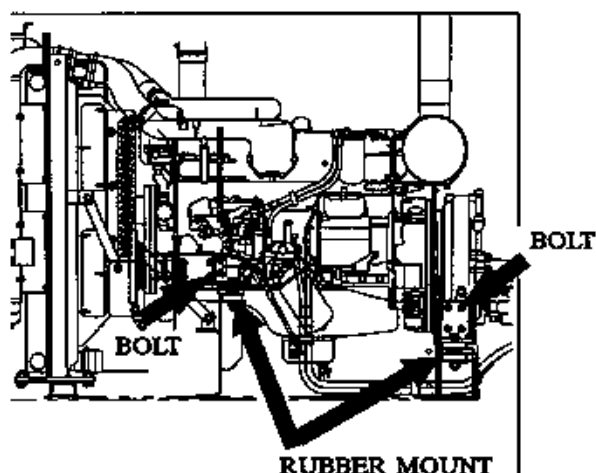


20. RADIATOR AND OIL COOLER

Clean the radiator core. And, check the radiator and oil cooler for abnormality and deformation.

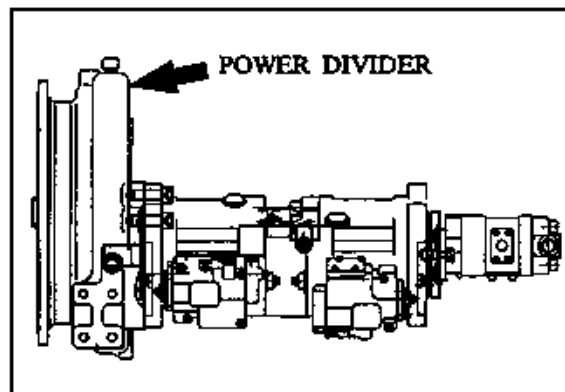
21. ENGINE MOUNTING BOLT AND RUBBER MOUNT

Check the engine mounting bolt for looseness, and the rubber mount for damage.



22. POWER DIVIDER

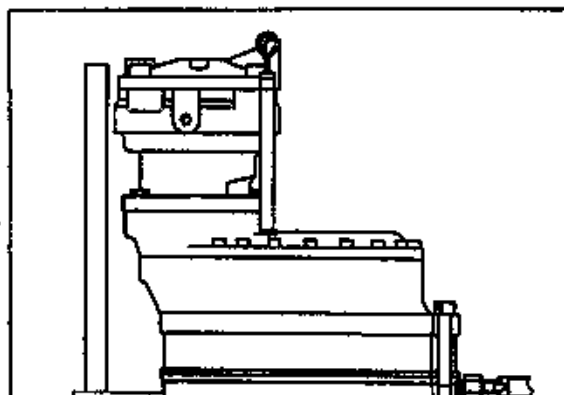
Check the power divider for oil leak and unusual noise.



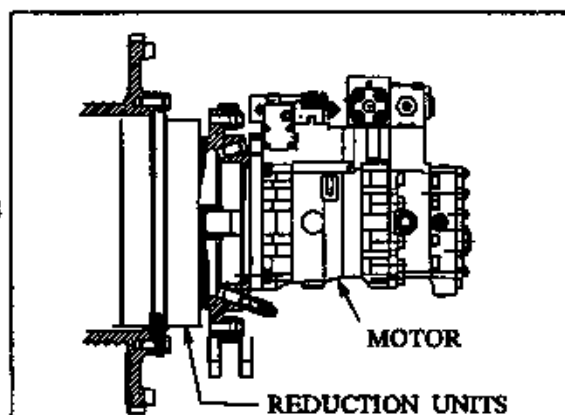
23. HYDRAULIC MOTOR AND REDUCTION UNIT

- Swing motor and reduction unit.
- Front and rear drum motors and reduction units.
- Boom hoist drum motor and reduction unit. Check these for oil leak and unusual noise.

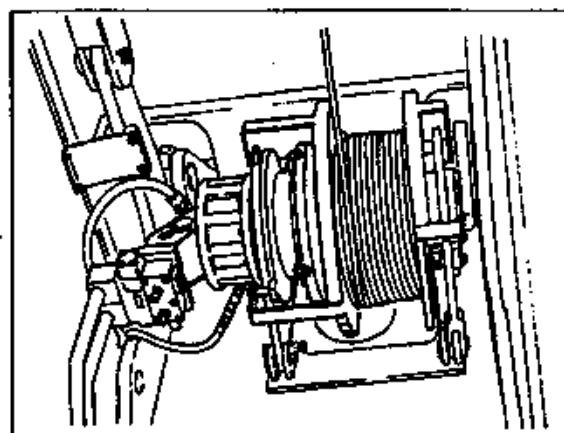
**SWING MOTOR
and REDUCTION UNIT**



**FRONT AND REAR DRUM MOTORS
and REDUCTION UNITS**



**BOOM HOIST DRUM MOTOR
and REDUCTION UNIT**

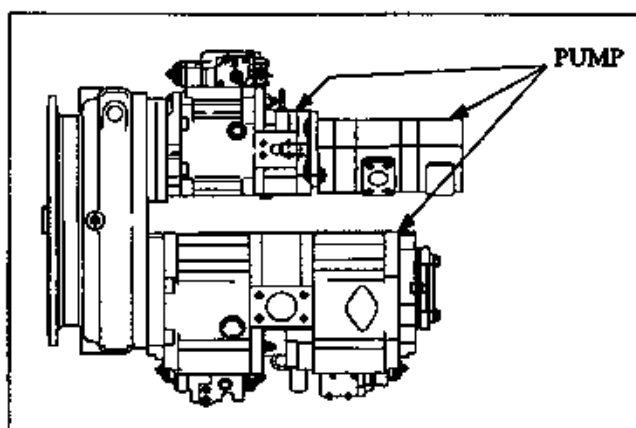


24. VALVE

Check each valve for oil leak.

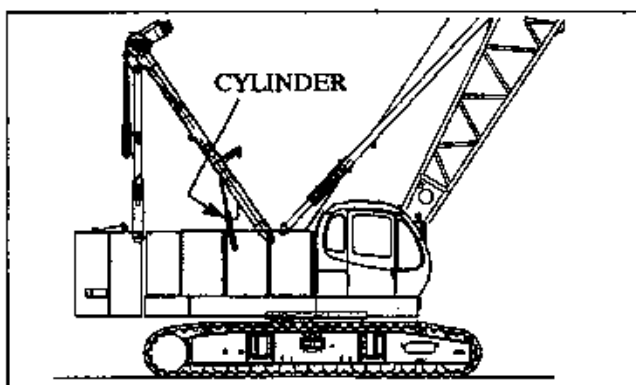
25. HYDRAULIC PUMP

Check the hydraulic pump for oil leak and for unusual noise.



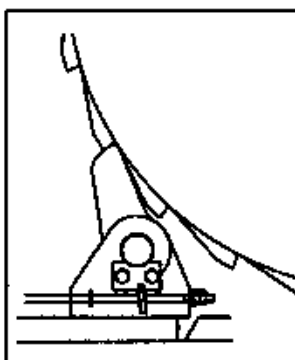
26. GANTRY CYLINDER

Check the gantry cylinder for oil leak and damage.

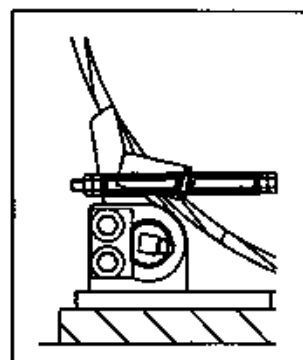


27. DRUM LOCK

Check the drum lock and drum ratchet for wear and damage.



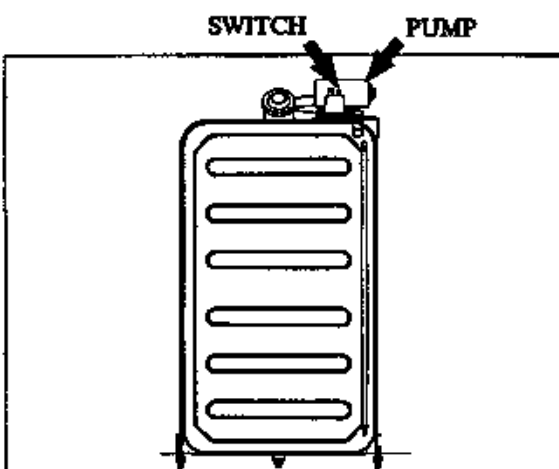
FRONT & REAR DRUM
LOCK



BOOM DRUM LOCK

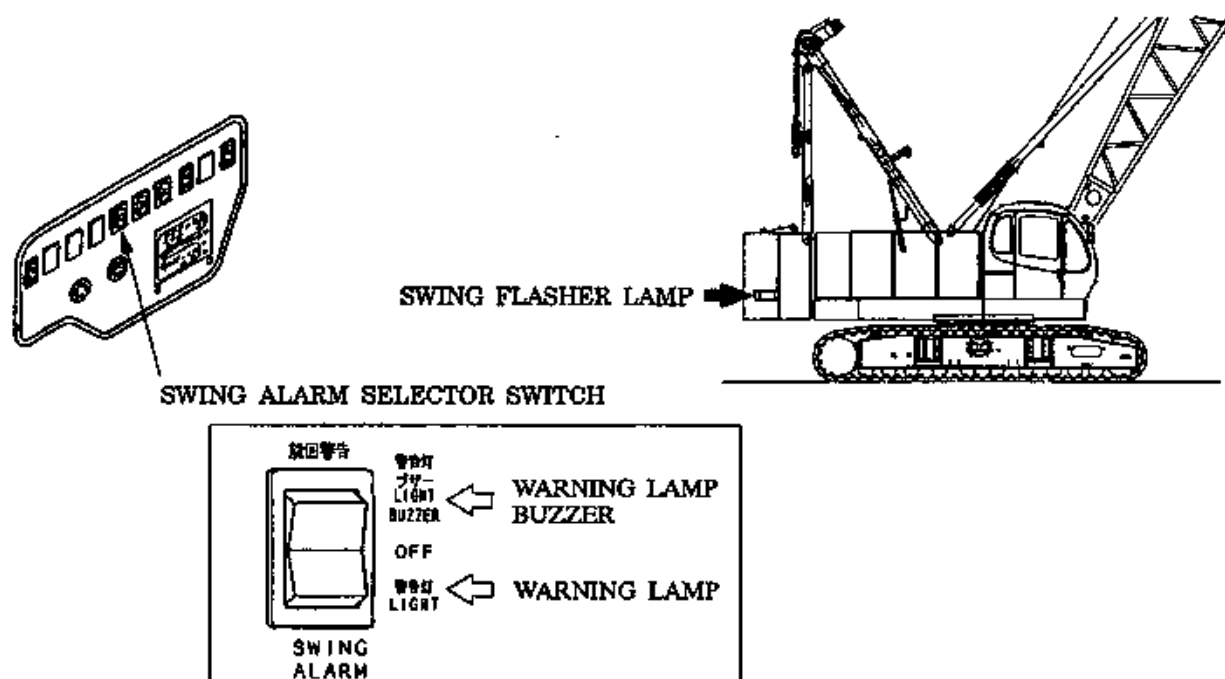
28. FUEL SUPPLY PUMP AND HOSE (OPTION)

Check the fuel supply pump for normal operation, and check the supply hose for damage.



29. SWING ALARM

Make sure that the swing alarm and swing flasher function properly with operating machine swing.



CHECK OF UPPER SEMI-ANNUALLY OR EVERY 600 HOURS

30. ACCUMULATOR

Check the accumulator for oil leak.

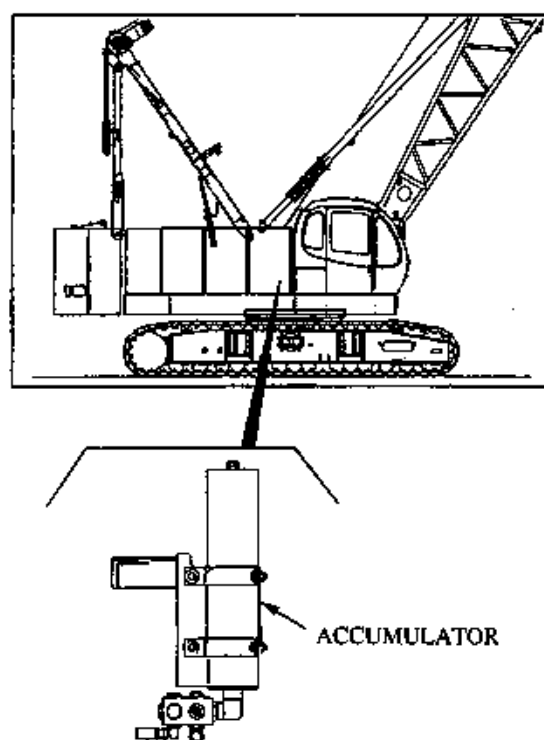
**WARNING**

1. Do not handle the accumulator roughly.
2. Do not store or handle the accumulator near the heat of fire.
3. Do not weld or machine the accumulator.
4. Do not remove valve cap except when charging or discharging gas.
5. Do not step on or place heavy material on the accumulator installed on the machine.
6. Check the accumulator for gas pressure every two years.
7. Ask our authorized KOBELCO distributor to charge the gas.
8. Do not disassemble the accumulator.

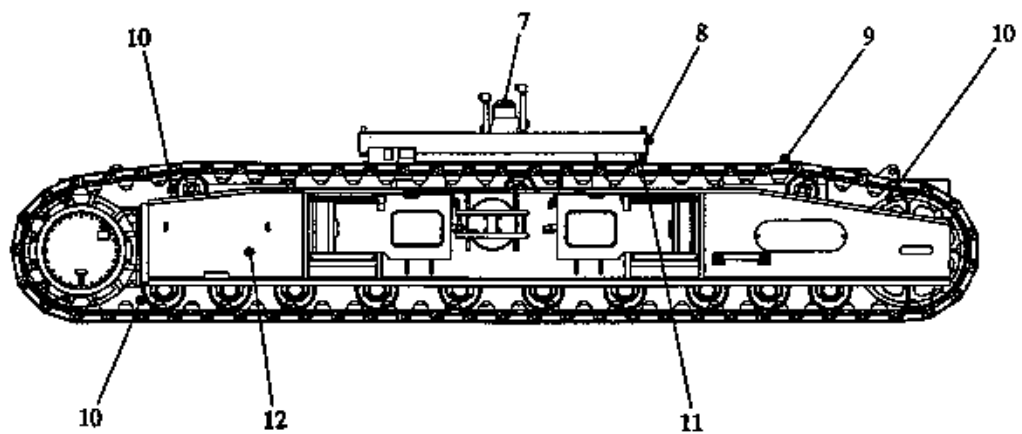
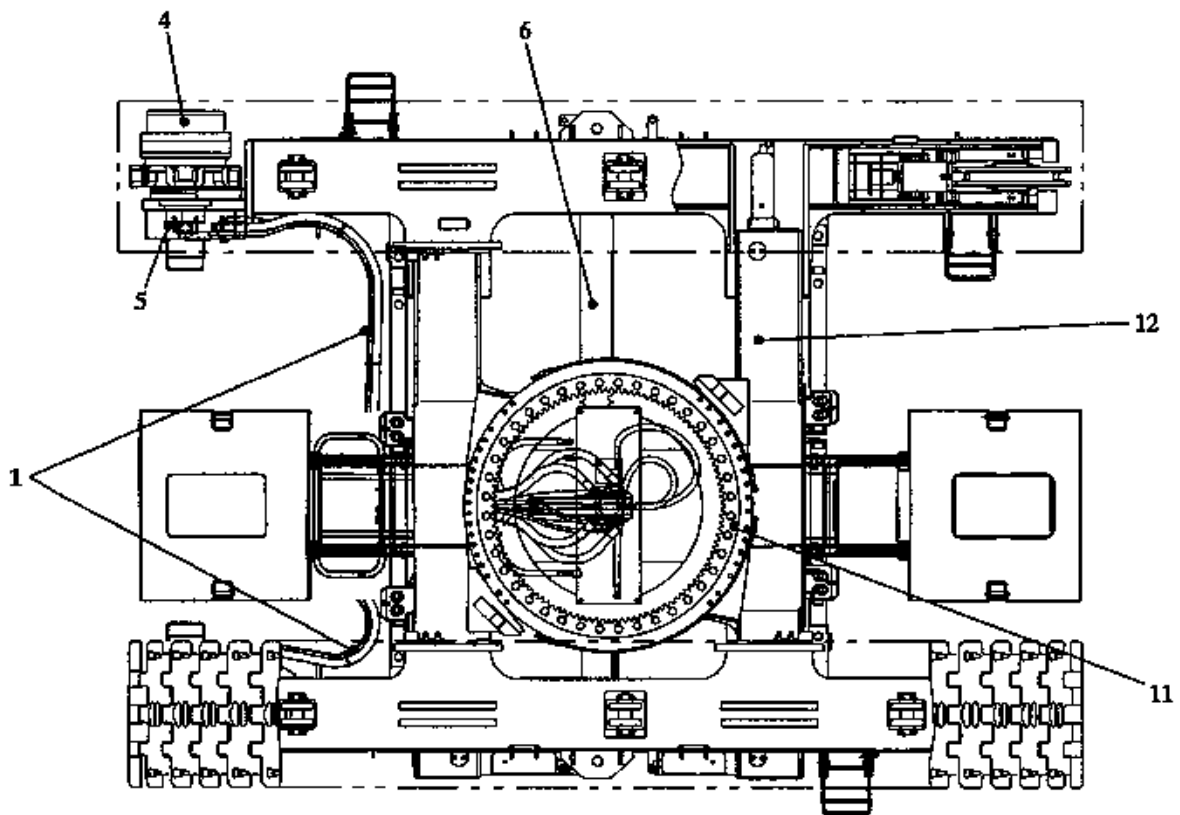
The accumulator is charged with Nitrogen gas under pressure of 3434 ~ 3728kPa (497 to 540 psi).

31. FRAME

Check the frame for crack and deformation.



8.1.2 CHECK OF LOWER



Check Interval	Item No.	Identification	Check Item	Check Method	Reference page
Daily or every 5 hours	1	Hose, piping, connector	Oil leak, damage	Visual check	8-17
	2	Pin, link, cotter pin	Damage, falling off	Visual check	8-17
	3	Bolt, nut	Looseness, falling off	Visual check	8-17
Monthly or every 100 hours	4	Hydraulic motor, reduction unit	Oil leak, unusual noise	Visual check	8-18
	5	Valve, etc.	Oil leak	Visual check	8-18
	6	Crawler extend/retract cylinder	Oil leak, damage	Visual check	8-18
	7	Swivel joint	Oil leak	Visual check	8-18
	8	Slewing ring bearing	Unusual noise	Check by hearing	8-19
	9	Crawler shoe	Extension, damage, wear	Visual check	8-19
Quarterly or every 250 hours	10	Drive sprocket, crawler idler, upper and lower rollers	Oil leak, damage	Visual check	8-20
	11	Slewing ring bearing mounting bolt	Looseness, falling off	Visual check	8-20
Semi-annually or every 600 hours	12	Frame	Damage, crack	Visual check	8-21

※ The item number in the above table correspond to numbers in the following description.

※ The item numbers, 2, and 3 are not indicated in the drawing.

CHECK OF LOWER DAILY OR EVERY 5 HOURS

1. HOSE, PIPING AND CONNECTOR

Check the hose, piping and connector, etc. for oil leak and damage.

2. PIN, LINK AND COTTER PIN

Check the pin, link and cotter pin for damage, and for falling off.

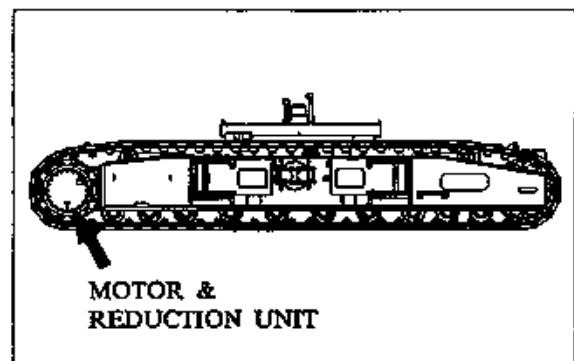
3. BOLT AND NUT

Check the bolt and nut for looseness and for falling off.

CHECK OF LOWER MONTHLY OR EVERY 100 HOURS

4. HYDRAULIC MOTOR AND REDUCTION UNIT

Check the propel motor and reduction unit for oil leak and unusual noise.

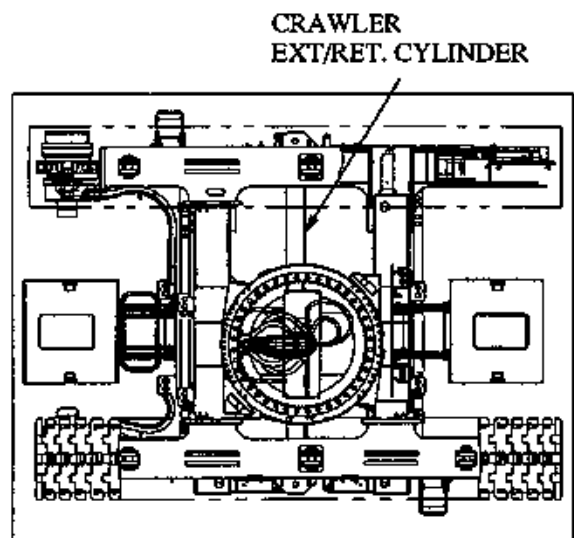


5. VALVE

Check the valve, etc. for oil leak.

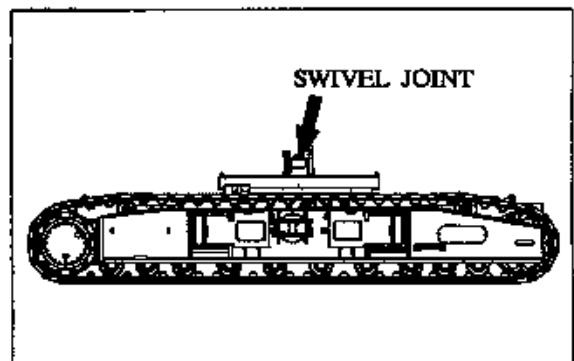
6. CRAWLER EXTEND/RETRACT CYLINDER

Check the crawler extend/retract cylinder for oil leak and damage.



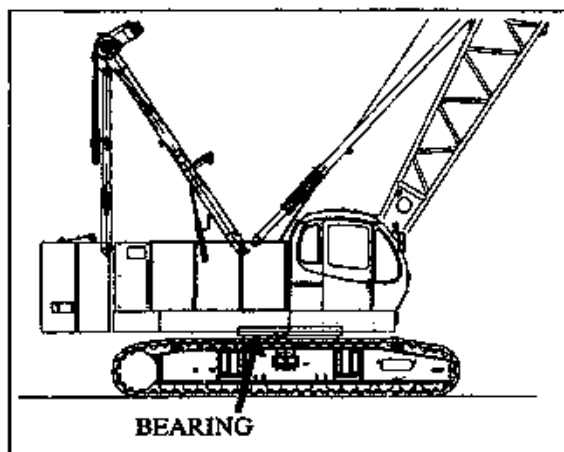
7. SWIVEL JOINT

Check the swivel joint for oil leak.



8. SLEWING RING BEARING

Check the slewing ring bearing for unusual noise.

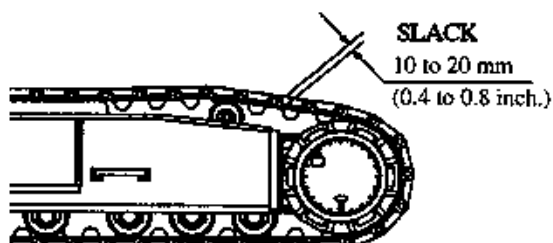
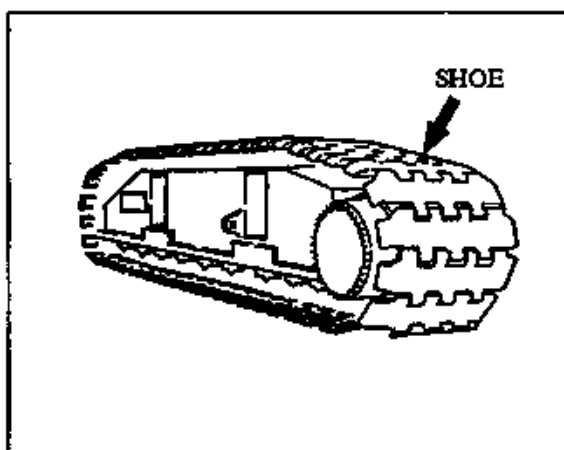


9. CRAWLER SHOE

Check the crawler shoes for looseness and for damage and wear.

If the crawler shoes are too tight, the shoes wear quickly and a connection part of shoes could break. On the other hand, if the shoes are too loose, the shoes may ride off the drive sprocket and idler wheel during propelling.

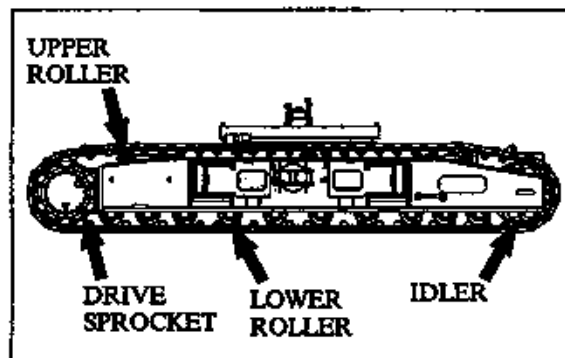
The slackening of 10 to 20 mm (0.4 to 0.8 inch) is normal condition after propelling the machine forward about the crawler length so that the slackening of the crawler shoes appear on the upper side of the crawler.



CHECK OF LOWER QUARTERLY OR EVERY 250 HOURS

10. DRIVE SPROCKET, CRAWLER IDLER AND UPPER/LOWER ROLLER

Check the drive sprocket, crawler idler and upper/lower rollers for oil leak and damage.



11. SLEWING RING BEARING MOUNTING BOLT

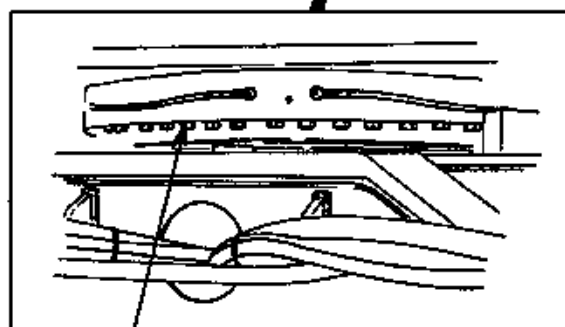
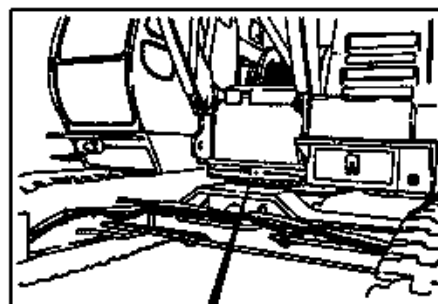
Check the slewing ring bearing mounting bolt for looseness and falling off.

If the bolt is loose, remove and check the bolt. If the bolt is damaged, replace it with new one. If the removed bolt is not damaged, clean and coat it with Loctite #242 or equivalent, then securely tighten it.

Tightening torque :

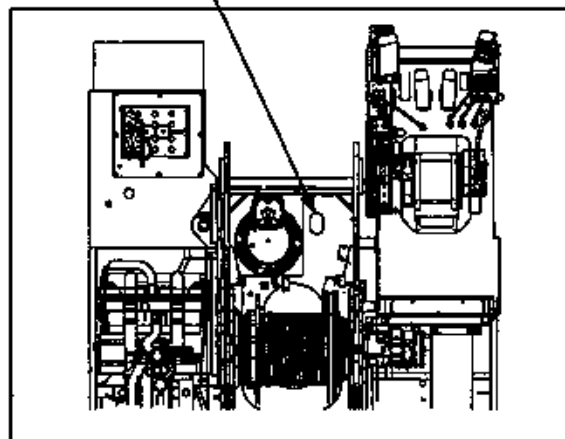
Outer Bolt = 1372 N·m (1010 ft·lbs)

Inner Bolt = 1940 N·m (1430 ft·lbs)



BOLT (OUTER)

Remove this cover and check the inner bolt.

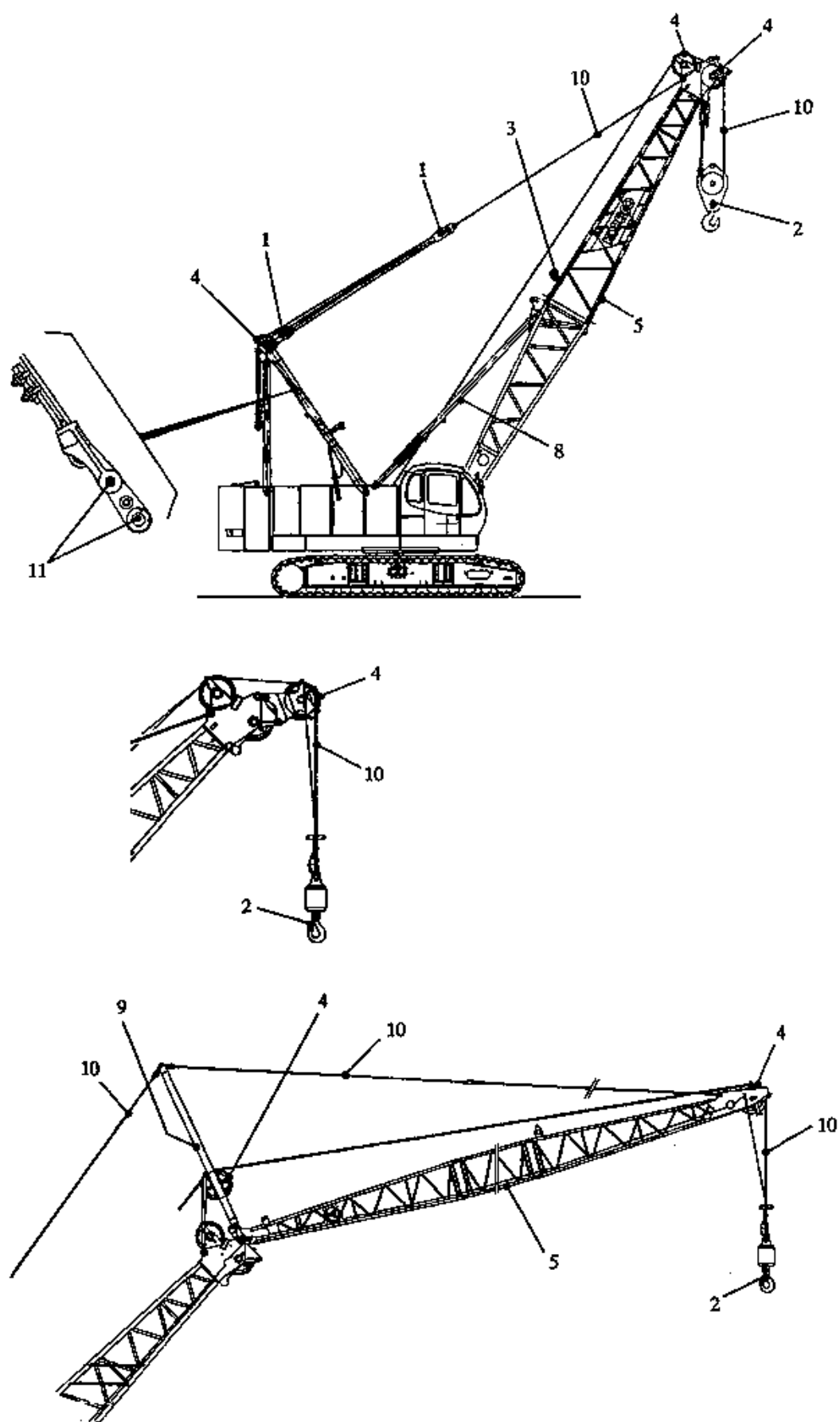


CHECK OF LOWER SEMI-ANNUALLY OR EVERY 600 HOURS

12. FRAME

Check the carbody and crawler frame for crack and damage.

8.1.3 CHECK OF ATTACHMENT



Check Interval	Item No.	Identification	Check Item	Check Method	Reference page
Daily or every 5 hours	1	Upper spreader, lower spreader	Deformation, crack	Visual check	8-24
	2	Hook, wire lock	Damage, looseness	Visual check	8-24
	3	Cable roller	Damage, deformation, wear	Visual check	8-24
	4	Sheave	Damage, deformation, wear	Visual check	8-24
	5	Boom, jib	Damage, deformation	Visual check	8-25
	6	Pin, link, cotter pin	Damage, falling off	Visual check	8-25
	7	Bolt, nut	Looseness, falling off	Visual check	8-25
	8	Backstop	Damage, deformation	Visual check	8-26
	9	Strut	Damage, deformation	Visual check	8-26
	10	Wire rope, guy line	Damage, deformation, wear	Visual check	8-26
	11	Load detector connect pin, link and nut	Looseness, falling off	Visual check	8-28

※ The item number in the above table correspond to numbers in the following description.

※ The item numbers, 6, and 7 are not indicated in the drawing.

CHECK OF ATTACHMENT DAILY OR EVERY 5 HOURS

1. UPPER SPREADER AND LOWER SPREADER

Check the sheave and frame of the upper and lower spreaders for damage.



WARNING

Do not touch a wire rope directly with bare hands. If wires protrude, you could be injured. Working gloves are recommended. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



WARNING

Before climbing on machine make certain that the guard and walk ways are clean and dry, and use life belt in order to prevent falls due to slippery surface. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

2. HOOK AND WIRE LOCK

Check the sheave, bearing and wire lock of the hook block for damage, and check the bolt and nut for falling off.

3. CABLE ROLLER

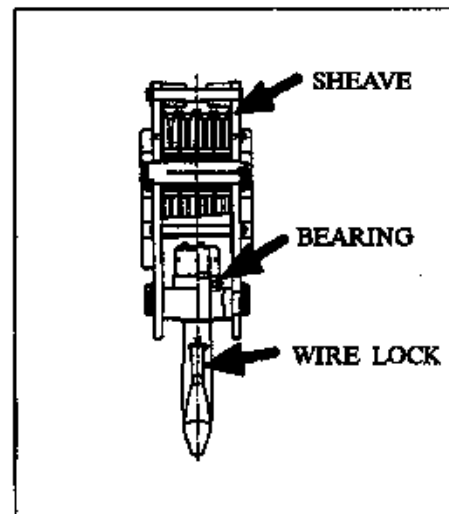
- Cable roller for insert boom
- Cable roller for upper boom

Check these parts for damage, deformation and wear.

4. SHEAVE

- Boom point sheave
- Idler sheave
- Auxiliary sheave
- Jib point sheave
- Strut sheave

Check these sheaves for damage, deformation and wear.



5. BOOM AND JIB

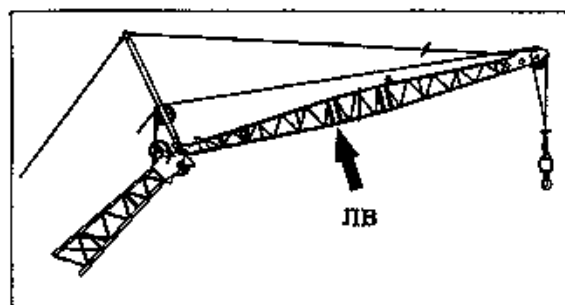
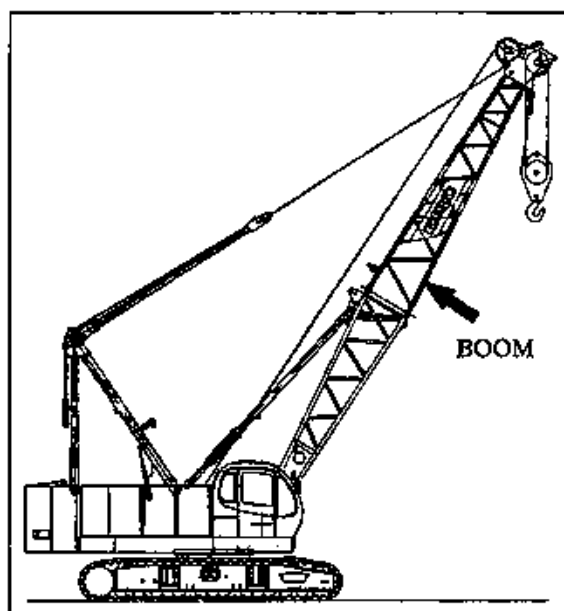
Check the boom and jib for damage and deformation. Do not use the damaged and/or deformed boom and jib.

Be sure to replace the damaged boom and jib with new ones, or repair.



CAUTION

Due to the high strength steels used in boom and jibs, special repair procedures are required. Consult your local authorized KOBELCO distributor for instruction.



6. PIN, LINK AND COTTER PIN

Check the pin, link and cotter pin for damage and falling off.

7. BOLT AND NUT

Check the bolt and nut for looseness and for falling off.

8. BACKSTOP

- Boom backstop
- Jib backstop

Check these backstops for damage and deformation.



CAUTION

Special procedures required for repair. Consult your local authorized KOBELCO distributor for instruction.

9. STRUT

Check the jib strut for damaged and deformation.

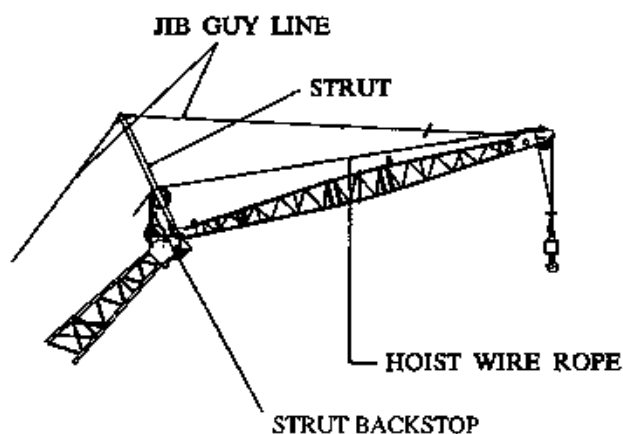
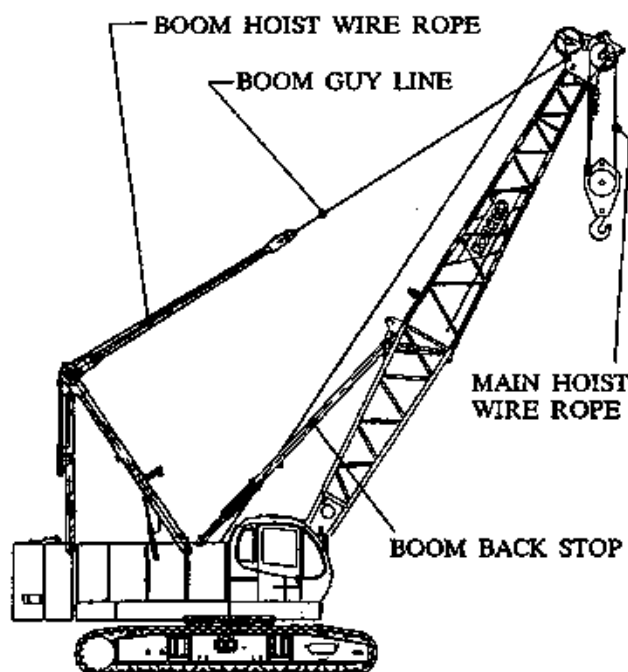


CAUTION

Special procedures required for repair. Consult your local authorized KOBELCO distributor for instruction.

10. WIRE ROPE AND GUYLINE

Check the wire rope and guy line for damage and deformation. Do not use the wire rope and guy line of which wires are broken or which are kinked. See the following page.



REPLACEMENT STANDARDS FOR WIRE ROPE

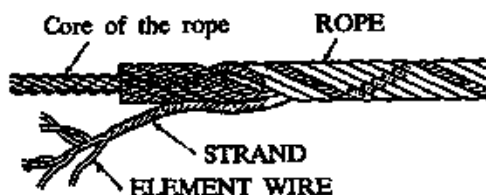
(1) CHECK AND REPLACEMENT STANDARDS OF WIRE ROPE

If the wire rope is broken during operation, it might cause a serious accident. Therefore, check the rope periodically. Never use those wire ropes that are subject to wire-cut, abrasion, corrosion and other defects. Such wire rope as given in Items 1 to 4 below must be immediately replaced with a new rope. And wire rope subject to damage mentioned in Items 5 onwards should be replaced with new one as soon as possible according to the degree of damage.

- ① 10% or more steel wires are broken excepting filler wires in one lay of wires. Inspection of internal breakage of wires is difficult. To check breakage of wires in the valley section of wire ropes, bend the rope sharply. Broken element wires, if any, will be exposed.

If breakage of wires in the valley section is found, it is considered that internal breakage of wires may also have developed, and that in other words, fatigue of the whole rope may have developed. Replace the rope at once.

- ② Reductions from nominal diameter of more than;
 - (a) 0.4mm (1/64 in.) for diameters up to and including 8.0mm (5/16 in.);
 - (b) 0.8mm (1/32 in.) for diameters 9.5mm (3/8 in.), to and including 13.0mm (1/2 in.);
 - (c) 1.2mm (3/64 in.) for diameters 14.5mm (9/16 in.), to and including 19.0mm (3/4 in.);
 - (d) 1.6mm (1/16 in.) for diameters 22.0mm (7/8 in.), to and including 29.0mm (1-1/8 in.);
 - (e) 2.4mm (3/32 in.) for diameter 32.0mm (1-1/4 in.), to and including 38.0mm (1-1/2 in.)



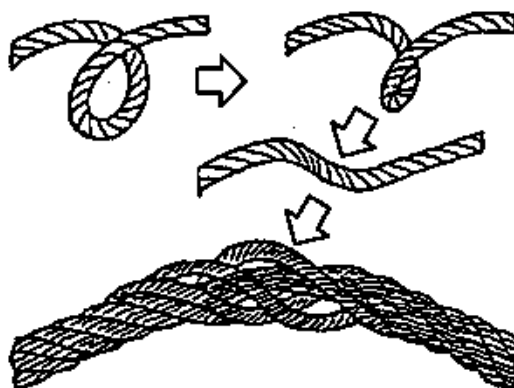
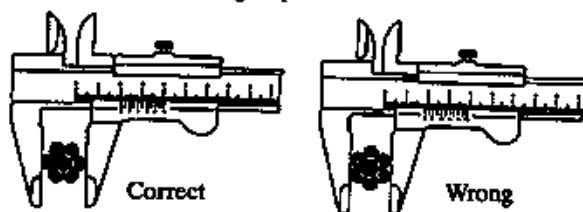
- ③ Kink is observed in the wire rope.

Kind of Wire rope
• HOIST WIRE ROPE • GUY LINE ▪ TAGLINE ROPE (OPTION)



Band rope sharply to expose breakage

Method of measuring rope diameter



- ④ Excessive deformation or corrosion is observed on the wire rope.
- ⑤ Excessive elongation is observed due to overloading or derailment from sheaves.
- ⑥ A short circuit has been formed electrically.
- ⑦ Those wire ropes that are subject to fire or spark by electric current or by gas welding as well as subject to high temperature.

(2) REPLACEMENT STANDARD FOR GUYLINE

Since damage and corrosion are caused by fatigue from the inside in the boom guy line, replacement time cannot be judged from the appearance.

If the guy line is broken by progressing of internal damage and/or corrosion, there is possibility to cause a serious accident. Be sure to replace the guy line periodically.

Replacement time according to the content of work is shown in the table.

Contents of Work	Replacement Interval
Lifting magnet or clamshell work only	2 years
Both crane and clamshell work, or frequent crane work such as landing work	4 years
Normal crane work	6 years

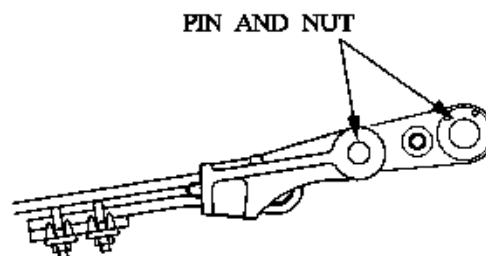
(3) REPLACEMENT STANDARD OF WEIGHT SUSPENDING ROPE FOR OVERWIND LIMIT SWITCH AND HOOK FIXING ROPE

If the vinyl cover of the wire rope is broken or the rope itself has conditions as mentioned in step 1, replace the rope at once.



11. LOAD DETECTOR CONNECT PIN AND NUT

Check for the looseness and missing of the nuts.



8.2 OIL/GREASE SUPPLY AND WATER SERVICE

To ensure proper operation of this machine, all points requiring lubrication must be serviced with the correct lubricant (oil, grease and water) at the proper interval.

Standard oil (Water) Supply Capacity Table (not including Greasing Point)

	Points of Lubrication	Kind	Symbol	Capacity ltr. (gals)
Upper	Engine	Engine oil SAE #30	MO	20: Oil pan=16 Filter=4 (5.28: Oil pan=4.22 Filter=1.06)
	Radiator	Water (soft water)	—	25: Engine=13 Radiator=12 (6.6: Engine=3.4 Radiator=3.2)
	Fuel tank	Light oil JIS #2		400 (105.6)
	Hydraulic oil tank	Hydraulic oil #46	HO	380 (100)
	Power divider	Gear oil #90	GO	2.5 (0.66)
	Front/rear drum reduction unit	Gear oil #80W-90	GO	18 (4.8)/each
	Boom hoist drum reduction unit	Gear oil #90	GO	3 (0.79)
	Swing reduction unit	Gear oil #90	GO	16.5 (4.36)
Lower	Propel reduction unit	Gear oil #90	GO	26 (6.86)/each
	Idler wheel	Gear oil #140	GO	0.25 (0.066)/each
	Lower roller	Gear oil #140	GO	0.13 (0.034)/each
	Upper roller	Gear oil #140	GO	0.06 (0.016)/each

Note 1: The radiator is supplied with coolant combined with Long Life Coolant (antifreeze) of 30% to 50% concentration by volume.

Note 2: When using the machine in extreme cold and extreme heat places, see page 8-58 and 8-59.

KOBELCO Genuine Lubricant Chart

Kind	Symbol	Specification	Part Number
Hydraulic oil	HO	KW46 (for general use)	20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →2421R157D5 200 ltr. (52.8 gal) can →2421R157D6
		KW32S (for cold region)	20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →2421R157D3 200 ltr. (52.8 gal) can →2421R157D4
Extreme pressure grease	EPG		2121Z183
Molybdenum disulphide grease	HPG		2421Z183D2
High temperature grease	GL		2421Z183D3
Gear oil	GO	#90	20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →KSPSP90020 200 ltr. (52.8 gal) can →KSPSP90200
		#80W-90	18 ltr. (4.75 gal) can →GG01T01020D1 200 ltr. (52.8 gal) can →GG01T01020D2
Engine oil	M	#30	20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →2421Z353D1 200 ltr. (52.8 gal) can →2421Z353D2
		#10W	20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →2421Z354D1 200 ltr. (52.8 gal) can →2521Z354D2
Antifreeze	—	Long life coolant	18 ltr. (4.75 gal) can →KSPLL95-18 20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →KSPLL95-20
		Permanent	18 ltr. (4.75 gal) can →KSPPT95-18 20 ltr. (5.28 gal) can →KSPPT95-20

LUBRICATION CHART

Lubricant	Symbol	Recommended Lubricant (Initial Factory Fill)			
Hydraulic Oil	HO	Hydraulic oil with anti-wear, anti-oxidant and anti-harmful foaming			
		55℃ ~ 5℃ (131°F ~ 41°F)	40℃ ~ 5℃ (104°F ~ 41°F)	30℃ ~ -25℃ (86°F ~ -13°F)	15℃ ~ -30℃ (59°F ~ -22°F)
		ISO VG68	ISO VG46	ISO VG32	ISO VG22
Gear Oil	GO	Extreme pressure gear oil #90 Grade GL-4 by API classification			
Grease	EPG	Extreme pressure Multipurpose grease NLGI No.2 Lithium base grease EP type			
	GL	NLGI No.1 Lithium base with MoS ₂ grease			
Engine Oil	MO	Above 40℃ (104°F)	40℃ ~ -5℃ (104°F ~ 23°F)	10℃ ~ -30℃ (50°F ~ -22°F)	
		SAE40	SAE30	SAE10W-30	

RECOMMENDED HYDRAULIC OIL

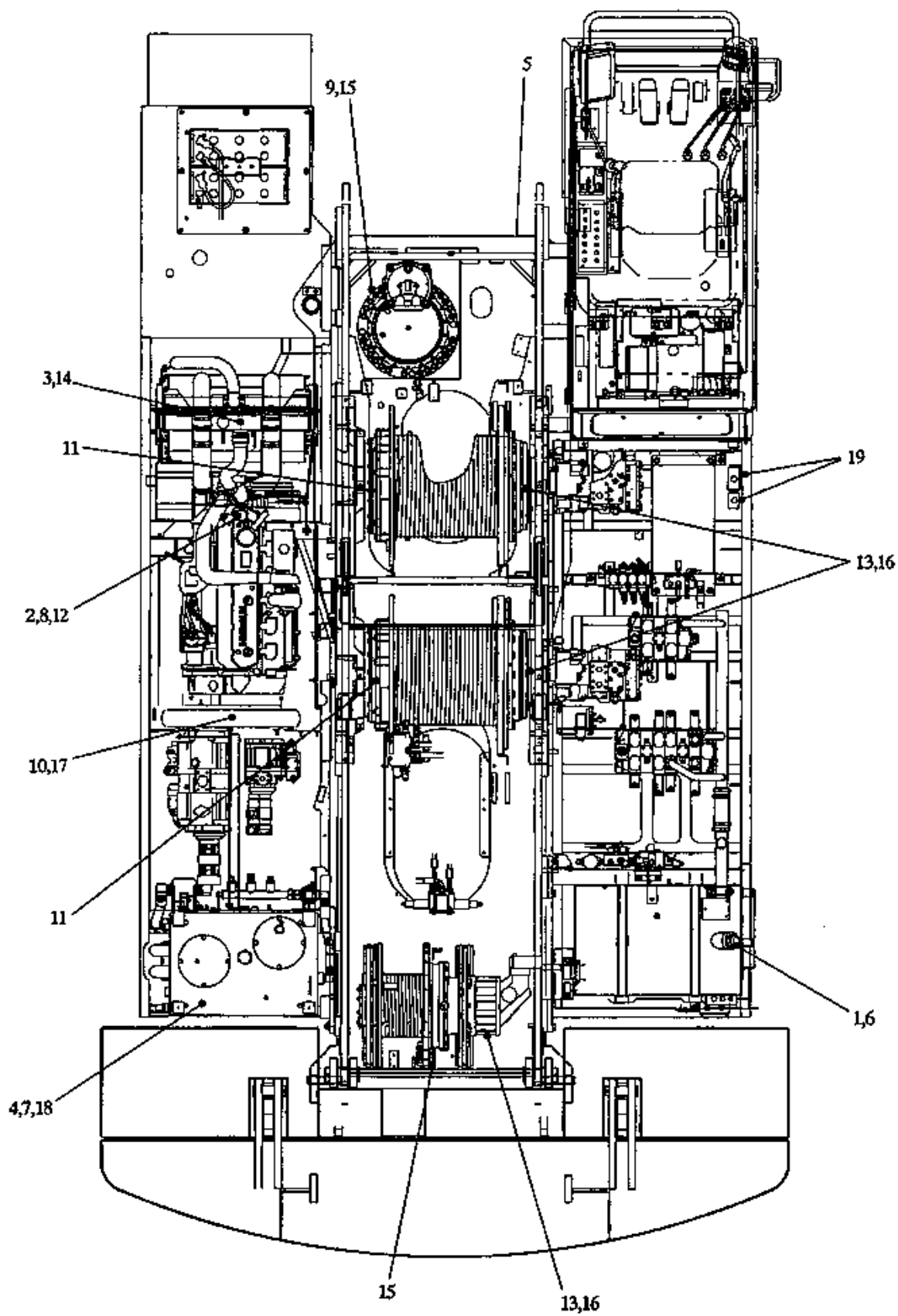
	VG22 KW32S	VG32 KW32	VG46 KW46	VG68 KW68
ESSO	—	NUTO H32	NUTO H46	NUTO H68
MOBIL	DTE 13	DTE 24	DTE 25	DTE 26
CALTEX	—	RANDO HD32	RANDO HD46	RANDO HD68
SHELL	—	TELLUS 32	TELLUS 46	TELLUS 68
GULF	—	HARMONY 32AW	HARMONY 46AW	HARMONY 68AW



CAUTION

- Do not mix different brands of oil. The same brand of oil should be used.
- Do not mix the original factory supplied oil with recommended hydraulic oil.

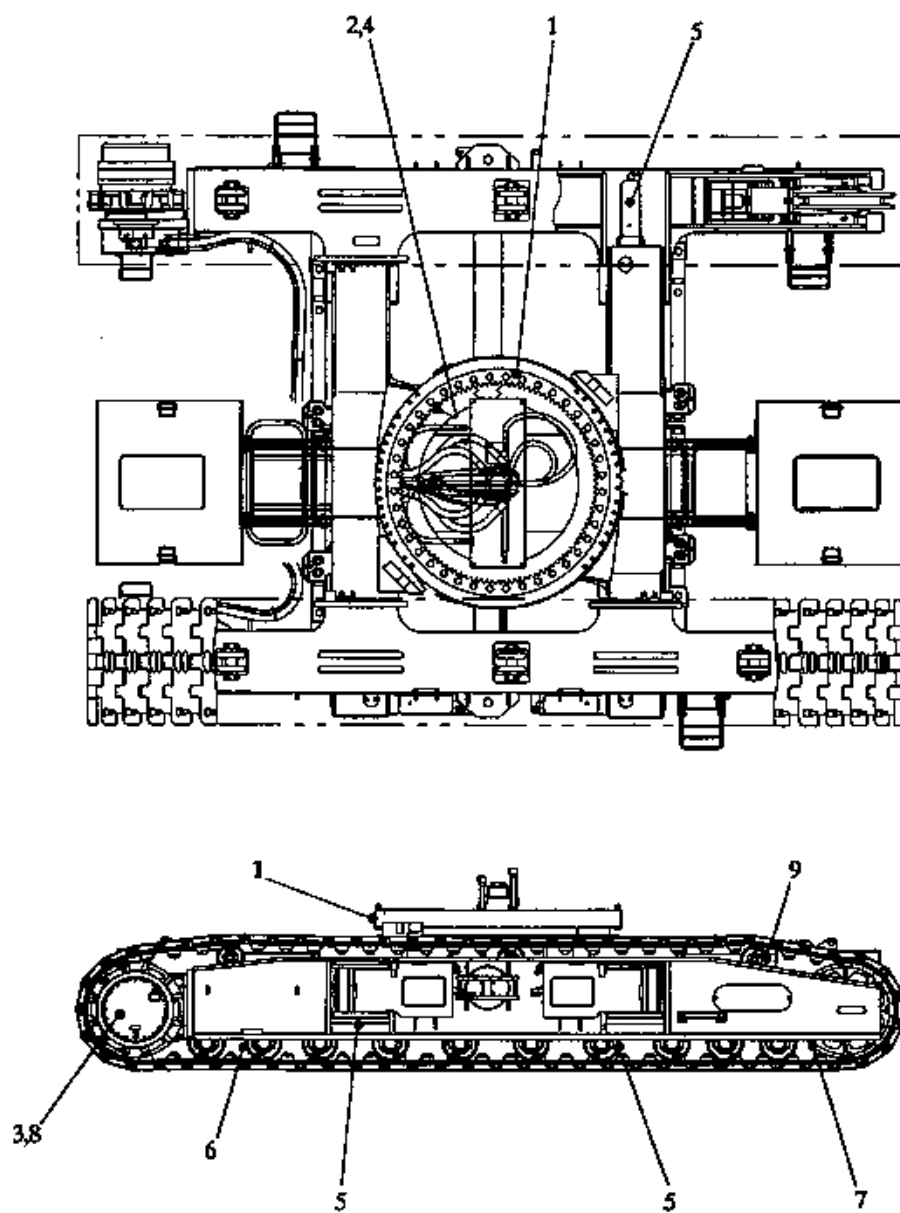
8.2.1 UPPER LUBRICATION (INCL. WATER SUPPLY)



Upper Lubrication Table

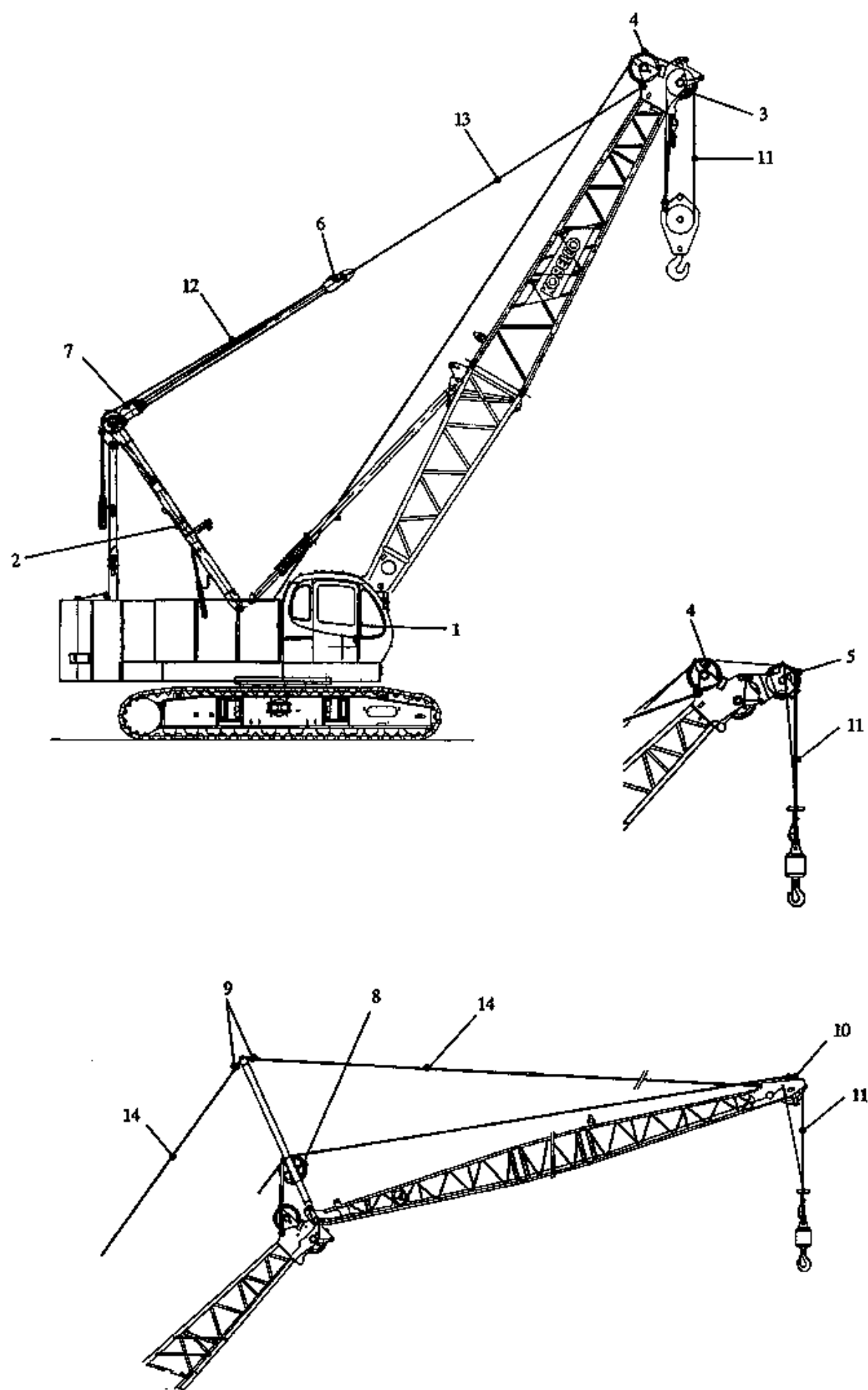
Check and Lubrication Interval	Item No.	Check and Lubrication Place	Required Service	Kind of Lubricant	Reference Page
Daily or every 5 hours	1	Fuel tank	Supply fuel	Light oil	8-42
	2	Engine	Check oil level	MO	8-41
	3	Radiator	Check coolant level	Soft water	8-42
	4	Hydraulic oil tank	Check oil level	HO	8-45
Weekly or every 25 hours	5	Drum lock (Front, rear, boom drums)	Grease	EPG	8-39
	6	Fuel tank	Drain		8-42
	7	Hydraulic oil tank	Drain		8-45
First time only (50 hours)	8	Engine	Replace oil	MO	8-41
Monthly or every 100 hours	9	Swing reduction unit	Check oil level	GO	8-47
	10	Power divider	Check oil level	GO	8-49
Quarterly or every 250 hours	11	Drumshaft bearing	Grease	EPG	8-40
	12	Engine	Replace oil	MO	8-41
	13	Winch reduction unit (Front, rear, boom)	Check oil level	GO	8-48
Annually or every 1000 hours	14	Radiator	Replace coolant		8-42
	15	Swing reduction unit	Replace oil	GO	8-47
	16	Winch reduction unit (Front, rear, boom)	Replace oil	GO	8-48
	17	Power divider	Replace oil	GO	8-49
Every 2 years or 2000 hours	18	Hydraulic oil tank	Replace oil	HO	8-45
	19	Washer tank	Supply liquid	Washer liquid	

8.2.2 LOWER LUBRICATION



Check and Lubrication Interval	Item No.	Check and Lubrication Place	Required Service	Kind of Lubricant	Reference Page
Weekly or every 25 hours	1	Slewing ring bearing	Grease	EPG	8-40
	2	Slewing ring gear (When operating clamshell or lifting magnet)	Grease	GL	8-40
Quarterly or every 250 hours	3	Propel reduction unit	Check oil level	GO	8-49
	4	Slewing ring gear	Grease	GL	8-40
	5	Extension axle	Grease	EPG	8-40
Annually or every 1000 hours	6	Lower roller	Change oil	GO	8-50
	7	Idler wheel	Change oil	GO	8-50
	8	Propel reduction unit	Change oil	GO	8-49
	9	Upper roller	Change oil	GO	8-50

8.2.3 ATTACHMENT LUBRICATION



Lubrication Interval	Item No.	Lubrication Place	Required Service	Kind of Lubricant	Reference Page
Daily or every 5 hours	1	Boom foot pin	Grease	EPG	8-38
	2	Gantry link	Grease	EPG	8-38
See Note 1.	3	Boom point sheave	Grease	EPG	
	4	Idler sheave	Grease	EPG	
	5	Auxiliary sheave	Grease	EPG	
	6	Upper spreader sheave	Grease	EPG	
	7	Lower spreader sheave	Grease	EPG	
	8	Strut sheave	Grease	EPG	
	9	Strut equalizer sheave	Grease	EPG	
	10	Jib point sheave	Grease	EPG	
See Note 2.	11	Front and rear drum wire rope	Lubricate	WO	
	12	Boom hoist wire rope	Lubricate	WO	
	13	Boom guy line	Lubricate	WO	
	14	Jib guy line	Lubricate	WO	

Note 1 : Although item No. 3 to 10 are grease sealing type, they can be also relubricated.

Note 2 : Lubricate wire ropes, according to the operating conditions.

To lubricate wire ropes, use a brush or spray.

8.2.4 GREASE

	Greasing Place	Kind of Lubricant	Greasing Time (Hourmeter:Hrs)				
			5	25	100	250	600
1	Boom foot pin	EPG	○				
2	Gantry link	EPG	○				
3	Drum lock (front, rear, boom drums)	EPG		○			
4	Drumshaft bearing	EPG				○	
5	Slewing ring bearing	EPG		○			
6	Slewing ring gear	GL		※○		○	
7	Extension axle	EPG	When retracted the extension axle				

※mark shows the time for clamshell and lifting magnet operation.

Before greasing, clean the grease fitting. Wipe off the extra grease which is crowded out.

1. BOOM FOOT PIN

Grease through the grease fitting on the foot pin (left and right) .

2. GANTRY LINK

Grease through the grease fitting provided on the front member.



WARNING

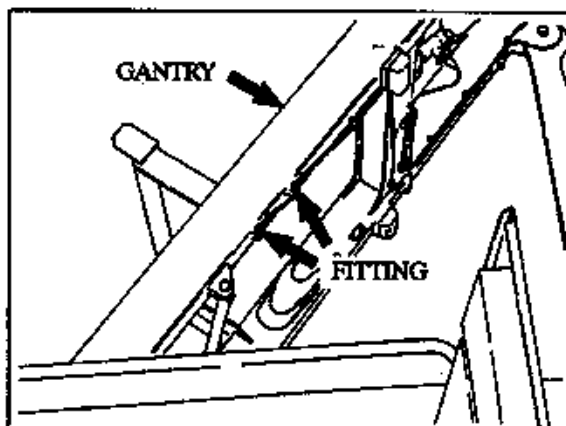
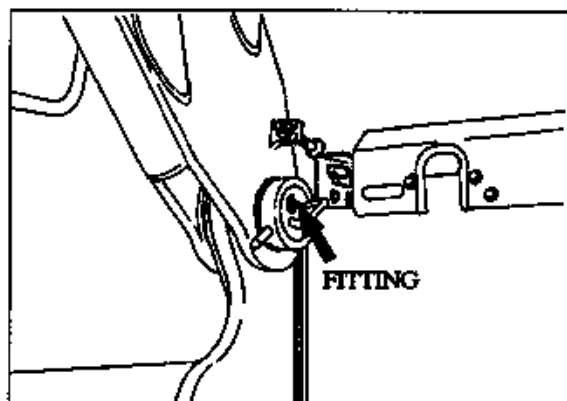
Before climbing on machine make certain that the guard and walk ways are clean and dry, and use life belt in order to prevent falls due to slippery surface. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



WARNING

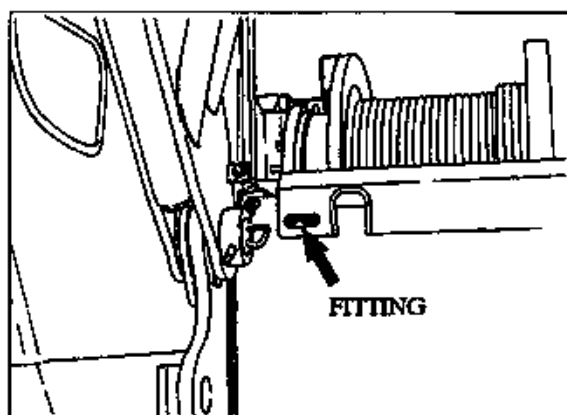
Shut off engine before lubrication.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



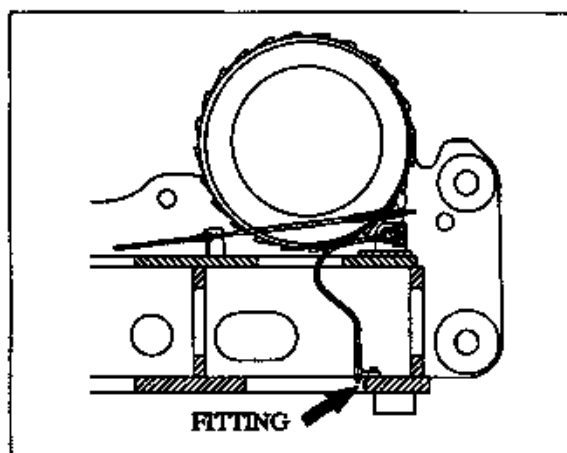
3. DRUM LOCK

To grease the front and rear drum locks, grease through the grease fittings provided in the front of the revolving frame (two places).



FRONT, REAR AND THIRD DRUM LOCK

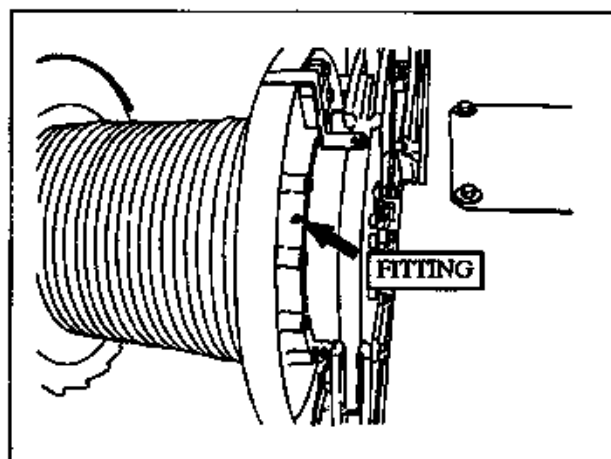
To grease the boom hoist drum lock, grease the grease fitting provided on the revolving frame.



BOOM DRUM LOCK

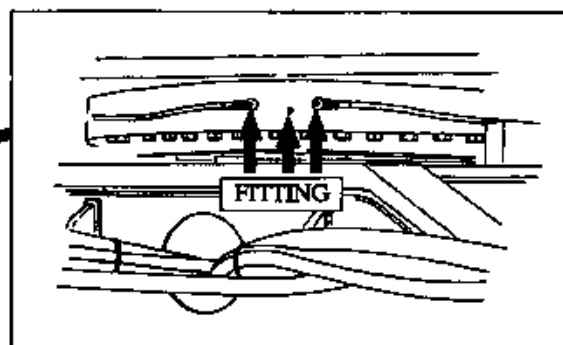
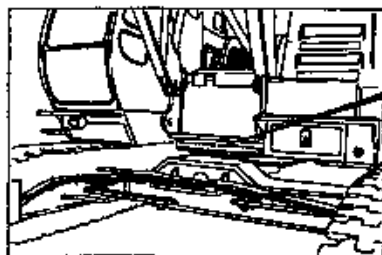
4. DRUMSHAFT BEARING

Grease through the grease fittings provided on the side stand and drumshaft bearing retainer.



5. SLEWING RING BEARING

Grease through the grease fitting provided on the slewing ring bearing.



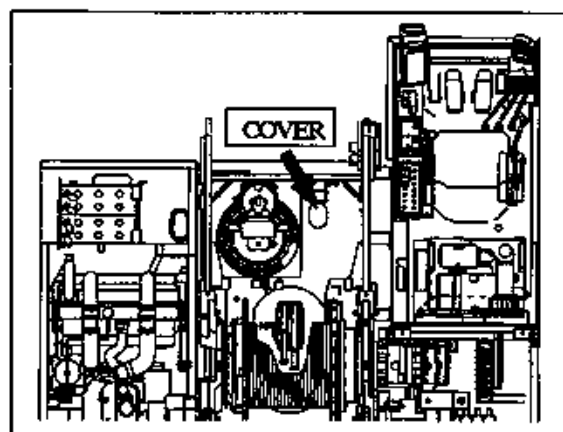
6. SLEWING RING GEAR

Removing the swing motor cover, turn the upper little by little, and grease so that grease goes around the entire ring gear.



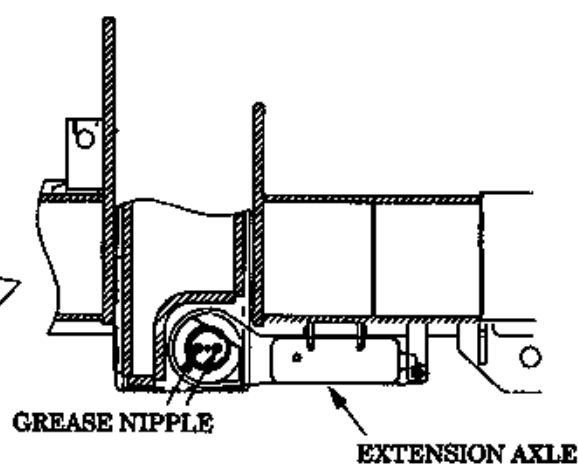
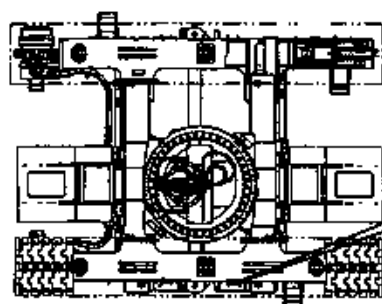
WARNING

To avoid injury, do not apply grease to slewing ring gear directly by hand.



7. EXTENSION AXLE

Retract the crawlers, and grease from the grease nipple provided on the joint pin.



8.2.5 ENGINE OIL

Item No.	Checking Item	Check and Change Interval (hourmeter:hour)					Remarks
		5	100	250	500	1000	
1	Oil level check of engine oil	○					
	Change of engine oil			○			20 ℓ (5.28 gal)

1. OIL LEVEL CHECK AND REPLACEMENT OF THE ENGINE

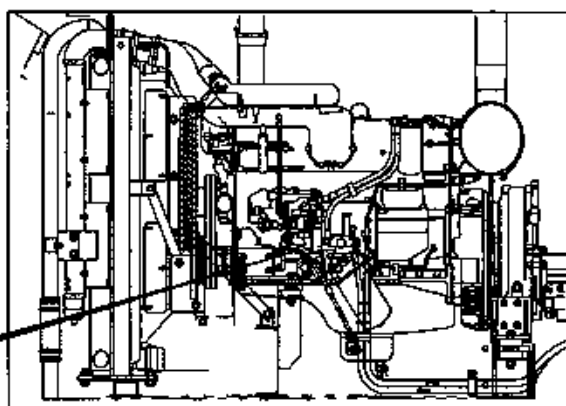
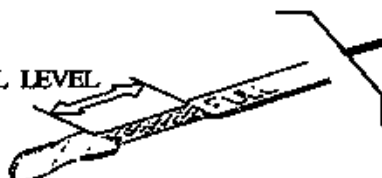
(1) OIL LEVEL CHECK

Be sure to perform oil level check of engine oil before starting operation.

After wiping clean the level gauge once, insert it again and check the level.

If the oil level is between the meshes of the net, it is normal.

PROPER OIL LEVEL



NOTE

Crane must be standing on level ground when oil level is checked or reading may be inaccurate.

(2) OIL CHANGE



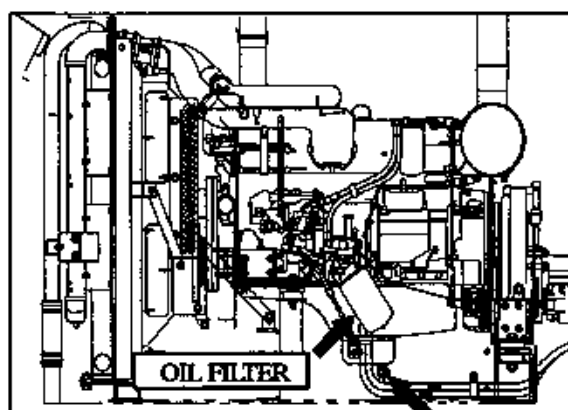
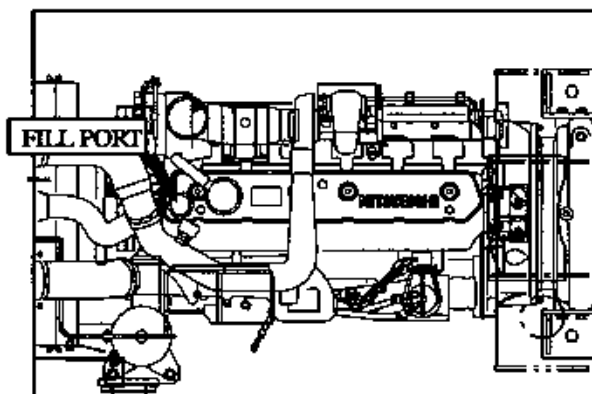
WARNING

While the engine oil is hot, absolutely do not open the drain cock to avoid burns caused by hot oil.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- ① Prepare a container of approx. 20 ℓ (5.3 gal) capacity.
- ② Loosen the drain plug, and allow the oil to drain into the prepared container.
- ③ Tighten the drain plug.
- ④ After confirming that metal particles does not exist, refill fresh oil through the fill port.

When replacing the engine oil, replace the oil filter together at the same time.



DRAIN COCK

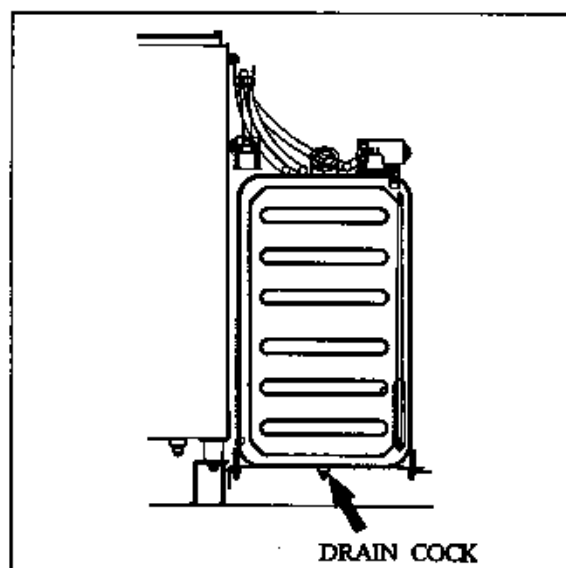
8.2.6 FUEL

Item No.	Checking Item	Check and Change Interval (hourmeter:Hr)						Remarks
		5	25	250	500	1000	2000	
1	Drain of fuel tank		○					
2	Adding fuel	※						Tank capacity: 400ℓ (105.6 gal)

※As required

1. DRAIN OF FUEL TANK

Loosen the drain plug, and drain water and sediment from the tank.



2. ADDING FUEL

After daily work is finished, fill the fuel tank as full as possible in order to minimize condensation.


WARNING

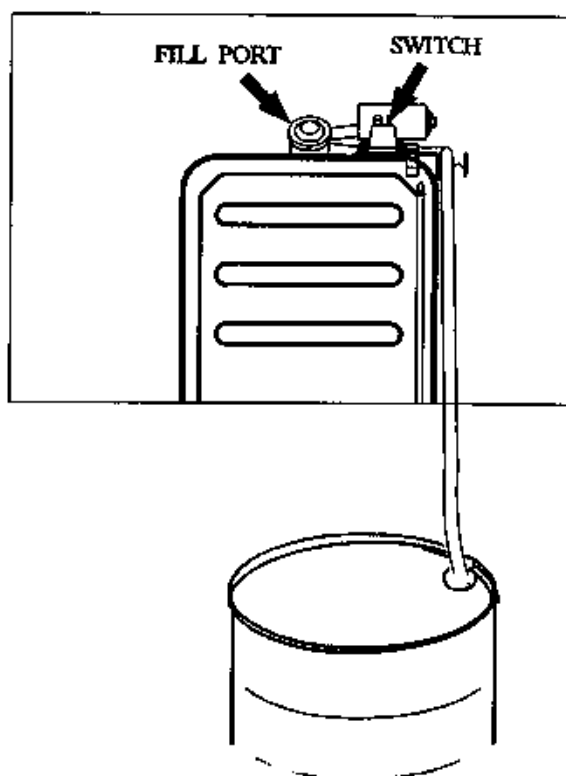
- Do not bring any spark or flame close to the fuel.
- Never smoke cigarettes while refueling. This could ignite the fuel and cause property damage, injury to personnel, or loss of life.


CAUTION

Never run the fuel pump empty.

The fuel pump is optional.

Refuel from the fill port if the fuel pump is not provided.



8.2.7 COOLANT

Item No.	Checking Item	Check and Change Interval (hourmeter:Hr)						Remarks
		5	25	250	500	1000	2000	
1	Check of coolant level	○						
2	Change of coolant					○		25 ℓ (6.6 gal)

※ Changing interval of coolant is for the case that Long Life coolant is combined. In other case, replace coolant semi-annually.

1. CHECK OF COOLANT LEVEL



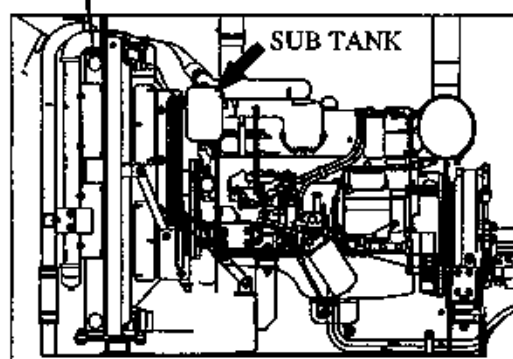
WARNING

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Use a heavy cloth or gloves to protect yourself while loosening the cap slowly. Wait until any sound or fluid flow stops before removing cap. Engine coolant is hot and under pressure when the engine is at operating temperature.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Removing the radiator cap, confirm coolant level, and also confirm the coolant level of the sub-tank.

- When coolant is insufficient, fill the radiator upto the foot of the water supply port and also fill the sub-tank up to the FULL mark position with soft water (running water) by removing the cap.



2. CHANGE OF COOLANT



WARNING

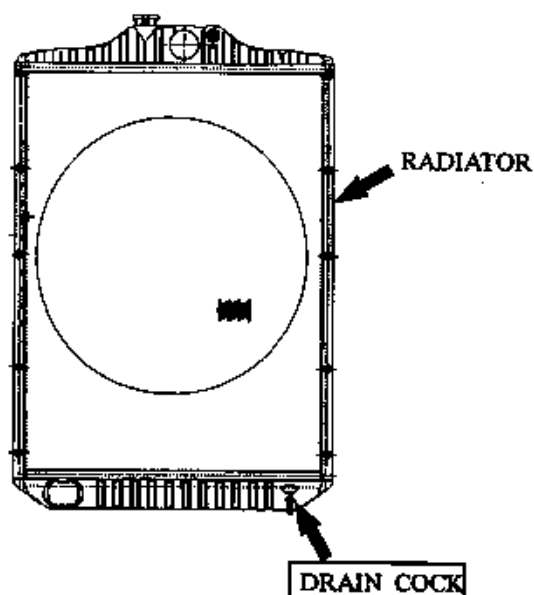
Do not drain the coolant when it is hot. The hot water may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the water has cooled, drain the water.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury.

- ① Loosen the drain cock in the bottom of the radiator and the plug of the water jacket, drain the coolant.
- ② Combine soft water (city water) and Long life coolant, and fill the radiator upto the foot of the water supply port.

In order to prevent air from entering, slowly pour water. After water pouring, confirm that the water level does not lower, then tighten the radiator cap.

- ③ Start and run the engine for about 1 minute. Stop the engine, and check water level. If insufficient, add water.



8.2.8 HYDRAULIC OIL

Item No.	Check Item	Check and Change Interval (hourmeter:Hr)						Remarks
		5	25	250	500	1000	2000	
1	Check of hydraulic oil level	○						
2	Drain of hydraulic oil tank		○					
3	Change of hydraulic oil						○	Tank capacity: 380 ℓ (100 gal)

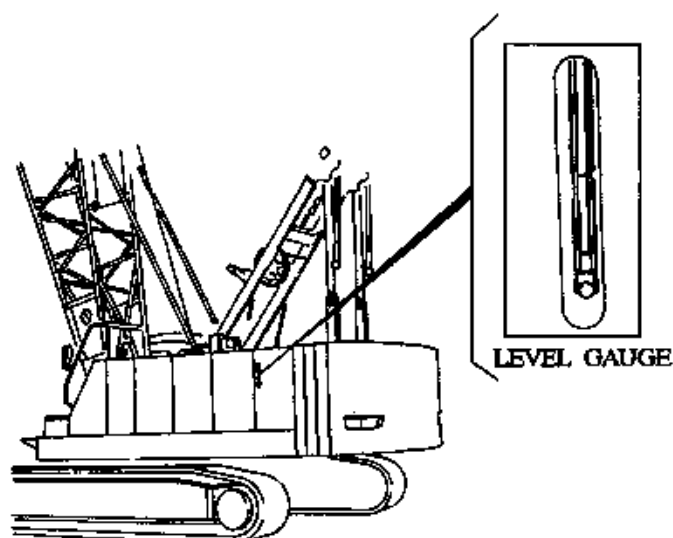
1. CHECK OF HYDRAULIC OIL LEVEL

If the hydraulic oil level is in the center of the level gauge with the following conditions and the engine running, the oil level is normal.

[Oil temperature : 20°C (68°F)]

Gantry cylinder ----- Extended

Crawler ext/retr cylinder ----- Extended



2. DRAIN OF HYDRAULIC OIL TANK

Before starting operation, loosen the drain plug to drain water and sediment from the tank.

3. CHANGE OF HYDRAULIC OIL



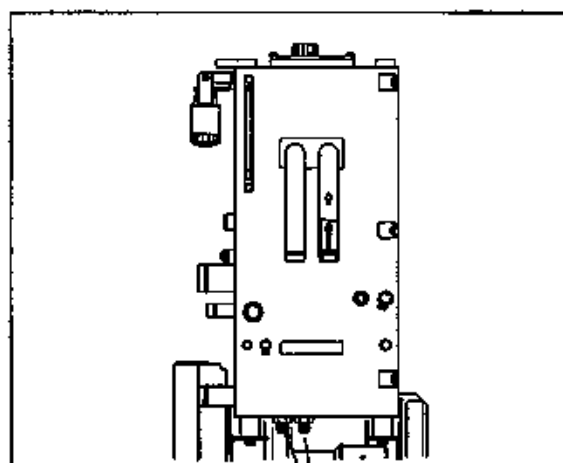
WARNING

Do not drain the oil when it is hot. The hot oil may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the oil has cooled, drain the oil. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



CAUTION

Extra care must be taken to insure that all the hydraulic tank is completely filled with oil before the engine is restarted. Failure to properly prime the hydraulic pumps could result in a catastrophic failure of the pumps.



DRAIN PLUG

It is standard to replace hydraulic oil every 2000 hours of the hourmeter, but if the oil is remarkably contaminated or deteriorated, replace the oil regardless of operating hours.

- ① Prepare a container of approx. 380 ℓ (100 gal).
- ② Remove the cap of the filler port and filter cover
- ③ Loosen the drain plug and drain the hydraulic oil into the prepared container.
- ④ Replace the drain plug, fill the tank with the specified hydraulic oil through the filler port up to the specified level.
- ⑤ Reinstall the filter cover and oil supply cap.
- ⑥ Start and run the engine for about 1 minute, then extend the crawler extend/retract cylinders, Check the oil level again.

When changing hydraulic oil, change the filter also of the same time.

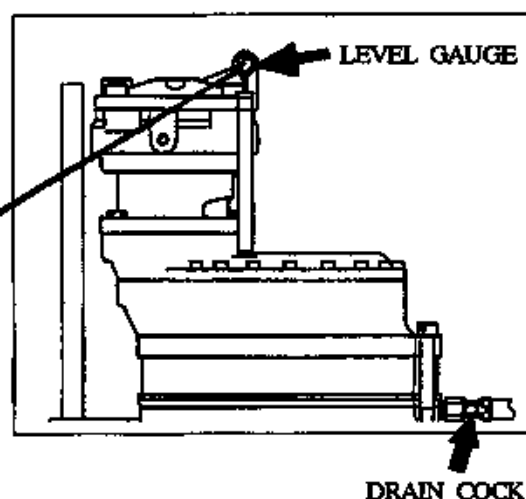
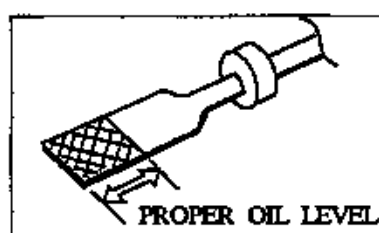
8.2.9 GEAR OIL

Item No.	Check Item	Check Interval (hourmeter:Hr)						Remarks
		5	100	250	500	1000	2000	
1	Oil level check of swing reduction unit		○					
	Oil change of swing reduction unit					○		Oil quantity: 16.5 ℓ (4.36 gal)
2	Oil level check of front and rear drum reduction unit			○				
	Oil change of front and rear drum reduction unit					○		Oil quantity: 18 ℓ (4.8 gal) each
3	Oil level check of boom hoist drum reduction unit			○				
	Oil change of boom hoist drum reduction unit					○		Oil quantity: 3 ℓ (0.79 gal)
4	Oil level check of power divider		○					
	Oil change of power divider					○		Oil quantity: 2.5 ℓ (0.66 gal)
5	Oil level check of propel reduction unit			○				
	Oil change of propel reduction unit					○		Oil quantity: 26 ℓ (6.86 gal) each
6	Oil change of lower roller					○		Oil quantity: 0.13 ℓ (0.034 gal) each
7	Oil change of upper roller					○		Oil quantity: 0.06 ℓ (0.016 gal) each
8	Oil change of idler wheel					○		Oil quantity: 0.25 ℓ (0.066 gal) each

1. OIL LEVEL CHECK AND OIL CHANGE OF SWING REDUCTION UNIT

(1) OIL LEVEL CHECK

If the oil level is in the net meshes of the level gauge, it is normal.



(2) OIL CHANGE



WARNING

Do not drain the oil when it is hot. The hot oil may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the oil has cooled, drain the oil. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury.

With the level gauge drawn out, remove the drain cock, drain the oil into a prepared container.

2. OIL LEVEL CHECK AND OIL CHANGE OF FRONT AND REAR REDUCTION UNITS

(1) OIL LEVEL CHECK

If the oil level in the reduction unit is up to the red color mark of the level gauge, it is normal.

(2) OIL CHANGE

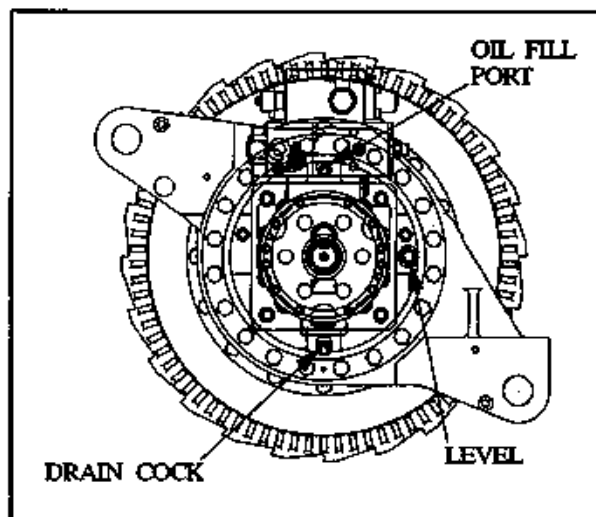


WARNING

Do not drain the oil when it is hot. The hot oil may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the oil has cooled, drain the oil. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury.

Prepare a container of approx. 20 ℓ (5.28 gal) capacity. With the oil fill plug removed, turn the lever of the drain cock to drain the oil into the prepared container.

Return the lever of the drain cock to the original position, and supply the specified oil through the oil fill port until the oil level reaches the specified oil level.



3. OIL LEVEL CHECK AND OIL CHANGE OF BOOM HOIST DRUM REDUCTION UNIT

(1) OIL LEVEL CHECK

If the oil level is located of the level plug, it is normal.

(2) OIL CHANGE

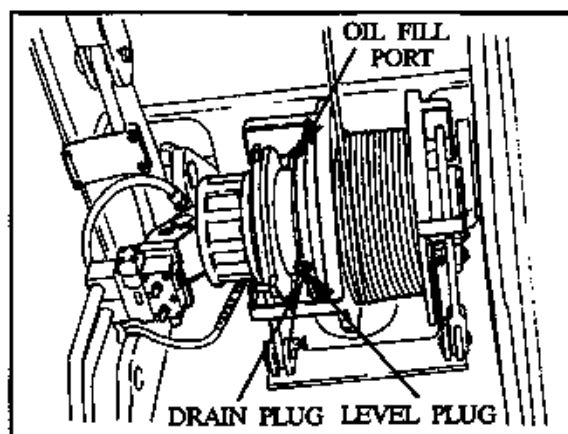


WARNING

Do not drain the oil when it is hot. The hot oil may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the oil has cooled, drain the oil. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury.

Prepare a container of approx. 5 ℓ (1.3 gal) of capacity.

With the level plug removed, removed the drain plug to drain the oil into the container. Return the drain plug to the original position, and supply the specified oil through the oil fill port until the oil level reaches the specified level.



4. OIL LEVEL CHECK AND OIL CHANGE OF POWER DIVIDER

(1) OIL LEVEL CHECK

If the oil level is up to the red color mark of the level gauge, it is normal.

(2) OIL CHANGE



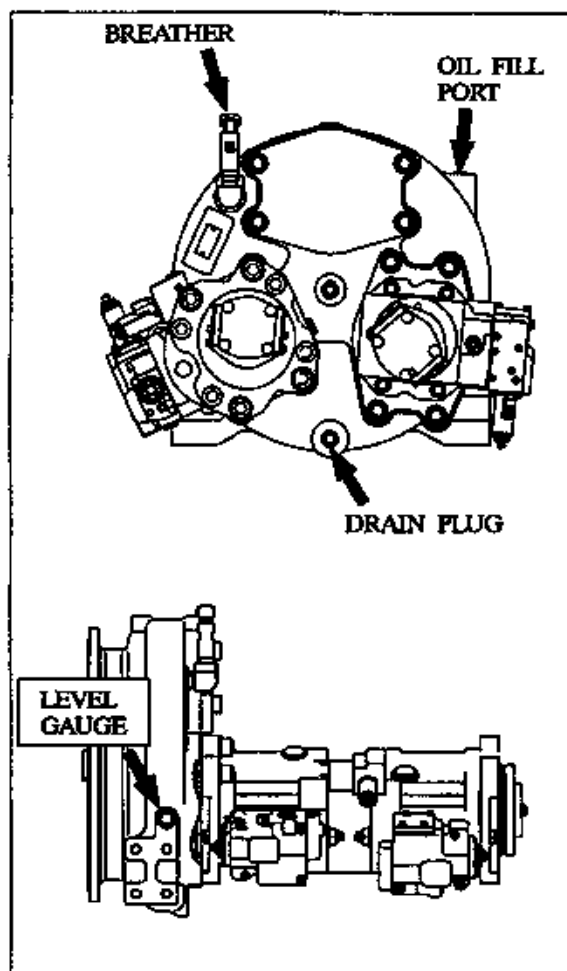
WARNING

Do not drain the oil when it is hot. The hot oil may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the oil has cooled, drain the oil. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Prepare a container of approx. 5 ℓ (1.3 gal) of capacity.

With the cap of the oil supply port removed, turn the lever of the drain cock to drain the oil into the container.

Return the lever of the drain cock to the original position, pour the specified oil through the oil supply port until the oil level reaches the specified level.



5. OIL LEVEL CHECK AND OIL CHANGE OF PROPEL REDUCTION UNIT

(1) OIL LEVEL CHECK

With the drain plug positioned at the right bottom, remove the level plug. If the oil level is up to the bottom of the level plug opening, it is normal.

(2) OIL CHANGE



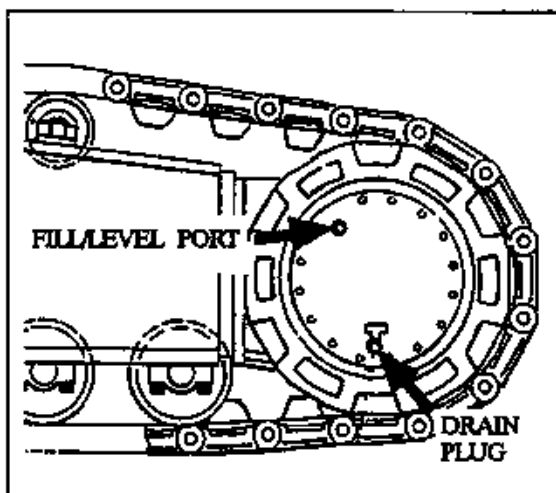
WARNING

Do not drain the oil when it is hot. The hot oil may spout out which could result in personal injury. After the oil has cooled, drain the oil. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

Prepare a container of approx. 30 ℓ (7.9 gal) of capacity.

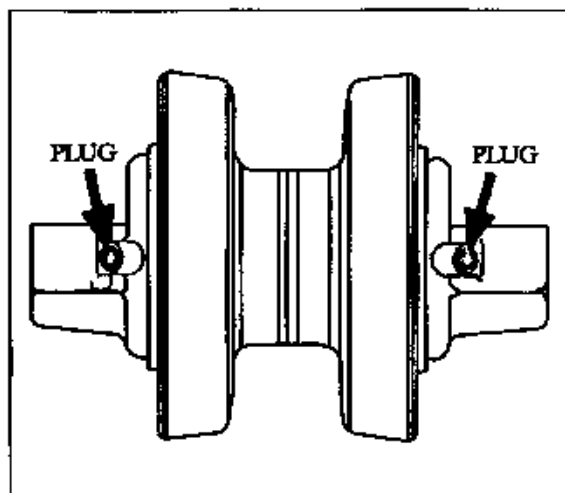
With the level plug removed, remove the drain plug to drain the oil into the container.

Reinstall the drain plug, pour the specified oil through the fill/level port until the oil reaches the specified level.



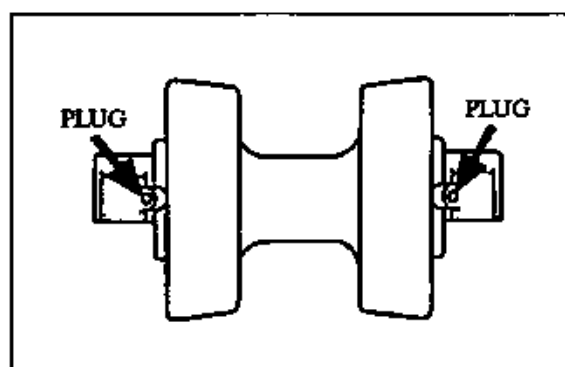
6. OIL CHANGE OF LOWER ROLLER

Remove the both end plugs to drain the oil. Supply the specified oil of specified amount. To change oil, consult the local KOBELCO distributor.



7. OIL CHANGE OF UPPER ROLLER

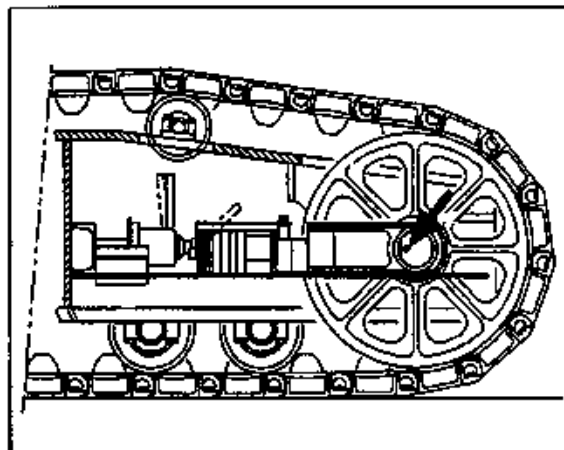
Remove the both end plugs to drain the oil. Supply the specified oil of specified amount. To change oil, consult the local KOBELCO distributor.



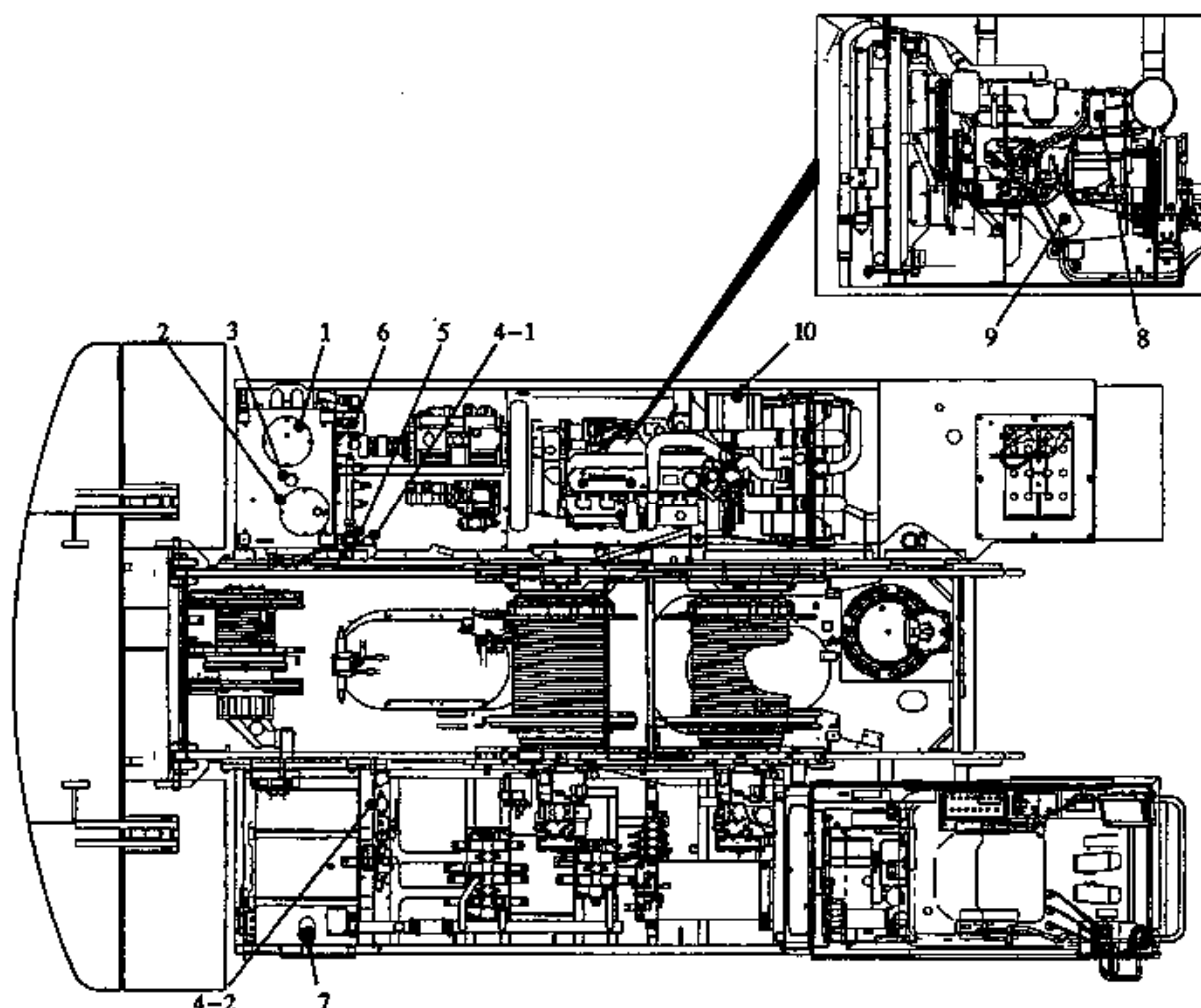
8. OIL CHANGE OF IDLER WHEEL

Remove the plug of the sliding block to drain the oil.

Supply the specified oil of specified amount. To change oil, consult the local KOBELCO distributor.



8.3 CLEANING/WASHING/CHANGE OF FILTER ELEMENT AND STRAINER



Item No.	Service Item		Cleaning/Washing/Changing Interval (hourmeter:Hr)						PART No.	Quantity
			5	100	250	500	1000	2000		
1	Hydraulic oil tank	Change of return filter			○				LS50V00002P1 (element) ZD11G22000 (O-ring)	1
2		Change of suction filter					○		GB50V00004S001 (element) ZD11G22000 (O-ring)	1
3		Washing of oil fill port strainer						○		1
4-1	Washing or change of line filter						○		2446R183S2 (filter) 45Z91D84 (O-ring)	1
4-2							○		R36P0019 (filter) 45Z91D84 (O-ring)	1
5	Change of drain filter (cartridge)		○		○				2446U141S2	1
6	Washing or change of line filter (Brake cooling line)						○		2446U254S3	1
7	Washing of fuel tank fill port strainer				○					1
8	Change of fuel filter					○			ME056670 (Mitsubishi PART)	1
9	Change of engine oil element				○				ME130968 (Mitsubishi PART)	1
10	Cleaning and change of air element						Change ○		EZ11P00003S002	1

1. CHANGE OF HYDRAULIC OIL TANK RETURN FILTER



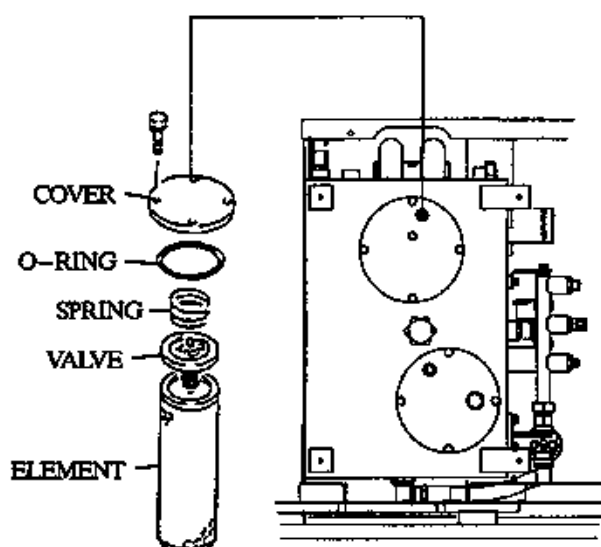
WARNING

Do not change hydraulic oil filter when hydraulic oil is hot.

After the oil has cooled and the pressure has been released, change the filter.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

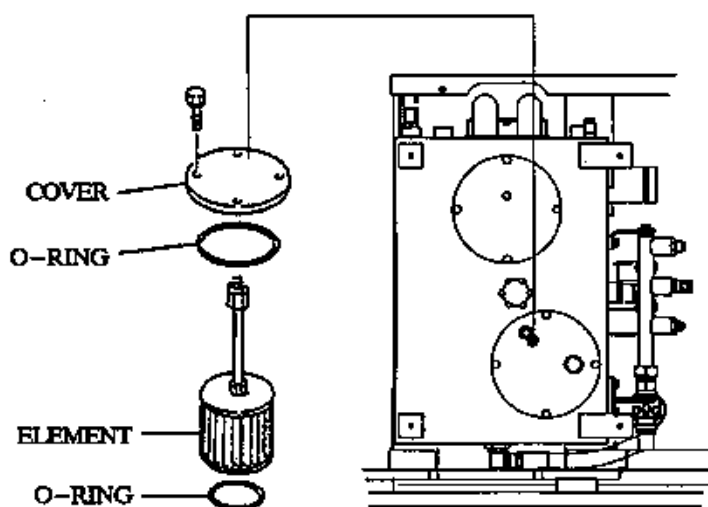
Removing the filter cover, replace the element and O-ring with new ones.



2. CHANGE OF HYDRAULIC OIL SUCTION FILTER

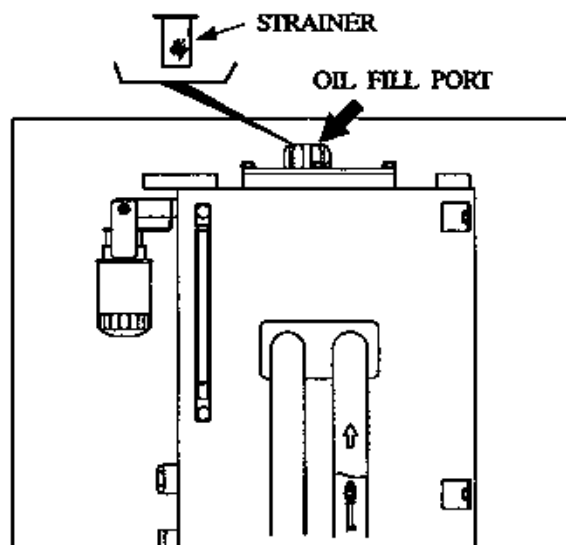
Removing the filter cover, replace the element and O-ring.

Perform this change when changing the hydraulic oil.



3. WASHING OF FILL PORT STRAINER

Removing the air breather cap, take out the fill port strainer, and sufficiently wash it with washing liquid.



4. WASHING OF LINE FILTER

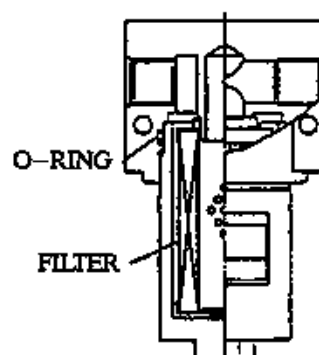


WARNING

After stopping engine, wait for five minutes to release pressure.

Removing the case, take out the filter, and sufficiently wash it.

Replace the O-ring with a new one.



5. CHANGE OF DRAIN FILTER (CARTRIDGE)

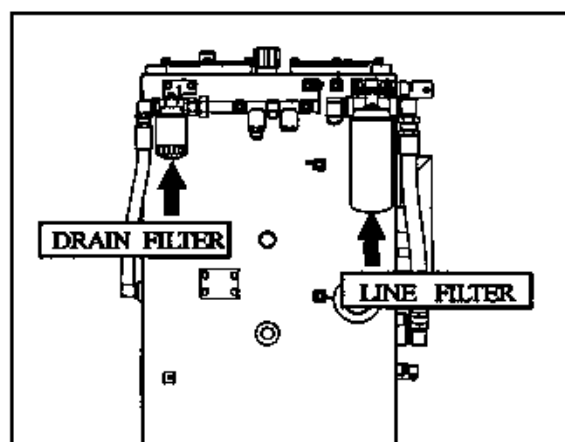
Loosen the plug of the filter cover to remove the remaining pressure in the tank.

Prepare a oil receptacle under the filter, and replace the cartridge with a new one.

6. CHANGE OF LINE FILTER FOR BRAKE COOLING LINE (CARTRIDGE)

Loosen the plug of the filter cover to remove the remaining pressure in the tank.

Prepare a oil receptacle under the filter, and replace the cartridge with a new one.



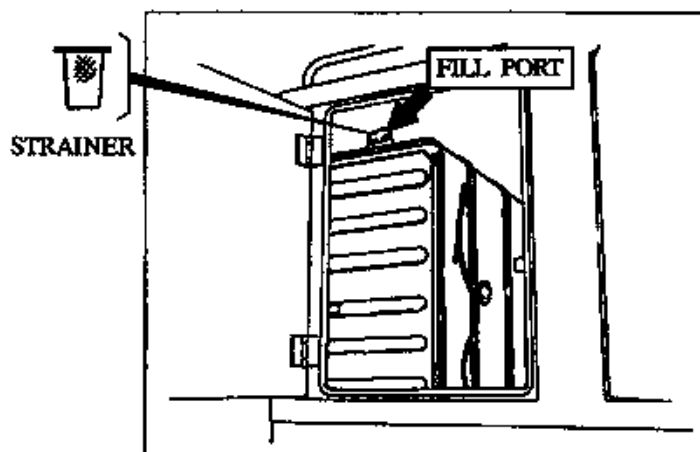
7. WASHING OF FUEL TANK FILL PORT STRAINER

Removing the cap, take out the strainer and sufficiently wash it with washing liquid.



WARNING

Do not bring any spark or flame close to the fuel.



8. CHANGE OF FUEL FILTER

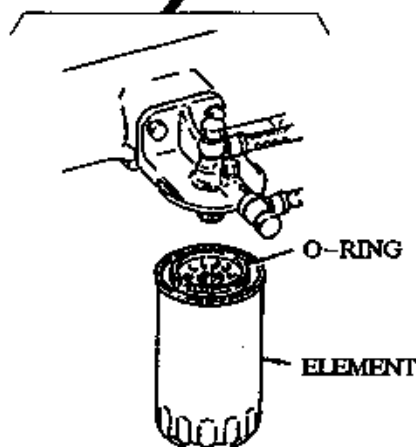
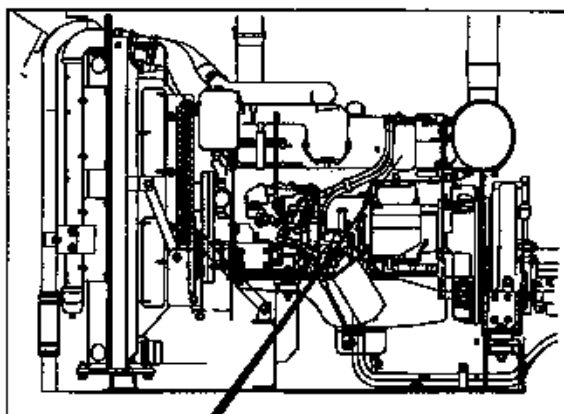
Place a suitable container to receive fuel under the filter, being careful not to allow fuel to spill, and remove the case. Then replace the filter and O-ring with new ones.

After replacing the filter, be sure to bleed air, and wipe off spilt fuel.



WARNING

- Do not bring any spark of flame close to the fuel.
- Never smoke cigarettes while changing fuel filter, this could ignite the fuel and cause property damage, injury to personnel or loss of life.



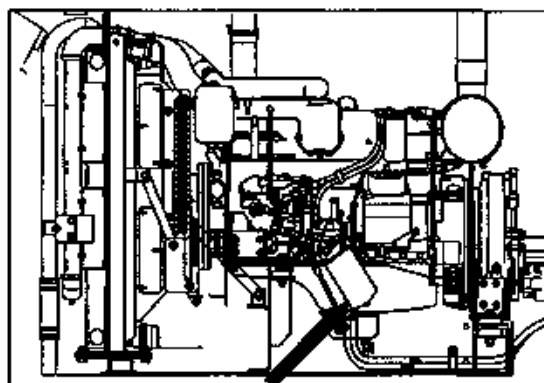
9. CHANGE OF ENGINE OIL ELEMENT

- (1) Place a suitable container to receive oil under the filter, and loosen the drain plug on the bottom side of the filter case to drain the oil in the case.
- (2) Remove the filter case, and replace the element with a new one.

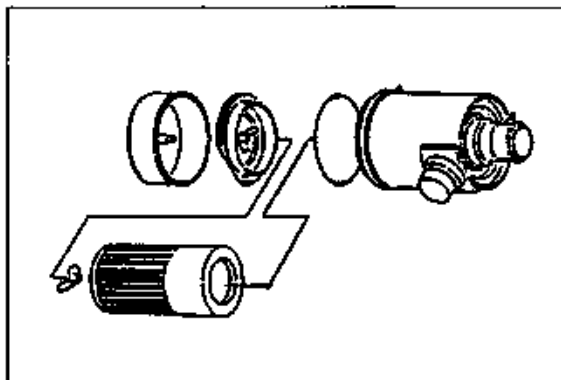


WARNING

Do not change engine oil element when oil is hot. Hot oil may spout out. After the oil has cooled, change the filter. The hot oil may cause severe burns. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



OIL ELEMENT



10. CLEANING AND CHANGE OF AIR ELEMENT

Remove the air element, and blow air from the inside to remove dust.

If it is remarkably dirty and the element is deformed, replace the element with a new one early.

8.4 CHECK OF BATTERY

Item No.	Check Item	Check Interval (hourmeter:Hr)						Remarks
		5	100	250	500	1000	2000	
1	Check of battery electrolyte level.		○					
2	Check of charge condition.							As required

1. CHECK OF BATTERY ELECTROLITE LEVEL

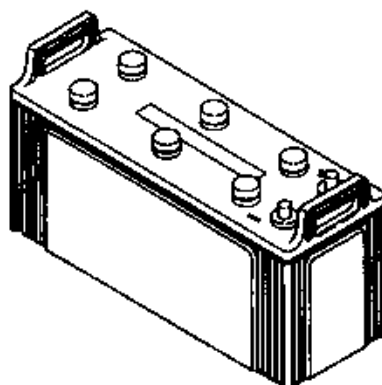
If the battery electrolyte level is upto 10mm above the plates, it is normal.

If insufficient, add distilled water.

- (1) When you can check the battery electrolyte level from the side of the battery:

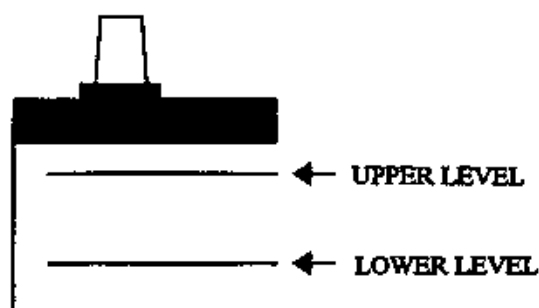
Clean around the level lines with a wet cloth, and make sure that the electrolyte level is between the upper level (U.L) and the lower level (L.L).

When the electrolyte level is lower than the level halfway between the U.L and the L.L, add battery electrolyte. After replenishment, securely tighten the plug.




DANGER

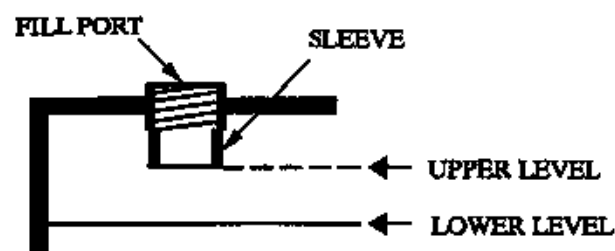
NEVER clean the battery with a dry cloth. Otherwise, static electricity occurs, leading to combustion and explosion. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



- (2) When you cannot check the battery electrolyte level from the side of the battery, or no level lines are provided on the side of the battery:

Detach the plug at the top of the battery, and check the battery electrolyte level from the filling port.

If the electrolyte level is lower than the sleeve, add battery electrolyte to the bottom of the sleeve.




WARNING

- Do not bring a flame or spark close to the batteries.
- Never smoke cigarettes while checking electrolyte level. This could cause the battery electrolyte to ignite, and could cause property damage, injury to personnel or loss of life.



Sufficiently replenished

When the electrolyte level reaches the bottom of the sleeve, the electrolyte surface is swelled by surface tension, and the pole plates seem to be warp.



Insufficiently replenished

When the electrolyte level does not reach the bottom of the sleeve, the pole plates seem to be straight.



WARNING

- Since the battery electrolyte is dilute sulfuric acid, avoid battery acid contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. If accidentally contacted, immediately flush the area with water and consult a doctor immediately.
- Wear eye glasses to protect eyes when working with electrolyte.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



WARNING

- Wear eye glasses to protect eyes when working with electrolyte.
- Do not short across the battery terminals.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

2. CHECK OF CHARGE CONDITION

The charge condition is judged by measuring the specific gravity of the battery electrolyte.

The normal specific gravity is 1.25 to 1.27 at 20°C (68°F) of electrolyte temperature. If the specific gravity is lower than 1.25, charge the battery.

If the battery is not used for a long time, remove the battery from the machine, and store it in a cold and dark place.



WARNING

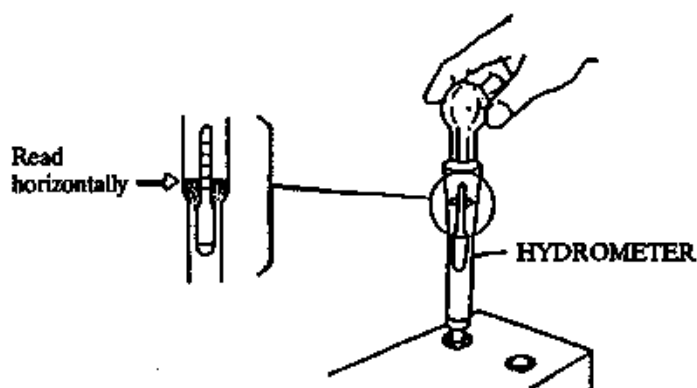
NEVER use the battery when the battery electrolyte level is lower than the L.L. Otherwise, not only the deterioration of the battery inside, but also the explosion of the battery may occur.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



CAUTION

Do not add battery electrolyte until the battery electrolyte level exceeds the U.L. Otherwise, excess electrolyte leaks, causing corrosion of the periphery of the battery.



CAUTION

If the battery will not be used for an extended period of time, remove the battery, clean it thoroughly and store it in a cool, dry location where the temperature will not fall below 0°C (32°F).

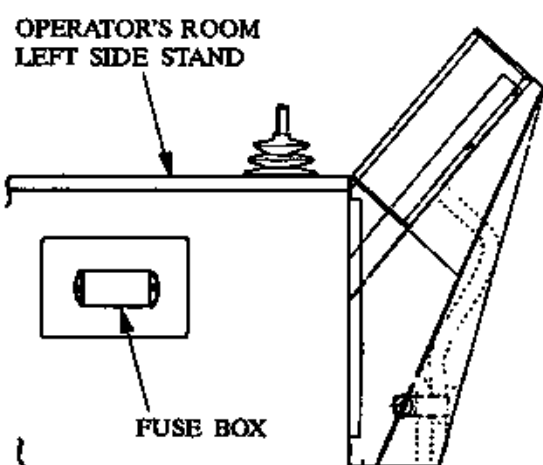
If the battery cannot be removed and stored, then disconnect the terminals to avoid draining the battery.

NOTE

If the level of battery electrolyte exceeds the U.L. or lower limit of the sleeve, remove excess electrolyte with a syringe until the level is at the U.L. or lower limit of the sleeve.

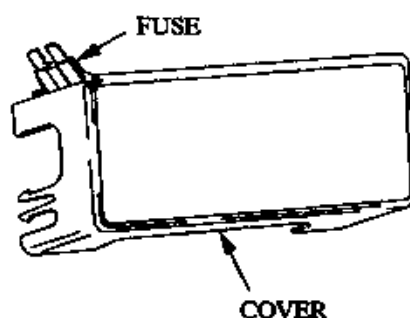
To treat the removed electrolyte, neutralize it with sodium bicarbonate, and pour it out with a great deal of water, or consult with the manufacturer of the battery.

8.5 ARRANGEMENT AND USE OF FUSE



REMOVAL OF FUSE

Fit the fuse to the corner of the fuse box cover, and pull it out.



Classification of Fuse Use					
Fuse No.	Capacity	Kind	Line No.	Use	Part No.
F1	20A	Automotive Blade	1 — 11	Main power supply	24100R215S2
F2	5A		1 — 12	Back-up	24100R215S4
F3	5A		54 — 13	Engine start	24100R215S4
F4	5A		3 — 14	Hour meter	24100R215S4
F5	10A		2 — 15	Free fall	24100R215S3
F6	10A		2 — 16	Solenoid valve	24100R215S3
F7	5A		2 — 17	Load safety device control power supply	24100R215S4
F8	5A		2 — 18	Load safety device output power supply	24100R215S4
F9	20A		2 — 19	Wiper	24100R215S2
F10	20A		2 — 20	Air conditioner	24100R215S2
F11	10A		52 — 21	Radio, One-way (Not used for this model)	24100R215S3
F12	30A		2 — 22	Total controller	24100R215S1
F13	10A		2 — 23	Gauge cluster	24100R215S3
F14	10A		2 — 24	Swing flasher	24100R215S3
F15	10A		2 — 25	Fuel pump, Fan	24100R215S3
F16	10A		2 — 26	C/W Removal system control box	24100R215S3
F17	10A		2 — 27	Redundancy circuit	24100R215S3
F18	10A		2	Spare	24100R215S3
F19	10A		2 — 29	Engine control unit	24100R215S3
F20	10A		2	Spare	24100R215S3

8.6 OPERATION UNDER UNUSUAL CONDITIONS

(1) OPERATION IN COLD REGION

Item	Treatment	Caution																											
Engine Oil	Use engine oil suitable to the atmospheric temperature. (See the engine manual.) Class CD in API service classification. <table><tr><td>Atmospheric temperature when engine starting.</td><td>40°C to 10°C (104°F to 50°F)</td><td>10°C to -30°C (50°F to -22°F)</td></tr><tr><td>Viscosity of oil</td><td>SAE 30</td><td>SAE10W-30</td></tr></table>	Atmospheric temperature when engine starting.	40°C to 10°C (104°F to 50°F)	10°C to -30°C (50°F to -22°F)	Viscosity of oil	SAE 30	SAE10W-30	When replenishing or adding oil, do not mix different brand and quality oil, but use the same brand and quality oil.																					
Atmospheric temperature when engine starting.	40°C to 10°C (104°F to 50°F)	10°C to -30°C (50°F to -22°F)																											
Viscosity of oil	SAE 30	SAE10W-30																											
Fuel	Use fuel suitable to the atmospheric temperature. <table><tr><td>Atmospheric temperature</td><td>Kind</td></tr><tr><td>Higher than -5°C (23°F)</td><td>JIS #2 light oil</td></tr><tr><td>-5°C to -15°C (23°F + 5°F)</td><td>JIS #3 light oil</td></tr><tr><td>Lower than -15°C (5°F)</td><td>JIS Special #3 light oil</td></tr></table> Before starting work, drain water, and after the work is finished, fill the tank as full as possible.	Atmospheric temperature	Kind	Higher than -5°C (23°F)	JIS #2 light oil	-5°C to -15°C (23°F + 5°F)	JIS #3 light oil	Lower than -15°C (5°F)	JIS Special #3 light oil																				
Atmospheric temperature	Kind																												
Higher than -5°C (23°F)	JIS #2 light oil																												
-5°C to -15°C (23°F + 5°F)	JIS #3 light oil																												
Lower than -15°C (5°F)	JIS Special #3 light oil																												
Coolant	Combine antifreeze (Long Life Coolant) according to the atmospheric temperature. (Capacity of coolant: 25 ℓ (6.6 gal)) <table><tr><td>Atmospheric temperature</td><td>Volume of cooling water</td><td>Volume of antifreeze</td></tr><tr><td>-4°C (24.8°F)</td><td>22 ℓ (5.9 gal)</td><td>3 ℓ (0.7 gal)(10%)</td></tr><tr><td>-7°C (19.4°F)</td><td>21 ℓ (5.6 gal)</td><td>4 ℓ (1.0 gal)(15%)</td></tr><tr><td>-13°C (8.6°F)</td><td>19 ℓ (4.9 gal)</td><td>6 ℓ (1.7 gal)(25%)</td></tr><tr><td>-17°C (1.4°F)</td><td>18 ℓ (4.6 gal)</td><td>7 ℓ (2.0 gal)(30%)</td></tr><tr><td>-21°C (-5.8°F)</td><td>16 ℓ (4.3 gal)</td><td>9 ℓ (2.3 gal)(35%)</td></tr><tr><td>-25°C (-13°F)</td><td>15 ℓ (4.0 gal)</td><td>10 ℓ (2.6 gal)(40%)</td></tr><tr><td>-31°C (-23.8°F)</td><td>14 ℓ (3.6 gal)</td><td>11 ℓ (3.0 gal)(45%)</td></tr><tr><td>-40°C (-40°F)</td><td>12 ℓ (3.3 gal)</td><td>13 ℓ (3.3 gal)(50%)</td></tr></table>	Atmospheric temperature	Volume of cooling water	Volume of antifreeze	-4°C (24.8°F)	22 ℓ (5.9 gal)	3 ℓ (0.7 gal)(10%)	-7°C (19.4°F)	21 ℓ (5.6 gal)	4 ℓ (1.0 gal)(15%)	-13°C (8.6°F)	19 ℓ (4.9 gal)	6 ℓ (1.7 gal)(25%)	-17°C (1.4°F)	18 ℓ (4.6 gal)	7 ℓ (2.0 gal)(30%)	-21°C (-5.8°F)	16 ℓ (4.3 gal)	9 ℓ (2.3 gal)(35%)	-25°C (-13°F)	15 ℓ (4.0 gal)	10 ℓ (2.6 gal)(40%)	-31°C (-23.8°F)	14 ℓ (3.6 gal)	11 ℓ (3.0 gal)(45%)	-40°C (-40°F)	12 ℓ (3.3 gal)	13 ℓ (3.3 gal)(50%)	Sometimes, combination rate may be different depending upon brands.
Atmospheric temperature	Volume of cooling water	Volume of antifreeze																											
-4°C (24.8°F)	22 ℓ (5.9 gal)	3 ℓ (0.7 gal)(10%)																											
-7°C (19.4°F)	21 ℓ (5.6 gal)	4 ℓ (1.0 gal)(15%)																											
-13°C (8.6°F)	19 ℓ (4.9 gal)	6 ℓ (1.7 gal)(25%)																											
-17°C (1.4°F)	18 ℓ (4.6 gal)	7 ℓ (2.0 gal)(30%)																											
-21°C (-5.8°F)	16 ℓ (4.3 gal)	9 ℓ (2.3 gal)(35%)																											
-25°C (-13°F)	15 ℓ (4.0 gal)	10 ℓ (2.6 gal)(40%)																											
-31°C (-23.8°F)	14 ℓ (3.6 gal)	11 ℓ (3.0 gal)(45%)																											
-40°C (-40°F)	12 ℓ (3.3 gal)	13 ℓ (3.3 gal)(50%)																											
Battery	Sufficiently charge the battery. (Maintain the specific gravity more than 1.22.) The electro-lyte in a fully charged battery will resist freezing at lower temperature better than a battery that is not fully charged.	After distilled water has been added, start and run the engine to mix with the electrolyte.																											

(2) EXTREME HEAT

Item	Treatment	Caution						
Engine Oil	Use engine oil suitable to atmospheric temperature. (See the engine manual.) Class CD in API service classification. <table border="1"><tr><td>Atmospheric temperature when starting engine</td><td>Higher than 40°C (104°F)</td><td>40°C to 10°C (104°F to 50°F)</td></tr><tr><td>Viscosity of oil</td><td>SAE40</td><td>SAE30</td></tr></table>	Atmospheric temperature when starting engine	Higher than 40°C (104°F)	40°C to 10°C (104°F to 50°F)	Viscosity of oil	SAE40	SAE30	Don not mix a different brand and quality of oil, but use the same brand and quality oil.
Atmospheric temperature when starting engine	Higher than 40°C (104°F)	40°C to 10°C (104°F to 50°F)						
Viscosity of oil	SAE40	SAE30						
Coolant	- Do not use antifreeze (Long Life Coolant) , but mix anticorrosive to fresh water and pour it. - Wash the inside of the radiator, too with washing liquid.							
Battery	Always maintain the electrolyte level 10mm above the plates.							

(3) DUSTY PLACE

Item	Treatment	Caution
Air cleaner	Perform washing and change of the element early.	
Radiator, oil cooler	Early clean the core not to allow dust to clog the core.	
Filter, element	Early replace with new ones.	
Engine oil	Early change oil.	
Slewing ring gear	Early lubricate.	
Wire rope	Early clean and lubricate.	

(4) OPERATION IN SEASIDE

Item	Treatment	Caution
Lubrication	Thoroughly and carefully lubricate each point Lubricate connector sections not equipped with grease fittings.	
Basic machine	Sufficiently wash the basic machine, radiator and oil cooler to wash salt off.	

8.7 MACHINE STORAGE

(1) SHORT TERM STORAGE (Period of 30 Days or Less)

- Clean the entire machine, sufficiently dry it, then carefully lubricate.
- Cover the machine to prevent dust.

(2) LONG TERM STORAGE (Longer than One month and less than 1 Year)

- Clean the entire machine, sufficiently dry it, then carefully lubricate.
- Sufficiently grease the slewing ring gear.
- Replace the reduction unit gear oil and hydraulic oil with fresh oil.
- Replace all filters and so on with new ones.
- Remove the batteries and store them in a cold and dark place.
- Apply thin coat of oil to places which are apt to rust.
- Completely drain coolant, and post a sign "No Water".
- Cover the entire machine to prevent dust.

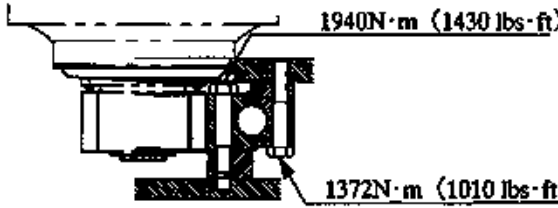
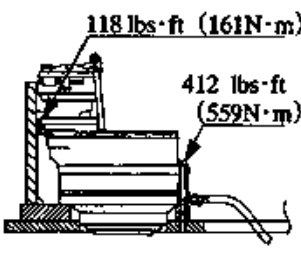
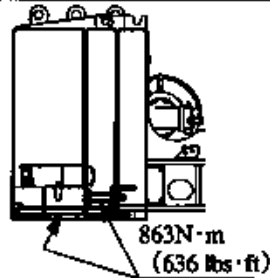
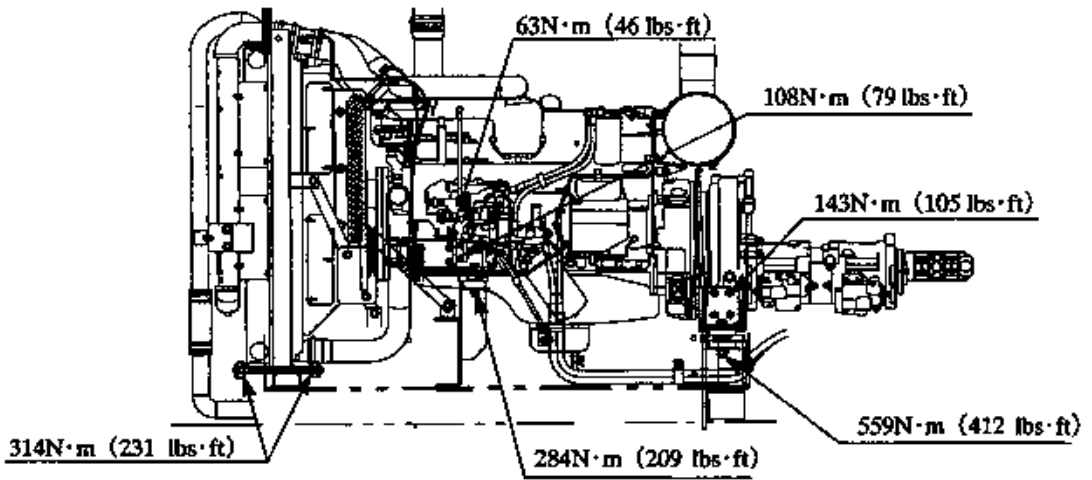
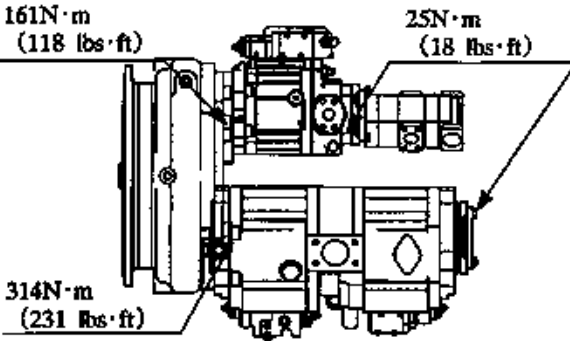
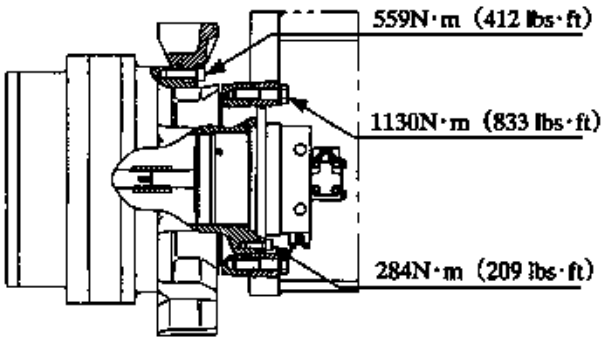
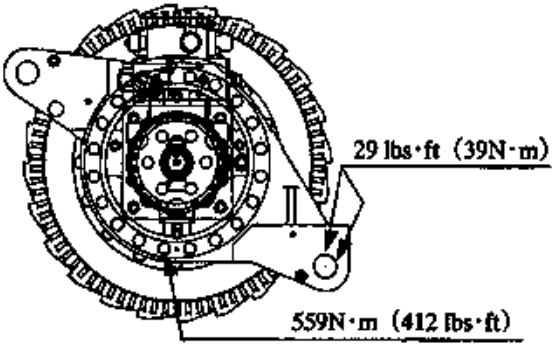
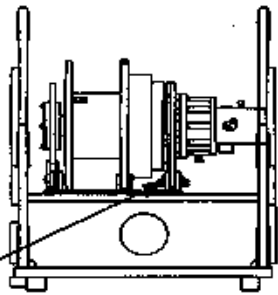
8.8 TIGHTENING TORQUE VALUES

(1) Unless otherwise specified, torque all metric screws and bolts on this machine to the values shown in the table below.

Nominal	Metric Course Screw Thread			
	4T		7T	
	Tightening Torque N·m (ft·lbs)		Tightening Torque N·m (ft·lbs)	
	Dry	Lubricated	Dry	Lubricated
M6	5.1±0.5 (3.8±0.4)	4.3±0.4(3.2±0.3)	11.1±1.1 (8.2±0.8)	9.3±0.9 (6.9±0.7)
M8	12.3±1.2 (9.0±0.9)	10.4±1.0 (7.7±0.8)	27.4±2.7 (20.2±2.0)	22.5±2.3 (16.6±1.7)
M10	24.5±2.5 (18.1±1.8)	20.6±2.1 (15.2±1.5)	52.9±5.3 (39.0±3.9)	45.1±4.5 (33.2±3.3)
M12	41.2±4.1 (30.3±3.0)	36.3±3.6 (26.7±2.7)	90.2±9.0 (66.4±6.6)	76.4±7.6 (56.3±5.6)
M14	65.7±6.6 (48.4±4.8)	55.9±5.6 (41.2±4.1)	143±14 (105±10.5)	121±12 (88.8±8.9)
M16	100±10 (73.6±7.4)	84.3±8.4 (62.1±6.2)	216±22 (159±16)	181±18 (134±13)
M18	137±14 (101±10)	117±12 (85.9±8.6)	304±30 (224±22)	255±26 (188±19)
M20	193±19 (142±14)	162±16(119±12)	421±42 (310±31)	353±35 (260±26)
M22	255±26 (188±19)	216±22 (159±16)	559±56 (412±41)	470±47 (347±35)
M24	333±33 (245±25)	265±27 (195±20)	715±72 (527±53)	578±58 (425±43)
M27	480±48(354±35)	392±39 (289±29)	1048±105 (773±77)	853±85 (643±64)
M30	657±66 (484±48)	549±55 (404±40)	1421±142 (1047±105)	1195±120 (881±88)
M33	882±88 (650±65)	735±74 (542±54)	1911±190 (1408±141)	1607±161 (1184±118)
M36	1137±114 (838±84)	951±95 (700±70)	2450±245 (1805±180)	2048±205 (1509±151)

Nominal	Metric Fine Screw Thread			
	4T		7T	
	Tightening Torque N·m (ft·lbs)		Tightening Torque N·m (ft·lbs)	
	Dry	Lubricated	Dry	Lubricated
M8	12.9±1.3 (9.5±0.9)	10.9±1.1 (8.0±0.8)	28.4±2.8 (20.9±2.1)	23.5±2.4 (17.3±1.7)
M10	25.5±2.6 (18.8±1.9)	21.6±2.2 (15.9±1.6)	54.9±5.5 (40.4±4.0)	47.0±4.7 (34.7±3.5)
M12	45.1±4.5 (33.2±3.3)	38.2±3.8 (28.2±2.8)	97.0±9.7 (71.5±7.2)	81.3±8.1 (59.9±6.0)
M16	105±11 (77.3±7.7)	88.2±8.8 (65.0±6.5)	225±23 (166±17)	191±19 (141±14)
M20	206±21 (152±15)	174±17 (129±13)	451±45 (332±33)	372±37 (274±27)
M24	353±35 (260±26)	294±29 (217±22)	764±76 (563±56)	637±64 (469±47)
M30	706±71 (520±52)	588±59 (433±43)	1548±155 (1141±114)	1284±128 (946±95)
M36	1176±118 (866±87)	980±98 (722±72)	2568±257 (1892±189)	2136±214 (1574±157)

(2) The torque values required for the specified screws and bolts on this machine are shown in the table below. The allowance of the torque values shown in the table is $\pm$ (plus and minus)10%.

SWING BEARING 	SWING MOTOR ASSY 	COUNTER WEIGHT 
ENGINE		
		
PUMP ASSY 	PROPEL MOTOR ASSY 	
FRONT · REAR DRUM MOTOR	BOOM DRUM ASSY	
	 Temporarily and uniformly attach the bolts to the stand, and tighten them with the specified tightening torque.	

Apply Loctite #242 or equivalence to the bolts and nuts.
For maintenance, contact our KOBELCO service shop.

8.9 SECURITY PARTS TO BE REPLACED PERIODICALLY

Abnormality of parts related to brakes and clutches has possibility to cause unexpected serious accidents. Therefore, "Security Parts to be Replaced periodically" are set for these critical parts as shown in the following table, and interval of replacement is standardized. Be sure to replace the security parts shown in the table every (within) 2 years.

No	Security Parts to be Replaced Periodically	Replacement Interval	Remarks
1	Winch brake hose	2 years	
2	Winch clutch line hose	2 years	
3	Swing brake hose	2 years	
4	Pressure line hose (accumulator to control line)	2 years	
5	Pressure line hose (pump to line filter)	2 years	

Since damage and corrosion of boom guy line are caused by fatigue from the inside in the boom guy line, replacement time cannot be judged from the appearance. If the guy line is broken by progressing internal damage and/or corrosion, there is possibility to cause serious accidents. Be sure to replace the guy line periodically.

Replacement time according to the content of work is shown in the following table.

Contents of Operation	Replacement Interval
Exclusive operation to lifting magnet or clamshell	2 years
Both crane and clamshell operation, or frequent crane operation such as landing work	4 years
Normal crane operation	6 years

Use the guyline of 36 mm (1.4 inch) dia. for the lifting magnet or clamshell operations.

8.10 ADJUSTMENT

8.10.1 ADJUSTMENT OF FRONT AND REAR DRUM LOCKS



WARNING

Do not adjust the drum locks until the boom, hook block, and load have been lowered to the ground.

Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

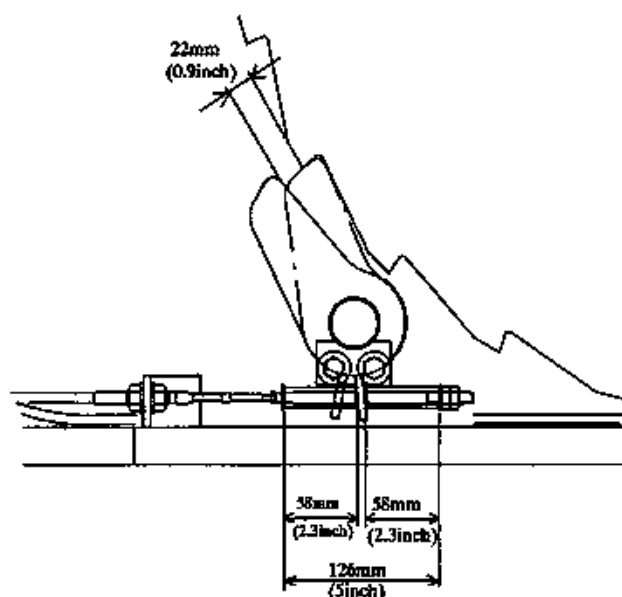
- ① Pull the drum lock knob in the LOCK position and check to see that the pawl is engaged in the bottom of the drum ratchet.

If the pawl is not engaged in the bottom of the ratchet, adjust the spring length to allow the pawl to be engaged in the bottom.

- ② With the condition of step ①, adjust the respective dimension as shown in the figure.

- ③ Push the drum lock knob in the RELEASE position and check to see that the pawl is clear of the ratchet by at least 22mm (0.9 inch).

Operate the knob to the LOCK position and to the RELEASE position and confirm that the pawl moves smoothly.



FRONT · REAR DRUM LOCK

8.10.2 ADJUSTMENT OF BOOM DRUM LOCK



WARNING

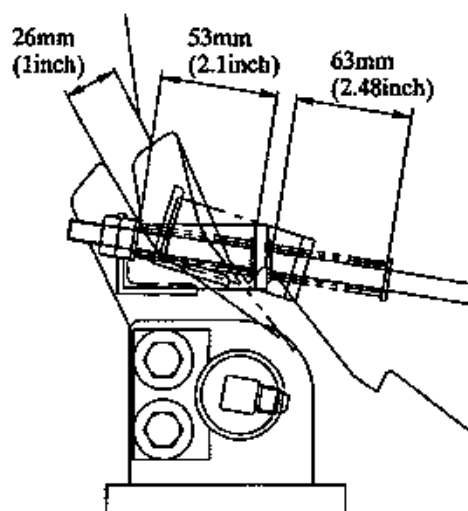
Do not adjust the boom hoist drum lock until the boom has been lowered to the ground. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.

- ① Pull the drum lock knob in the LOCK position and check to see that the pawl is engaged in the bottom of the drum ratchet with the drum lock condition. If the pawl is not engaged in the bottom of the ratchet, adjust the spring dimension to allow the pawl to be engaged in the bottom.
- ② With the condition of step ①, adjust the respective dimension as shown in the figure.
- ③ Push the drum lock knob in the RELEASE position and check to see that the pawl is clear of the ratchet by at least 26mm (1 inch). Operate the knob to the LOCK position and to the RELEASE position and confirm that the pawl moves smoothly.



WARNING

Keep hands and clothing clear of the rotating drum. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious injury or loss of life.



8.10.3 ADJUSTMENT OF CRAWLER SHOES

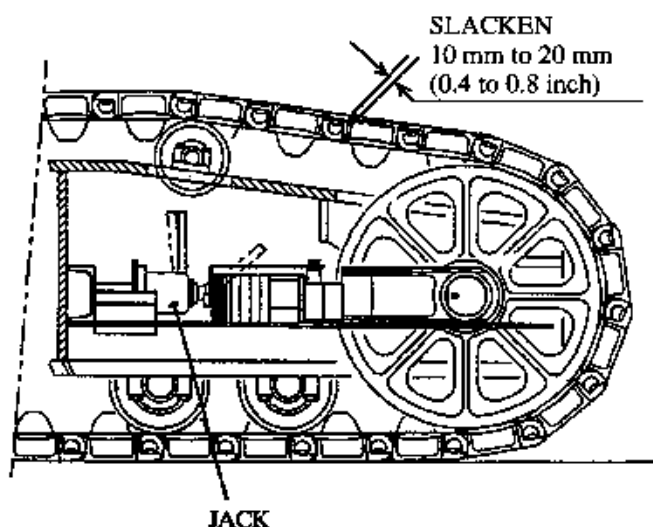
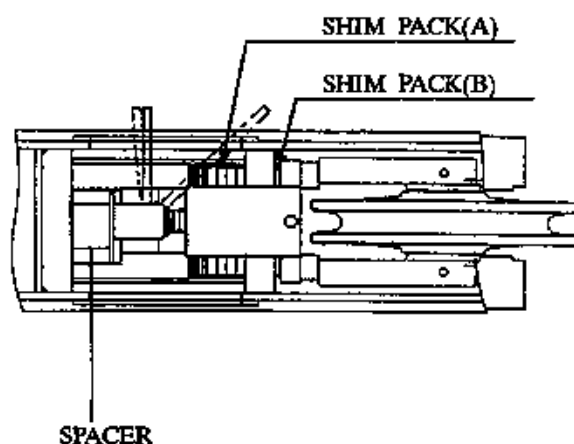
If the crawler shoes are too tight, the shoes wear quickly and a connection between two shoes could break. On the other hand, if the shoes are too loose, the shoes may ride off the drive sprocket and idler wheel during the travel operation. To prevent these occurrence from happening, it is required to adjust shoe tension.

To adjust shoe tension, proceed as follows:

- (1) Move the machine forward about the crawler length so that the slackening of the crawler shoes appear on the upper side of the crawler.
- (2) Remove all the shims from shim pack (A).
- (3) Set the hydraulic jack in the position between the bracket and block of the side frame.
Operate the jack to push the idler wheel, and remove the slackening of the shoes.
- (4) Insert the shims removed from pack (A) in step (2) into the vacant room of pack (B).
Insert the remaining shims into pack (A).
- (5) Remove the hydraulic jack. Store spare shims in the shim pack (A).

NOTE

Equalize the tension in right and left crawler tracks.



8.11 CONSUMABLE PARTS LIST

1. OIL/GREASE

For the recommended oil and grease, refer to the "KOBELCO Genuine Lubricant Chart" in the page 8-30, and be sure to use KOBELCO genuine parts.

For the battery electrolyte and the window washer liquid, use commercial items.

2. FILTER ELEMENT

For the recommended filter element, refer to the chart in the page 8-51.

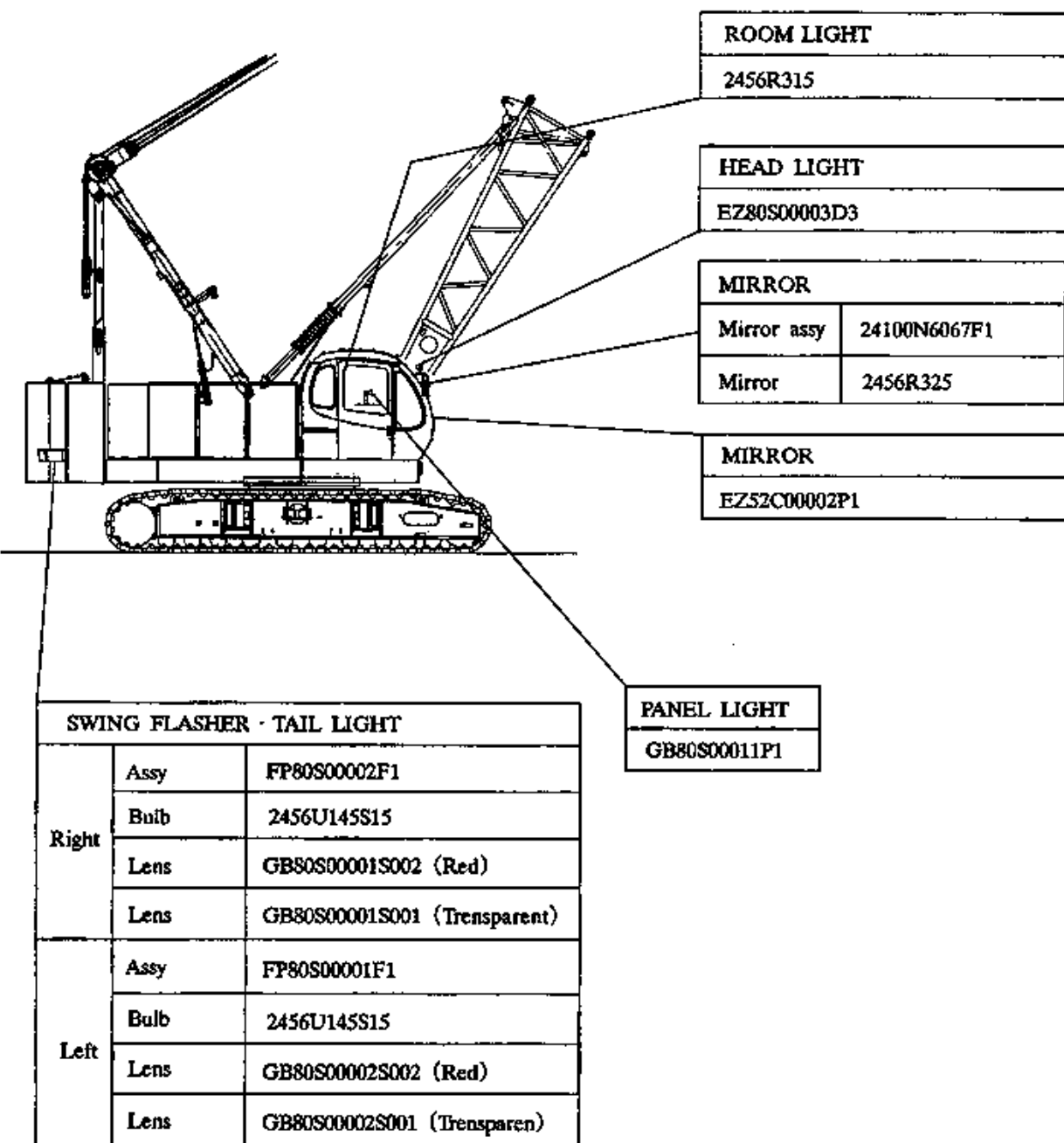
3. FUSE

For the recommended fuse, refer to the chart in the page 8-57.

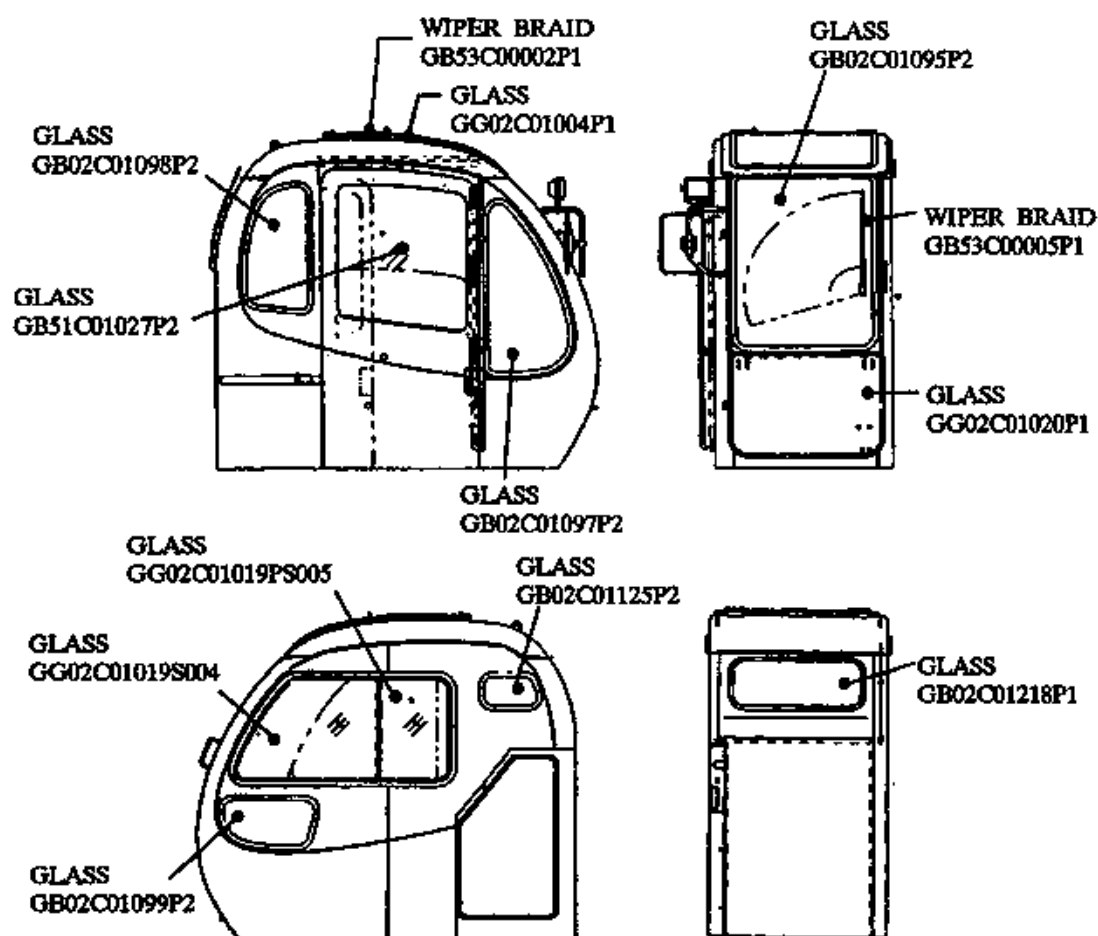
4. WIRE ROPE

For the recommended wire rope, refer to the section of the "SPECIFICATION OF WIRE ROPE" in the chapter 7.

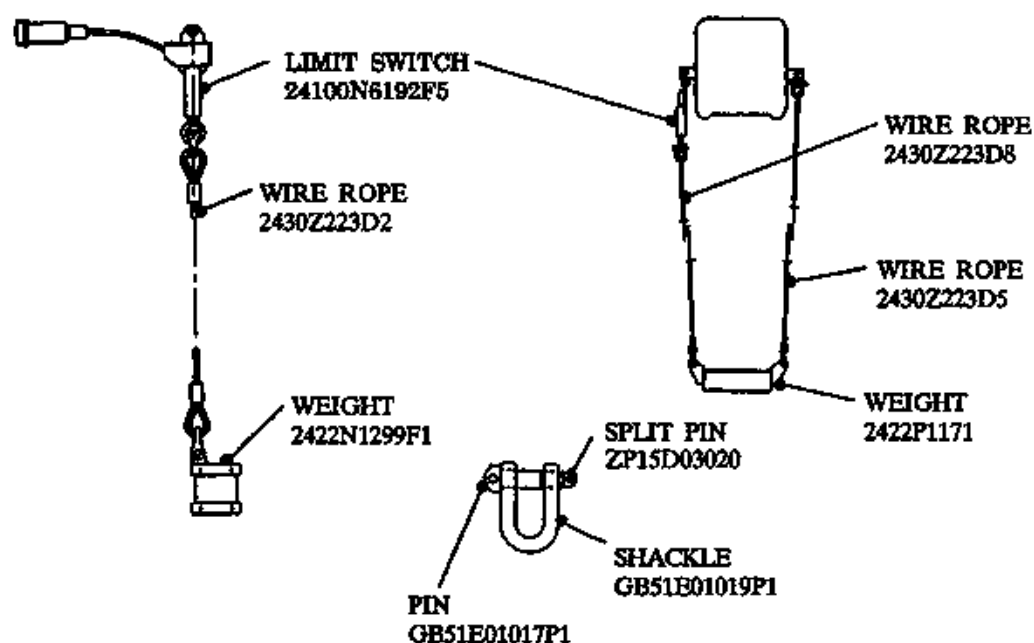
5. LIGHT AND MIRROR



6. GLASS · WIPER



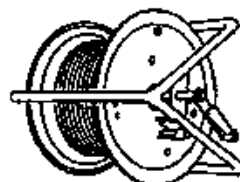
7. HOOK OVER HOIST LIMIT SWITCH



8. CABLE REEL FOR LOAD SAFETY DEVICE

Cable reel

Crane	GG82S00002F1
Jib	GG82S00003F1



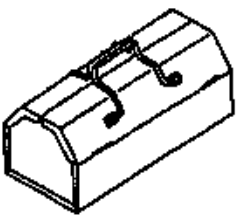
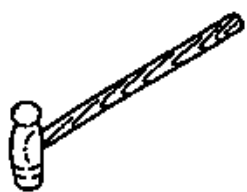
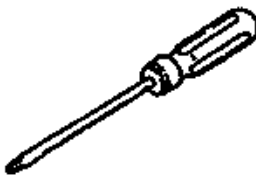
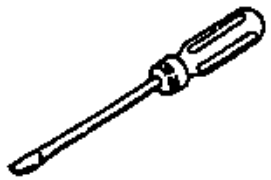
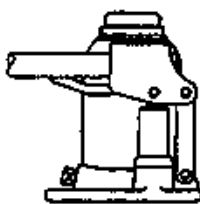
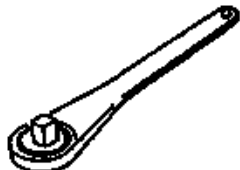
9. KEY

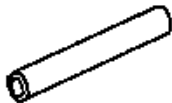
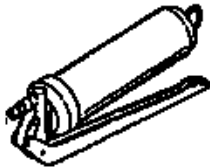
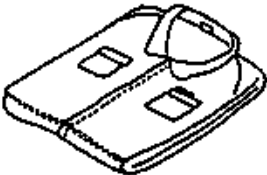
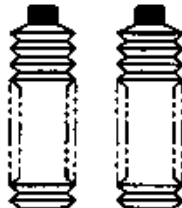


ENGINE
DOOR
GUARD

EZ51S00016S002 (K250)

10. TOOL

TOOL BOX  2427U239	PLIERS  2421R393	MONKEY WRENCH  ZT12D20000 (24mm) ZT12D37500 (44mm)	VINYLE HOSE  2420Z718D200
HUMMER  2421R397	HUMMER  21Z72D4	⊕DRIVER  GB01T01008D1	⊖DRIVER  2421R395D2 (5.5mm) GB01T01006D1 (10mm)
ADAPTER (For adjustment of shoes)  GB54D01005P1	JACK (For adjustment of shoes)  2421Z228D16	RATCHET HANDLE  2420R527 (□12·7) ZT31B19500 (□19)	EXTENSION BAR  2420Z623D4 (□12·7) ZT31D19400 (□19)
HEXAGON WRENCH  ZT22A05000 (5mm) ZT22A06000 (6mm) ZT22A08000 (8mm) ZT22A10000 (10mm) ZT22A12000 (12mm) ZT22A14000 (14mm) ZT22A17000 (17mm)	WRENCH  ZT12B10013 (10×13) ZT12B13017 (13×17) ZT12B17019 (17×19) ZT12B19022 (19×22) ZT12B22024 (22×24) ZT12B24027 (24×27) ZT12B27030 (27×30) ZT12B32036 (32×36)	WRENCH  ZT12A30000 (30mm) ZT12A36000 (36mm) ZT12A41000 (41mm) ZT12A46000 (46mm) ZT12A50000 (50mm) ZT12A55000 (55mm)	SOCKET  2408R587D8 (10mm) 2408R587D9 (13mm) 2408R587D1 (17mm) 2408R587D2 (19mm) 2408R587D3 (22mm) 2408R587D4 (24mm) ZT32A30000 (30mm) ZT32A55000 (55mm)

PIPE (For wrench)  2420T3100	GREASE NIPPLE  ZG91S02000 (PT1/8) ZG91S04000 (PT1/4)	OILER  2421Z238	FILTER WRENCH  2421R171
HOSE (For grease pump)  44Z186	GREASE PUMP  2421R107	WORKING CLOTHES  EZ01T01018P1	GREASE  2421R114D11
GEAR OIL (For swing gear)  21Z16D5	SHACKLE  2420Z604D11 × 2 (For 10.0t) 2420Z604D6 × 4 (For 5.4t)		

9. REFERENCE MATERIALS

9.1 SPECIFICATION

9.1.1 PERFORMANCE

Type	Full hydraulic type
Max. lifting capacity	77.1 t × 3.35 m (170,000 lbs × 11 ft)
Max. boom length	61.0 m (200 ft)
Basic boom length	12.2 m (40 ft)
Working weight (with basic boom)	Approx. 73.8 t (162,730 lbs)
Average ground pressure	77.1 kPa (11.2 psi)
Gradeability (tan θ)	40%
Engine	Mitsubishi 6D16-TLA2B 159 kw/2000 rpm (213HP/2000 rpm)
Main lifting / lowering rope speed	※ 120 to 3 m/min (390 to 10 ft/min)
Auxiliary lifting / lowering rope speed	※ 120 to 3 m/min (390 to 10 ft/min)
Boom raising rope speed	※ 70 to 2 m/min (230 to 6.6 ft/min)
Boom lowering rope speed	※ 70 to 2 m/min (230 to 6.6 ft/min)
Swing speed	※ 4.0 min ⁻¹ (4.0 rpm)
Propel speed	※ 1.9/1.2 km/h (1.18/0.75 mph)

1. Above speeds based on single part of line and at first layer of rope drum.

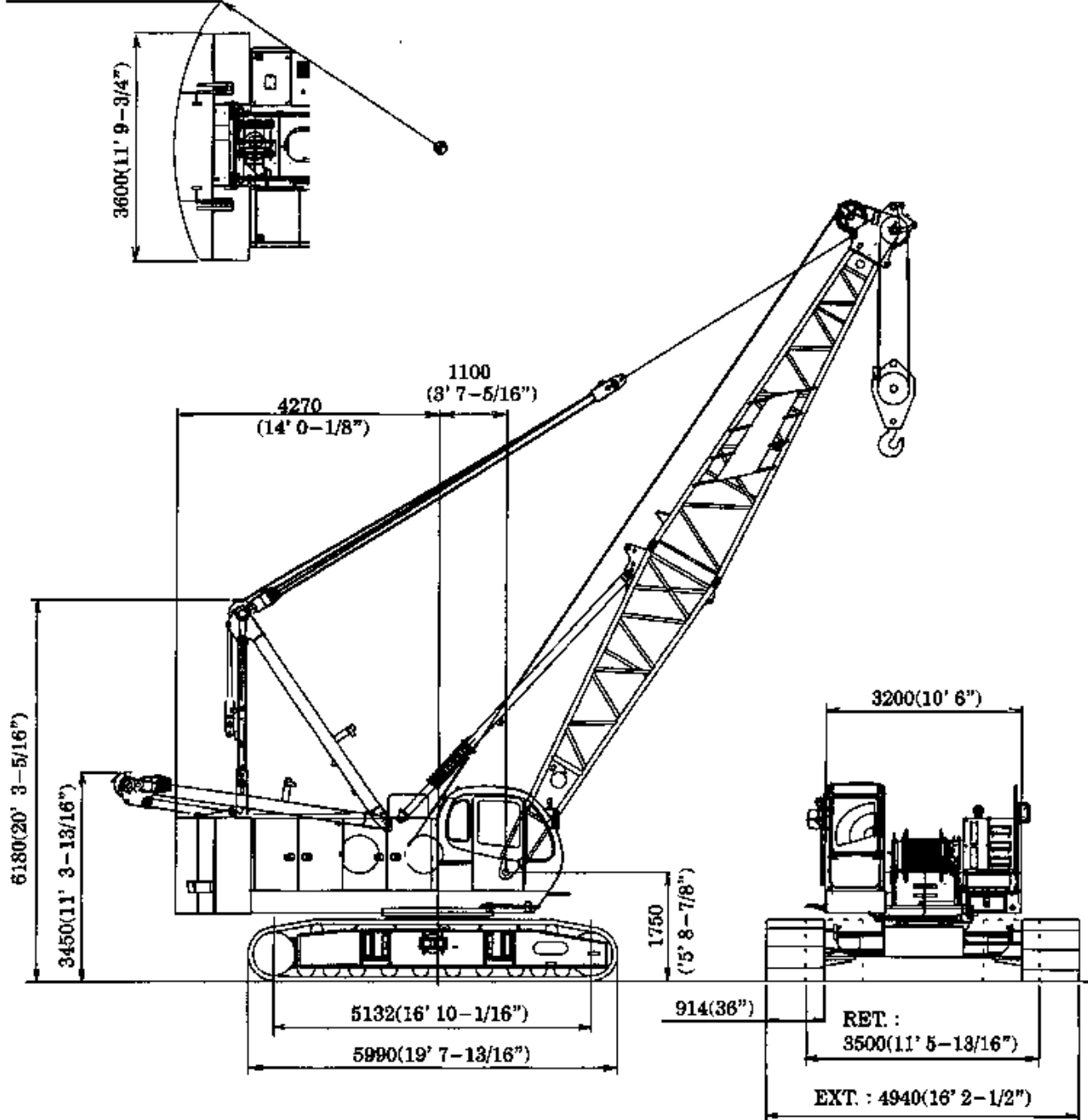
2. The speed marked with ※ varies depending on the load.

9.1.2 OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm (ft-in)

Overall width of cab	3,200 (10-6)
Height to top of gantry	3,450 (11'3-13/16")
Radius of rear end (counterweight)	4,285 (14'0-11/16")
Center of rotation to boom foot pin	1,100 (3-7.3)
Height from ground to boom foot pin	1,750 (5-8.8)
Height to top of gantry (raised)	6,180 (20-3.3)
Counterweight ground clearance	1,100 (3-0.7)
Overall length of crawlers	5,990 (19-7.8)
Distance between centers of tumblers	5,130 (16-10)
Overall width of crawlers (Extend/Retract)	3,500/4,940 (11-5.8/16.2)
Width of crawler shoe	914 (3-0)
Ground clearance of carbody	390 (1-3.4)

Radius of rear end
 $R=4285(14' 0-11/16")$



Unit: mm (ft-inch)

9.2 DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT OF EACH PARTS

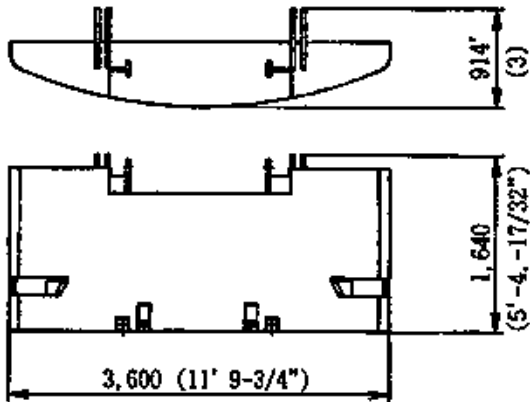
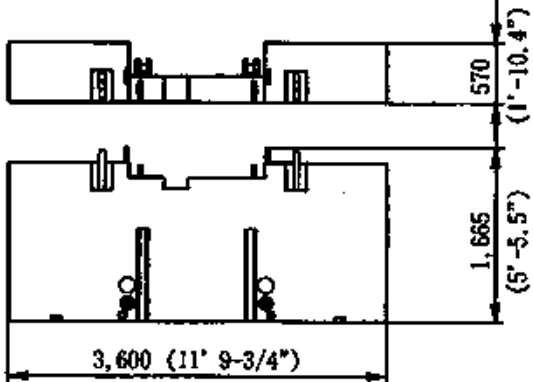
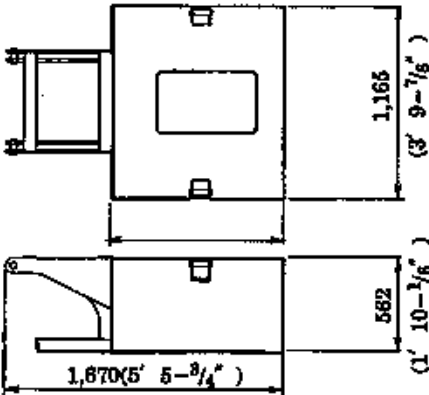
For your reference, the chart below shows the dimensions and weight of each parts.

Estimated weight may vary by $\pm 1.0\%$.

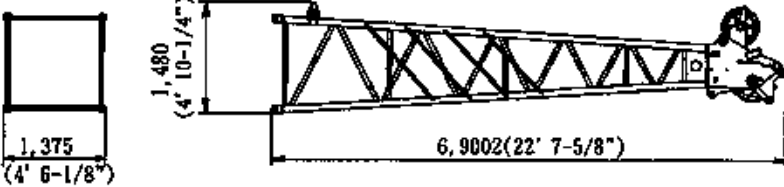
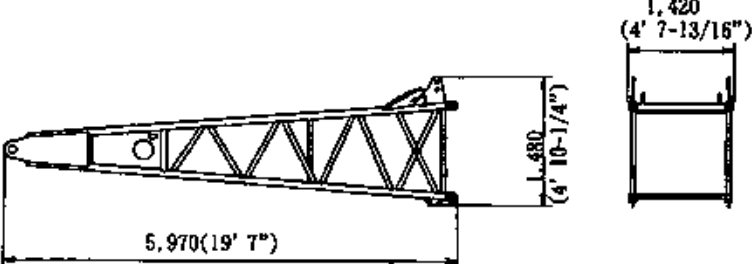
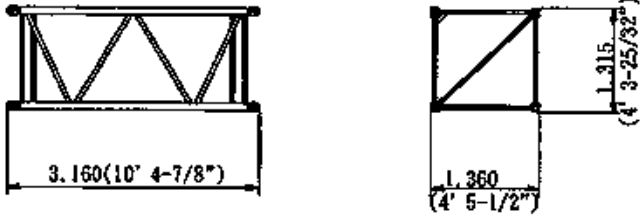
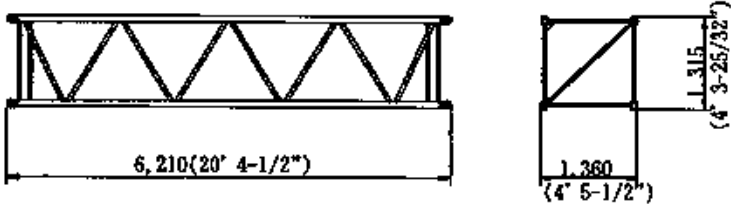
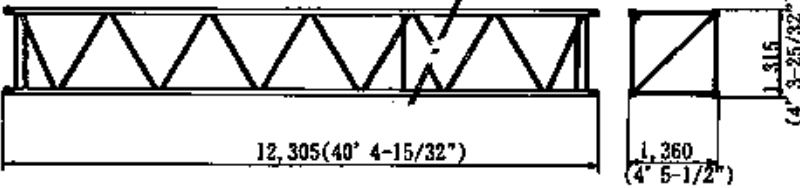
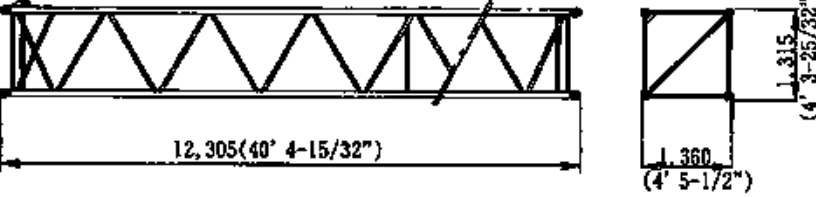
9.2.1 BASE MACHINE

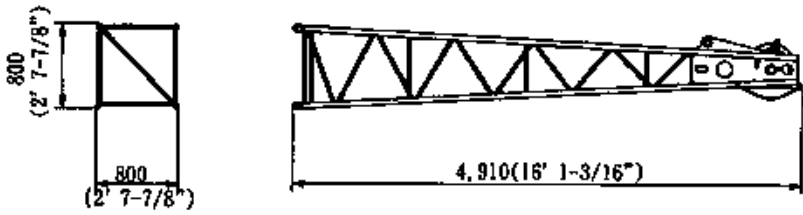
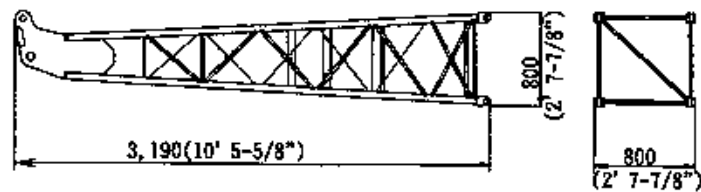
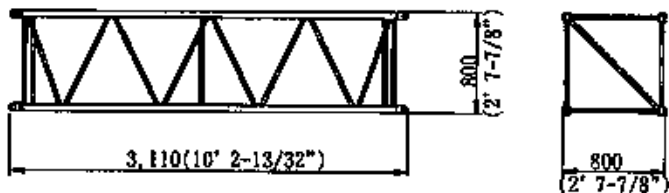
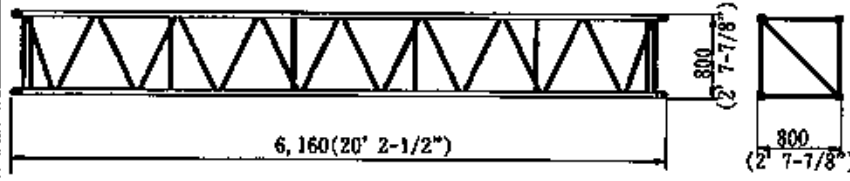
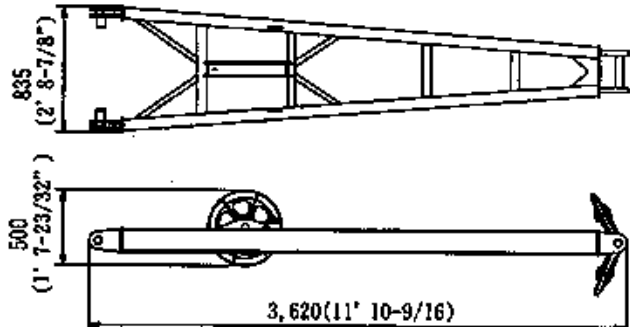
Name	Dimension mm (ft-in)	Weight kg (lbs)
Base Machine With • Boom base • Gantry • Crawler • Wire ropes (Fr. and Re, drum & Boom drum)		40,820 (89,980)
Base Machine With • Gantry • Crawler • Wire ropes (Fr. and Re, drum & Boom drum)		38,710 (85,350)
Base Machine With • Crawler • Wire ropes (Fr. and Re, drum & Boom drum)		37,101 (81,600)
Base Machine With • Gantry • Wire ropes (Fr. and Re, drum & Boom drum)		23,810 (52,500)
Crawler		7,400 (16,317)

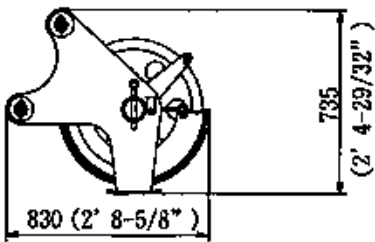
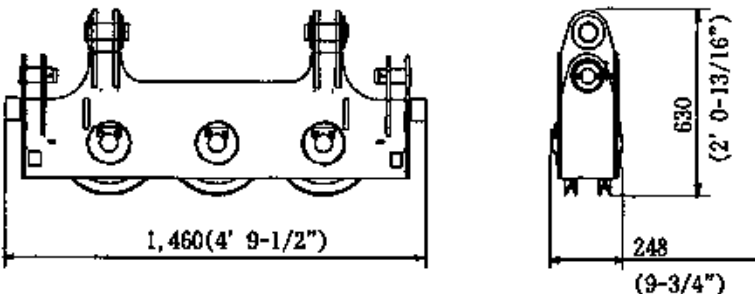
9.2.2 COUNTERWEIGHT

Name	Dimension mm (ft-in)	Weight kg (lbs)
No.1 Weight		12,500 (27,563)
No.2 Weight		12,400 (27,842)
Carbody weight		1 piece 8,340 (7,363)

9.2.3 ATTACHMENT

Name	Dimension mm(ft-in)	Weight kg(lbs)
Boom tip		1,010 (2,227)
Boom base		1,055 (2,326)
10ft(3.0) Insert boom		270 (590)
20ft(6.1) Insert boom		465 (1,025)
40ft(12.2) Insert boom		860 (1,896)
40ft(12.2) Insert boom (With lug)		875 (1,929)

Name	Dimension mm(ft-in)	Weight kg(lbs)
Jib tip		220 (435)
Jib base		200 (441)
10ft(3.0) Insert jib		95 (210)
20ft(6.1) Insert jib		175 (390)
Strut		145 (452)

Name	Dimension mm(ft-in)	Weight kg(lbs)
Auxiliary sheave		145 (320)
Upper spreader		235 (518)

9.3 STABILITY IN SWINGING AND TRAVELING

(1) Without carbody weight

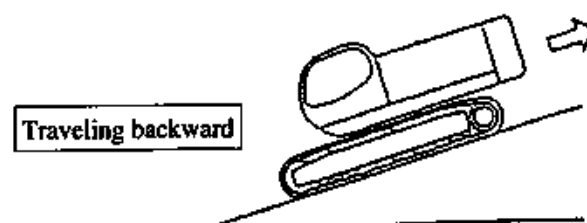
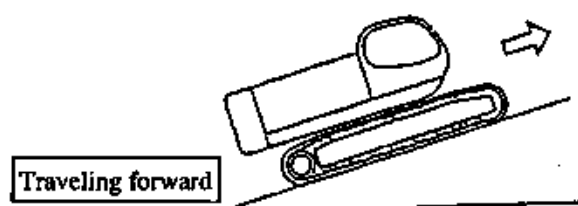
Attachment	Counterweight kg (lbs)	All-round swing		Propelling on slope	
		Crawler Extend	Crawler Retract	Forward	Backward
Without attachment (Base machine only)	0	○	○	○	○
	12,400 (27,342) No. 1 Only	○	×	×	○
	24,900 (54,895) No. 1+No.2	×	×	×	○
With lower boom (Boom angle: 10° or less)	0	○	○	○	○
	12,400 (27,342) No. 1 Only	○	×	×	○
	24,900 (54,895) No. 1+No.2	×	×	×	○
With base boom (Boom angle: 30° or less)	0	○	○	○	○
	12,400 (27,342) No. 1 Only	○	×	○	○
	24,900 (54,895) No. 1+No.2	×	×	×	○

(2) With carbody weight

Attachment	Counterweight kg (lbs)	All-round swing		Propelling on slope	
		Crawler Extend	Crawler Retract	Forward	Backward
Without attachment (Base machine only)	0	○	○	○	○
	12,400 (27,342) No. 1 Only	○	×	×	○
	24,900 (54,895) No. 1+No.2	×	×	×	○
With lower boom (Boom angle: 10° or less)	0	○	○	○	○
	12,400 (27,342) No. 1 Only	○	×	×	○
	24,900 (54,895) No. 1+No.2	×	×	×	○
With base boom (Boom angle: 30° or less)	0	○	○	○	○
	12,400 (27,342) No. 1 Only	○	○	○	○
	24,900 (54,895) No. 1+No.2	○	×	×	○

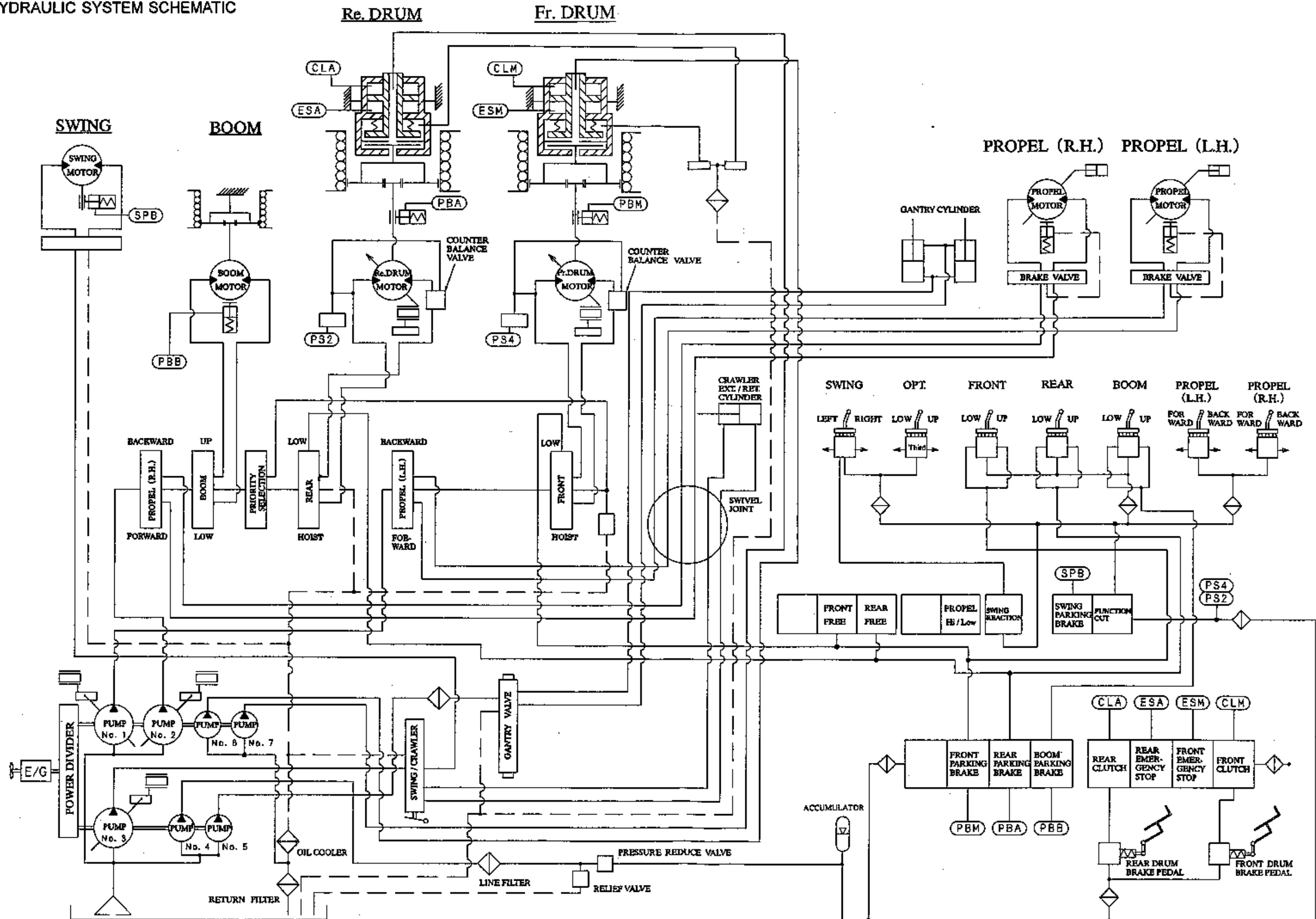
○ : Operation is available.
 × : Operation is unavailable.

1. The table above shows the values for operation on a firm ground. On a weak ground, operate with care after curing the ground.
2. As a principle, swinging on a trailer is prohibited.
3. Maximum slope angle is 21.8° (40%).
4. Travelling forward means the case, where the counterweight is at the lower slope and the traveling backward, where it is at the upper slope.

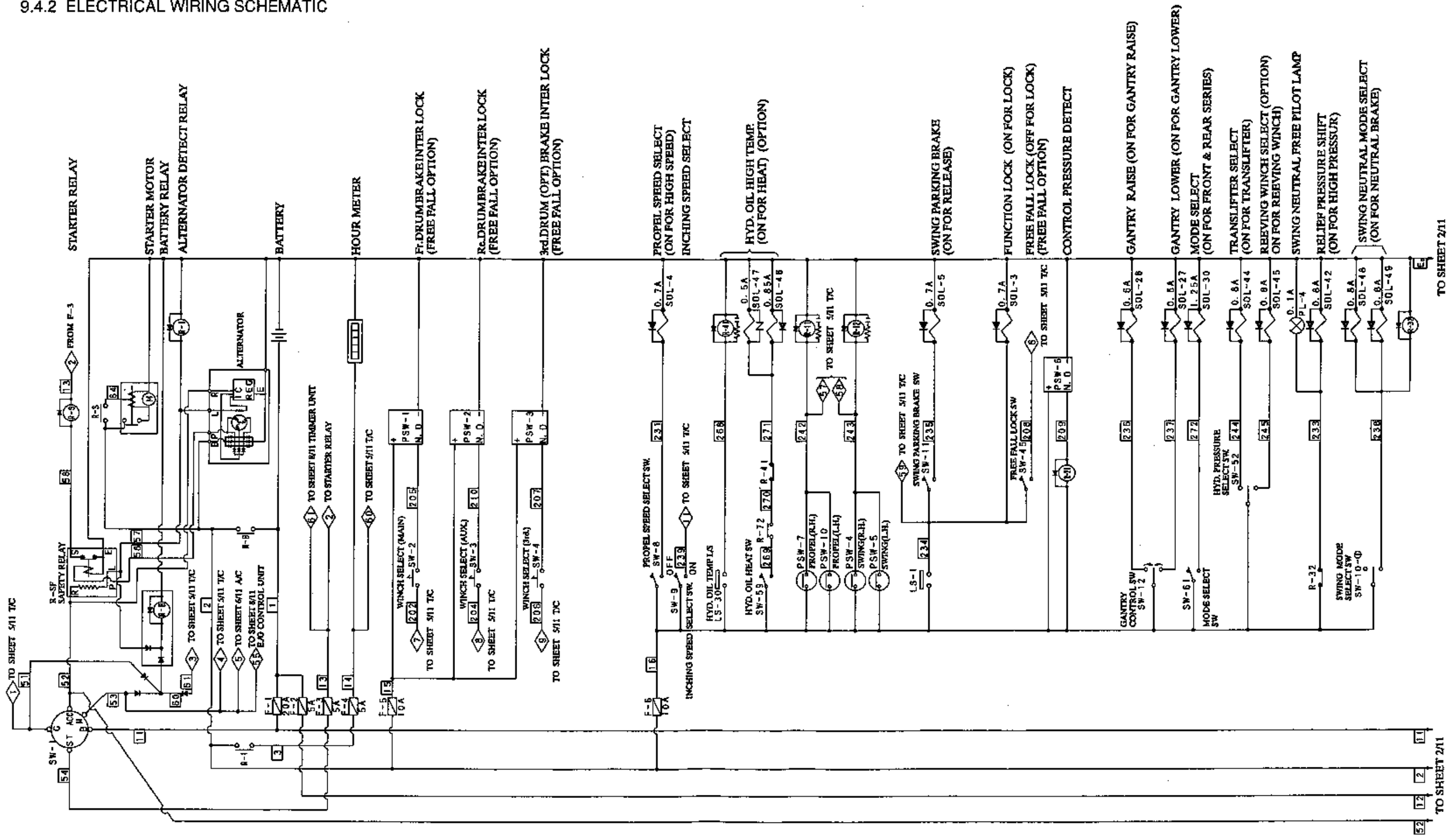


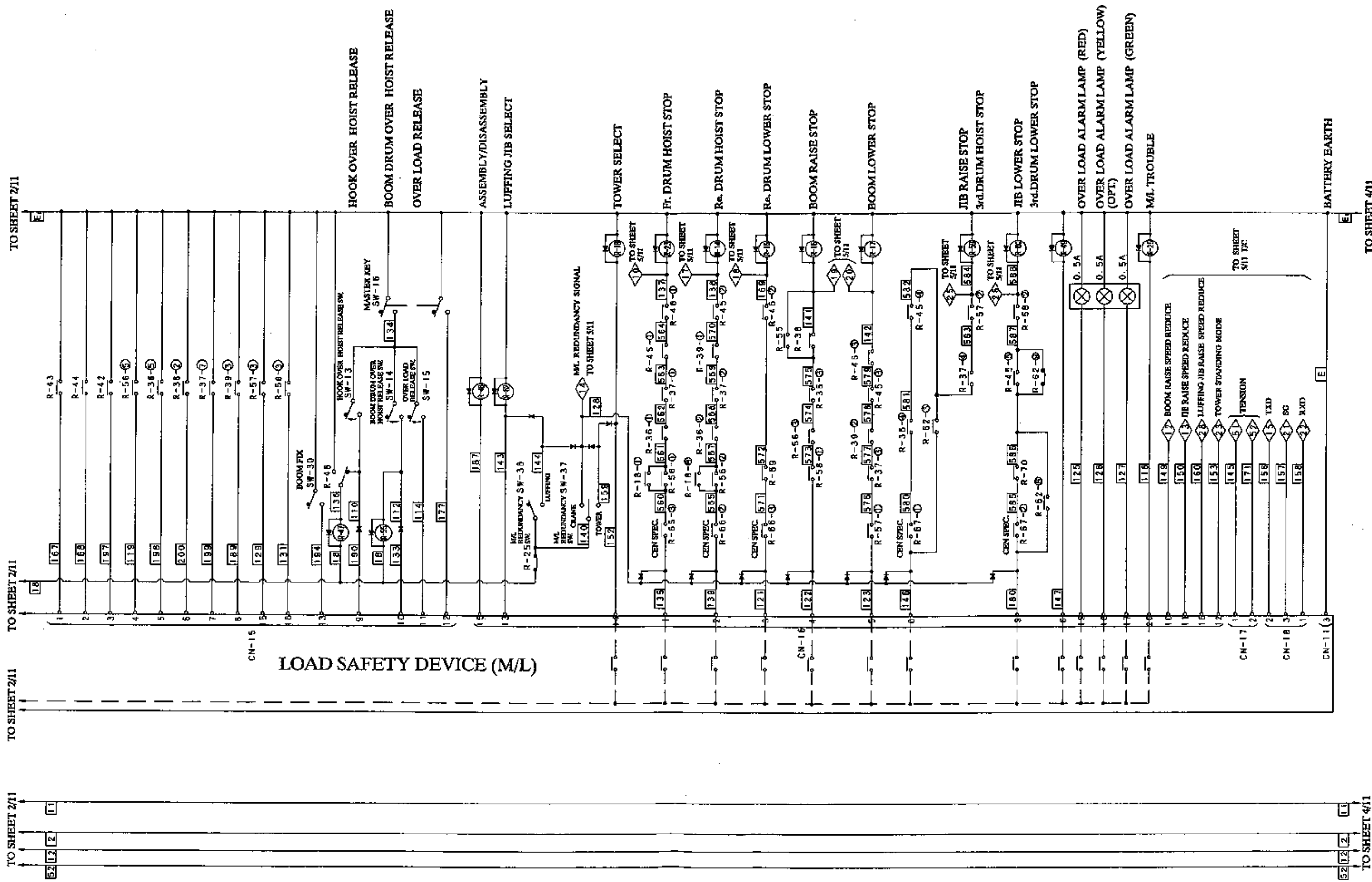
9.4 SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

9.4.1 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SCHEMATIC



9.4.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING SCHEMATIC





TO SHEET 3/11

52 12 2 11

TO SHEET 3/11

T/C REDUNDANCY SW
SW-38FROM SHEET 7/11
F-17

F-12 30A

ENGINE SPEED SENSOR

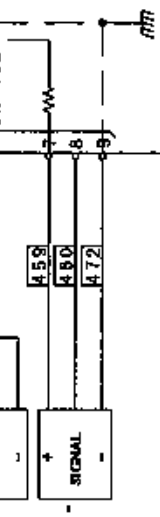
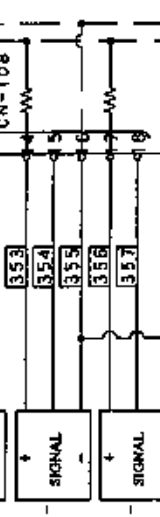
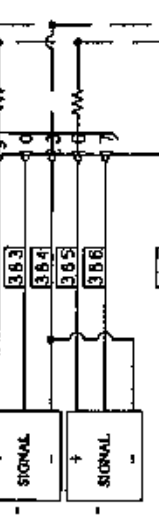
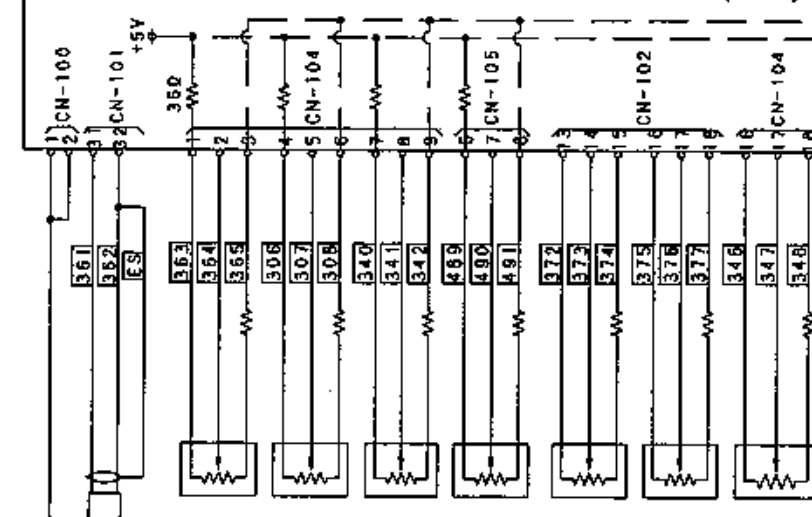
Fr.DRUM MOTOR SPEED
VARIABLE TRIMMERRe.DRUM MOTOR SPEED
VARIABLE TRIMMERBOOM MOTOR SPEED
VARIABLE TRIMMERJIB MOTOR SPEED
VARIABLE TRIMMER

TAGLINE TRIMMER

GRIP THROTTLE (OPT.)

FOOT THROTTLE (OPT.)

TOTAL CONTROLLER (T/C)

BOOM RAISING
PRESSURE SENSORBOOM LOWERING
PRESSURE SENSORSWING PUMP
PRESSURE SENSORFr.DRUM HOISTING
PRESSURE SENSORFr.DRUM LOWERING
PRESSURE SENSORRe.DRUM HOISTING
PRESSURE SENSORRe.DRUM LOWERING
PRESSURE SENSORTHIRD (JIB) HOISTING
PRESSURE SENSOR
(OPT.)THIRD (JIB) LOWERING
PRESSURE SENSOR
(OPT.)Fr.DRUM CLUTCH
PRESSURE SENSOR
(FREE FALL OPTION)Re.DRUM CLUTCH
PRESSURE SENSOR
(FREE FALL OPTION)THIRD CLUTCH
PRESSURE SENSOR
(FREE FALL OPTION)BOOM RAISE CONTROL
PRESSURE REDUCEBOOM LOWER CONTROL
PRESSURE REDUCEFr.DRUM HOIST CONTROL
PRESSURE REDUCEFr.DRUM LOWER CONTROL
PRESSURE REDUCERe.DRUM HOIST CONTROL
PRESSURE REDUCERe.DRUM LOWER CONTROL
PRESSURE REDUCE3rd.DRUM (JIB) HOIST CONTROL
PROPORTIONAL VALVE
(OPTION)3rd.DRUM (JIB) LOWER CONTROL
PROPORTIONAL VALVE
(OPTION)

Fr.DRUM CONTROL

Re.DRUM CONTROL

3rd.DRUM CONTROL

SWING CONSTANT SPEED

MAIN PUMP POWER REDUCE

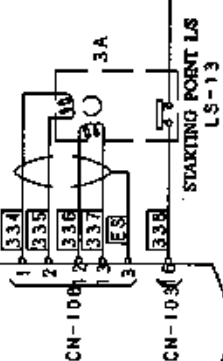
TAGLINE CONTROL
PROPORTIONAL VALVE
(OPTION)

SWING REACTION

ACCEL-1

ACCEL-2

STEPPING MOTOR

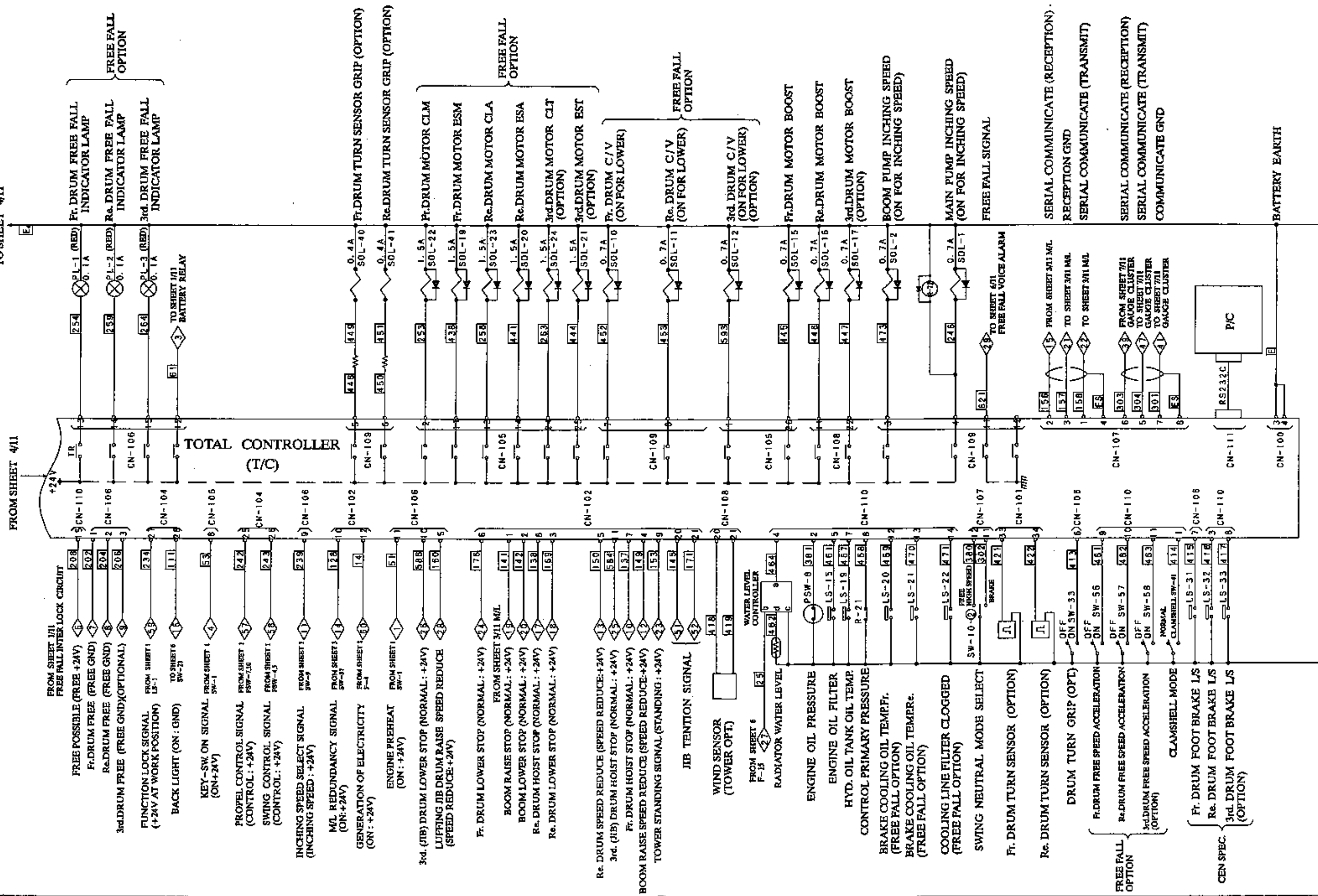


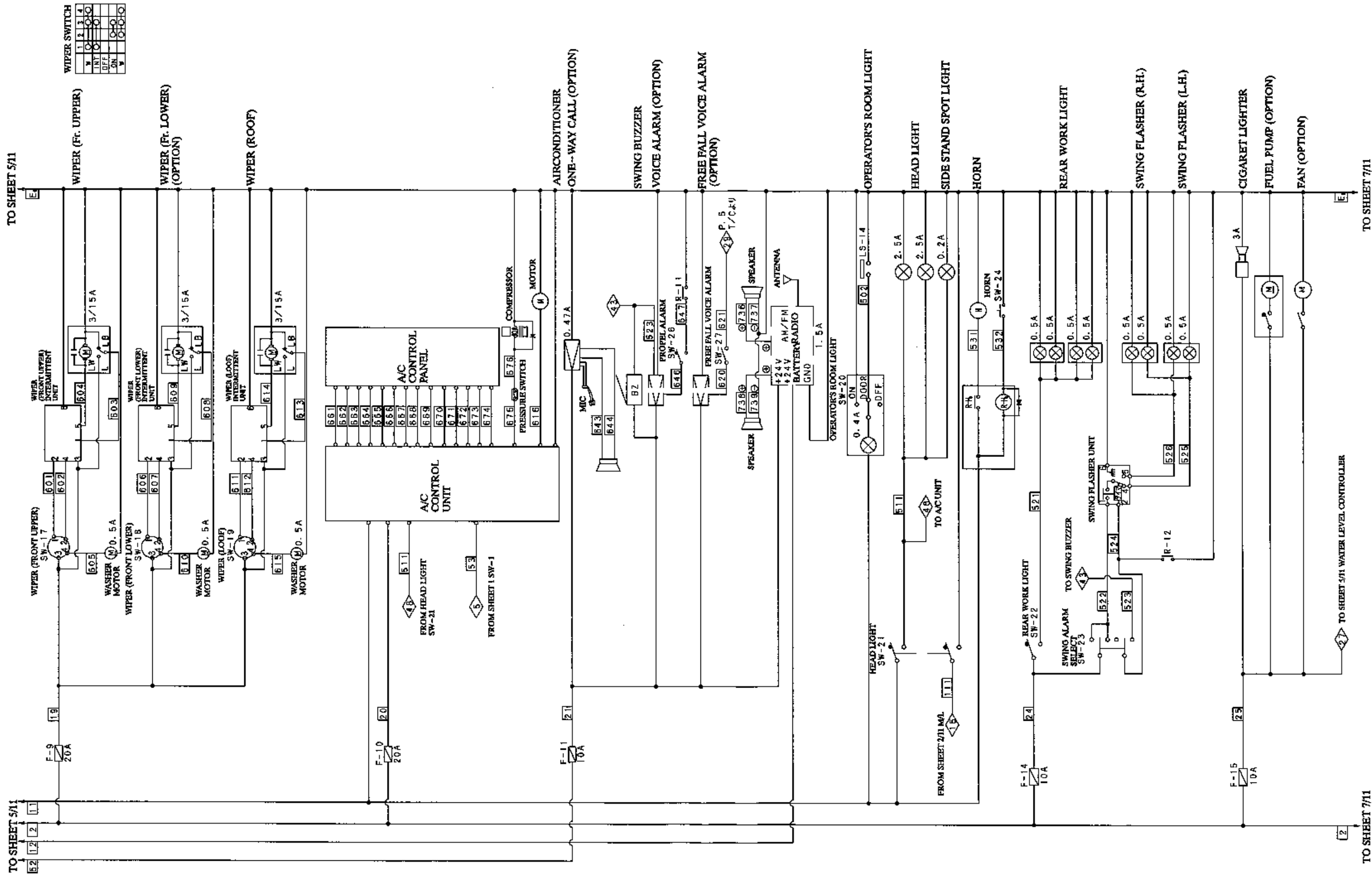
TO SHEET 5/11

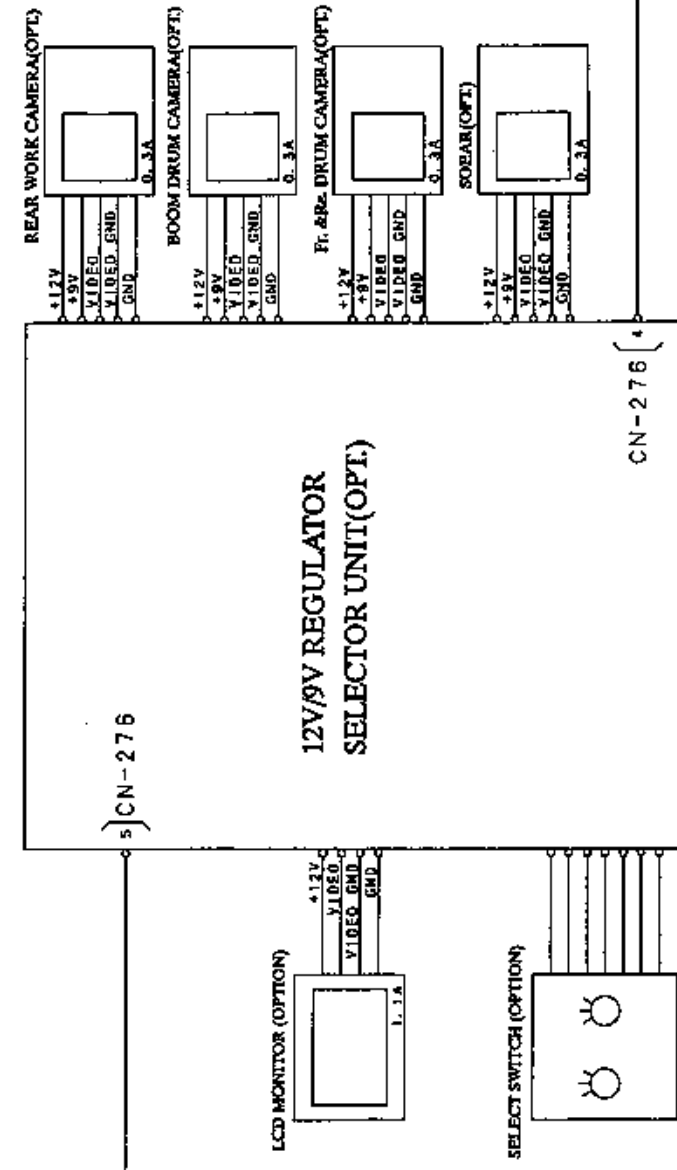
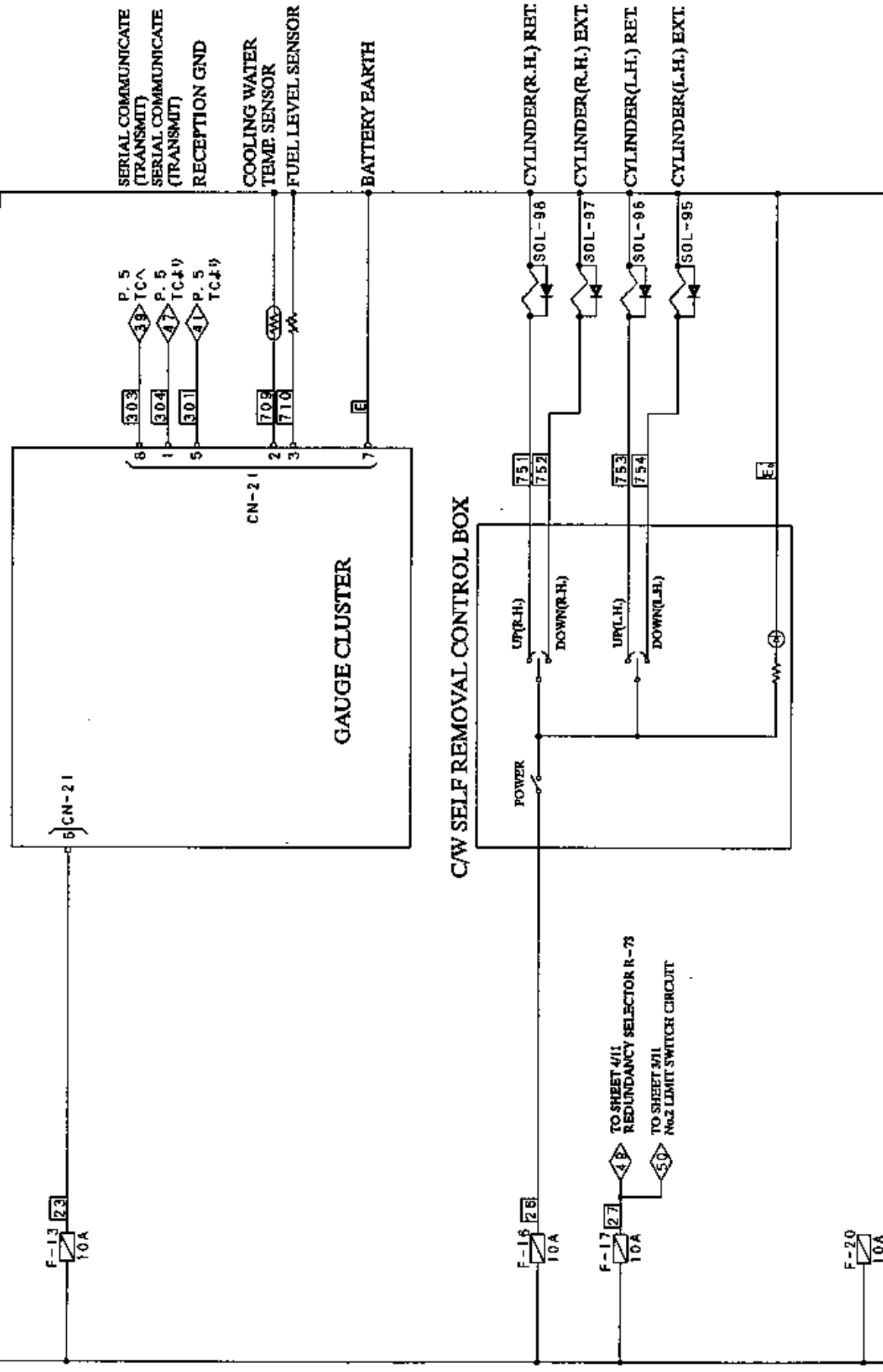
TO SHEET 5/11

52 12 2 11

TO SHEET 5/11







SWITCH				
SW--No.	LINE No.	USE	PAGE	PART No.
SW-1	11-51 52 53 54	ENG. KEY SWITCH	1	E250S00016P1
SW-2	202-205	F. DRUM SELECT	1	GG50E00004F1
SW-3	204-210	R. DRUM SELECT	1	GG50E00004F1
SW-4	206-207	3rd. DRUM SELECT	1	GG50E00004F1
SW-8	16-231	PROPEL SPEED SELECT	1	2479Z2872
SW-9	16-239	INCHING SPEED SELECT	1	GG50W01032F1
SW-11	234-235	SWING PARKING BRAKE	1	GG20E00001F2
SW-12	16-236 237	GANTRY CONTROL	1	2479Z293
SW-13	134-110	HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE	3	GB50S00040P1
SW-14	134-112	BOOM OVERHOIST RELEASE	3	GB50S00040P1
SW-15	134-114	M/L RELEASE	3	GB50S00040P1
SW-16	E-134 177	RELEASE SWITCH MASTER KEY	3	JJ50S00015P1
SW-17	19-601 602 605	WIPER (FRONT UPPER)	6	E250S00015P1
SW-18	19-606 607 610	WIPER (FRONT LOWER)	6	E250S00015P1
SW-19	19-611 612 615	WIPER (ROOF)	6	E250S00015P1
SW-20	11-E 502	ROOM LIGHT	6	2456R315
SW-21	11-511 111-E	HEAD LIGHT	6	GB50S00007D1
SW-22	24-521	REAR WORK LIGHT	6	GB50S00007D1
SW-23	24-522 523-524	SWING ALARM SELECT	6	GB50S00008D1
SW-24	532-E	HORN	6	GG20E00001F2
SW-30	194-E	TOWER ANGLE FIX	3	GB50S00045P1
SW-33	E-413	DRUM TURN DETECT GRIP	5	2479Z1813
SW-35	27-551	CHECK	2	2479Z348
SW-36	140-144	REDUNDANCY	3	79Z1657
SW-37	140-128 159	M/L REDUNDANCY (TW/CR)	3	79Z1657
SW-38	27-480	T/C REDUNDANCY	4	2479Z2872

SWITCH				
SW--No.	LINE No.	USE	PAGE	PART No.
SW-45	234-208	FREE LOCK	1	GG50S00005P1
SW-50	18-170	SIMULTANEOUS CONTROL POSSIBLE	2	JJ50S00005P1
SW-51	18-171 172	DRUM SELECT	2	GB50S00038P1
SW-56	E-481	F. DRUM FREE FALL SPEED ACCELERATION	5	2479Z2872
SW-57	E-482	R. DRUM FREE FALL SPEED ACCELERATION	5	2479Z2872
SW-58	E-483	3rd. DRUM FREE FALL SPEED ACCELERATION	5	2479Z2872
SW-59	16-269	HYDRAULIC OIL TEMP. HEAT	1	FY50E00007P1
SW-61	16-271	MODE SELECT	1	2479Z2872
SW-62	95-E	ACCEL	8	FY50E00007P1

LIMIT SWITCH					
LS-NO.	TYPE	LINE No.	USE	PAGE	PART No.
LS- 1	N. D.	16 — 234	FUNCTION LOCK	1	JJ50S00006P1
LS- 2	N. C.	103 — 102	MAIN HOOK OVERHOIST	2	24100N6192F5
LS- 3	N. C.	103 — 105	AUX. HOOK OVERHOIST	2	24100N6192F5
LS- 4	N. C.	102 — 101	3rd. HOOK OVERHOIST	2	24100N6192F5
LS- 7	N. C.	103 — 108	CRANE BOOM OVERHOIST	2	GG50S00004P1
LS-14	N. D.	502 — E _a	ROOM LIGHT	6	2479R638
LS-15	N. D.	461 — E _a	ENG. OIL FILTER ALARM	5	-
LS-19	N. D.	467 — E _a	HYD. OIL TEMP.	5	2479U285
LS-20	N. D.	469 — E _a	BRAKE COOLING OIL TEMP. (Fr. DRUM)	5	GG50S00002D1
LS-21	N. D.	470 — E _a	BRAKE COOLING OIL TEMP. (Re. DRUM)	5	GG50S00002D1
LS-22	N. D.	471 — E _a	LINE FILTER ALARM	5	GG50Y00001F1
LS-26	N. C.	18 — 184	Fr. DRUM OVER PAY OUT (CEN)	2	GG50S00013P1
LS-27	N. C.	18 — 185	Re. DRUM OVER PAY OUT (CEN)	2	GG50S00013P1
LS-28	N. C.	18 — 186	3rd. DRUM OVER PAY OUT (CEN)	2	GG50S00013P1
LS-30	N. D.	16 — 268	HYD. OIL TEMP.	1	-
LS-31	N. D.	415 — E _a	Fr. DRUM FOOT BRAKE	5	GB52S00002P1
LS-32	N. D.	416 — E _a	Re. DRUM FOOT BRAKE	5	GB52S00002P1
LS-33	N. D.	417 — E _a	3rd. DRUM FOOT BRAKE	5	GB52S00002P1
LS-35	N. D.	25 — 725	AIR CLEANER ALARM	6	-

FUSE					
F-No.	RATED	LINE No.	USE	PAGE	PART No.
F- 1	20A	1-11	ELECTRIC POWER SOURCE	1	24100R215S2
F- 2	5A	1-12	BACK-UP	1	24100R215S4
F- 3	5A	54-13	ENGINE START	1	24100R215S4
F- 4	5A	3-14	HOUR METER	1	24100R215S4
F- 5	10A	2-15	WINCH	1	24100R215S3
F- 6	10A	2-16	EACH SOLENOID	1	24100R215S3
F- 7	5A	2-17	M/L CONTROL POWER SOURCE	2	24100R215S4
F- 8	5A	2-18	M/L OUT PUT POWER SOURCE	2	24100R215S4
F- 9	20A	2-19	WIPER	6	24100R215S2
F-10	20A	2-20	AIR CONDITIONER	6	24100R215S2
F-11	10A	52-21	ONE-WAY RADIO	6	24100R215S3
F-12	30A	2-22	TOTAL CONTROLLER	4	24100R215S1
F-13	10A	2-23	GAUGE CLUSTER	7	24100R215S3
F-14	10A	2-24	SWING FLASHER	6	24100R215S3
F-15	10A	2-25	FUEL PUMP FUN	6	24100R215S3
F-16	10A	2-26	COUNTER WEIGHT SELF REMOVAL CONTROL BOX	7	24100R215S3
F-17	10A	2-27	REDUNDANCY CIRCUIT	7	24100R215S3
F-18	10A	2-28	12V/6V REGULATOR + SELECT UNIT	7	24100R215S3
F-19	10A	2-29	ELECTRONIC TIMER CONTROL UNIT	8	24100R215S3
F-20	10A	2-30	SPEAR	7	24100R215S3
F-21	1A	18-103	SPEAR	2	-

PILOT LAMP				
PL-No.	LINE No.	USE	PAGE	PART No.
PL-1	254-E	F. DRUM FREE FALL	5	GG80S00003F1
PL-2	259-E	R. DRUM FREE FALL	5	GG80S00003F1
PL-3	264-E	3rd. DRUM FREE FALL	5	GG80S00004F1
PL-6	725-E	AIR CLEANER ALARM	6	JJ80S00006D2
PL-7	53-89	DIAG. LAMP-1	6	JJ80S00006D2
PL-8	53-90	DIAG. LAMP-2	6	JJ80S00006D1

PRESSURE SENSOR				
PT--No.	LINE No.	USE	PAGE	PART No.
PT-1	351-350 349	SWING PUMP PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00002P2
PT-3	382-384 383	F. DRUM HOISTING PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-4	385-384 386	R. DRUM LOWERING PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-5	387-389 388	R. DRUM HOISTING PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-6	390-389 391	R. DRUM LOWERING PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-7	353-355 354	3rd. (JIB) DRUM HOISTING PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-8	356-355 357	3rd. (JIB) DRUM LOWERING PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-9	454-458 455	F. DRUM CLUTCH PRESSURE SENSOR	4	GG52S00004P1
PT-10	457-456 458	R. DRUM CLUTCH PRESSURE SENSOR	4	GG52S00004P1
PT-11	459-472 460	3rd. DRUM CLUTCH PRESSURE SENSOR	4	GG52S00004P1
PT-12	343-345 344	BOOM RAISE PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3
PT-13	369-345 370	BOOM LOWER PRESSURE SENSOR	4	LC52S00001P3

PRESSURE SWITCH					
PSW-No.	RATED	LINE No	USE	PAGE	PART No.
PSW- 1	N. D.	15 — E _g 205	F ₁ DRUM FOOT BRAKE PRESSURE SW.	1	GG50S00006P1
PSW- 2	N. D.	15 — E _g 210	R ₂ DRUM FOOT BRAKE PRESSURE SW.	1	GG50S00006P1
PSW- 3	N. D.	15 — E _g 207	3rd. DRUM FOOT BRAKE PRESSURE SW.	1	GG50S00006P1
PSW- 4	N. D.	16 — 243	SWING CONTROL DETECT SW. (R.H.)	1	GG50S00007F1
PSW- 5	N. D.	16 — 243	SWING CONTROL DETECT SW. (L.H.)	1	GG50S00007F1
PSW- 6	N. D.	16 — E _g 209	CONTROL PRIMARY PRESSURE DETECT SW.	1	GG50S00006P1
PSW- 7	N. D.	16 — 242	PROPEL CONTROL DETECT SW. (R.H.)	1	GG50S00007F1
PSW- 8	N. C.	381 — E _g	ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SW.	5	-
PSW-10	N. D.	16 — 242	PROPEL CONTROL DETECT SW. (L.H.)	1	GG50S00007F1

RELAY						
R NO.	COIL	PAGE	TERMINAL			PART No.
	LINE No.		LINE No.	TYPE	USE	
R-8	57-E ₄ 60	1	1-2	N. O.	BATTERY	E224S00027F1
R-H	65-E ₄	8	2-55	N. O.	AIR HEATER	(NE072890)
R-H ₆	11-532	6	11-531	N. O.	HORN	4079222
R-S	58-13	1	2-64	N. O.	STARTER RELAY	(NE075970)
R-SF	58-E ₄	1	58-E ₄	N. C.	SAFETY RELAY	(NE04923B)
R-1	57-E ₄	1	2-3	N. O.	GENERATION OF ELECTRICITY SENSOR	E224S00010P1
R-2	53-93	8	2-55	N. O.	AIR HEATER (SUB)	E224S00010P1
R-11	242-E ₄	1	647-E ₄	N. O.	PROPEL CONTROL	GG24E00024F1
R-12	243-E ₄	1	524-E ₄	N. O.	SWING ALARM	
R-14	138-E ₄	3	366-367	N. O.	R ₆ DRUM HOIST STOP	
R-15	159-E ₄	3	395-396	N. O.	R ₆ DRUM LOWER STOP	
R-16	141-E ₄	3	311-313	N. O.	BOOM RAISE STOP	
R-17	142-E ₄	3	317-319	N. O.	BOOM LOWER STOP	
R-18	152-E ₄	3	560-561	N. O.	TOWER SELECT	3
			103-108	N. O.	TOWER SELECT	2
			103-124	N. C.	TOWER SELECT	2
			103-113	N. C.	TOWER SELECT	2
			103-115	N. O.	TOWER SELECT	2
			154-141	N. C.	TOWER SELECT	3
			155-142	N. C.	TOWER SELECT	3
			565-567	N. O.	TOWER SELECT	3
			18-117	N. O.	TOWER SELECT	2
			103-107	N. C.	TOWER SELECT	2
R-21	15-209	1	468-E ₄	N. C.	CONTROL PRESSURE DETECT	5
R-23	137-E ₄	3	358-324	N. O.	F ₆ DRUM HOIST STOP	4
R-25	118-E ₄	3	19-140	N. C.	ML ABNORMAL	3
R-32	238-E ₄	1	16-233	N. C.	SWING BRAKE MODE	1
R-36	108-E ₄	2	561-562	N. O.	CRANE BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			567-568	N. O.	CRANE BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			574-575	N. O.	CRANE BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			580-581	N. O.	CRANE BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			198-E ₄	N. O.	CRANE BOOM OVERHOIST	3
R-37	108-E ₄	2	562-563	N. O.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	3
			568-569	N. O.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	3
			576-577	N. O.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	3
			582-583	N. O.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	3
			552-553	N. C.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	2
			551-554	N. C.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	2
			199-E ₄	N. O.	TOWER JIB OVERHOIST	3
					LUFFING JIB OVERHOIST	

RELAY						
R NO.	COIL	PAGE	TERMINAL			PART No.
	LINE No.		LINE No.	TYPE	USE	
R-38	151-E ₄	2	575-154	N. O.	TOWER BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			200-E ₄	N. O.	LUFFING BOOM OVERHOIST (No.1)	3
R-39	115-E ₄	2	569-570	N. O.	CRANE JIB OVERHOIST	3
			577-578	N. O.	CRANE JIB OVERHOIST	3
			189-E ₄	N. O.	CRANE JIB OVERHOIST	3
R-41	268-E ₄	1	270-271	N. C.	HYD. OIL TEMP.	1
R-42	107-E ₄	2	187-E ₄	N. O.	TOWER JIB HOOK OVERHOIST	3
R-43	101-E ₄	2	167-E ₄	N. O.	CRANE MAIN HOOK OVERHOIST	3
R-44	104-E ₄	2	158-E ₄	N. O.	CRANE AUX. HOOK OVERHOIST	3
R-45	117-E ₄	2	563-564	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST	3
			570-138	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST	3
			578-579	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST	3
			581-582	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST	3
			586-587	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST	3
R-46	106-E ₄	2	564-137	N. O.	TOWER JIB HOOK OVER HOIST	3
			572-159	N. O.	TOWER JIB HOOK OVER HOIST	3
			579-155	N. O.	TOWER JIB HOOK OVER HOIST	3
R-47	18-136	3	18-117	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE	2
			108-107	N. C.	HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE	3
			103	N. O.	HOOK OVERHOIST RELEASE	3
R-48	187-E ₄	3	138-E ₄	N. O.	ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY	2
			110	N. C.	ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY	2
			103-120	N. O.	ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY	2
R-49	147-E ₄	3	103-108	N. O.	SELF REMOVAL	2

RELAY						
R NO.	COIL	PAGE	TERMINAL			PART No.
	LINE No.		LINE No.	TYPE	USE	
R-55	18-112	3	575-141	N. O.	BOOM OVERHOIST RELEASE	3
R-56	120-E ₄	2	560-561	N. O.	TOWER BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			565-567	N. O.	LUFFING BOOM OVERHOIST (No.2)	3
			573-574	N. O.	TOWER BOOM OVERHOIST	3
			551-552	N. C.	TOWER BOOM OVERHOIST	2
			119-E ₄	N. O.	TOWER BOOM OVERHOIST	3
					LUFFING BOOM OVERHOIST (No.2)	
R-57	130-E ₄	2	123-578	N. O.	STRUT RAISE OVERHOIST	3
			583-584	N. O.	STRUT RAISE OVERHOIST	3
			129-E ₄	N. O.	STRUT RAISE OVERHOIST	3
R-58	132-E ₄	2	122-573	N. O.	STRUT LOWER OVERHOIST	3
			587-588	N. O.	STRUT LOWER OVERHOIST	3
			131-E ₄	N. O.	STRUT LOWER OVERHOIST	3
R-59	584-E ₄	3	476-477	N. O.	3rd. (JIB) HOIST STOP	4
R-60	588-E ₄	3	432-435	N. O.	3rd. (JIB) LOWER STOP	4
R-62	143-E ₄	3	113-151	N. C.	LUFFING SELECT	2
			103-115	N. D.	LUFFING SELECT	2
			148-582	N. D.	LUFFING SELECT	3
			103-130	N. C.	LUFFING SELECT	2
			103-132	N. C.	LUFFING SELECT	2
			124-109	N. C.	LUFFING SELECT	2
			103-108	N. O.	LUFFING SELECT	2
			180-586	N. D.	LUFFING SELECT	3
			586-587	N. C.	LUFFING SELECT	3
R-65	171-E ₄	2	18-173	N. C.	F ₆ DRUM SELECT (CEN)	2
			18-175	N. D.	F ₆ DRUM SELECT (CEN)	2
			135-560	N. O.	F ₆ DRUM SELECT (CEN)	3
R-66	172-E ₄	2	173-174	N. C.	R ₆ DRUM SELECT (CEN)	2
			139-565	N. O.	R ₆ DRUM SELECT (CEN)	3
			121-571	N. D.	R ₆ DRUM SELECT (CEN)	3
R-67	174-E ₄	2	148-580	N. D.	3rd. DRUM SELECT (CEN)	3
			180-585	N. O.	3rd. DRUM SELECT (CEN)	3

RELAY						
R NO.	COIL	PAGE	TERMINAL		PAGE	PART No.
	LINE No.		LINE No.	TYPE USE		
R-68	184-E ₂	2	175-176	N. O. Fr. DRUM OVER PAY OUT (CEN)	2	GG24E00023F1
R-69	185-E ₂	2	571-572	N. O. Re. DRUM OVER PAY OUT (CEN)	3	
R-70	186-E ₂	2	585-586	N. O. 3rd. DRUM OVER PAY OUT (CEN)	3	
R-71	178-E ₂	2	352-329	N. O. Fr. DRUM LOWER STOP	4	
R-72	246-E ₂	5	269-270	N. O. MAIN PUMP INCHING SPEED	1	
R-73	480-E ₂	4	311-310	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			312	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			314-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			315	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			317-316	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			318	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			320-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			321	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			358-322	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			323	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			325-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			326	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			352-327	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			328	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			330-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			331	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			366-360	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			359	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			309-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			368	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			395-394	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			393	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			398-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			397	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			476-475	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			474	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			479-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			478	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			432-431	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			434	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			436-E ₂	N. O. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	
			437	N. C. TOTAL CONTROLLER REDUNDANCY	4	

SOLENOID VALVE				
SOL NO.	LINE No	USE	PAGE	PART No.
SOL-1	246-E ₂	MAIN PUMP INCHING SPEED	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-3	234-E ₂	FUNCTION LOCK	1	YN35V00020F1
SOL-4	231-E ₂	PROPEL SPEED SELECT	1	YN35V00020F1
SOL-5	235-E ₂	SWING PALKING	1	YN35V00020F1
SOL-10	452-E ₂	Fr. DRUM C/V	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-11	453-E ₂	Re. DRUM C/V	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-12	593-E ₂	3rd. DRUM C/V	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-15	445-E ₂	Fr. DRUM MOTOR BOOST	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-16	446-E ₂	Re. DRUM MOTOR BOOST	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-17	447-E ₂	3rd. DRUM MOTOR BOOST	5	YN35V00020F1
SOL-18	553-E ₂	3rd. (JIB) HOIST STOP (No.2)	2	YN35V00020F1
SOL-19	438-E ₂	Fr. DRUM MOTOR ESM	5	GG35V00001F1
SOL-20	441-E ₂	Re. DRUM MOTOR ESA	5	GG35V00001F1
SOL-21	444-E ₂	3rd. DRUM MOTOR EST	5	GG35V00001F1
SOL-22	259-E ₂	Fr. DRUM MOTOR CLM	4	GG35V00001F1
SOL-23	258-E ₂	Re. DRUM MOTOR CLA	4	GG35V00001F1
SOL-24	263-E ₂	3rd. DRUM MOTOR CLT	4	GG35V00001F1
SOL-25	236-E ₂	GANTRY RAISE	1	GG30V00019F1
SOL-27	237-E ₂	GANTRY LOWER	1	GG30V00019F1
SOL-30	272-E ₂	MODE SELECT	1	GG35V00011F1
SOL-35	552-E ₂	BOOM RAISE STOP (No.2)	2	YN35V00020F1
SOL-36	554-E ₂	BOOM LOWER STOP (No.2)	2	YN35V00020F1
SOL-37	553-E ₂	Re. DRUM HOIST STOP (No.2)	2	YN35V00020F1
SOL-38	553-E ₂	Fr. DRUM HOIST STOP (No.2)	2	YN35V00020F1
SOL-40	449-E ₂	Fr. DRUM TURN DETECT GRIF	5	GB50M01093F1
SOL-41	451-E ₂	Re. DRUM TURN DETECT GRIF	5	GB50M01093F1
SOL-46	271-E ₂	HYDRAULIC OIL HEAT (1)	1	-
SOL-47	271-E ₂	HYDRAULIC OIL HEAT (2)	1	-
SOL-50	404-407	MAIN PUMP CONTROL	4	YN35V00018F2
SOL-51	332-333	SWING REACTION	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-52	313-314	BOOM RAISE CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-53	319-320	BOOM LOWER CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-54	324-325	Fr. DRUM HOIST CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-55	329-330	Fr. DRUM LOWER CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-56	367-309	Re. DRUM HOIST CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-57	396-398	Re. DRUM LOWER CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-58	477-479	3rd. (JIB) DRUM HOIST CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-59	435-436	3rd. (JIB) DRUM LOWER CONTROL	4	YN35V00019F1
SOL-62	430-433	TAGLINE	4	GG22V00007F1
SOL-65	485-486	Fr. DRUM CONTROL PROPORTIONAL VALVE	4	YN35V00018F2
SOL-66	487-488	Re. DRUM CONTROL PROPORTIONAL VALVE	4	YN35V00018F2
SOL-67	409-410	3rd. DRUM CONTROL PROPORTIONAL VALVE	4	YN35V00018F2
SOL-72	401-403	SWING CONSTANT SPEED	4	YN35V00018F2

SOLENOID VALVE				
SOL NO.	LINE No	USE	PAGE	PART No.
SOL-95	754-E ₂	LEFT CYLINDER EXT.	7	GG30V00016F1
SOL-96	753-E ₂	LEFT CYLINDER RET.	7	GG30V00016F1
SOL-97	752-E ₂	RIGHT CYLINDER EXT.	7	GG30V00016F1
SOL-98	751-E ₂	RIGHT CYLINDER RET.	7	GG30V00016F1

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHT AND OBLIGATIONS

The California Air Resources Board and Mitsubishi Motors Corporation (hereinafter referred to as ARB and MMC) is pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 1996 and later heavy-duty off-road engines. In California, new heavy-duty off-road engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. MMC must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the fuel injection system and the air induction system. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, MMC will repair your heavy-duty off-road engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE:

- The 1996 and later heavy-duty off-road engines are warranted for a period of five years or 3,000 hours of operation, whichever occurs first. In the absence of a device to measure hours of use, the engine shall be warranted for a period of five years. If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by MMC.

OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES:

- As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual. MMC recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your heavy-duty off-road engine, but MMC cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

- As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you should however be aware that MMC may deny you warranty coverage if your heavy-duty off-road engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.
- Your engine is designed to operate on commercially available diesel fuel only.
- You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. The ARB suggests that you present your heavy-duty off-road engine to a MMC dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible, not to exceed 30 days.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact at the office as shown below.

Mitsubishi Engine North America, Inc.
1250 Greenbriar Drive, Suite E Addison,
Illinois 60101-1065 U.S.A.

Tel. No.: 708-268-0750

Fax. No.: 708-268-9293

or

California Air Resource Board
9528 Telstar Avenue, El Monte,
CA 91731

Tel. No.: 818-575-6800

Fax. No.: 818-575-6685